REPORTS

OF THE

INSPECTORS OF MINES

OF THE

ANTHRACITE COAL REGIONS

OF

PENNSYLVANIA,

FOR THE

YEAR 1884.

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INSPECTORS OF MINES

OF THE

ANTHRACITE COAL REGIONS OF PENNSYLVANIA,

FOR THE YEAR 1884.

Office of the Clerk of Mining District of Schuylkill, Pottsville, April 6, 1885.

To His Excellency ROBERT E. PATTISON,

Governor of Pennsylvania:

SIR: In compliance with the provisions of the second section of the act of Assembly of June 2, 1871, I have the honor of submitting the following report of the office of clerk of the mining district of Schuylkill, comprising the counties of Schuylkill, Columbia, Northumberland, and Dauphin.

The average number of days worked by each breaker in the district for the year 1884 was one hundred and eighty-seven and two thirds (187%), being a decrease of twenty and one sixth (20%) days for each breaker in comparison with the year 1883, which will fully account for the decrease of coal mined and shipped to market.

The fatal casualties in the district for the year 1884, as reported by the inspectors, were one hundred and fourteen (114), a decrease of thirty (30) as compared with 1883; a very gratifying result, showing conclusively that the miners and persons employed in and about the mines are following the recommendations and advice of the inspectors, and generally giving more attention to their personal safety.

The monthly reports, made by direction and for the information of the court, have been regularly filed in the office of the prothonotary for the county of Schuylkill.

The operators and coal companies have continued to make their returns 1 Mine Ins.

promptly during the year, for which they are again entitled to my earnest thanks.

I am also under obligations to Mr. H. C. Troutman, of the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Company, and Mr. E. M. Williams, forwarding agent of the Lehigh Valley Railroad Company, for monthly returns furnished this office.

A summary of the total production of coal mined, number of employés, fatal and non-fatal casualties of the several divisions of this district, and which have been more fully set forth in the reports of the inspectors, are hereto attached:

Total amount of coal shipped to market, Pottsville division, 1,679,662.07 Consumed and sold at collieries, 100,959.06	
Total production,	1,780,621.13
Total production,	4,512,800.07
Total production,	4,535,051.13
Total production for 1884,	10,828,473.13 11,523,488.09
Decrease for 1884,	695,014.16
Total number of employés, Pottsville division, Total number of employés, Shenandoah division, Total number of employés, Shamokin division,	7,114 14,884 15,568
Total number of employés for district, 1884, Total number of employés for district, 1883,	37,566 35,062
Increase for 1884,	2,504
Average number of days worked, Pottsville division, Average number of days worked, Shenandoah division, . Average number of days worked, Shamokin division,	175 <u>}</u> 195 <u>}</u> 192]
Average for district, 1884,	187

Ex. Doc.]	REPORTS OF T	HE INSPECT	OBS OF	M	IN	8.		3
Total fatal casu	alties, Pottsville	e division,			•		15	
Total non-fatal	casualties, Pott	sville divisi	ion, .					61
Total fatal casu	alties, Shenande	oah divisio	a,				43	
Total non-fatal	casualties, Shen	andoah div	ision,					188
Total fatal casu	alties, Shamoki	n division,					56	
Total non-fatal	casualties, Shan	okin divisi	on,					174
Total for	1884,						118	878
Ratio of tons fo	or each fatal car	sualty,						94,986.12
Ratio of tons fo	or each non-fata	l casualty,						29,030.15
Ratio of emplo	yés to each fata	l casualty,						329 +
Ratio of emplo	yés to each non	-fatal casua	lty, .	•	•			100 +

The expenses of this office for the year 1884, including rent, light, fixtures, postage, salary, and incidental expenses, amounted to one thousand seven hundred and seventy-nine $\frac{28}{100}$ dollars, but owing to the contingent fund having been exhausted, the vouchers presented to the Auditor General were not paid in full, leaving a deficiency on account of rent unpaid. The actual amount paid, for which vouchers have been returned to the Auditor General's office, was one thousand six hundred and seventy-nine $\frac{28}{100}$ dollars.

Respectfully submitted.

RICHARD RAHN, Clerk of Mining District of Schuylkill.



FIRST DISTRICT.

FIRST SCHUYLKILL DISTRICT, OFFICE OF INSPECTOR OF MINES,
POTTSVILLE, PA., April 5, 1885.

To His Excellency ROBERT E. PATTISON,

Governor of Pennsylvania:

SIR: I have the honor of presenting herewith my tenth annual report as inspector of coal mines, for the year ending December 31, 1884, in accordance with the twenty-second section of a general act of Assembly, passed March 3, 1870.

The matter contained herein consists of the usual forms and tables relating to accidents arising from various causes in and about the mines of this district, together with such other information which, in our opinion, may be of general interest.

It affords us great pleasure to be enabled to report that the number of fatal accidents was four less, and the non-fatal was ten less, than that of the preceding year. The most noticeable feature, and one meriting special mention, is the decrease in the number of fatal accidents resulting from explosions of fire-damp, a record of which will be found in tables Nos. 6 and 7, showing the number of lives lost by explosions during the past ten years; and it is gratifying to us to state that not one life has been lost during the past year from this source, for which result the colliery officials in general, together with the workmen, deserve more than usual credit. We may venture to state that this is the first year during the past twenty-five that some lives have not been lost in this section of the coal field by explosions of gas.

The total output of coal, including that used and sold at the mines, was: 1,780,621 tons.

Fifteen persons were fatally injured, or killed instantly; four of the number, two of whom were carpenters, were killed on the surface; sixty-one-persons were injured. The cause and extent of their injuries will be found under the head of fatal and non-fatal casualties.

SAMUEL GAY, Inspector of Mines.

TABLE No. 1.—Comparative statement of fatal and non-fatal casualties for the years 1885 and 1884.

FATAL CASUALTIES.

																							YE	▲ R8.
																							1883.	1884.
Explosions of fire-damp			_			_	_						_	_				_				_	2	
Explosions of fire-damp, Falls of coal and roof,	•			•	•		•	•	·	•	•	•	•	•			-		Ĭ	Ī	Ĭ	•	8	İ
rushed by mine cars.	•	•	•	Ī		•	•	•	•	•	Ī	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	4	
Crushed by mine cars, By machinery on the surface,	٠	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	٠	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Ō	ĺ
By machinery underground,	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	-	•	•	•	٠	٠	•	•	•	•	•	•	ŏ	
Falling down shafts,	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	۱ŏ	ł
Calling down slones	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	٠	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	ŏ	1
Falling down slopes,	•	•	•	٠	•	•	•	•	٠	•	•	•	٠	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	١ ٢	Ī
Breaking of ropes,	_i	•	•	•	•	•	٠	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	†	ł
Explosions of blasting materi Miscellaneous,	ш,	,	•	٠	•	•	•	٠	•	٠	•	٠	•	•	•	٠	•	٠	•	•	•	٠	-	1
Muscemaneous,	٠	•	٠	٠	٠	٠	•	•	٠	•	•	٠	٠	٠	•	•	٠	•	•	٠	•	٠	P -	1
Total,				_																			19	1

Number of Fatal Accidents and Amount of Coal produced per Life Lost.

	No. of fatal accidents.	Tonsof coal mined per fatal acci- dent.
Philadelphia & Reading Coal and Iron Company, Lehigh Coal and Navigation Company,	9 8 0 3	99,080 158,113 120,958 102,807

TABLE No. 2.—Non-Fatal Casualties.

												YE	A R8.	
												1883.	1884.	•
Explosions of fire-damp, Falls of coal and roof, By mine cars, By machinery on the surface, By machinery underground, Falling down shafts, Falling down slopes, Breaking of ropes, Explosions of blasting materials, Miscellaneous,	 	• • • • • •	 	• • • • • •		 25 3 4	4 20 11							
Totals,									J		Į			

PA Mine Institution 1884

Cleaned People

bles.

TABLE No. 3.—Showing the amount of coal produced during the years 1883 and 1884 respectively.

	YEA	RS.
	1883.	1884.
Amount of coal shipped,	1,759,588 95,799	1,679,662 100,952
Totals,	1,855,387	1,780,621

TABLE No. 4.—Comparison between the years 1888 and 1884.

	YEA	RS.
	1883.	1884.
Number of persons employed,	7,075 97,651	7,114 118,708
Ratio of employés, per lives lost.	272.7	474 4
Number of tons mined, per each personal injury, Average number of tons mined per employé,	25,072 262,5 97	29,190 250°
Ratio of employes, per each personal injury,	97	114

TABLE No. 5.— "l'aking the death rate per thousand as a basis of comparison between the different companies and individual operations, we have the following ratios.

OPERATORS.	Number of employes.	Number of deaths.	Death rate per thousand.
Philadelphia & Reading Coal and Iron Company, Lehigh Coal and Navigation Company, Alliance Coal Company, Individual concerns,	3,947 1,249 588 1,335	9 2 0 4	2.28 1.60 0.00 2.99
Totals,	7,114	15	2.10+

Condition of Collieries.

We may venture to state that without a doubt the mines in general in this district are in much better condition than they formerly were, both in respect to the health and safety of persons employed in and about them, which were the two main points the framers of the present mine law de-

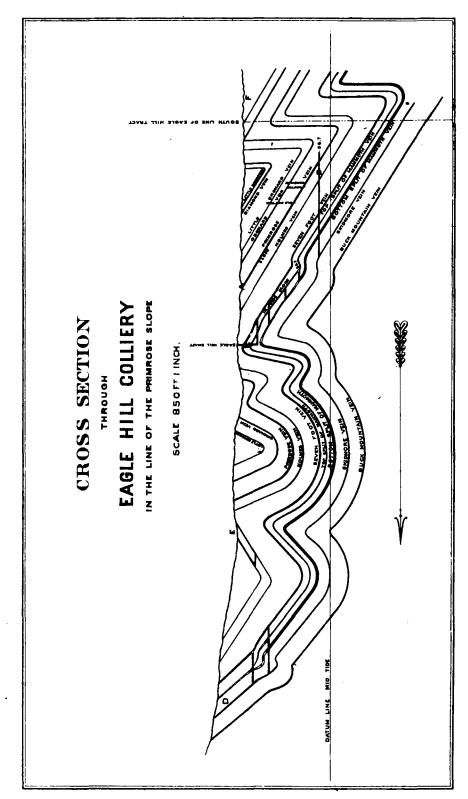
> espectively, give a summary of the er of employés; also the total our. These, in our opinion, furnest suffihe above assertion:

TABLE No. 6.—Showing a summary of fatal casualties for the period of the last ten years.

			DATES	3.			egate.
	1875.	1876.	1877.	1878.	1879.	Totals.	Aggregate
Explosions of fire-damp, Falls of coal and roof,	7 11 1 1	10 5	14 5 1	3 5 	5 10 4	39 36 6 2	
Falling down shafts, Falling down slopes, Breaking of ropes or chains, Explosions of blasting material, Miscellaneous,		1 4 5 2	1 1 1 4	2 4	3 2	1 5 10 9 13	
Totals,	28	28	27	14	24		121
	1880.	1881.	1882.	1883.	1884.		
Explosions of fire-damp, Falls of coal and roof, Crushed by mine cars,	4 6 2	2 5 5 2	1 6 3 2	2 6 4	4	9 27 18 4	
Crushed underground. Falling down shafts. Falling down slopes, Breaking of ropes or chains, Explosions of blasting material, Miscellaneous,	.	1 1 2	1 3 4	1 1 1 5	1 2 4	1 2 2 7 17	
Totals,	15	18	20	19	15		87

TABLE No. 7.

Years.	Deaths caused by explosions of gas.	Total number of deaths.	Total number of employes.	Tonsof coal produced per life lost.	Total output of ooal, in tons.
1875,	7 10 14 5 8	28 28 27 14 24	4,626 5,500 5,847 6,000 6,242	54,581 52,126 58,547 87,791 77,298	1,528,280 1,459,556 1,580,780 1,229,081 1,855,164
Average,	7 1	241	5,643	66,0683	1,530,578
1880, 1881, 1882, 1883, 1884,	4 2 1 2 0	15 18 20 19 15	6,918 6,497 6,683 7,075 7,114	97,404 101,647 85,464 97,651 118,708	1,461,070 1,829,656 1,709,280 1,855,387 1,780,621
Average,	14	17%	6,8462	100,174	1,727,2024



Eagle Hill Colliery.

Extensive improvements of a very substantial character have been made at this colliery during the past year, consisting of a new breaker with the latest improved machinery, and other appliances for handling and preparing the output of the mine; also a pair of powerful, direct-acting, hoisting engines, with cylinders thirty-two inches (32 in.) in diameter, by sixty-inch (60 in.) stroke (32 in.x60 in.) and having cast-iron spiral cone drums, the largest diameters of which are eighteen (18) feet, and the smallest twelve (12) feet. These engines are capable of hoisting three cars containing nine tons of coal 1,375 feet in a minute. A new fan fifteen (15) feet in diameter has also been erected, by which a portion of the workings will be ventilated. Twenty (20) new steam boilers thirty-four inches (34 in.) in diameter by thirty feet (30 ft.) long have been put in place for the steam supply.

The main hoisting slope, sunk on the Primrose vein, has an average angle of about 35°, and is 1,375 feet long.

A tunnel 174 yards in length has been driven from the Primrose vein, cutting the Holmes, Seven Foot, Top and Bottom splits of the Mammoth, and Skidmore veins.

These six seams of coal have an aggregate thickness of from sixty (60) to seventy (70) feet, averaging as follows:

Name of Ver	n.												2	ľħ	ick	ne88.
Primrose, .															10	feet.
Holmes,					•										5	44
Seven Foot,															8	46
Top split, .															15	"
Bottom split,															20	66
Skidmore, .															8	44

On the above-named seams there is sufficient unworked territory, including the tunnel levels, for the opening of from sixteen (16) to twenty (20) gangways with lifts (or run of breasts) from 80 to 100 yards.

This, however, is but a comparatively small proportion of the large area of available coal that may be obtained from the present levels. By looking at the accompanying cross-section it will be seen that by continuing tunnel "B," a basin of coal of an almost unlimited area extending east and west several miles, and having no artificial barriers to interfere with the extension of the workings, may be opened.

Taking all things into consideration, without a doubt this colliery can be made the largest producer as yet opened in the anthracite coal fields. We do not hesitate to say that this colliery can be made to produce half a million tons of marketable coal annually. We are indebted to R. C. Luther, Esq., mining engineer of the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Irom Company for the accompanying cross-section through Eagle Hill colliery.

References to accompanying sketch showing cross-section through Eagle Hill colliery, in the line of the Primrose slope.

- A-Primrose slope.
- B-Tunnel from Primrose to Skidmore vein.
- C-The Old Oliver shaft.
- D-The Old Windy Harbor colliery.
- E-Old Whitfield slope, sunk on Holmes vein.
- F-Alliance Coal Company's land.

Old Lincoln Colliery.

A new slope has been sunk on the No. 1 vein six hundred feet below the water level, and four gangways are being opened on it. The colliery breaker has been remodeled and fitted out with new machinery, and it is expected that the new slope will furnish an adequate supply of coal to run it to its fullest capacity.

IMPROVEMENTS MADE DURING THE YEAR.

North Lincoln Colliery.

This new colliery, referred to in our last report as then being opened by Levi Miller & Co., was completed during the early part of the year, and enabled the operators to commence shipping coal. The improvements in general are of a substantial character, having a capacity of two hundred thousand (200,000) tons per year.

Kaska William Shatt Colliery.

A new breaker has been erected during the year, having a capacity of one thousand (1,000) tons per day. It is built of North Carolina yellow pine, and fitted out with the most improved machinery, and appliances for handling and preparing the production of the mine. At the head of the colliery shaft, as a protection against fire, an angle iron head frame together with a platform on which to handle the cars as they are taken off and put on the shaft cages, have also been erected.

Descriptive Record of Fatal Accidents.

Accident No. 1.—January 28, John A. Richards, inside foreman at Lehigh Coal and Navigation Company colliery, No. 10, was killed by falling down Greenwood, No. 2, slope. As the deceased was alone at the time of the accident, there is no positive proof to show what he was doing, or what caused his fall. At the time of the occurrence, this slope was used as a pumping station, and for furnishing coal for steam purposes. It dipped at an angle of from 45° to 50°, and the road-tracks were completely frozen over. The general opinion was that Richards attempted to cross over to the other side of the slope, and in so doing slipped on the ice, and fell to the bottom of the slope.

Accidents Caused by Falls of Coal and Roof.

ACCIDENT No. 8.—June 14, Frank Wolff, a miner at Lincoln colliery, owned by the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Company, was killed by a piece of slate falling on him at the face of No. 5, east gangway.

Accident No. 10.—July 21, Edward Edwards, a miner at Eagle Hill shaft, owned by the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and 1ron Company, was injured by a fall of coal, and died in about three weeks after from the effects.

ACCIDENT No. 11.—July 27, Henry Nedlinger, a gangway laborer at New Lincoln colliery, operated by Levi Miller & Co., was injured by a prop falling on him, and died from the effects of his injuries.

ACCIDENT No. 13.—John Quinn, a miner at Repplier colliery, operated by Quinn & Dennings, was crushed to death by a fall of coal and slate at the head of a manway while robbing a pillar.

ACCIDENT No. 5.—Peter McGee, a laborer employed with a gang of men in re-timbering the gangway at No. 8, Lehigh Coal and Navigation Company colliery, by being caught between a chute and a truck of timber on which he was riding in the mine. An empty car had been attached to the timber truck, so that the repairsmen could ride in to the place where they were to work; but McGee preferred to ride on the top of the truck loaded with timber, although advised to get into the empty car, and thereby lost his life.

ACCIDENT No. 7.—May 6, Michael Learey, an inside driver in Pottsville Shaft colliery, was crushed to death by a loaded car running upon him. At the time of the accident, the boy was taking out his trip alone, and when found he was lying under the first car, and the supposition is that while attempting to unhook the mule he fell, and the car ran over him.

ACCIDENT No. 4.-March 26, James Cook, a miner at Otto colliery, owned by the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Company, was killed by being run over by a loaded ear, while walking out of the gangway toward the bottom of the slope. The circumstances of this accident are as follows: Cook, with some other workmen, having finished their day's work, were on their way to the slope bottom: when within a few hundred yards of that point, they were overtaken by a trip of loaded cars, passing out in the same direction. The men stood on the lower side of the gangway to allow the trip to pass them; as soon as they saw what they thought to be the last car, all except Cook ran and jumped on that car, and rode out to the slope bottom. When the driver of the trip examined it, he saw he had lost one of the cars on the road, and at once returning with his mules to bring it out, he found Cook's lifeless body lying under it. car had become uncoupled from the balance of the trip, and in consequence of the gangway having a little more grade than is usually the case, being impelled by gravity, and following behind the other part of the trip, it overtook the unfortunate man, who thought himself safe, and crushed him to death underneath it.

ACCIDENT No. 13.—September 22, Daniel Richards, a laborer at Otto colliery, owned by the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Company, was instantly killed by being run over by a trip of loaded cars on a gravity gangway. Richards and some of his fellow laborers had brought a trip of loaded cars to the head of the grade, and, as usual, the trip was stopped in order to allow the driver with his mules to reach the bottom of the grade, at which point he had to signal the runners waiting at the head, that "all was safe." In this case, however, the runners did not wait for the signal, but must have followed immediately after the man and mules, at the same time losing control of the speed of the cars, which rushed down the grade at a fearful rate, and caught the unfortunate victim and his team when about half-way down the grade, killing both man and mules. Fortunately, no other persons were injured, although there was another man with Richards, riding one of the mules; but hearing the cars coming at an unusual rate, jumped from the mule and escaped without being injured. young man lost his life through the recklessness of his companions, cannot be questioned, although the verdict of the jury was to the contrary.

Accidents Caused by Explosions of Powder.

ACCIDENT No. 12.—September 13, Michael Duffey, a miner at Eagle colliery, owned by the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Company, died from injuries received by an explosion of powder which he was using at that time. It appears from the testimony taken at the coroner's inquest, that Duffey was preparing a cartridge of powder, and was in close proximity to two kegs partly filled with powder. Whether a spark dropped by the deceased fell into one of the kegs, or whether it fell amongst the loose powder which was scattered on the floor of the gangway, (as was claimed,) we cannot say; however, the powder in both kegs was ignited, burning Duffey in a fearful manner.

Accident No. 14.—October 11, James Collins, a miner, was instantly killed by the premature explosion of a blast in the Thomaston colliery, operated by the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Company. The deceased had attempted to fire a shot a few minutes previous to the accident, and from some unknown cause the squib failed to explode the powder. After waiting some little time, Collins returned to the face of his working place for the purpose of applying another squib. Shortly after this the miner working with him heard the blast explode, and when he went to see what had happened, found Collins' mangled body lying within a few feet of the hole that had been charged.

Miscellaneous Accidents on the Surface.

ACCIDENT No. 6.—March 31, Andrew Bartch, an outside laborer at Lehigh Coal and Navigation Company's colliery, No. 12, was so seriously injured by being run over by a Jersey Central railroad car that he died from the effects of his injuries.

Accident No. 2.—January 31, Joseph Raush, a carpenter, was killed at Eagle Hill colliery, owned by the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Company. He, together with several other carpenters, were employed at the colliery putting up a temporary frame building under which the foundations of the new hoisting engines were to be built. The work progressed without any mishap until they were ready to raise the main rafters, which, at the time of the accident, were being placed on a temporary scaffold on the main cross-ties; however, before they had the whole of these on the scaffold, the cross-ties gave way, carrying the men down along with them, and killed Raush, and injured several of the other carpenters.

ACCIDENT No. 3.—March 8, John Hime, a carpenter, was so seriously injured in falling from a scaffold on which he was repairing the trestle-work running from the slope to the breaker at Otto colliery that in several days after the accident he died.

ACCIDENT No. 9.—June 23, Robert Hayes, an outside laborer at Middle Lehigh colliery, was killed by the breaking down of the trestling on which the coal was conveyed from the slope to the breaker.

Recapitulation.

Number of employés under ground,			4,168
" above ground,			2,946
Number of persons killed under ground,			11
" " above ground,			4
Number of persons seriously injured above ground,			9
" " under ground,			52
Tons of coal shipped,			1,679,662
Estimated amount used at mines,			100,952
Number of steam boilers in use,			637
Number of steam boiler explosions,			5
Number of ventilating fans in use,			48
Number of breakers in operation,			47
Number of surface slopes in use,			37
Number of shafts in use,			9
Number of underground slopes in use,			7
Number of water-level openings,			21
Number of kegs of powder used,			33,812
Number of mine locomotives used,			7
Average number of days worked by breakers,			1751
, ,			* *

REGISTER OF FATAL CASUALTIES-POTTSVILLE DIVISION, FOR THE YEAR 1884.-MINING DISTRICT OF SCHUYLKILL.

Number.	DATE.	Names.	Collieries.	Occupation.	Age.	Married or single.	Children.	Remarks.
1 2 8 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	Jan. 28 30 Mar. 8 26 27 31 May 6 June 14 23 July 27 8ep. 13 Oct. 11 18	John O. Richardson, Joseph Raush, John Hime, James Cook, Peter McGee, Andrew Bartsch, Michael Leary, Frank Wolff, Robert Hay, Edward Edwards, Henry Neitlinger, Michael Duffy, Daniel Richards, James Coilins, John Quinn, Jr.,	Eagle Hill shaft, Otto, Otto, Lehigh, No. 8, Lehigh, No. 12, Pottsville, Lincoln, Middle Lehigh, Eagle Hill shaft, New Lincoln, Eagle, Otto, Thomaston,	Carpenter, Carpenter, Miner, Laborer, Driver, Miner, Laborer, Miner, Laborer, Miner, Laborer, Miner, Miner, Miner,	24 28 87 62 20 16 42 18 	Single, Single, Single, Married, Single, Single, Married, Single, Married,	6	Killed by falling off the scaffold at new engine-house. Died from the effect of injuries received by falling off a scaffold. Killed by a loaded wagon running over him. Died from injuries received riding on car of timber. Died from injuries received ran over by car on coal plane. Killed by being run over by a loaded wagon. Killed by a fall of top slate. 'Killed by the fall of a trestle. Died from injuries received by a fall of coal. Died from injuries received by fall of prop, slate, and laggins. Died from injuries received by explosion of a keg of powder. Killed by being caught on plane gangway by a trip of cars.

REGISTER OF NON-FATAL CASUALTIES-POTTSVILLE DIVISION, FOR THE YEAR 1884.—MINING DISTRICT OF SCHUYLKILL.

No.	Jan. 16 Jan. 22 Ed 22 Jol 4 23 Fr. 5 3 29 Fr. 7 30 Ge 30 Jol 11 Jan 11 Jan 11 Jan 12 26 Da 28 Pa 4 Jan 7 He 3 15 Jol 5 Jol		Name.	Colliery.	Occupation.	Remarks.
1	Jan.		James Hargraves,	Pine Forest,	Miner,	Arm broken; caused by a fall of a piece of coal.
2			Edward Blunt, .	Lehigh, No. 8,	Driver,	Leg severely bruised; caught between stretcher-stick and car.
8			John Maul,	Otto,	Repairman,	Face and hands burned by an explosion of gas.
4			Fred, Isenberg,	Lehigh, No. 12,	Miner,	Cut across the eye.
5			John W. Boyle,	No. 2 Tunnel,	Tehoven	Fell from timber-horse in face of gangway, and hurt his side.
7			Frank Boner,	Lehigh, No. 12, Lehigh, No. 12,	Laborer, Miner,	Leg cut. Side injured; slipped on rail in bottom of slope.
8			John Netlinger,	Eagle Hill,	Carpenter,	Injured inwardly; caused by frame of temporary engine-house giving way.
9	Feb.		Barney Gallagher,	Lehigh, No. 10,	L. C. loader,	Leg cut; caught between top of car and chute.
10			James Earley,	Greenwood Slope,	Machinist,	Severely cut; caught between pump-rod and slope-timbers.
11		19	Stephen Tonkins,	Lehigh, No. 12,		Leg broken; caused by a fall of coal.
12		26	David Blystone,	Kalmia,	Miner,	Head burnt and bruised; car knocked timber out, which fell on him.
13			Patrick McHugh,	Lehigh, No. 12,	Miner,	Breast injured; caused by a fall of coal.
14	March	4	James McCabe,	Colket,	Bottomman,	Leg broken; caused by the engine starting while he was fastening rope on truck.
15		7	Henry Rosenberger,	Glendower,	Miner,	Head and hand cut by a fall of coal.
16			John Hoskins,	Herbine,	Miner,	Seriously injured by a fall of coal,
17		28	William Luckenbill,	Otto,	Pulleyman,	Arm broken; caused by water-tank striking him while putting in a pulley.
18	4	81	Dominic Sockaritch.	Middle Lehigh,	Laborer,	Burnt on face and neck by premature explosion of powder.
19	April		Archie Foster,	Lehlgh, No. 11,	Loader,	Leg broken; caused by a fall of slate from battery.
20		80	James Sullivan,	Pine Forest,	Miner,	Arm broken; caused by a piece of stone falling on him.
21	May	80	Jacob Yost,	Pine Forest,	Miner,	Head cut and body brulsed; caused by a piece of stone falling on him.
22	may	- 4	Michael Coyle,	Lehigh, No. 8,	Miner,	Badly cut on head and limbs; caused by a fall of coal. Badly cut on head; caused by firing gas, and fell down back-hole through fright.
28 24		6	Morgan Jenkins,	Lehigh, No. 10, Wadesville,	Miner,	Back supposed to be broken; caused by a plece of top coal falling on him.
25		13	James Carroll,	Otto,	Miner, Laborer,	Thigh cut while unloading wagons loaded with rails.
26		15	Michael Campion,	Glendower,		Leg broken; caused by a fall of coal.
27		27	Charles Burns,	Lehigh, No. 12,	Miner,	Part of finger taken off while going up slope in gun-boat.
28	June	9	Mat. Morrison,	Lehigh, No. 8,	Driver,	Leg broken and ankle out of joint; caught between stretcher and rail.
29		27	Michael D. O'Brien	Thomaston,	Miner,	Rib broken; caused while barring a piece of coal.
80	July	14	Frank Kearney,	Thomaston,	Engineer,	Injured internally while lifting a plank.
81		17	James Bergan,	Mine Hill Gap,	Miner,	Back and hip injured by a fall of coal.
32		19	George Roth,	Eagle Hill,	Carpenter,	Head cut; fell down with derrick.
88		24	John Johnson,	Colket,	Driver,	Arm broken; dumper tripped and threw him under.
84	A 22.00	28	George Willing,	Lehigh, No. 10,	Laborer,	Finger cut off; caused by a fall of top coal.
85	Aug.	5	William McGuire,	Middle Creek Shaft, .	Starter,	Hand blown off; caused by the premature discharge of a shot.
86		14	Michael O'Brien,	Mine Hill Gap,	Starter,	Finger cut off; caused by a fall of coal.
87		19	Patrick Pryor,	Otto,	Loader,	Collar-bone broken; caused by a car jumping the track.
38		20 25	Andrew Aker,	Lehigh, No. 11,	Road car-shops, .	Finger broken; struck with hatchet while driving spike.
89		26	Samuel Patterson,	Lehigh, No. 10, Lehigh, No. 10,	Loader,	Hand cut off while attempting to jump on moving train, Cut on leg and hands; swept down chute by a rush of coal.
40		26	Michael Winkle, William Williams,		Laborer,	Burnt by an explosion of gas.
41 42		26	John Howells,	Palmer Vein,	Miner,	Burnt by an explosion of gas.
43	Sept.	11	John T. Wood,	Woods,	Driver,	Leg broken; caught in wheel of wagon.
44	pos	13	William Ushman,	Lehigh, No. 12,	Miner,	Finger cut off; caught in gun-boat.
45		16	Henry Greby,		Miner,	Back and side crushed by a fall of coal.
46	Oct.	11	Reno Haertter		Locomotive condr.	Hips burned and hurt; caught between locomotive and timber.

REGISTER OF NON-FATAL CASUALTIES .- Continued.

DATE.	Name.	Colliery.	Occupation.	Remarks.
10 12 13 27 28	Arthur Hunt, Patrick Lawler, Charles Brennan, Terry Farley, Thomas Powell, John Hoffman, James Flanagan, William O'Boyle, Winebert Sthal, Andrew Murphy, James Willing, William Weary, Michael Goose,	Mine Hill Gap, Glendower, Glendower, Forestville, Richardson, Lehigh, No. 8, Eagle Hill, Foster's Tunnel, Kalmia, Foster's Tunnel, Lehigh, No. 10, Middle Creek Shaft, Lehigh, No. 12,	Driver, Laborer, Miner, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner, Laborer, Miner, Laborer,	Ankle broken; caught by a piece of coal. Leg broken; foot caught in door of wagon. Leg broken; piece of coal fell on him. Displaced knee-cap; caused by falling down manway. Ribs broken; fell down a chute on a prop. Head and back bruised; fall of coal and slate. Ribs broken; fell from transportation car. Arm broken; struck by a plank. Cut on back of head by a fall of coal. Back and hips bruised; fall of coal. Back and hips bruised; fall of coal. Severely injured about shoulders; caused by a fall of coal. Leg broken; caused by a fall of coal. Finger broken; caused by bece of coal falling on it. Head and back injured; struck by a piece of coal and knocked down manway

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF CASUALTIES, TONNAGE, AND EMPLOYEES FOR FIVE YEARS IN FIRST OR POTTSVILLE DIVISION OF MINING DISTRICT OF SCHUYLKILL.

2 Mine Inc.	Years.	Killed.	Injured.	Total.	Total number of em- ployés.	Number of employés to each casualty.	Total number of tons of coal mined.	Number of tons of coal mined to each fatal casualty.	Number of tons of coal mined to each non-fatal casualty.	Ratio of tons of coal mined to casual- ties.	Number of tons of coal to each employe.
1880,		15	129	144	6,918	531	1,461,070.17	97.404.14	11,362.02	10,146.06	211.07
1881,		18	178	191	6,497	34,3 ₁	1,829,656.06	101,647.11	10,516	9,579.06	281.10
1882,		20	91	111	6,682	59 AA	1,709,280.12	85,464	18,783	15,398.01	257
1883,		19	74	93	7,075	75	1,855,887.17	97,651.14 11	25,072.06	19,950.08	262.05
1884,		15	61	76	7,114	9833	1,780,621.13	118,708.02	29,190.10	24,745	250.06
Total,		87	528	615	84,281	815 A.	8,636,017.05	500,876.01	94,923.18	79,819.01	1,262.08
Average,		177	1053	123	6,846}	63. ₁ %	1,728,208.09	100,178.041	18,984.15	15,963.18	252.09}

REPORTS OF THE INSPECTORS OF MINES.

		of coal	NO. OF EMPLOYEES.			rorked	gs of	ads of d.	Iriven.	bollers	persons
Collieries.	Operators.	Number of tons o	Inside.	Outside.	Total.	Number of days we	Number of kegs powder used.	Number of pounds dynamite used.	Yards of tunnel driven	Number of new b	Number of pe
eechwood,	Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Company, do.	195 83, 369, 09	18 58	17 88	35 146	2 <u>1</u> 1834	65	• 950		4 2	
ast Franklin,	do. do.	98	4	19	28	-	25	8,250 250		6	ì
agle Hill,	do. do.	82, 294, 10	202	122	824	197	1.095	3,250	178	4	2
agle,	do. do.	84,819,07	84	60	144	1771	475	150		6	1
'orestville,	do. do.	37,033.13	115	77	192	190	1,625	250	•	· '	1
lendower,	do. do.	41,542.15	145	101	246	185	1,375	2,900	1354		
Calmia,	do. do.	72,205.16	152	94	246	202	2, 150	4,050	1111		_
incoln,	do. do.	89, 155.05	212	114	326	178	1,600	650		14	1
line Hill Gap,	do. do.	88, 596, 08	147	188	280	190	1,200	800			
itto,	đo. đo, đo, đo,	58,856.08	140 194	107 114	247	198 1784	1,150 705	1,350 500	44		
hoenix Park, No. 2,	do. do.	56,078.04	194	111	308	1105	705	800		8	۰
henix Park, No. 8,	do. do.	37,642.08	121	62	183	1924	1,098			4	
ottaville,	do. do.	12,458.06	52	39	91	1111	150	200	174	8	1
ine Forest,	do. do.	31,090.06	146	97	248	1281	650	1,150	76	"	1 1
Lausch Creek,	do. do.	3,754.06	26	84	70	164	235	100		12	i
lichardson,	do. do.	72,498.02	181	116	297	194	1,500	1,500		12	
watara,	do. do.	·		i			• • •	-,		i i	i
homaston,	do. do.	100, 229	256	143	399	198	3,250	550			1
Vadesville,	do. do.	29, 554, 14	79	68	147	2051	395	500		5	
ehigh, No. 8,	Lehigh Coal and Navigation Company,	107,858	254	184	488	198					1 1
ehigh, No. 10,	do. do	133,890,15	180	151	881	188	720				
ehigh, No. 11,	do. do	102, 188. 14	165	126	291	186	1,740			'	١.
ehigh, No. 12,	do. do	89, 456. 11	129	88	187	206	1,680			i • • • i	1
ehigh, No. 18,	Swartz, Oliver & Jones,	88,817	87 186	25 111	62 247	228 1851	175 1,169	11 080		1 1	l
almer Velu,	do. do	52,300.07 61,812.05	212	124	247 336	1752	1,169	11,050 950	1	8	l
diddle Lehigh,	Mill Creek Coal Company,	100,600,08	227	187	414	167	2,660		251	1 1	1
lew Lincoln,	Levi Miller & Co.,	49,080.11	165	181	296	142	1,400		201	:::	ŀí
Ierblue,	J. K. Sigfried	37,730.08	125	60	185	184	1,600			۱۰۰۰,	1 1
illsworth,	John R. Davis,	12,149	84	17	51	1961			86	1 1	ĺ
t. Clair,	Atkinson & Lessig,	8,186.01	12	5	17	1614	30			1 !	l
harp Mountain,	Thomas Wren,	64.10	4	8	7	· ·				1 1	}
ak Hill	do. '	6,725.18	16	11	27	207	300	I i	1		

Monitor, Jugular, Crystal. W. C. Big Diamond, Woods, Kelchilne, Crumdu, Black Valley, Pine Dale, Repplier, Altamont, New Castle, Kelm & Repp, Diamond,	Bowman & Co.,	6,500 20 8 1,129 3 8 5,977.04 11 11 1,567 6 8 1,600.01 6 2 3,671 8 4 2 1,272 4 2 2 2 3,606.08 11 7 1,200 11 14 260 7.03 2 7,03 2,941 6 4 1,426.02 4 1,517.04 4 6 2,040 6 4 5,077.04 10 20 497 979 10 20 979 10 20 979 10 20	12 58 28 166 6 208 222 220 14 180 8 252 14 220 6 180 6 180 6 180 6 180 6 180 6 180 6 180 6 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 1	25 350 30 200 40 40 25 100 40 25 50 45 30 75 40 75 350 15	1
Sold and consumed at collieries,		1,679,662.07 100,959.06 4,168 2,946	7,114 *1752 88	3,812 82,950	675 94 15
Total,		1,780,621.18			
	**			•	

*Average.

NAMES OF COLLIERIES IN OPERATION AND COAL MINED IN THE POTTSVILLE DIVISION OF SCHUYLKILL DISTR ICT FOR THE YEARS 1890-81-89-83-84.

NAMES OF COLLIERIES.	Location of Collieries.	Names of Operators.	1880.	1881.	1882.	1883.	1884.
. Beechwood,	Mt. Laffee,	Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Co.	45,078.05	30,706.17	31,925.09	4,987.07	195.00
. Colket,	Donaldson,	do. do.	25, 481.08	43, 221, 15	81,484.08	35,681.17	33,369 09
East Franklin,	Upper Rausch creek, .	do. do.	34,418,18	19, 179, 07	25,051.19	13,058,02	98.00
. Eagle Hill Shaft,	Eagle Hill,	do. do.	56, 427, 16	70,084.12	69,811.10	73, 872, 17	82,294,10
Eagle,	St. Clair,		41,446,14	49,361.19	28, 594, 07	28, 426.09	34, 319, 07
Forestville,	Forestville,	do. do.	,	10,001.10	11,448,00	89, 213, 18	87,038,13
Glendower	Gien Carbon		25,788,19	51, 465, 18	1,220.12	23, 479, 02	41,542,15
Kalmia,			76,026.16	83, 167, 00	200, 100, 05	169,403.08	72,205,16
	Orwin,	do. do.					
Lincoln,	Tremont township,	do. do.	125, 170.08	146,899.17	165,678.07	178,678.17	69, 155.05
. Mine Hill Gap,	Minersville,	do. do.	35,028.18	48, 902. 09	51,540.09	66,988.16	68,596.08
. Middle Creek Shaft,	Middle creek,	do. do.			4,872.00	48,967.18	58,856,08
Otto,	Branchdale,	đo. do.	35,639.09	55,905.05	11,422.09	32,082.05	56,078.04
. Phœnix Park, No. 2,	Phœnix Park,	do. do.	24,468.11	83,011.00	82,968.18	8,859,13	abandoned.
. Phoenix Park, No. 3, .	Phoenix Park,	do. do.	18,771.01	22, 168. 01	20,676.03	38,031,12	37,642.08
. Pottsville,	Pottsville,	do. do.	89,062,10	16,478,08	42,625.19	59, 562, 15	12,458.06
. Pine Forest,	St. Clair,	do. do.	88,050.11	41,549,12	82,468,02	60,028,10	31,090.06
. Rausch Creek,	Tremont township,	do. do.	82,608,19	85, 382.03	62, 682, 17	74,503,12	8,754.06
Richardson	Glen Carbon,	do. do.	70,778,14	58, 388, 16	66,381.00	66, 248, 15	72,498 02
. Swatara,	Swatara,	do. do.	21,463.18	53, 124, 04	41,725.05	3, 141.05	not shipping
Thomaston,	Heckscherville,	do. , do.	77,186.08	82.975.19	70,784.06	93,840.02	100,229.00
. Wadesville Shaft,			106,388.00	110,874.08	15,288.04	5,240.10	29,554.14
	Wadesville,	do, do,					
Lehigh, No. 8,	Coal Dale,	Lehigh Coal and Navigation Company,	96, 145. 12	140, 365, 11	107,423.18	98, 299.04	107,858.00
Lehigh, No. 10,		do, do,	91,509.01	83,468.04	116,259.10	107, 978. 18	188,890 15
. Lehigh, No. 11, .	do	do. · do.	40,806.05	81, 525.10	76,955.00	88,480.19	102, 133. 14
. Lehigh, No. 12,	do	do. do.			. <i>.</i>	48,793.00	89,456.11
. Lehigh, No. 13,	Tamaqua,	Schwartz, Oliver & Jones,	• • • • • .			12,847.00	33,817.00
. Kaska William,	New Philadelphia,	Alliance Coal Mining Company,				19,519.00	52,300.07
Palmer Vein,	do. do	do. do		28,000.00	35,596.00	48, 292, 07	61,812.05
. Middle Lehigh,	New Boston,	Mill Creek Coal Company,	47,601.00	158,924.11	146, 422.01	185,429.12	100,600.08
. New Lincoln,	Tremont township	Levi Miller & Co.,					49,080.11
. Herbine,	Minersville,	J. K. Seigfried,		21,132.02	6,245.03	19,298.05	37,780.08
Ellsworth	New Castle,	John R. Davis.		11,983.02	15,036.00	12,884.00	12,149,00
. St. Clair,	St. Clair,	Atkinson & Lessig,		8, 524, 17	4,858.05	4,882,02	3,136.01
. Sharp Mountain	Pottsville.	Thomas Wren,	3,913.15	2,510.00	1,265.10	794.00	66.10
				•			
Oak Hill,	Mt. Laffee,	do. do		* *	320.10	8,319.01	6,725 18
East Lehigh,	Tamaqua,	Mitchell & Shepp,		10,116.08	8,461.02	2,096.13	3,805.07
. Greenwood,	do	Andrew Raab,		2,776.00	2,480.00	2,570.00	749.10
Monitor,	Wadesville,	John H. Denning,		1,854.07	2,840.00	5,611.00	6,500.00
Jugular,	New Castle,	Jacob S. Hepner,		869.04	1,049.17	1,099.04	1,129.00
Crystal,	do	Joseph Brady,	1		5,149.11	3,900,00	5,977.04
. W. C. Big Diamond,	Wolf creek,	James F. Donohue,	5,005.01	8,000.00	5,860.00	2, 130, 16	1,567.00
. Woods,	Swatara,	C. Woods,			887.02	1,510.12	1,600,01
. Kelchline,		P. O'Connor,			217.00	2,409.00	8,671.00
	1	John Mullin & Co.,			919,00	1,588,06	1,353.19

45. Black Valley, 46. Repplier, 47. Lewis Tract, 48. New Gastle, 49. W. C. Diamond, 50. Swatara, No. 2, 51. Peach Orchard, 52. Peach Monntain, 53. Ebony, 54. Newtown, 55. Coal Hill, 57. Chandler Tract, 58. Chandler Tract, 59. Black Mine, 60. Tremont Lands, 61. Furnace, 62. Hlawatha, 63. Middleport, 64. Mammoth, 65. Garfeld, 66. Keim & Repp, 67. Dundas, No. 7, 68. Northdale, 69. Jonestown, 70. Oakwood, 71. Morning Star, 72. Black Heath, 73. Pine Dale, 74. Tamaqua, 76.	New Castle, Minersville, New Castle, Minersville, Pine Grove, St. Clair, Minersville, New Castle, New Castle, Newtown, Blythe township, Tamaqua, Minersville, do. Llewellyn, Tremont, St. Clair, Middleport, do. New Castle,	John F. Quinn, 3,108.18 4,250.16 3,311.00	1,273.00 3,606.03 360.00 2,941.00 1.426.02 1,517.04 2,040.00 5,077.04 497.00 979.00 abandoned. abandoned.
			107.10 554.00
Total,			1,679,662.07 100,959.06 1,780,621.13

Ex. Doc.]

REPORTS OF THE INSPECTORS OF MINES.



SECOND DISTRICT.

LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL.

Office of Inspector of Mines, Shenandoah, Schuylkill County, April 1, 1885.

To His Excellency ROBERT E. PATTISON,

Governor of Pennsylvania:

Sin: In compliance with an act of Assembly approved March 3, 1870, entitled "An act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in coal mines," I have the honor to submit the following annual report as inspector of mines for the Second inspection district of the anthracite coal region, for the year 1884.

In the following report, the results of my labors as inspector are presented in the usual form, the statistics being tabulated, and the result of inspections noted, together with some remarks as to safety, ventilation, improvements, and general condition of the mines during the year.

Hoping the data thus presented may be appreciated by those interested in the subject, I remain,

Yours respectfully,

ROBERT MAUCHLINE, Inspector of Mines.

Casualties for 1884.

The number of lives lost in and around the mines of this district, during the year 1884, was forty-three (43), a decrease of four (4) as compared with the year 1883, and although the production of tons of coal mined has been less, still the number of tons mined for each life lost has been slightly increased, and shows at least some improvement in the matter of safety.

The total production of the district in tons, for 1884, was 4,	512,800.07
The total number of employés was	14,884
The number of lives lost	43

The number of persons injured,	138
The number of tons of coal mined for each life lost was	104,948.17
The number of tons of coal mined for each person in-	
jured was	32,701.09 +
The number of tons for each casualty was	24,987.06 —

The variations in these figures from year to year can be seen by comparative tables in the report.

Of the persons employed in and around the mines in this district in 1884, one person was killed or fatally injured out of every 358, and one injured out of every 110, and a casualty of some kind occurred to one in every 88 of those employed.

Of the 43 fatal casualties reported during the year, 37, or 86 per cent., occurred under ground, and 6, or 14 per cent., happened on the surface.

Of the 138 non-fatal casualties reported, 117, or 84 per cent., occurred under ground, and 21, or 16 per cent., on the surface.

The following table shows the number of employés, number killed and injured, together with the ratio for each class of employés:

	Number.	Number killed.	Number injured.	One killed in every	One injured in every
Inside employés: Miners, Laborers and company men, Drivers, Door-boys,	4,456	25	74	178	60
	2,978	8	84	872	85
	580	1	6	580	96
	259	2	2	129	129
Outside employés: Bosses and mechanics, Laborers and company men, Drivers and slate-pickers,	508	1	5	503	100+
	2,216	5	7	443	317
	8,892	1	10	8,892	389

Class of Casualties.

Of the 37 lives lost inside the mines during the year,

- 20, or 54 per cent., were from falls of top or sides.
 - 4, or 11 per cent., were from mine cars.
- 6, or 16 per cent., from handling and using explosives.
- 2, or 5 per cent., were from gas.
- 4, or 11 per cent., from falling in shafts and slopes, and
- 1, or 3 per cent., from miscellaneous causes.

Of the 6 lives lost above ground during the year,

- 4, or 66 per cent., were from cars.
- 1, or 17 per cent., from machinery, and
- 1, or 17 per cent., from miscellaneous causes.

Of the 117 injuries received inside the mines in 1984,

47, or 40 per cent., were from falls.

14, or 12 per cent., from cars.

11, or 9½ per cent., from explosions.

26, or 221 per cent., from gas.

7, or 6 per cent., by falling in shafts or slopes, and

12, or 10½ per cent., from miscellaneous causes.

Of the 21 injuries received above ground,

9, or 43 per cent., were from cars.

1, or 5 per cent., were from boilers.

8, or 14 per cent., were from machinery, and

8 or 88 per cent., from miscellaneous causes

Table Showing the Number, C	lass, s	nd Mo	nth o	n whic	h occu	arred t	he Fa	tal Ca	ualtic	es for 1	.884.			
	January.	February.	March.	April.	Мау.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Total for 1884.	Total.
Fatal—inside. Accidents from falls of top and sides, cars, handling and using explosives, gas, by explosion and suffocation, falling in shafts and slopes, miscellaneous causes,	2			1	2 1	1 1	1		1 2 2		4		20 4 6 2 4	
Monthly total,	5	2	1	3	3	2	2	8	5	4	4	4	87	
Fatal—outside. Accidents from cars,							1 i		1 :::::		: : :	40.00	1 1	
Monthly total,				1			2	1	1			1	6	43

Table Showing the Number, Class, and Month on which occurred the Non-Fatal Accidents for 1884.

	January.	February.	March.	A pril.	May.	June.	July.	August	September.	October.	November.	December.	Total for 1884.	Total.
Non-fatal—inside. Accidents from falls of top and sides, cars, handling and using explosives, gas, by explosion and suffication, falling in shafts and slopes, miscellaneous causes,	2 1 1 8	5 1 1 2	5 1 1 4 1	4 1 1 4 1	3	1 6 1	7 5 2 4	5 8	2 2 2	1 5 1	5 1 	4 1 	47 14 11 26 7	
Monthly total,	7	9	18	12	.7	8	20	8	10	8	9	6	117	
Non-fatal—outside. Accidents from cars,		1	2 1 		1 2	: .	1	1 2 4			1 1	2	9 1 3 8	138

Safety.

The general condition of the mines in this district as to safety is improving, as shown by the decrease of all other kinds of casualties in proportion to those from falls, the class of accidents which might be charged to the management being now very few indeed. The fact that over fifty per cent. of all lives lost inside the mines are the result of falls prove that rigid discipline, by strictly-enforced special rules, is the only way in which we may expect improvement.

Health.

The sanitary condition of the mines at present, as compared with their condition a few years ago, cannot be shown by tables of statistics, but all who are familiar with the facts know that miners going home with a head-ache are now the exception, while a few years ago they were the rule. The decrease in the number of lives lost is only a small part of the result of improved ventilation when compared with the vast difference in regard to health. Hundreds were sent to early graves, after years of suffering, from bad ventilation, and yet their names are not recorded in the inspector's reports as having been killed in the mines.

Accidents from Gas.

There were twenty-eight persons injured by explosions of gas during the year, two (2) of which proved fatal. Every one of these accidents, without exception, were the result of gross negligence on the part of those injured. Of the twenty-six persons injured, eighty per cent. were very slight, the result of igniting small quantities, and nearly all occurred in collieries where moderate quantities of gas are given off. The miners, in such cases, are generally supplied with a safety-lamp, and ordered to examine with it always on reëntering their working place during their shift, and these injuries from gas are nearly all the result of failing or neglecting to comply with these orders. Still, the fact that only two fatal casualties from gas occurred in a district mining four and one half million tons of coal, where one third of the collieries give off large quantities of gas, and nearly all give off some; where the coal seams range from four to forty feet in thickness, and dip from seven to seventy degrees, all go to prove that the ventilation and general management of the district will compare with any other under similar conditions.

Improvements.

The Lehigh Valley Coal Company have commenced opening another colliery known as Packer, No. 5, which, when completed, is expected to be one of the largest and best equipped collieries in the anthracite region, details of which will probably appear in the inspector's report for 1885.

Lentz, Lilley & Co. have connected what was known as West Lehigh colliery with that formerly known as Coplay colliery, and when all the improvements are completed will work both as Park colliery, No. 1. They

have also re-opened the slope at "Trenton" as Park, No. 2, and sunk a new slope on the south dip of the Mahanoy basin south from "Trenton," as Park, No. 3. The coal from both will be prepared at their fine new breaker at "Trenton." All the new fittings and machinery at these collieries are of the most improved type, and everything that skill and capital can effect is being done to make the Park collieries second to none in the region.

The Buck Mountain Coal Company have also opened a new colliery on the north dip of the Mahanoy basin, east of Mahanoy tunnel. From the work done and in contemplation, Buck Mountain will soon rank as one of the first-class collieries of the district, and add largely to its annual production.

There has also been some preliminary work done with a view to re-opening the Silver Brook coal basin; and the work of sinking a slope will be commenced as soon as the proving holes, now being sunk, shall determine the "strike" of the measures.

The following details of improvements made at the collieries of the district have been furnished for this report by the courtesy of the companies and individual operators, for which, in the name of the readers of this report, I beg to tender my sincere thanks.

In the following tables will be found a register of the casualties, with comparative tables for past years. A table showing the tonnage, seams worked, with their reported thickness, and number of persons killed and injured at each colliery; also, a table showing ventilation, &c. Describing the fatal accidents in detail has been so often and so ably done in these reports that I have omitted it as unnecessary.

Ventilation Table.

Colliery.	No. of persons employed in- side.	No. of cubic feet of air supplied per minute.		
Girard, Hammond, Connor, Girard Mammoth, West Bear Ridge, East Bear Ridge, Turkey Run, West Shenandoah, Kohinoor, Shenandoah City Drift, Shenandoah City, Plank Ridge, Indian Ridge, Ellangowan, Knickerbooker, Stanton, Gilberton, Bear Run, Boston Run, St. Nicholas, Suffolk, Tunnel Ridge, Elmwood,	197 183 147 126 150 288 192 809 267 263 804 404 800 121 166 160 160 145 240	17,614 50,236 20,719 14,885 20,487 18,311 55,250 60,722 38,022 73,000 48,260 65,699 58,625 77,867 11,997 20,000 44,550 36,973 22,766 35,000 42,582 19,240 44,721		

VENTILATION-Continued.

COLLIERY.	No. of persons employed in- side.	No. of cubic feet of air supplied per minute.		
Mahanoy City, Schuylkill, North Mahanoy, Packer, No. 1, Packer, No. 2, Packer, No. 3, Packer, No. 4, Honey Brook, No. 1, Honey Brook, No. 5, Cuyler, William Penn, Kehley's Run, Oakdale, Cambridge, Lawrence, South Laurel Ridge, North Laurel Ridge, Draper,	202 128 126 280 246 289 63 243 245 140 325 180 21 28 154 16	26,500 35,936 21,832 27,853 56,715 186,222 117,200 12,000 11,000 12,000 80,000 15,000 8,700 4,600 80,000 10,000 4,500 40,000		
Glendon, Primrose, Buck Mountain, Park, No. 1,	280 56 79 247	20,000 24,000 28,000 80,000		

Improvements made at the collieries of the Lehigh Valley Coal Company during the year 1884:

Packer, No. 1.

Tunnel to Buck Mountain seam level, one hundred and ninety-seven feet long.

Packer, No. 3.

Tunnel to Holmes vein, second lift, two hundred and sixty-four feet long, and a tunnel to Primrose vein, on fourth lift, two hundred and seventy-nine feet long.

Packer, No. 3.

Tunnel to Buck Mountain vein, second lift, three hundred and twenty feet long. Tunnel to Buck Mountain vein, fourth lift, three hundred and seventy-eight feet long.

Packer, No. 4.

Tunnel to Primrose vein, second lift, one hundred and thirty feet long. Ventilating shaft to Buck Mountain vein, one hundred and two feet deep, with sixteen-foot exhaust fan. Self-acting plane, from second to third lift on Holmes vein, four hundred and thirty-four feet long.

LEHIGH AND WILKES-BARRE COAL COMPANY. Honey Brook, No. 4.

Tunnel at top of East plane, from Mammoth to Wharton vein, one hundred and fifty feet in length.

Mammoth.

Hency Brook Slope, No. 8.

Twelve-foot exhaust fan, with $10''\times12''$ vertical engine; slope, seventy-two yards; on Mammoth vein, north dip of No. 5 basin, fitted with pair of $9''\times24''$ hoisting engine, supplied with steam from a 4' $6''\times11'$ tubular boiler.

Kehley's Run Colliery.

Thomas Coal Company. Built new dirt plane seven hundred feet long.

South Laurel Ridge.

John A. Dutter, operator. Sunk slope on Buck Mountain vein, one hundred and sixty yards. Built new breaker of capacity to prepare forty cars a day.

North Laurel Ridge.

John A. Dutter, operator. Sunk slope on small vein under Mammoth vein for the purpose of robbing pillars in first lift of abandoned workings on Mammoth vein of Gilberton colliery. The gangway to be driven in small underlying vein, and rock chutes driven through to each pillar in

Glendon Colliery.

J. C. Haydon & Co. Erected one Bradley jig in breaker with ten-horse-power engine. Erected endless chain haulage to return empty cars to slope; drove tunnel to bottom split of Mammoth vein, and drove a tunnel to Seven-Foot vein.

Primrose Colliery.

Nevels & Co. Erected a fifteen-foot exhaust fan, and rebuilt the breaker, fitted with new engine, machinery, &c.

IMPROVEMENTS MADE BY THE PHILADELPHIA AND READING COAL AND IRON COMPANY.

East Bear Ridge Colliery.

Two new boilers, 34"×30', erected. A new water pipe line, sixteen hundred feet, four-inch Hautboy pipe, was laid from the Mud Run pipe line.

Stanton Colliery.

Two (2) new 9"×38" steam pumps were put in slope.

Eight (8) boilers, $34''\times30'$, with two (2) boiler-iron stacks, $34''\times36'$, with frame house, $18'\times54'$, erected.

A new water pipe line, twenty-seven hundred feet, three-inch Hautboy pipe, was laid from East Bear Ridge colliery pipe line.

The breaker was extensively repaired.

A tunnel was driven north from first lift Mammoth vein, west gangway, to the Buck Mountain vein, striking the vein at sixty-seven yards.

Vein, eleven feet thick, with ten feet of coal. Dip, fifty-six degrees.

Gilberton Colliery.

A tunnel was driven north from second lift, bottom split, Mammoth vein, west gangway, eighty yards from slope, sixty-four and a half yards

to the Buck Mountain vein, being 7' 1" thick, with 5' of coal, dip fifty-four degrees south.

The gangways east and west were then opened.

An airway was driven from the west gangway to the first lift, a distance of one hundred and twelve yards.

A hole was also driven on same gangway, four yards wide, in line of Furnace slope one hundred and sixteen yards to the first lift level, Gilberton colliery, and is now being inclined and timbered for a slope, and will be the continuation of the Furnace slope, which in the future will hoist all the lower lift coal.

The total length of slope from surface to second lift of the Gilberton colliery is two hundred and ninety-five and one third yards.

A tunnel was driven twelve and one half yards long from the bottom split, Mammoth vein, west gangway, one hundred yards from slope, to the top split of same vein, and found to be fourteen feet in thickness, in good condition, having 12' 3" of good coal, the vein dipping fifty degrees south.

Two bore holes, one 8" and one 12" in diameter, were drilled during the year, at the eastern limit of lease, to strike the east Furnace gangway, the intention being to place a steam pump at this point, to pump the water from the new tunnel, north basin workings, in the Buck Mountain vein, direct to the surface. The holes to be used for column and steam pipes, one each, two hundred and fifteen feet long, and diameters as mentioned.

The result of the work was very satisfactory, the holes striking the calculated points.

The breaker was extensively repaired, new rolls and picking tables were added.

Two new boilers $34'' \times 30'$ were erected, and blowers for twelve boilers were put in.

Boston Run Colliery.

With the exception of a new set of dirt scrapers, three hundred feet long, being added to the breaker, nothing was done other than general repairing.

Bear Run Colliery.

An airway at breaker No. 32, Seven-Foot vein, west gangway, was driven to surface, total length two hundred and eighty-one yards.

Ninety (90) yards of the airway will be widened out for a plane to work out the upper lifts of the vein.

The plane at breaker No. 10, Buck Mountain vein, old east gangway, was completed during the year, one hundred and sixteen yards long, and is now in good working order, and the gangways east and west are being driven.

In Mammoth vein, bottom split, first lift, west gangway, breaker No. 7 was extended five yards wide from its face as abandoned by former operators, to the water level gangway, and at eighty yards below water level

gangway a counter gangway is now being driven. No other improvements except repairing.

Suffolk Colliery.

The company took possession of this colliery on January 1, 1884, since which time the following improvements have been made:

A tunnel was driven from the Tracey vein, south dip, (on line of the present tunnel,) forty-five yards to the regular Ellangowan basin, striking the same vein with dips fifty degrees north and twenty-nine degrees south. Gangways were then driven on south dip. East and west, the vein generally is eight feet thick and contains six to seven feet of coal.

One 9"×38" steam pump put in slope.

One 9"×38" steam pump for washing at breaker.

St. Nicholas Colliery.

One (1) tender engine, 20'' cylinder by 5' stroke, erected at pump slope; also, frame engine-house, $22\frac{1}{3}' \times 35'$.

Four (4) new boilers, 34"×30', with blowers, erected.

Tunnel Ridge Colliery.

A tunnel was driven from the bottom split, new gangway, east side, eleven and one third yards to top split of same vein. The vein was found in fine condition, twenty-three feet in thickness, with 16' 8" good coal. Dip, fifty-four degrees northward. Gangways are now being driven east and west.

A new counter gangway was opened on the Skidmore vein at a point where the vein splits, and gangway driven east.

One (1) $9'' \times 38''$ steam pump put in slope, with 647' 6'' cast-iron steam pipe.

Four (4) boilers, $30'\times34''$, with blowers and all connections complete, with one (1) boiler-iron stack, $30'\times34''$ diameter, and frame house, $19'\times55'$, with tin roof, erected.

Elmwood Colliery.

About forty yards from face of bottom split, west gangway, second lift, a tunnel was driven fifteen yards to top split of same vein. No gangways turned.

Breaker No. 17, Seven-Foot vein, second lift, east gangway, was driven up narrow one hundred and thirteen yards to first-lift gangway for airway.

No other improvements, except general repairing.

Mahanoy City Colliery.

Breaker No. 28, Holmes vein, north dip, lower lift, east gangway, is now being driven on a given line, and is up one hundred and eighty-three yards. It may possibly be used for a plane to work the flat coal lying in the basin east.

3 MINE INS.

Four (4) 34"×30' boilers, with blowers and connections complete, erected.

Frame house for same erected. General repairing done.

North Mahanoy Colliery.

A new counter gangway was opened in Mammoth vein, bottom split, eighty-three yards below water-level, from breaker No. 2, second lift, west gangway, and gangway driven west. The vein is 9'7" thick, with eight feet of good coal, and vein dipping generally twenty-three degrees south.

Breaker No. 58, Mammoth vein, bottom split, water-level, west gangway, was driven through to surface, one hundred and ten yards long, for airway.

- One (1) pair hoisting engines, 16'' cylinder by 32'' stroke, complete, erected at North Seven-Foot slope, with frame engine-house, $24' \times 32'$.
 - One (1) No. 10 Cameron steam pump put in North Seven-Foot slope.
- Four (4) boilers, 30'×84", complete, erected on north side of Schuylkill colliery boilers to supply steam to engines and fan at North Seven-Foot slope.

Frame boiler-house erected. The breaker has been extensively repaired and improved.

Schuylkill Colliery.

A bore-hole, seventy-eight feet long, eight inches in diameter, was drilled from the surface, through rock, to the Buck Mountain vein, for a rope-way from engines and drum on the surface to Underground slope.

One (1) pair Carter & Allen hoisting engines, 14"×34", erected for underground slope. Considerable cribbing was done at the north side of breaker, improving the ground very much. No other improvements made, except the usual repairs.

Girard Colliery.

A $7'' \times 15''$ steamp pump has been placed on the water-level gangway, to pump the mine-water from here to the jigs.

A tunnel, seventy and two thirds yards long, has been driven from the Mammoth vein, north dip, to the Buck Mountain vein.

A tunnel, eighty and two thirds yards long, has been driven from the Mammoth vein, south dip, to the Buck Mountain vein.

West Bear Ridge Colliery.

A new gunboat tower, at head of hoisting slope, is under construction. Two nests of four boilers each have been built south of the breaker. Boilers, $34'' \times 30'$.

A tunnel, seventy-four yards long, has been driven from the Mammoth vein, south dip, to the Buck Mountain vein.

A tunnel, sixty-six and one third yards long, has been driven from the Mammoth vein, north dip, to the Buck Mountain vein.

Hammond Colliery.

The old fan and fan-engine house have been torn down and replaced by a new 15-foot "Guibal" fan and fan-engine house.

A tunnel, one hundred and twenty-four yards long, has been driven from the top split of the Mammoth vein to the Primrose vein.

Conner Colliery.

A new nest of four boilers has been built just west of the old nests. Boilers, $34'' \times 30'$.

Girard Mammoth Colliery.

An additional $9'' \times 38''$ standard steam pump has been put in place at foot of new hoisting slope.

Ellangowan Colliery.

Two of the large brick boiler stacks having become unsafe, were torn down, and four boiler-iron stacks, 34" diameter by 30' long, erected in their place.

The dirt tracks have been changed, so as to use a locomotive instead of mules, and to do away with the trestle over the Philadelphia and Reading railroad tail tracks.

A new frame locomotive-house, $26' \times 12' \times 12'$ was built on the dirt bank; also, a four-thousand gallon tank was put up, and 520' of 2'' gas pipe laid to it, to supply locomotive with water.

Three four-thousand gallon tanks and four three-thousand gallon tanks, erected for additional purifying apparatus.

Knickerbocker Colliery.

New hoisting-engine at coal plane completed and now in use. Tracks at foot of coal plane have been pulled up and re-laid on an improved plan.

Three hundred and fifty feet of scraper chain, with eighty-three scrapers, $4'' \times 6''$, were put up to carry fuel from breaker to boilers.

A culvert, three hundred and thirty-three feet long, $4' \times 2'$, has been built of oak sills and T rails, to carry water away from mouth of water-level drift on Holmes vein.

The office has been moved further away from the railroad, and thoroughly repaired; roofed with sheet-iron.

A new standard Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Company steam-pump, 18" cylinder, 38" stroke, 9" pole, was placed in the slope, and connected with steam and column pipes already in use.

A tunnel, twelve yards long, was driven in the slope workings, from bottom split of Mammoth vein to Skidmore vein.

In the Buck Mountain vein, west water-level gangway, an air-hole, two hundred and seventeen yards long, was driven to the surface, and a counter-schute, eighty-seven yards long, was made, thus opening the east and west-counter gangways.

In the Barry Buck Mountain west gangway an air-hole, one hundred and thirty-five yards long, was driven to surface

Indian Ridge Colliery.

A "bore-hole," one hundred and eighteen feet long and 8" diameter, with 5\frac{3}{2}" wrought-iron casing, packed in cement, for hoisting rope-way for proposed underground slope in top split of Mammoth vein, has been completed; also two lines of 2" gas pipe, each one hundred and eighteen feet long, have been put in another "bore-hole," 5\frac{3}{2}" diameter, which was continued to the Shenandoah City colliery workings. These two lines of pipe are intended for speaking-tube and signal-wire for same proposed slope.

A tunnel, twenty-two yards long, and an air-shaft, seven yards long, have been driven from the Mammoth to the Skidmore veins, near foot of shaft.

Four new dirt-burning boilers, 34'' diameter $\times 30'$ long, have been erected, and a new sheet-iron boiler-house, $56'\times21'\times10'$ high, built over them. The twenty-one old boilers have all been changed to dirt burners.

Four additional 4,000-gallon tanks have been erected for purifying apparatus.

The fan near head of shaft has been removed, the colliery now being ventilated by the new fan at Plank Ridge shaft.

The following improvements have been made in the breaker:

New engine, 9" cylinder × 24" stroke, put in to run jigs.

No. 12 Cameron pump, used for coal washing, has been replaced by a Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Company standard steam pump, 18" cylinder, 38" stroke, 9" pole.

Six additional cast-iron slate-picking tables, chutes, telegraphs, etc.

Plank Ridge Colliery.

New sheet-iron boiler-house, 54'×17'×3', built over the four boilers put up in 1883.

Four new boilers, 30' long, 34" diameter, with dirt-burning apparatus complete, and stack 30' long, 36" diameter, built in 1884.

Foundations complete for another nest of four boilers.

New frame smith and carpenter-shop, 50'×25'×9', built.

New frame oil and supply-house, 12'×14'×8', built.

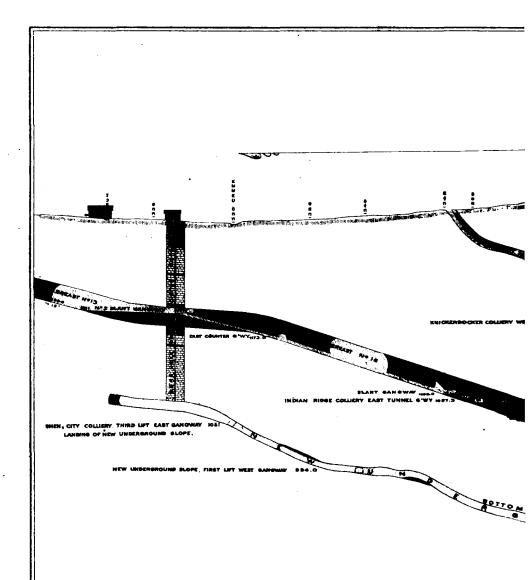
New frame office, $14' \times 14' \times 8'$, built.

A new air-shaft, 93' deep, 10'×10', was driven from surface to Mammoth vein, and a new 18-foot fan erected over it to ventilate Plank Ridge, Indian Ridge, and Shenandoah City collieries.

A tunnel 29½ yards long was driven from the Mammoth to the Skidmore vein in the old slope level.

Shenandoah City Colliery.

The bore-hole for hoisting-rope way for new underground slope has been completed. It is 245' long, 8" diameter, and lined with a 5\frac{6}{3}" wrought-iron casing, packed with cement. On the surface at top of bore-hole the following improvements have been put up:



CROSS SECTION

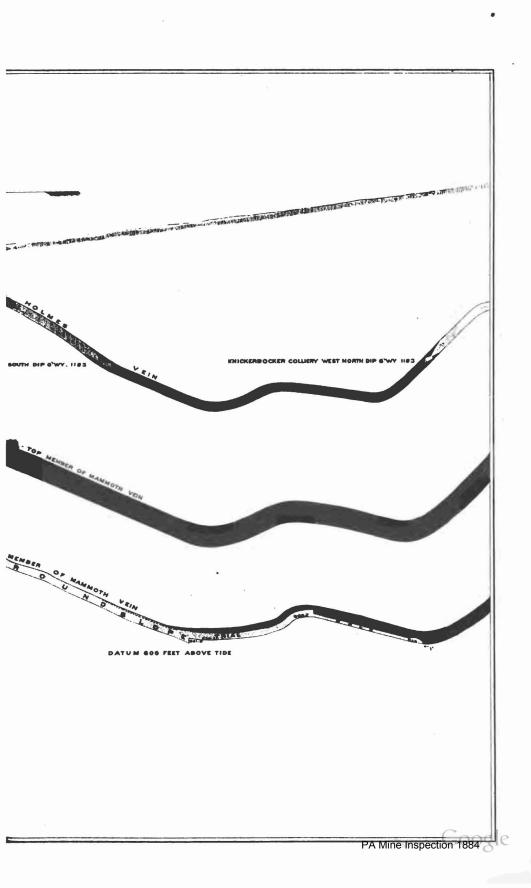
THROUGH NEW UNDERGROUND SLOPE AT THE SHENANDOAH CITY COLLIERY

OWNED BY THE

P. & R. C. & I. CD.

SCALE 135 FT TO LINCH.

JOHN H. POLLARD



Shed over bore-hole, $16'\times10'\times7'$, containing sheave 6' dia.

Engine-house, 24'×16×9', with sheet-iron roof, containing one pair hoisting engines 10" cylinder, 18" stroke, and a drum 6' 6" long, 5' dia.

Boiler-house, $24'\times13'\times13'$, containing two tubular boilers; one 4,000-gallon tank.

The slope has been sunk 325 yards and a trial-hole continued to the basin, as shown on accompanying section.

Another bore-hole, 245' long, 5\{\frac{6}{3}''} diameter, containing four 2'' gas pipes, two of which stop at Indian Ridge colliery workings, and the other two continue to head of underground slope for speaking-tube and signal-wire.

A tunnel, seven yards long, was driven from the Mammoth vein to the Skidmore vein in the water level drift.

The 8" Allison & Bannan pump in lower lift was taken out and replaced by a Griscom pump with two 14" steam cylinders, 48" stroke, and four working barrels 6" diameter, 48" stroke.

The engine at the outside coal plane has been taken out and replaced by a new one built on new foundations.

At this colliery there is a triple breaker, of which one side has not been used for a number of years. This side is now being thoroughly repaired and remodeled, and will be running in a short time.

West Shenandoah Celliery.

A new slush chute, 24' long, 18' wide, with four bins 5' $9'' \times 18'$ on top, 8' deep, was built.

The coal plane at breaker is to be replaced by a new one, of which the lumber is all on the ground, all framed ready to put up.

Turkey Run Colliery.

A new air-way and traveling-way, one hundred and twelve yards long, has been completed in the top split of the Mammoth vein from the old slope lower lift, west gangway, to water level east gangway.

Kohinoor Colliery.

In the east slope, No. 2, a No. 4 Blake pump has been put up, run by compressed air.

In the west slope a Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Company standard steam pump, 18" cylinder, 38" stroke, 9" pole, has been put up, run by compressed air.

A fan, 8' diameter, and an engine, 10" cylinder, 12" stroke, run by compressed air, has been placed in position at the tunnel to Seven-Foot vein.

Tunnel driven from Mammoth to Seven-Foot vein, one hundred and twenty-three yards long.

A slope, fifty yards long, called east slope, No. 2, was sunk in the local basin between first lift of east slope No. 1 and the shaft level.

An air-way, two hundred and fifty-two yards long, to air the Seven-Foot workings was made partly through old workings.

The following improvements have been made to the breaker:

Addition built, $40' \times 48' \times 42'$ feet high, containing one dirt and slate hopper $19' \times 12' \times 10'$ deep, with four cast-iron gates; one slate hopper $10' \times 14' \times 8'$ deep, with two cast-iron gates.

Two new sets elevators, each containing eighty buckets, $24'' \times 24''$.

One new set elevators, each containing one hundred and two buckets, $18'' \times 18''$.

One buckwheat screen 12' long, 5' diameter, with jacket 12' long, 6' diameter.

Fifty-seven cast-iron slate picking tables, with chutes, telegraphs, etc.

One thousand three hundred and fifty feet of 2" gas pipe was laid from a spring on the mountain to tanks near boilers.

Beside the improvements mentioned at the several collieries, all the breakers, buildings, machinery, slopes, shafts, and air-ways have been kept in good repair, and everything necessary to keep the collieries in good running order has beeen done.

Yours respectfully,

JOHN H. POLLARD, Assistant Engineer.

Transmission of Power.

In the anthracite coal fields it often becomes necessary to sink slopes underground at long distances from the main opening of a colliery in order to reach local basins, or places where the coal is below the main levels. In such cases, the transmission of power becomes a matter of great importance. There are so many objections to the placing of boilers inside of the mines that it is not resorted to in this district. Carrying steam long distances involves great loss by condensation, and air-compressing machinery is expensive. The plan of placing the engines on the surface, and passing the hoisting-rope down a drill-hole, is now in operation at several collieries in the district, and is found to be a great improvement.

Accompanying this report is given a "cross-section," on the line of the new underground slope mentioned in the improvements made at the Shenandoah City colliery of the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Company, showing the location of the sheave over the top of the bore-hole with the hoisting engines and drum.

The location of the slope was determined, and sinking with mule power commenced, before the bore-hole was started it was, therefore, necessary that the survey locating the top of the bore-hole on the surface should be very accurately made in order that the rope would coincide with the center line of the underground slope. In making this survey it was necessary to start at the apex of the slope, from a point on the slope line, and carry the survey out along the gangway six thousand eight hundred and twenty-one feet, or one and one fourth miles, which required the measuring of seventy-nine different angles and distances. Thence up the main hoisting slope seven hundred and forty-six feet long, on an average dip of 18° 42′, but

undulating from nearly horizontal to thirty degrees, requiring the measuring of six angles and distances, besides the vertical angles necessary to calculate the horizontal distances. Thence from the top of the slope over the surface by the most available routes to a point vertical over the center line of the underground slope, and at sufficient distance from the apex as to allow space between the apex and sheave at the bottom of the bore-hole for the purpose of backswitching the cars on to the turnout. This was a distance of eight thousand seven hundred and ninety-six feet, or nearly one and three fourth miles, which required the measuring of twenty angles and distances, making a total distance of sixteen thousand three hundred and sixty-three feet, or a little over three miles, and a measurement of one hundred and five different angles and distances.

When the bore-hole struck through the top of the breast, it was found to be within (3) three inches of the required point.

This result shows to what a degree of proficiency the engineering department of the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Company has attained.

The surveys and calculations necessary for locating these bore-holes were made by John H. Pollard, resident engineer of the company for the Ashland district, assisted by Rufus J. Foster and W. J. Richards. Such accuracy, when the conditions are considered, reflects great credit on Mr. Pollard and his assistants.

The above data and accompanying drawing were furnished for this report by the courtesy of the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Company.

No.

Children Number Married or DATE. Occupation. Remarks. Names. Collieries. single. Jan. 2 Frank Staley, Kohinoor, No. 2. . . 23 Single, . . Killed; fell down shaft. Miner, John Holland, Kohinoor, No. 1. . . Door-boy, 15 Single, . . Killed; timber fell on him. Ellangowan, Miner, 25 Single, . . Killed by the premature explosion of a shot. Charles Casper. Thomas Curley. Packer, No. 4, . . . Miner, Single, Fatally injured; fell under trip. Miner, 18 Single, Thomas Guinter, Fatally injured; caught between cars and door-frame. Lawrence, Ellangowan, Door-boy, 14 Single, . Roderick Regan, Fatally injured; fell under truck. Ellangowan, Ezekiel DeJackman. Laborer. 24 Single, Killed by a fall of coal. Mar. 24 Coal Run, Killed; fell down air-shaft. Michael Igo. Miner, 35 Married. . Apr. 8 Nicholas Mical. Kohinoor, . . . Laborer, 22 Single, Killed by a fall of slate. 10 Thomas Welsh, Packer, No. 8, . . Miner, 31 Married. Killed either by after-damp or explosion of gas. 11 Killed; found dead in rock-chute; cause unknown. Martin Cunningham, . . Cuyler, Laborer. Married. . 12 May 17 25 Thomas H. Marsh, Connor, Laborer. Single. Killed by a fall of top coal. 13 Peter Padden. Hammond, Miner, Married. Killed by a premature explosion of a blast. 14 15 William J. Price, . . . Elmwood, Inside boss, . . . 42 Married. . Killed by a fall of top slate. June 4 Married, . William Brysen, Knickerbocker, . . Miner. 25 Killed by a fall of top coal in breast. 16 Indian Ridge, Switch-boy, . . . Single, Fatally injured: fell into the monkey-rolls. Henry Everhard, 14 17 Adam Weighant, . . Married. Killed; shot flew through pillar and struck him on the head. Kehley Run, Miner, 40 18 July 11 Miner, St. Nicholas, 88 Married. . Suffocated by rush of coal. 19 Lawrence, Miner. 36 Single, Fatally burned by an explosion of gas. 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 Knickerbocker, . . . 54 Married, . Fatally injured; run down by a car while standing on track. George Zelinsky, Laborer. Aug. 1 John Grogan, . . . Packer, No. 2, . . . Outside laborer. 22 Single. Fatally injured; fell from frame of gate and dragged by car. Connor, 23 Single, . Fatally injured; caught between cars and gangway timber. Andrew Auckuskie, . . Miner. John Lavelle, Packer, No. 8, ... Miner. 30 Married, . Fatally injured; fall of coal in breast; died August 6. John Bozyan, . . . Indian Ridge. Laborer, 19 Single, . Killed by fall of coal in breast. Sep. 18 Thomas Rasley, . . . Lawrence, 22 Killed; lagging fell down slope, striking him on the head. Laborer, Single, James Williams, . . . Lawrence, Miner, 36 Married. Killed; hitch slipped and rope fouled, dragging him in slope. 35 Thomas Sprague, William Penn, . . . Miner, Married, . Fatally injured by an explosion of shot, William Burk, Turkey Run, Miner, Fatally burned; spark of lamp fell into keg of powder. David Davis, Turkey Run, Miner, 68 Married, . Killed; struck by a piece of coal. John J. Chadwick, Hammond, Outside laborer, 22 Single, Killed; caught between empty and loaded cars. Oct. 15 Henry Lewis, St. Nicholas, . . . Miner, . . . 56 Married. Fatally injured by fall of top slate in breast. Miner, 34 Married, George Fishburn, Packer, No. 4, . . . Killed by the bursting of a piece of coal. Miner. Married, . St. Nicholas, . . . 40 Killed; jammed in manway by a ruth of small coal. John Ward, Elmwood, Miner, Single, Thomas Buskles, 23 Killed by a fall of top coal in breast. John Jervis, William Penn, . . . Miner, Married. 40 Killed by a fall of top coal in breast. Anthony Lally, William Penn. . . Miner. 45 Married, . Fatally injured by fall of coal from face of breast: died November 12. 87 88 Plank Ridge. . . Miner. 34 Married, . Killed by a fall of top coal in breast. Justin Crabtree, Peter Zeilnskie. . . . Mahanoy City. . . Miner. 28 Single. Killed by a fall of coal while robbing pillars.

REGISTER OF FATAL CASUALTIES, SHEN ANDOAH DIVISION, FOR THE YEAR 1884.

FATAL CASUALTIES, SHENANDOAH DIVISION—Continued.

Number.	DATE.	Names.	Collieries.	Occupation.	Age.	Married or single.	Children.	Remarks.
89 40 41 42 43	Dec. 10 16 23 29	John Kellet,	Turkey Run, Mahanoy Jig House, Cuyler,	Car conductor, . Miner,	14	Single,		Killed; car broke loose, ran back in slope, and struck bim. Killed by a fall of slate at face of breast. Fatally injured; foot caught between railroad cars. Killed; struck by piece of coal at face of breast. Died from injuries received by a fall of coal.

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PA Mine Inspection 1884

DATE. Names. Collieries. Occupation. Remarks. Joseph Cobley, Miner, Jan. Park. No. 1. Body injured by fall of coal. Joseph Boehm, Miner, Burned by an explosion of gas. Gilberton. John Webb, ... Tunnel Ridge. Slate-picker, Skull fractured: fell down stairs in breaker. Martin Bolantz, Severely burned by an explosion of powder. Draper, Laborer, George N. Becker, Glendon, Laborer, Leg broken while engaged in spragging truck. Feb. Michael Costello, Bear Run. Driver, Bruised about abdomen and hips. Stanton, Miner, Breast injured: collar fell on him. 7 Patrick Murphy, Stanton, Miner, Leg broken by fall of coal. Bottom man, Edward Leishman Head and body injured; fell under wagon. Girard, . . . 10 Honey Brook, No. 4. . . Miner, Ankle injured by fall of coal. 11 Miner, William Caufield, Kohinoor, Leg injured; prop fell on him. 12 18 Tunnel Ridge, Repair man, Back bruised; fell down slope. Reese Richards. East Bear Ridge, . . . Miner, Severely bruised by fall of coal. 14 Ellangowan, Packer, No. 2, Miner, Leg fractured by fall of coal. 15 William Groyther. Miner, Thigh broken by fall of coal. 16 Miner, Face and hands burned by the explosion of a shot. March 3 Knickerbocker, 17 Miner, John Licett, Connor, Arm cut by a piece of coal. 18 Michael Circovitch, . . . Turkey Run, Miner, Head cut and arm broken by a fall of coal. 19 Jacob Stevens, Bear Run, Miner, Leg broken by a fall of coal. 20 Patrick Dunlevy, Honey Brook, No. 8, . . Miner, Hand burned; fell on burning lamp while driving heading. 21 11 Eli Fenstermacher, . . . Stanton. Laborer. Compound fracture of leg by fall of coal. 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 Slate-picker, Fingers crushed. 13 Thomas Jones, Honey Brook, No. 5, . . 18 Frederick Danim, . . . Loader. Arm broken unloading wire rope. Kohinoor, 13 Miner. Aaron Swartz, Primrose, Slightly burned by gas. Peter Foster, Primrose, Miner, Slightly burned by gas. Charles Layman, . . . Primrose, Slightly burned by gas. Loader, John Scorro, Ellangowan, Ribs broken and back injured by fall of rock. 20 Miner. Robert Silliman, Park, No. 2, Pump engineer, . . Leg broken; slope timber fell on him. John Brown, Edward O'Donnell, . . . Driver. Leg broken by fall of slate. Kohinoor, 30 Indian Ridge, . . . Repair man, Injured internally; caught between cars. Honey Brook, No. 5, . . Arm fractured; caught between cars and top of slope. 81 John S. Davis, Top man, 82 83 84 April 2 John Rowan, Packer, No. 4, Miner, Skull fractured by fall of coal. Adam Sheffer, . North Mahanoy, . . . D. B. boy. Left arm cut off; run over by cars. Severe scalp wound by fall of coal. Patrick Garrah, Honey Brook, No. 5, Miner, 35 Bernard Banks, . . Mahanov lig-house. . . Jig-boy, Wrist broken: fell from trough-twenty feet. 36 37 38 39 Frank McGlauchlin, Lawrence, Loader, Slightly burned by an explosion of gas. Gustavus Kane. Loader, Slightly burned by an explosion of gas. Lawrence. Thomas Roach. Lawrence, Loader, Slightly burned by an explosion of gas. Martin Brennan, Packer, No. & Miner, Face and hands burned by explosion of gas. 40 William Steele, Tunnel Ridge, Miner, Small bone of leg broken by fall of coal. 41 Michael Noolan, Miner, Hammond, Head cut and chest and arms burned by premature explosion of shot. 42 21 Shenandoah City, . Laborer, Leg broken and forehead cut; laggins broke aud coal fell on him. Turkey Run, 43 Arm broken by fall of coal. 21 Pedro Orshine, Miner, 44 Shenandoah City, . . . Slate-picker, Arm broken; slipped and fell on chute in breaker. 21 Thomas Pickering, Loader, Wrist dislocated and toe broken by fall of platform on which he was working. Albert Pleager, Elmwood, Walter Jones, East Bear Ridge, . . . Miner, Chest injured; struck by lever while lifting car on track.

REGISTER OF NON-FATAL CASUALTIES. SHENANDOAH DIVISION. FOR THE YEAR 1884.

47		26	Benjamin Lewis,	Honey Brook, No. 4.	Bottom man,	Small bones of both legs broken; rope broke; cars ran back and struck him.	Ħ
48	May	16	John Gustauger,	Primrose,	Miner,	Burned on face and hands by an explosion of gas.	
49		16	Wendel Domser,	Primrose,	Miner,	Burned on face and hands by an explosion of gas.	×
50		16	Jacob Kunsic,	Primrose,	Miner,	Burned on face and hands by an explosion of gas.	\vdash
51		19	James Robinson, .	Mahanoy City,	Slate-picker,	Ribs broken; fell on edge of chute.	Doc.]
52		20	Anthony Gibbs,	Kohinoor,	Laborer,	Leg broken; fall of coal.	ä
58		21	Frank Hinkle,	Packer, No. 4,	Miner,	Leg broken; fall of coal.	ٺ
54		24	George Wisher,	Coal Run,	Miner,	Hips bruised; fall of coal.	
55		24	John Lawson,	Draper,	Miner,	Leg fractured; fall of coal.	
56		28	John Downey,	Knickerbocker,	Dirt dum per,	Small bones of leg broken; run over by dumper.	
57	June		John Bayliss,	Honey Brook, No. 1,	Miner,	Foot injured; struck by a piece of coal.	
58		7	Michael Rooney,	Park, No. 1,	Miner,	Face and hands burned with powder,	
59		16	Michael O'Donnell,	Honey Brook, No. 5,	Miner,	Finger blown off and eye injured; premature explosion of a blast.	-
60		17	Daniel Hughes,	Draper,	Miner,	Face and hands burned by an explosion of gas.	20
61		26	Michael Devitt,	Cuyler,	Miner,	Hands burned by an explosion of powder.	P
62		29	William Thomas,	Girard,	Miner,	Arm blown off, head, face, and body bruised; accidental explosion of blast.	õ
63		29	John Dimsey,	Girard,	Miner,	Body and arms injured; accidental explosion of blast.	Reports
64		29	Richard Coadock.	Girard,	Miner,	Body and arms injured; accidental explosion of blast.	ii.
65	July	8	James Castles,	Honey Brook,	Miner,	Leg fractured; fall of coal.	
56 67		5	John Ryan,	Schuylkill,	Stable man,	Leg broken; fell off wagon and wheel passed over him. Leg fractured; atruck by a piece of coal.	9
68		8	Nicholas Folmer,	Kohinoor,	Repair man,	Leg broken; fall of coal in breast.	100
89		8	Peter Nicholas	William Penn,	Miner,	Arm and breast cut; premature explosion of a blast.	THE
70		8	Ebenezer George,	Stanton,	Timber man,	Slightly burned with gas.	=
71		9	William Epting.	Kehley Run,	Driver,	Leg broken; fell while getting on moving cars.	691
72		10	J. J. Brennan,	Suffolk,	Miner,	Head and face cut; fell down manway of breast.	\vdash
78		11	Peter Barrett,	Packer, No. 2,	Loader,	Injured internally; crushed between car and gangway timber.	Inspectors
74		11	August McClosky, .	William Penn,	Loader,	Leg broken; fall of coal.	99
75		11	John Weber,	St. Nicholas,	Driver,	Arm broken; caught between car and door-frame.	ĕ
76		15	Michael Kane,	Honey Brook, No. 4	Miner,	Face, hands, and chest burned; accidental explosion of blast.	3
77		22	William Egan,	Hammond,	Driver,	Thigh fractured; fell between trip of cars.	3
78		22	John McAndrews,	Knickerbocker,	Driver,	Hand cut and broken; caught between car and top slate.	20
79		23	James Williams,	Lawrence,	Miner,	Head and face burned with gas,	-
80		24	Owen Boyle,	Honey Brook, No. 4, .	Miner,	Eye permanently injured; struck by a piece of coal.	9
81		26	Michael Foley,	Mahanoy City,	Miner,	Foot cut and broken; fall of coal.	100
82		29	Charles Fitzsimmons	Suffolk,	Miner,	Collar-bone broken; fall of coal,	1
88		30	Patrick Brennan,	Glendon,	Miner,	Slightly burned with gas.	MINES
84		30	James McGinty,	Glendon,	Miner,	Slightly burned with gas.	2
84 85 86	Aug.	4	Jacob Benedict,	Ellangowan,	Laborer,	Hand mashed; thumb and two fingers taken off; fall of coal.	[m]
87		7 8	Edward Kinney,	Hammond,	Miner,	Collar-hone fractured; fall of coal.	ça
88		12	George Marketon,	Glendon, Elmwood,	Laborer, Door-boy,	Leg broken; fall of coal in gangway, Arm crushed and amputated; attempted to get on moving trip.	
89		18	Zigman Kynock,	West Shenandoah	Miner.	Leg broken and body injured; fall of top slate.	
90		16	Isaac Timmins,	Stanton,	Engineer	Arm fractured while in the act of oiling engine.	
91		20	Peter Garchock,	Honey Brook, No. 1	Laborer,	Leg broken by fall of surface at coal stripping.	
92		22	John Loohig,	Park, No. 2,	Sawyer,	Two ribs broken; log rolled on him,	
98		25	Morris Staw.	Turkey Run.	Driver,	Body Injured; crushed between cars and platform.	
94		26	Thomas McGinty,	Glendon,	Door-boy,	One arm broken and the other dislocated; attempted to couple cars in motion.	
95		28	Jacob Paul,	Packer, No. 4,	Laborer,	Leg broken; fall of coal.	
96		29	Peter Sweeney,	Plank Ridge,	Miner,	Leg broken and back injured by a fall of coal.	
97	Sept.	19	John Cline,	Park, No. 1,	Loader,	Leg bruised; caught between chute prop and piece of coal.	
98		28	William Southron,	Honey Brook, No. 4,	Miner,	Leg broken; fall of coal in breast.	14
99		23	John Garretty,	Packer, No. 4,	Miner,	Hip and body injured; fall of coal.	င်ခ

MINES

No. DATE. Names. Collieries. Occupation. Remarks. 100 Sept. 28 John Phillips. . . Packer, No. 4, Bottom man. Leg broken; piece of coal fell off car and rolled down slope and struck him. East Bear Ridge, Spine, chest, and knee injured by a fall of coal. 101 William Wright, . . . 102 William Combs. Miner. Ribs broken, &c., by a fall of coal in breast. Bottom man, 108 Thomas Lee. Kohinoor, Compound fracture of arm: slipped and fell on rail. 104 Boston Run, Laborer, Leg broken; timber rolled on him. Michael Hinkle. Packer, No. 2, Packer, No. 2, Miner. 105 Slightly burned with gas. 106 Miner. Severely burned with gas. Abraham Hinkle. 107 Thomas Krulm, ... Draper, Loader. Ankle broken; caught between cage and dummy. Miner, Slightly burned with gas. 17 Glendon, 109 110 17 Severely burned with gas. David Jenkins. Glendon. Shenandoah City, . . . 18 Platform man, . . . Foot and ankle bruised; fall of coal. Paul Galiup, 111 20 Henry Martin, . . Kohinoor, Engineer. Face and arms cut: boiler of locomotive burst. 112 21 Mahanoy City, Miner, Leg broken; fall of rock. 118 24 Michael Carduff. William Penn, Miner, Leg broken; caught between two pieces of coal. 114 27 Jacob Watkins, Primrose, Inside hoss, Slightly burned with gas. 115 27 Primrose, . . Miner, Severely burned with gas. Peter Mitchell, 116 27 Primrose, Miner, Severely burned with gas. Benjamin Mitchell. . . . 117 James Conners, . . . Suffolk. Leg broken and side bruised by a fall of coal. 118 William R. Evans, Honey Brook, No. 1. . . Miner. Leg broken; piece of slate slid against him. 119 14 John Bodner. Schuylkill, Laborer, Leg broken and back bruised by a fall of coal. 120 15 Valentine Hollenbach, Glendon, Back injured by a fall of coal. 121 Edward Cooper, 17 Glendon. Miner. Back injured by a fall of coal. 122 22 Patrick Hoolihan, . . . West Bear Ridge, . . . Bottom man, Ribs broken; thrown from cage on slope. 123 124 125 126 127 28 Walter Beddel. William Penn, Slate-picker, Toes mashed in breaker. Dec. William Connors, . . . Ellangowan. Miner. Leg broken: piece of coal struck him. Leg broken; piece of coal struck him. William Bendrick. . Bear Run. Thomas Hennessy, . . . Miner, Turkey Run, Back and legs injured by a fall of coal. Body severely injured; caught between cars. 11 John McDonald. Packer, No. 1, Laborer. 128 John Wagner. Shenandoah City, . . . Leg broken by a fall of coal. Miner. 129 15 Thomas McCormick. . . Connor. Door-boy, Leg fractured: run over by mine car. 180 20 Mahanov lig-house. . . Unloader, Arm broken and wrist dislocated; caught between cars. James Kline. 131 William Hopkins, Body injured by a fall of coal. Packer, No. 3,

REGISTER OF NON-FATAL CASUALTIES-Continued.

MINES.

TABLE SHOWING THE COAL MINED, NUMBER OF ACCIDENTS, SEAMS WORKED, WITH THEIR THICKNESS IN FEET AND GEOLOGICAL NUMBER.

					SEAMS	WORKED, TE	UMBER.	PER	PERSONS KILLED AND INJURED.				
Colliery.	Operator.		Total coal mined.	Primrose.	Holmes.	Mammoth.	Skidmore.	Seven-Foot,	Buck Mountain.	Killed inside.	Killed outside.	Injured inside.	Injured outside.
Girard, Hammond, Connor, Girard Mammoth, West Bear Ridge, East Bear Ridge, East Bear Ridge, Turkey Run, West Shenandoah, Kohinoor, Shenandoah City, Plank Ridge, Indian Ridge, Indian Ridge, Ellangowan, Knickerbooker, Stanton, Gilberton, Bear Run, Boston Run, Boston Run, Boston Run, Bun, Bun, Bun, Bun, Bun, Bun, Bun, B	Philadelphia and Reading Coal do.	and Iron Company, do.	62, 824 101, 541 144, 060 70, 605 47, 729 58, 711 118, 683 114, 157 129, 645 147, 620 99, 492 228, 079 175, 830 57, 111 67, 993 98, 910 107, 480 77, 912 121, 240 84, 195 84, 195 84, 195 85, 206 39, 018 121, 240 121, 240	F. I.	F. I. 11 0 11 0 11 0 10 7 11 5 14 3 15 6	## P. F. 1. 32 7 7 28 8	F. I.	F. I. 9 0 8 0 6 4 7 4 7 0 6 0 9 9 8 10 9 4 8 0 8 3 7 6 7 1 9 0	P. I. 10 5 14 2 12 10 11 2 12 0 12 0 12 0 13 0 14 6 9 6 14 5 9 6 14 1 18 10 12 4 9 0	3 3 1 1 1	1	4 3 2 2 2 3 1 1 5 1 2 4 1 2 1 1 1 5 2 3 2 1 1	1

TABLE SHOWING THE COAL MINED	NUMBER OF ACCIDENTS, SEAMS WORKED, &cContinued.
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				SEAMS	Worked, Th	UMBER.	PERE	PERSONS KILLED AND INJURED.		AND		
COLLIERY.	Operator.	Total coal mined,	Primrose.	Holmes.	Mammoth.	Skidmore.	Seven-Foot.	Buck Mountain.	Killed inside.	Killed outside.	Injured inside,	Injured outside.
Honey Brook, No. 1, Honey Brook, No. 4, Honey Brook, No. 5, Luyler, William Penn, Kehley's Run, Dak Dale, Lambridge, Lawrence, South Laurel Ridge,	Lehigh and Wilkes-Barre Coal Company, do. do. do. S. M. Heaton & Co., William Penn Coal Company, Thomas Coal Company, E. L. Powel, Cambridge Coal Company, Lawrence & Brown, John A. Dutter,	44,791 166,142 123,967 181,749 235,000 115,922 11,000 13,363 94,589 5,883	F. I.	F. I.	F. I. 40 0 45 0 82 0 40 0 25 0	F. I.	F. I.	F. I. 6 9 12 0 8 0 16 0 7 0 8 0	1 3 1	1	2 4 4 2 4 1	2 2 1
forth Laurel Ridge, oraper,	do. do. Oliver Dittaon & Co., J. C. Haydon & Co., Nevels & Co., Buck Mountain Coal Company, Lentz, Lilley & Co., do. Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Company,	17,579 128,013 123,940 45,034 1,696 94,808			Bottom split.	5 0	7 0	8 0 7 0 12 0 8 0 9 5 10 0			5 9 12 4	•
									37	43	118	14

*Orchard, 18' 7''. Diamond, 9' 5''. Tracey, 8' 3''.

TABLE No. 1.— Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Company—S. B. Whiting, General Manager.

		inside.		OUTSIDE.		
Colliery.	Location.	Number of miners. Laborers & company men. Drivers.	Door-boys. Total inside.	Bosses and mechanics. Laborers & company men. Drivers and slate-pickers. Total outside.	Grand total. Days worked,	Kegs of powder used. Tons of coal shipped.
Boston Run, St. Nicholas, Suffolk, Tunnel Ridge, Elmwood, Mahanoy City, Schuylkill,	Girardville, Raven Run, Mahanoy Plane, Shenandoah, Mapledale, Yatesville, Gilberton, St. Nicholas, Mahanoy City,	59 67 13 92 85 12 148 16 13 199 37 8 65 42 9 67 67 14 178 39 13 112 57 14 156 131 15 143 99 16 123 101 21 167 86 44 312 57 24 180 108 8 52 50 15 98 50 11 77 65 10 88 39 11 129 78 11 129 78 11 129 78 11 129 78 11 129 78 11 129 78 21 120 75 49 10 76 73 20 105 71 21	4 143 8 197 6 188 2 147 10 126 2 150 8 228 9 192 7 209 9 267 7 204 11 404 6 300 4 121 1 166 6 155 12 240 6 155 4 128 7 176 6 155 6 128 7 176	6 120 54 18 12 89 141 12 20 44 114 17 10 50 148 20 10 41 118 20 10 41 118 20 10 41 118 20 10 99 207 31 16 67 219 30 15 46 80 14 10 41 78 12 9 88 89 15 8 50 65 12 10 49 95 15 6 95 70 17 9 38 93 14 13 39 91 14 10 51 93 15	33 350 198 34 196 36 263 192 5 38 254 181.14 39 284 188.15 30 418 197.8 414 199.17 38 487 192.15 40 544 192.5 60 544 192.5 60 198.6 77 278 174.2 60 198.6 77 278 174.2 60 198.6 6 316 198.16 199.10 6 316 198.16 11 189.17 10 384 181.7 11 328 189.15 11 182.6	2 650 111.985 2.950 107.696 1.475 122.307 3 900 139.255 2.750 28.861 3 200 122.163 5 275 278 375 5 350 155, 878 140 53 876 2.450 93 312 2.150 101.3875 1.875 73.502 2.975 114.378 1.730 79 430 1.550 79 658 1.860 103, 163, 163, 173, 700 2.976 38, 986
North Mahanoy,		100 18 9 2,907 1,561 360	6 128 166 5,014	8 31 58 9 284 1,377 2,514 4,15		1,700 50,19 60,080 2,506,61

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TABLE No. 3.-Lehigh Valley Coal Company-Colonel D. P. Brown, Superintendent.

				Insida.					OUTSIDE.						
Number.	Collieries.	Location.	Number of miners.	Laborers, &c.	Drivers.	Door-boys.	Total.	Bosses and mechanics.	Laborers, &c.	Drivers and siste-pickers.	Total.	Grand total.	Days worked.	Kegs of powder used.	Tons of coal shipped.
1 2 8 4	Packer, No. 1, Packer, No. 3, Packer, No. 4, Packer, No. 4,	Lost Creek,	87 102	60 183 117 112	8 7 19 12	8 8 7	128 280 246 289	11 15 12 6	58 58 65 67	69 86 92 102	133 159 169 175	439 415	146.15 195 189.18 198.50	1,021 1,907 4 842	83.806.03 122,755.06 117,231.04 201,805.15
İ	Totals,					21	941	44	243	849	686	1,577	*1824	7,770	475.598.10 24,751.10
	Total production,						·			<i>.</i>			<i></i>		500, 350.00

TABLE No. 3.—Lehigh and Wilkes-Barre Coal Company- J. J. Hollenbeck, Superintendent.

=						
1 2 8	Honey Brook, No. 1,	Audenried,	16 39 5 96 140 19 73 148 20	3 63 6 46 6 263 8 36 4 245 8 78	49 101 164 167, 40 98 142 406 190, 80 86 167 412 188, 16	569 35, 557, 17 2 825 158, 078, 09 2, 213 116, 420, 03
	Totals,	18	87 827 44	13 571 22 155	233 410 981 1824	5,607 210,056.09 24,785.00
	Total production,	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				834, 841, 09

*Average.

TABLE No. 4.-Individual Operations-Shenandoah District.

F -										Ob			-	- 100			
Number.	Collieries.	Operator.	Superintendent.	Location.	Number of miners.	Laborers and company men.	Drivers.	Door-boys.	Total inside.	Bosses and mechanics.	Laborers and company men.	Drivers and slate-pickers.	Total outside.	Grand total.	Days worked.	Kegs of powder used.	Tons of coal shipped.
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 12	North Laurel Ridge, Draper, Glendou, Primrose, Buck Mountain, Park, No. 1,	S. M. Heaton & Co., Wm. Penn Coal Co., Thomas Coal Company, E. L. Powell, Cambridge Coal Co., Lawrence & Brown, John A. Dutter, John A. Dutter, Oliver Dittson & Co., J. C. Haydon & Co., Nevills & Co., Buck Mountain Coal Co. Lentz, Lilly & Co.,	William H. Lewis, Thomas Baird, E. L. Powell,	Raven Run, Shaft P. O., Shenandoah, "" Mahanoy Plane, Gilberton, "" Mahanoy City,	105 220 93 16 12 58 12 10 104 140 34 45 111	15 70 63 3 14 83 3 96 96 17 30 106	16 30 14 2 2 8 1 2 15 13 3 2 22 22	4 5 10 5 1 10 11 2 2	140 325 181 21 28 154 16 16 225 260 56 79 247	12 3 1 26 3 3 18 11 5 27	50 8 4 42 4 5 41 87 41 24 48	92 217 69 4 8 77 15 12 65 62 87 62 81	144 361 131 10 3 145 22 20 124 110 83 113 139	284 686 311 31 36 289 38 36 349 370 139 192 386	2878 208 2818 220 210 2277 122 254 233 2024 2 5 15 218	3,000 4 000 8 525 240 568 328 2,666 8 517 1 520 800 1,778	150 896.00 282 000.00 110.288.03 9.850.00 12.607.00 .5.468.00 17,279.00 118,477.18 118,575 17 2.485.00 1,800.00 85,798.09
į	Totals, Sold or consumed at	collieries,			960	598	130	59	1,747	173	441	796	1,410	8, 157	1954	22 492	954 582.16 66,017.15
	Total production										٠.	• • •		* * * *			1,020,600.11
-										_		-		-	P	-	

NAMES OF COLLIERIES IN OPERATION, AND COAL MINED IN SECOND OR SHENANDOAH DIVISION OF MINING DISTRICT
OF SCHUYLKILL, FOR THE YEARS 1880, 1881, 1882, 1883, AND 1884.

COLLIERIES.	Operators.	Location.	1880.	1881.	1882.	1883.	1884.
Firard,	Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Co.,	Girardville,	81, 894 13	69, 567, 07	104, 647, 08	82, 624, 01	59, 268, 0
Immond	do. do.	do.	70,649.19	95 274.09	93, 833, 13	117, 467, 11	95, 794, 1
Counor.	do. do.	do,	107, 995.09	137. 251.01	138, 293, 10	150,534,01	135, 897.
irard Mammoth	do, do,	Raven Run.	722.14	14, 273.08	47.832.14	78,763,16	66 703.0
Vest Bear Ridge,	do. do.	Mahanoy Plane.	64,549,03	74, 425.09	69, 283, 18	72, 834.08	45,028,
ast Bear Ridge,	do. do.	do.	64,004,19	63, 196 17	65,491.06	86,968,05	55, 388.
urkey Run.	do. do.	Shenandoah,	88, 289, 10	114, 298, 16	127, 783, 12	124 694 08	111, 966.
Vest Shenandoah,	do. do.	do.	111,942,11	122. 264 09	103, 776, 13	111, 575.09	107,696.
ohinoor,	do. do.	do.	159.813 14	175. 861.00	162,000.00	187,000,00	122, 807.
henandoah City,	do. do.	do.	52, 889.00	84,819.11	116, 218.09	110 444 02	139, 265.
lank Ridge,	do. do.		91,740.18	197, 195.C9	108, 257. 16	101. 984 10	98,861.
lank Ridge,			118, 238, 11	143,562 07	144, 602. 00	145, 898. 18	122, 163.
ndian Ridge,		Maple Dale	187, 281, 18	240, 947, 05	244 120 15	302, 590, 00	278, 377.
llangowan,		Yatesville,	100. 223. 05	113, 555, 01	92, 168. 07	129, 542 19	165, 878
nickerbocker,	do, do.			57,854.05	68,788.00	97, 228, 01	53.876
tanton,	do, do.	Gilberton,	62, 808, 10			72,441.04	64, 145,
ilberton,	do. do.	do	13 229.18	52, 988. 14	77.090.09	74,749.16	98.312.
ear Run,	do, do.	St. Nicholas,	80 277 18	19 221 10	43,751.07		
oston Run,	do, do.	do,	67, 956.08	46 705 17	80,470,10	80, 328.03	101, 397.
t. Nicholas,	do. do.	do	69,831.09	111,081 10	106,400.05	49,525 05	78.502.
uffolk,	do. do.	do.		•		•	114. 378.
unnel Ridge,	do. do.	Mahanoy City, !	8,458.17	74 654, 15	70,008.02	91, 832. 14	79 430
lmwood,	do. do.	do.	7,690.06	282 03	20, 841.06	84, 161.07	79,658
lahanoy City,	do. do.	do	98. 613. 17	114, 839, 13	118 889 16	122.435 06	103, 163.
chuylkill,	do. do.	do	9, 286.06	81.925.02	83,972,11	97,916.19	93, 958.
iorth Mahanoy,	do. do.	do	89,752.00	71, 190.11	52,710.01	56,498.08	50, 195.
urnace,	do. do.	Gilberton,	85, 836.07				
acker, No. 1,	Lehigh Valley Coal Company,	Colorado,	71,530.14	81, 564 00	61.700.00	48, 503. 13	33,806.
acker, No. 2	do. do	Lost Creek,	126, 224, 15	126 510, 19	98, 434.02	111 659 12	122,755.
acker, No. &	do, dv	Brownsville,	79,661.18	170,078 11	158, 595. 10	155 502 05	117, 281.
acker, No. 4.	do, do,	Lost Creek,	178, 713.07	200, 682, 07	218, 127. 18	225,406,19	201,805.
oney Brook, No. 1.	Lehigh and Wilkes-Barre Coal Company,	Audenried,	80,778.10	81,116.01	51.891 (8	40.006.10	25,557.
oney Brook, No. 4.	do. do	do	110, 712.04	164 940 07	163, 580, 02	198 094.01	158, 078.
loney Brook, No. 5, .	do. do	do	124 153 02	124, 302. 12	108.419 02	183 507.09	116, 420.
uyler	S. M. Heaton & Co.,	Raven Run,	147, 152, 00	177, 954 04	175, 949, 08	169.020.05	130, 896,
illiam Penn,	William Penn Coal Company,	Shaft. P. O	174,000,00	222, 252, 09	228 000.00	228 500.00	232 000.
ehley Run,	Thomas Coal Company,	Shenandoah,	80, 032 02	,	79.616.00	115, 811, 01	110, 288.
ak Dale	E. L. Powel.	do.	8 896 00	10 000.00	10 000.CO	10,000,00	9,850.
ambridge,	Cambridge Coal Company.	do	5,122.00	9,085 12	10, 939, 00	9 722, 10	12.607.
awrence	Lawrence & Brown.	Mahanoy Plane,	95, 381, 10	112 200.00	95, 868.00	89, 335 00	79 262
outh Laurel Ridge	John A Dutter,	Gilberton,			, 000.00	۵,000 00	5 493
orth Laurel Ridge.	do.	do.	19,583,C0	11,016.00	24, 104, 09	21, 896, 04	17, 279.
	Oliver Dittson & Co.,	do.	87,982,15	117, 122, 09	114.681.11	100, 086, 04	118, 447.
raper,		Mahanoy City.	89,506 09	95 481.00	111, 486.00	108,012.12	118 575.
rimrose,	J. C. Haydon & Co.,	I MARIA HOY VILY,	ו או מוטוני, אם	90 407 M	TIL 400.00	100,014,14	110 0/0.

Buck Mountain, Park, No. 1, Coplay, Staffordshire, West Lehigh, Webster, Mammoth, North Star, Hillside, Eureka, Buck Mountain Coal Company, Lentz, Lilley & Co., Los, Jones & Oliver, Fisher Hazzard, L. S. Baldwin, Reynolds & Roberts,		0 700 00	75, 958.00 7 891.08 66 47, 668.08 11 25, 881.00	25, 788. 14 42, 123 14 21, 661. 12 11, 960. 15	1, 600 00 85, 798 09
Total shipped to market, Consumed and sold at collieries,				4, 579, 929, 15 274, 795, 04	4,246,849.08 285,950.19
Total production,	• • • • • • • • • • • • •	8,753,785.14 4,504,624.	06 4,661,024.12	4, 854, 724. 19	4,512,800.07

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF CASUALTIES, TONNAGE, AND EMPLOYEES FOR FIVE YEARS IN SECOND, OR SHENANDOAH DIVISION OF MINING DISTRICT OF SCHUYLKILL.

YEARS.	Killed.	Injured.	Total.	Total number of employés.	Number of employes to each casualty.	Total number of tons of coal mined,	Number of tons of coal mined to each fatal casualty.	Number of tons of coal mined to each non-fatal casualty.	Ratio of tons of coal mined to each casnalty.	Number of tons of coal mined to each employs.
1880,	89	92	181	11,471	8733	3,758,785.14	96,250.18	40,802.00	28,654.17	827.04
1881,	34	149	183	10,911	59111	4,504,624.06	132,488.01	80,382.02	24,615.02	412.01
1882,	40	167	207	12,361	59134	4,661,024.12	116,525.02	27,910.01	22,517.00	377.09
1883,	47	184	181	13,399	74	4,854,724.19	103,292.00	36,229.00	26,821.10	366.10
1884,	48	188	181	14,884	$82\frac{1}{10}$	4,512,800.07	104,948.18	82,701.09+	24,987.06—	303.04 +
Total,	208	680	883	63,026	368+	22,286,959.18	553,504.18	167,974.12	127,595.15	1,786.08
Average,	403	136	1763	12,6061	725	4,457,891.19+	110,700.19	83,594.16	25,719.00	857.05+

THIRD OR SHAMOKIN DISTRICT.

Office of Inspector of Mines, Shamokin District, Ashland, April 7, 1886.

To His Excellency Robert E. Pattison,

Governor of Pennsylvania:

Siz: In compliance with an act of Assembly, entitled "An act providing for the health and safety of persons employed in and about coal mines," approved March 3, 1870, I herewith have the honor of submitting this, my annual report, which contains a list of the persons killed and injured, together with the number of tons of coal mined, number of days worked, number of persons employed in and about the collieries in the district during the year 1884, and such other information as may be deemed important to those employed or interested in the mining and production of coal.

4,280,487.03 254,564.10
4,585,051.18 4,813,162.12
278,110.19
9,105 6,463
15,568
192 1 56 174

Very respectfully,

JAMES RYAN, Inspector of Coal Mines.

IMPROVEMENTS MADE DURING YEAR.

North Ash and Colliery.

A tunnel, one hundred and seventeen yards long, has been driven south from the Mammoth to the Buck Mountain vein. Also, a tunnel, forty-one feet long, by fourteen feet wide, by seven feet high, has been driven south from Mammoth vein, near bottom of slope, to be used as a pump-room.

Bast Colliery.

A new eighteen (18) foot "Guibal" fan, with engine, &c., has been put in position on airway on Mammoth vein, near breaker, to be used to ventilate the workings of the proposed new lift on the Mammoth vein.

The pump-slope, on the same vein, has been sunk one hundred and nineteen yards during year. Total depth, below the present slope gangways, is two hundred and two yards.

The slope on the Buck Mountain vein has been sunk one hundred and three and two thirds yards. Total depth from surface is three hundred and forty-seven and one third yards.

Tunnel Colliery.

The trestle, or "gunboat," tower, at head of hoisting-slope, with dumpchute, &c., at breaker, has been entirely remodeled and rebuilt. A new nest of four double boilers has been put in place and walled in.

Merriam Colliery.

A new air-hole, one hundred and seventy-four yards long, has been driven in the Skidmore vein from the west-flat counter-gangway to the surface. Also, a tunnel, seventy-nine yards long, has been driven northward from the Mammoth south-east gangway, through a saddle, to same vein in a basin. An air-tunnel, thirteen yards long, has been driven north from the lower west Skidmore gangway, opposite breast 42, into the workings of the lower west Mammoth vein. The screen-rooms of the breaker were entirely remodeled, and supplied with a complete outfit of the new standard cast-iron slate-picking tables and telegraphs, thereby insuring superior preparation of coal for market. The breaker structure was also thoroughly repaired and otherwise improved, and supplied with complete sets of dirtscrapers and elevators under the lip-screens. The hoisting-tower, one hundred and thirty-six feet high, has also been repaired, as well as the several dirt and other trestles. The entire plant has been greatly improved.

Monitor Colliery.

A tunnel twenty-seven yards long has been driven north from the West Mammoth vein gangway to the Skidmore vein and gangways opened therein.

A No. 5 Blake pump, with a portable 30"×11' flue boiler, was erected to supply four new pine tanks (2,000 gallons' capacity each) that were also erected during the year to hold a supply of water for the colliery boilers. The trestle from the slope-landing to the breaker-tip was thoroughly overhauled and repaired, together with usual repairs to the breaker and other buildings and machinery maintained.

Locust Spring Colliery.

A new air-hole, one hundred and ninety-six yards long, was driven in the Skidmore vein, and a shaft, eight feet square and fourteen yards deep, sunk from the upper east Mammoth vein gangway to the face of said air-hole, thus ventilating the Skidmore vein workings independent of the Mammoth vein. There was also a new tunnel, nine and one third yards long, driven south from the No. 8 vein west gangway, opposite breast No. 53, to the No. 9 vein.

The usual repairs to all buildings and machinery were maintained.

Locust Gap Colliery.

A tunnel, one hundred and five yards long, has been driven from the west No. 8 vein gangway, under breast No. 10, to the Skidmore vein and a gangway driven therein. There was also an air-hole, one hundred and thirty-eight yards long, driven in the vein, but it has not yet been completed to the surface.

Another tunnel, twenty-seven and a half yards long, has been driven from the west No. 8 vein gangway, opposite breast 89, to the No. 9 vein, and gangways driven therein.

Eight new boilers, and the boiler-house covering them, with all steam and water connections complete, including Wootten patent blowers and two iron stacks, were erected during the year, also a new twelve-foot suction fan, complete, with new casing, &c., and three new slush-tanks to catch the dirt in the slush from the breaker and keep it out of the creek.

A new car-shop and locomotive-house were built; also a new office erected; the timbering and landing of the tender slope greatly improved; the yards south of the slope graded and improved; the usual repairs to the breaker and other buildings and machinery maintained.

Reliance Colliery.

The screen-room of the breaker has been supplied with a complete outfit of the new standard cast-iron slate-picking tables and telegraphs, thereby enabling improved preparation of coal. Four (4) new white pine neutralizing tanks (2,000 gallons' capacity each) and a new boiler have been erected, and the usual repairs to machinery and buildings kept up.

Buck Ridge Colliery.

The breaker has been remodeled and repaired throughout, and supplied with all new machinery, including standard slate-picking tables, telegraphs, dirt elevators, and scrapers, &c., and is now in first-class condition in every respect.

Twelve (12) new 34 in.×30 ft. boilers, with all steam and water connections, including Wootten patent blowers complete, together with a new boiler-house covering and three new iron stacks, have been erected on the site of the old ones. The foundation of four similar ones are now built, awaiting the arrival of the boilers. Six thousand and sixty-six (6,066) feet of four-inch hautboy pipe have been laid and covered from the Shamokin

Water Company's main pipes to four new white pine tanks, (4,000 gallons, capacity each,) that have been built near the new boilers. A No. 12 Cameron steam pump has been put in position to pump the fresh water to the tanks. The reservoir south of the No. 8 vein slope has also been enlarged and improved.

The No. 9 vein slope has been enlarged and retimbered throughout its entire length, as has also the east No. 8 vein gangway, at the face of which, in a solid pillar, a new air-hole 12 feet wide, 8 feet high, and 267 yards long has been driven, meeting the foot of a new air-shaft sunk from the surface 9 feet square in the clear, and 45 yards deep. Also a number of minor improvements, in the manner of working and ventilating the colliery were made, which included the driving of a new tunnel from the east No. 8 vein gangway 12½ yards long, to the No. 9 vein, which was completed and gangways therein driven.

All of these improvements were within a few days of final completion, when, on the morning of August 20, fire was discovered in the No. 8 vein slope, since which time nothing has been done except extinguishing the fire and driving a cross cut $11\frac{1}{3}$ yards long nearly square through the measures, from the No. 9 slope to the east No. 8 vein water-level gangway.

Peerless Colliery.

A new self-acting plane 209 feet long has been constructed in the No. 10 vein water-level workings. To form a landing therefor a back switch tunnel 9 yards long was driven at the foot thereof.

Considerable grading, &c., has been done with the view of making the landing of the No. 11 vein slope at the level of the water-level gangway of same vein.

Twelve (12) new standard 34 in.×30 ft. boilers, with all steam and water connections (including Wootten patent blowers) complete, with the new boiler-house covering them and three iron stacks, were erected, as were also three white pine tanks, (4,000 gallons, capacity each.)

Burnside Colliery.

The breaker has been thoroughly repaired and improved, the screen room refitted similar to those at the Merriam and Reliance collieries. A new twelve-foot fan, "Guibal," with casing and fixtures complete, erected over the south dip slope workings, together with the usual repairs to buildings and machinery maintained.

Bear Valley Shaft Colliery.

A new Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Company 9in.×38in. steam pump with four (4) new standard 34 in.×30 ft. boilers, with Wootten patent blowers, iron stack, and new boiler house complete, have been erected at the creek north of the breaker to pump fresh water through 1,348 feet of five-inch column pipe to the new 4,000-gallon tank at the breaker.

Four (4) other boilers, similar in every respect to those just mentioned, with stack and boiler house complete, were also erected near the shaft, as were also two new 4,000 gallon neutralizing tanks.

A new eighteen-foot "Guibal" fan, with casing, &c., complete, was also erected, and all the usual repairs both to machinery and buildings kept up.

The fire in the west Mammoth vein in the shaft-level workings, which was supposed to have been extinguished the year before, broke out again last autumn, which it was decided to extinguish this time by boring holes from the surface down into the workings on fire, and silt them full of coaldirt slush. To carry out this plan, an oil-well derrick, with all the machinery and tools, was erected. A dirt plane 770 feet long, with large bins and trestles at either end was constructed, and a 16 in.×36 in. hoisting engine connected therewith to hoist the dirt required, and a railroad 2,780 feet long, graded and built, on which to carry the dirt to the holes, and a Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Company 9 in.×38 in. steam pump, with 1,937 feet of six-inch column pipe erected to wash the dirt into them.

North Franklin, No. 1, Colliery.

A new railroad 1,050 feet long built from the mouth of the No. 8 vein water-level drift at Nc. 2 colliery to connect with the No. 1 colliery road at No. 2 drift-mouth.

North Franklin, No. 3, Colliery.

A tunnel 61 feet long has been driven from the No. 8 vein to the No. 7 vein, and maintain the usual repairs.

Short Mountain and Lykens Valley Colifery.

Put up one double hoisting-engine, (inside,) 18 in. cylinder, 36 in. stroke, with 11½ ft. drum. Put in place two Allison & Bannan steam-pumps, 38 in. cylinder, 16½ in. plunger, 6 ft. stroke, at No. 3 level in White's vein.

Drove one hundred and sixty-three and two thirds yards of tunnel and cross-cuts, and sunk No. 4 (inside) slope one hundred and fifty-four yards.

Garfield Colliery.

Built a new breaker, two boiler-houses, offices, dump-chute, trestle for boilers, saw-mill, slope-house, oil-house, blacksmith and carpenter-shops, one double dwelling-house, and stable. Opened up works complete, driving tunnel north to No. 11 vein.

Continental Colliery.

Driven tunnels to Buck Mountain and Holmes veins. Put in place a new steam-tip at breaker; built a new tip-house and trestling to same. Built a new boiler-house; put in place nine new boilers; gave a general overhauling and repairing to ten old ones. Changed the mine track from 4 ft. $8\frac{1}{2}$ in. to 2 ft. 6. in.; provided forty new mine cars to run on the same. Put a speaking-tube in slope; built a new engine-house, (inside;) put a locomotive to haul the dirt out from breaker on dirt-bank, and provided an ambulance to convey injured persons to their homes.

Cameron Colliery.

Have driven three hundred and thirty yards of tunnel, cutting the Nos. 12 and 13 veins in a southern basin from that in which the slope ir sunk in.

Put in place six (6) new boilers. Built a new boiler-house for twenty-eight (28) boilers; made pump-room; put in a new steam-pump; drove a new traveling-way from east slope, No. 2 level. Have driven an air-hole and traveling-way — yards from the No. 9 slope east No. 8 vein gangway to surface.

Luke Fidler Colliery.

Have driven two hundred and fifty yards of tunnel north from the Twin veins towards the Buck Mountain vein, (still driving.) Sunk a new inside slope three hundred and fifty yards on the No. 9 vein, and built a new engine-house inside.

Hickory Ridge Colliery.

A tunnel one hundred yards long has been driven south across the basin from the south to the north dip of the Twin veins. Four (4) new boilers put in place; built a new boiler-house for same. Built eight (8) new blocks of miners' houses.

Royal Oak Colliery.

Remodeled and enlarged the breaker, put in two new coal-screens and dirt-elevators, together with other minor improvements.

Mt. Carmel Colliery.

Sunk a new inside slope in Mammoth vein. Built a new water reservoir to supply colliery boilers with water.

Star Colliery.

Sunk a new slope six hundred feet deep. Built a new dump-chute four hundred feet long to convey coal to breaker.

Nelson Colliery.

Sinking a new shaft; down now about one hundred feet deep.

RECAPITULATION OF FATAL ACCIDENTS.

Falls of coal, roof, etc., 20
Mine cars and machinery,
Premature blasts,
Explosions of powder,
Suffocated by burning mine fire gases, 7
Suffocated by sudden outbursts of carbureted hydrogen gases and
rush of coal,
Miscellaneous—underground, 6
Miscellaneous—overground,
Total,
RECAPITULATION OF NON-FATAL ACCIDENTS.
Falls of coal, roof, etc.,
Mine cars and machinery,
Explosions of carbureted hydrogen gas,

Ex. Doc.]	REPOR	rs	OF	T	HE	: I	NB	PE	СT	OR	8 (O P	M	IN	ES				59
Explosions of po	wder,						١.												5
Premature blasts	3,																		6
Miscellaneous-u	ndergr	our	ıd,	,															33
Miscellaneous—c	vergrou	dau	l,									•							17
Total,						•			•	•						•		•	175

Falis of Roof and Coal.

ACCIDENT No. 1.—Patrick Harley, miner, and Michael Naughten, laborer, killed in Big Mine Run colliery, February 5, 1884. Deceased, at time of accident, were robbing out one of the plane east gangways. Harley was up at working face, Naughten was a short distance behind him putting coal down to loader. Without giving any previous notice a large slip of coal fell, killing both men. Harley was an old and experienced miner, and considered a very careful man.

ACCIDENT No. 2.—Lawrence Thompson, laborer, killed in Short Mountain and Lykens Valley colliery, by a fall of top rock, on February 15, 1884. Deceased and his brother, Josiah, at time of accident, were working in a breast of Short Mountain drift. They fired a blast in the top coal, and in about three quarters of an hour after while Josiah was barring up some bottom coal, deceased was near by putting coal into chute, when a piece of top rock fell, killing deceased instantly.

ACCIDENT No. 3.—Charles Yacoboskie, miner, killed in Enterprise colliery, by a fall of top coal, on March 20, 1884. Yacoboskie and Charles Bilda, laborer, were working by night driving a gangway, known as "Simmons'." They went in to work about six o'clock, P. M., after having the first car loaded, deceased, while barring down coal, the fall took place, which killed him. In my examination of the place after accident, I saw that the coal was of a very slippery, dangerous character, and required the knowledge and care of a competent miner, which the condition of the place showed the deceased was not.

ACCIDENT No. 4.—Charles Knauss, fan boy, killed by a fall of top slate in Williamstown colliery, on March 27, 1884. By the evidence elicited at inquest deceased was employed as fan boy for the men driving chutes and headings in east counter gangway, No. 4 slope. He left his place of work and went in to gangway face and commenced to drill a hole which the drill was in. He had been drilling but a short time when a piece of top slate, which was over him, gave a crack, and fell, killing him instantly.

ACCIDENT No. 5.—Thomas Harper, miner, killed by a fall of top rock in Excelsior colliery, on April 12, 1884. Deceased, with another man, Frank Glassy, laborer, was employed driving the upper west gangway of slope. About three o'clock, P. M., they fired a blast, which knocked out the two sets of timber next to gangway face. They first stood the set next to face, and were making preparations to stand the other set, when a large piece of top rock, which they were working under, fell and killed deceased.

ACCIDENT No. 6.—Paul Covelenskio, laborer, killed by a fall of bone and

slate in Excelsior colliery, on April 16, 1884. According to the evidence given, deceased, at time of accident, was working in a breast with a miner, Joseph Mormaluskie. After fruitless efforts to bar it down they concluded it would not fall. In a short time after, however, it fell on deceased, and killed him instantly. In my inspection of the place and examination of Mormaluskie, I found incompetency, together with carelessness, to be the cause of the accident.

ACCIDENT No. 7.—John Gress, laborer, killed by a fall of rock in Williamstown colliery, on May 8, 1884. Deceased was working with Edward Routzen, miner, driving the lower west gangway of No. 4 slope. They both were boring a hole in bottom slate on high side with a boring-machine, when the top rock over them gave a crack, and fell on deceased, killing him instantly.

ACCIDENT No. 8.—Anthony Lawrence, miner, killed by a fall of top slate, in Pennsylvania colliery, on June 5, 1884. Lawrence and another miner, named John Francis, were starting a new breast on one of the inside slant gangways of lower west gangway of No. 1 slope; on same day, previous to accident, they tried to bar it down but failed; they concluded it would not fall that day, but before the day's work was finished it fell on deceased and killed him.

ACCIDENT No. 9.—Herman Sevinskie, laborer, died of injuries received on same day by a fall of top rock in Excelsior colliery, on August 25, 1884. At time of accident, deceased was working with his step-father in a breast in No. 8 vein in the Tunnel drift. Previous to its falling, they tried to bar it down, but could not, after which they loaded a car and ate their dinners. They then concluded that one of them should sink a prop-hole while the other could work at face of breast. The older Sevinskie went to work at face while deceased was sinking the prop-hole; he had not been long sinking the hole when the top, without giving any notice, fell on deceased, inflicting such injuries as to cause his death in about four hours after accident.

Accident No. 10.—Charles Hafer, miner, killed by a fall of top coal and bone in Monitor colliery on October 28, 1884. Deceased and another miner, named Frank Bohl, were working in a breast in the upper west gangway. After going in to work in the morning, Bohl stopped down on platform at gangway, putting a cotton in his lamp, deceased took a pick and drill with him up to face of breast; after being up at face he struck the coal a couple of strokes, with either the pick or drill, when the bottom rolled out and top fell, killing him almost instantly.

ACCIDENT No. 11.—Thomas Jones, miner, died on October 19, 1884, from injuries received two days previous by a fall of rock in Merriam colliery. Deceased, at time of accident, was working by night driving the East Mammoth vein gangway. About half past three o'clock in the morning, while sitting at gangway face and under a slate, looking at his two laborers loading a car, the slate, which had a slip or parting in it without giving any previous warning, fell on him, inflicting injuries of such a nature as to cause his death in the time above stated.

ACCIDENT No. 12.—James Rowley, miner, was killed by a fall of top slate in Stirling colliery, October 28, 1884. At time of accident, deceased and his son Michael were robbing the lower East No. 8 vein gangway; they were in the act of loading a car, deceased was cleaning the road, when a piece of top slate about ten and a half feet long, seven and a half feet wide by four inches thick, without giving any previous warning, fell on deceased, killing him instantly.

ACCIDENT No. 13.—John Burke, miner, died November 12, 1884, from injuries received by a fall of coal in Locust Gap colliery on the 15th of the month previous. Deceased was working by night, robbing the east gangway Mammoth vein at time of accident; he was standing on the gangway partly under a collar when the coal fell, striking him and fracturing his collar-bone, together with a compound complicated fracture of the right leg above the ankle-joint, which, according to the testimony of the resident surgeon of the Miners' Hospital, necessitated the amputation of the limb about three or four inches above the ankle-joint; he died, however, on day named of the injuries received.

ACCIDENT No. 14.—James Monahan, miner, killed by a fall of top rock in Big Mine Run colliery, November 14, 1884. Deceased and another miner, named James Mulhearn, were robbing pillars. At time of accident, Monahan was pushing coal down chute on sheet-iron when the top rock fell and killed him.

ACCIDENT No. 15.—Emanuel Sheaffer, miner, killed by a fall of top coal in West Brookside colliery, November 21, 1884. At time of accident, deceased and another man, named Abe Adams, were working in a breast in gangway No. 4, No. 3 slope. They drilled a hole, charged and fired it, but it blew the tamping. They reloaded and fired it a second time with the same result. Anxious to know what it had done, deceased ran up to face, and while there the top coal gave a crack. A lump between three and four hundred pounds fell on him, killing him instantly.

Accident No. 16.—Thomas Gallagher, miner, died November 26, 1884, from injuries received seven days previous by a fall of coal in Hazle Dell colliery. At time of accident, deceased and another miner, named Charles McGuire, were working in breast No. 16 of the lower west gangway. About eleven o'clock, A. M., they had drilled two holes at face. An empty trip of cars was brought in, one of which was left at the chute to be loaded. The loader called to deceased and McGuire for one of them to come down to break some large coal that was in chute preparatory to loading the car. McGuire went down while deceased was preparing two cartridges of powder, one for each hole. While McGuire was breaking the coal, deceased tamped both holes and fired one first. In going away, after lighting the second, a piece of top coal, which was loosened by the first, fell on him, inflicting injuries of such a character as to cause his death in seven days after accident.

ACCIDENT No. 17.—Lawrence Barret, miner, killed by a fall of coal in Centralia colliery, December 2, 1884. Deceased and another miner, named

John Ryan, were robbing pillars in west gangway. After going into work on morning of accident, deceased got a drill and commenced to drill a hole. The bench of coal over him, having a slip or parting in it without giving any previous warning by cracking or working, fell on him and killed him instantly.

ACCIDENT No. 18.—James Duguit, miner, killed by a fall of top coal, in Stirling colliery, December 16, 1884. Deceased and his brother, Alexander, were skipping pillars in lower lift, east No. 9 vein. Between four and five o'clock in the afternoon on day of accident, while Alexander was down at gangway loading a car, deceased putting down coal to him, a large piece of top coal, which was hanging on pillar side, fell on deceased, broke his neck, killing him instantly.

Accident No. 19.—Albert Spartzer, miner, killed by a fall of slate in Big Mountain colliery, December 20, 1884. At time of accident deceased and another miner, named Joseph Piker, were starting a new breast, off west No. 8 (straight) vein gangway. Between two and three o'clock in the afternoon, after having fired a blast, Piker was breaking a lump of coal with a pick, deceased standing near by, when a large piece of slate, which he was standing under, fell, covering and killing him instantly.

Mine Cars and Machinery.

ACCIDENT No. 1.—James Smith and Michael Mulroy, timbermen, killed in Tunnel colliery, February 6, 1884. These men were employed timbering by night. At time of accident, they were on their way home, riding up the pump-slope in a car. Mulroy and William Stitzer, laborer, were down near back end, Smith in front with a hold on the spreader chain. When up the slope about twenty yards, the car made a jump off the track and continued jumping through the sills up the slope, a distance of about twenty-five or thirty yards, throwing deceased down the slope. Stitzer saved himself by jumping off. When found at bottom of slope, one was lying west of west rail of slope-road, the other was lying partly on east rail and behind where the car stands at slope bottom.

ACCIDENT No. 2.—John Danko, slate-picker, seriously injured on February 25, 1884, in Reliance colliery breaker, by being crushed between counter-screen and frame, receiving injuries from which he died shortly after. Deceased was employed picking slate at counter-screen; feeling cold, he got a piece of sheet-iron to cover a hole which was on side of breaker near where he was sitting. In his efforts to cover the hole with the piece of sheet-iron, he fell in between the counter-screen and the frame, receiving injuries which caused his death in about three quarters of an hour after.

ACCIDENT No. 3.—Anthony Yarigan, laborer, killed by being struck with a loaded mine car at bottom of Centralia colliery slope, March 19, 1884. Deceased, at time of accident, was coming out Back-switch tunnel, at bottom of slope, while two loaded cars were being hoisted up the slope. When up about twenty yards from bottom, the center hitching bolt of first

car broke, the cars descending back down the slope, striking and killing deceased.

ACCIDENT No. 4.—Henry Keller, driver, killed by being crushed between empty mine-cars and gangway low side leg, in North Ashland colliery, on May 13, 1884. About four o'clock in the afternoon, deceased was taking a trip of three empty mine-ears in lower east gangway to be loaded. Before arriving at the point of destination, the mules refused pulling. Christian Schaum and Thomas Ennis, inside foreman and loader boss respectively, who were near by with two other men, named James Ennis and Charles Gallagher, went to help deceased to start the mules off with the cars. After they got the mules started off with the cars, Thomas Ennis was walking in the gangway, on low side, alongside of the third or last mule, deceased behind him. Ennis, hearing a crash, looked back and saw deceased falling after being crushed between the side of front car and gangway-leg, which was leaning out—caused by a squeeze. When Ennis went back, deceased was bleeding out of mouth, and nose, and ears. He died shortly after.

ACCIDENT No. 5.—Charles M. Snyder, laborer, died on July 20, 1884, from injuries received in West Brookside colliery, eight days previous, by being crushed between loaded and empty mine-cars. This accident occurred at the tunnel level of No. 3 slope. The empty cars are hauled in tunnel level to and the loaded ones are hauled out from this point preparatory to being lowered and hoisted. The empty cars are hoisted from turnout on this level, up slope to a certain point, to admit of turning a switch before being lowered down slope. The number of cars lowered and hoisted at one time vary from three to six. On this occasion there were six attached to the rope. The engineer hoisted three of them up far enough to admit of turning the switch; he, however, without getting the signal to lower, reversed his engine, letting them back against loaded cars on turnout, from where they were hoisted, crushing deceased, who was standing on high side with his right leg in front of loaded cars, inflicting injuries which caused his death at the time above stated.

ACCIDENT No. 6.—Thomas Stanton, miner, killed in Bast colliery by being crushed between top of mine-car and slope-timber, July 26, 1884. Deceased and two other men, named John Wilson and James McDonald, were employed by night timbering. On coming out to bottom of pump-slope, after having their shift worked preparatory to being hoisted, Wilson and deceased got on a car which was used for lowering and hoisting the men. McDonald signaled to the engineer to hoist. As the car was being started from the bottom, he jumped on. In passing up from bottom and under some low collars, deceased's head was caught between the top of the car and one of the low collars, crushing his head, breaking his neck, and killing him instantly.

ACCIDENT No. 7.—Michael Grant, slate-picker boss, killed in Bast colliery breaker by being crushed in counter screen cog-wheels on August 26,

1884. This accident occurred about eight o'clock, A. M. When found, he was lying on his back dead, his body caught in the cogs, and his clothes twisted around the cog-wheel shaft.

ACCIDENT No. 8.—Joseph Quigley, loader, died of injuries received by being crushed between top of loaded mine cars and chute, in Bellmore colliery, on September 15, 1884. Deceased, after loading two cars at inside chute of breast, No. 20, in West Skidmore vein, stood on the high side bumper of the last car. The driver, who was bringing two loaded cars with his out the gangway, before bumping his, hallowed to decease to "look out." Unmindful of the danger, he stood where he was until the cars bumped, moving them outwards, striking his head against the chute, and throwing him back over the car behind him, crushing him between top of car and chute, inflicting injuries of such a nature as to cause his death in about five hours after receiving them.

Accident No. 9.—William Davis, driver, died of injuries received by being crushed between mine cars in Keystone colliery, November 22, 1884. By the evidence given at inquest, there were two drivers driving at this (west) side, namely: Charles Moyer and deceased. On morning of accident Moyer went first with his mules, empty, (there being loaded cars inside on gangway after the night shift,) deceased following him with an empty trip of cars. A boy by the name of George Hughes, whose duty it was to fix the tongues for the loaded track, after the empty trips passed in, was detained outside, on top, waiting for oil. Consequently, deceased's loaded trip, on coming on turnout, ran down the empty track, crushing him between the empty and loaded cars, inflicting injuries from which he died in about eleven hours after receiving them.

Suffocated by Sudden Outbursts of Carbureted Hydrogen Gas and Rush of Coal.

Accident No. 1.—George Story, miner, suffocated by a sudden outburst of carbureted hydrogen gas and rush of coal in Tunnel colliery, May 30, 1884. At time of accident, deceased and another miner, named Henry Gill, were employed driving chutes and headings in west gangway, Gill in the outside and deceased in the inside chute. About nine (9) o'clock, A. M., a rush of coal from face took place, caused by a sudden outburst of carbureted hydrogen gas, which suffocated deceased before he was extricated. In about nine (9) hours after accident, and after forty-five (45) cars of coal and dirt were loaded, deceased was found at outside rib of chute, about twenty (20) feet from gangway.

ACCIDENT No. 2.—By which Joseph C. Duceman, John Fox, Peter Koble, and Richard Tucket, miners, were suffocated in Henry Clay, No. 1, colliery, December 8, 1884. At time of accident, these men were working in breasts Nos. 15, 16, and 17, No. 8 vein, west gangway of west inside slope. Duceman and Koble in 15, Fox in 16, Tucket and another man, by the name of Isaac Davis, who escaped, worked in 17. According to the evidence of Hiram Sawler, miner, who was working in the gangway, who testified: "My butty, Oliver Snyder, and I were tamping a hole; we had

it about half tamped when we heard coal running. I said to him, 'Somebody cut a feeder of gas, we better go.' When we got out the gangway as far as No. 16 breast the gas exploded, the concussion of which blew our safety-lamp lights out. We went out as far as the tunnel, where we got light. I sent Snyder for Benjamin Lawrence (the fire boss) who was in the No. 9 vein, west gangway. I went in the No. 8 gangway again as far as breast No. 14, was going to go up the chute to call the men, when the gas put out my light. I went out to the tunnel, in the dark, a second time for a light, when I met Benjamin Lawrence, Thomas Jones, and James Argast. After I got a light we went in as far as between breasts Nos. 16 and 17, but could not stand the foul atmosphere. We had to go out the gangway as far as between breasts 13 and 14 to get some fresh air. After being there awhile we went in again. The air was moving the gas. We, with others, worked there until all the men were gotten out."

In about two hours after accident, Tucket was found in inside manway of breast No. 16. Inside of manhole door Duceman was found in about half an hour after Tucket in his (Duceman's) manway, but was not gotten out until five (5) o'clock next morning. There were fifty-two (52) cars loaded before he was gotten out. Koble was found and gotten out in about three hours after Duceman. He (Koble) was lying on his face in crossheading next to face, and between breasts 16 and 17. Fox was found in about half an hour after Koble in his own (16) breast among the loose coal, about twenty-three feet down from face of his breast. They were all more or less burned by the explosion with the exception of Koble. The explosion did not touch him.

Suffocated by Gas from Mine Fire.

ACCIDENT No. 1.-William Clark, William Taylor, William Carroll, and Patrick Haley, miners; William Shankweiler, laborer; George Betz and Robert White, night engineers, suffocated in Greenback colliery on August 20, 1884, by gas from mine fire in Buck Ridge colliery. On the morning of the above date, the latter colliery was discovered to be on fire. Prompt measures were taken to close all openings to the surface, so as to confine it within its then present limits as much as possible. Later in the same day, the Greenback colliery was taken possession of by the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Company. Immediately thereafter, it was decided to drive a hole from the face of the Greenback colliery lower lift No. 8 vein, west gangway, across the line pillar (between both collieries) into the Buck Ridge colliery, for the purpose of flooding and extinguishing the fire. Nine men were selected to drive the hole, viz: William Clark, William Taylor, William Shankweiler, William Carroll, Patrick Haley, Dennis Burns, John Strausser, Peter Strausser, and Charles Taylor. The three former went down at three o'clock in the afternoon to drive the hole, and were relieved by Carroll and Haley at eleven o'clock that night, (Burns was not with them.) That was the last seen of them until they were found dead. About half-past six o'clock on morning after, Peter 5 MINE INS.

Welter, (stable-boss,) while going down the slope on an empty car to feed the mules, saw two men lying dead in the slope. Being almost overcome with the gas, and seeing what he did, he got off the car, came back up the slope, and reported what he had seen and how he felt. Shortly after, it was discovered that the gas from the Buck Ridge colliery mine fire had escaped into the Greenback colliery through the old water-level workings, (both colliery workings being connected at that point,) and suffocated the men. Measures were at once adopted to remove the gas and get the men out of the mine. On Friday, the 22d, between one and two o'clock in the afternoon, the exploring of the mine in search of the men began, shortly after which the first man, William Clark, was found. About five o'clock on morning of the 23d, the last two men, William Carroll and Patrick Haley, were brought out of the mine. William Clark and William Taylor were found in the slope; Shankweiler was found in the traveling-way, between the old lift and the water-level drift. The boy White was found lying on a bench in his pump engine-house at old lift. Betz, the other night engineer, was found at slope bottom under the bell wire. Carroll and Haley were found on gangway, a short distance out from face where they were to drive the hole. Carroll was lying about three vards outside or Haley.

Premature Blasts.

Accident No. 1.—Thomas Philips, miner, was killed by the premature explosion of two blasts in Bellmore colliery on June 20, 1884. At time of accident deceased was working by night, driving the Skidmore eastgangway air-course from inside cross-hole outward, to meet other men who were driving in towards him. About half past eleven, P. M., John Crawford, one of the men driving the air-course in towards deceased, went in to see how he was getting on. He, deceased, had a hole drilled at face about three and a half feet deep and was drilling another on low side to clear the cut. He told Crawford that he intended to fire both holes together. After conversing awhile with deceased, he, Crawford, went to his work; shortly after he heard both blasts go almost together. About half past five o'clock, next morning, when deceased was found dead by David Stitzer, night-boss, he was lying on his back, his head in towards face, feet out towards cross-hole; he was about six feet out from face and about twelve feet in from cross-hole.

ACCIDENT No. 2.—Samuel Grego, miner, died August 7, 1884, from injuries received five days previous, by a premature blast in Luke Fidler colliery. At time of accident, was working in breast No. 13 of the west gangway, No. 10 vein. down in slope. After tamping a hole and lighting the match, while on his way to the cross-heading, the blast exploded, some of the coal striking and injuring him to such an extent as to cause his death in five days after accident.

ACCIDENT No. 3.—Andrew Yellen, miner, died October 2, 1884, from injuries received on same day, by a premature blast in Cameron colliery.

Deceased and another miner, named Wentzel Horn, were working in a breast in No. 8 vein, east side No. 9 slope level. About half past three o'clock, P. M., deceased drilled and tamped a hole over the top of his manway. After lighting the match, while going down to cross-heading, the blast exploded, throwing coal down the manway, striking and injuring him to such an extent as to cause his death in about eight hours after accident.

Explosion of Powder.

ACCIDENT No. 1.—Joseph Matlewiez and Thomas Bernoskie, laborers, were fatally injured by an explosion of power, in Pennsylvania colliery, on April 26. Matlewiez died on May 2, 1884, and Bernoskie in two days after. These two men were sitting in a crsss-heading smoking a pipe. He emptied the fire out of the pipe on the top of a powder keg which was nearly full, the aperture on top to empty the powder out being open. In his efforts, after refilling the pipe, to pick up the fire off top of keg a spark fell into it, which exploded the powder, burning both men, and inflicting injuries which caused their deaths at the time above stated.

Miscellaneous Inside.

ACCIDENT No. 1.—Henry C. Hoffman, killed by a rush of coal while starting a battery in Lykens Valley colliery, April 8, 1884. Deceased at time of accident was starting the coal in battery of breast No. 170, in east No. 1 counter gangway. The coal, after being started, in running down the chute struck and knocked out one of the side legs of a set of chute timber. The collar, in falling, struck and knocked him down. The coal, in running down, covered him. When extricated therefrom life was extinct.

ACCIDENT No. 2.—James Laughlin, starter, killed in Potts colliery, on April 24, 1884, while starting coal inside of battery of breast No. 61, east gangway. By the evidence given deceased was inside of battery starting the coal, when it made a rush, catching him against the center leg of battery, killing him instantly.

ACCIDENT No. 3.—Richard Holihan, miner, killed by a turnout collar falling on him, in Continental colliery, May 2, 1884. Deceased with eight other men, was standing a set of turnout timber. They had one end of collar on the high side leg, the other end resting on a prop about three feet nine inches long, preparatory to lifting it on low side leg. Deceased, while putting a piece of plank between the coal at face and collar, it fell, catching his head against the bottom, and killing him instantly.

ACCIDENT No. 4.—Henry Haupt, miner, killed by being struck by coal from a blast in Burnside colliery, July 23, 1884. At time of accident, deceased and another miner, named John Gottshal, were working in breast No. 24, east gangway, south dip slope. Two other men, named Armanaverage and Tomaskie, were working in breast No. 23. The two latter men had a cross-heading nearly driven through into No. 24. They drilled and tamped a hole in the cross-heading to blow it through into No. 24. Before lighting the match one of them went down to the next cross-heading to tell

Gottshal and deceased that they were going to fire in the heading. Deceased and his butty went down to next cross-heading in inside pillar of breast. They were in the heading but a short time when they heard a blast which was fired in the underlaying vein (No. 8). Mistaking it to be the blast in the cross-heading, they went up to face of their breast, and just got there when the blast in the cross-heading exploded, blowing through into their breast, the coal from which struck deceased and killed him instantly.

Accident, No. 5.—Clifford Daubert, laborer, killed in Cameron colliery, August 20, 1884, by being struck with coal flying from blast. On day of accident, deceased was working with a miner named John Henning. in breast No. 21, of west gangway, No. 6 vein on No. 9 slope level. Two brothers, named Alfred and Charles Wilson, were working in the breast next inside. Some days previous to accident Henning and his butty drove a cross-heading through pillar between their breast and Wilson's, so that the latter's breast would hole into it when driven up far enough. The day previous to accident there were four holes drilled by the Wilsons in their breast for next day. The day after Charles Wilson was not out to work. Albert charged and tamped the hole, after which he rapped to deceased and his butty, but got no answer. He then lit the match, the blast exploded, and blew into cross-heading, killing decased, who, with his butty, was sitting in it at the time.

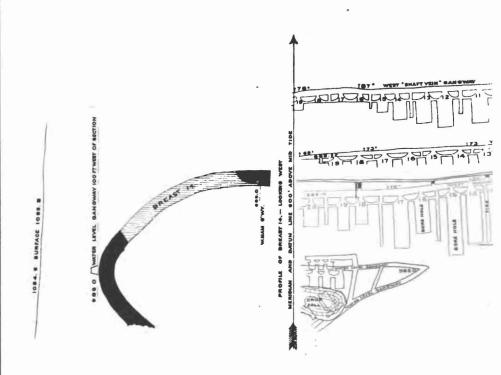
ACCIDENT No. 6.—Thomas Gallis, laborer, killed by a rush of coal in Enterprise colliery, September 27, 1884. At time of accident deceased was working with a miner named James Williams in breast No. 2, in west gangway, No. 9 vein, north dip. While deceased was punching some loose coal which they had fired a blast in, it started down the pitch, which was about forty degrees, a large lump of coal catching deceased against the top, killing him instantly.

Miscellancous Outside.

ACCIDENT No. 1.—Emanuel Teece. slate-picker, suffocated in pea-coal chute of Williamstown colliery breaker on January 29, 1884. This accident occurred about half past five o'clock, p. m. Deceased slid down a narrow chute called the "telegraph" in pea-coal chute to bottom. The big railroad car-loader raised the pea-coal chute gate to load a car of pea coal, in the loading of which deceased was drawn down through the pea coal, and suffocated before he was gotten out therefrom.

ACCIDENT No. 2.—Frederick Dillman, hoisting slope engineer. Roasted to death in steam boiler flue, at Keystone colliery, May 15th, 1884. On day of accident, between twelve and one o'clock, P. M., deceased went to the blacksmith shop, and on his way back to engine-house, in crossing over flue-way, between the boilers and stack, it fell in with him. When rescued therefrom he was roasted to an unrecognizable crisp.

ACCIDENT No. 3.—Elmer Kocher, outside driver, died on September 19, 1881, from injuries received three days previous by an explosion of steam boilers at Lykens Valley colliery. Deceased was employed driving a mule,

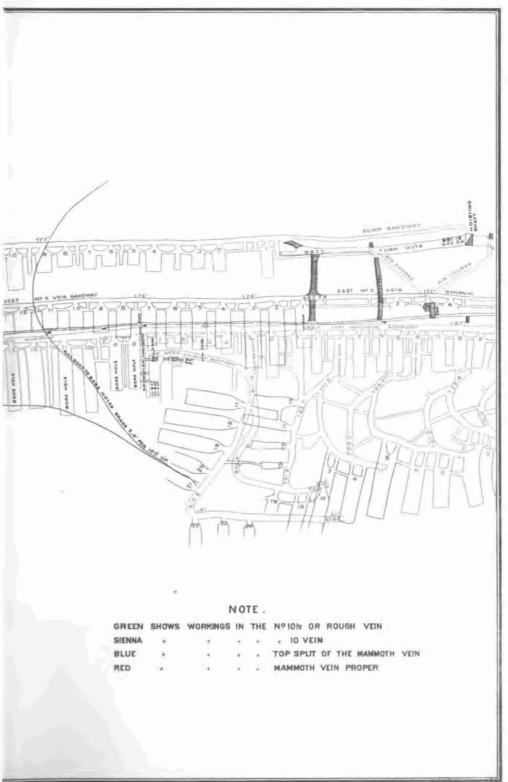


BEAR VALLEY COLLIERY SKETCH & PROFILE SHOWING THE LOCATION OF THE FIRE & THE ADJACENT WORKINGS.

SCALE 200FT TO LINCH.

SHAMOKIN PA. APRIL 10 19 1885.

I. C. ZACHARIAS



hauling the empty cars into head of slope and hauling the loaded ones out a short distance to turnout, preparatory to their being hauled to breaker. About ten or fifteen minutes before five o'clock in the evening, while hauling a loaded car from head of slope out to turnout, and while passing over boiler house, the boilers exploded, throwing débris in every direction, injuring deceased so as to cause his death as above stated.

Bear Valley Colliery Mine Fire.

Through the kindness of Mr. George P. Clemens, division engineer of the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Company, and his assistant, H. C. Zacharias, I am able to present in this report a brief account of the above-named colliery mine fire, and the methods employed to extinguish it.

The Bear Valley colliery is situated about three and one half miles southwest of Shamokin, and reaches its coal by means of a shaft, one hundred and six yards deep, to the north dip of the No. $10\frac{1}{2}$, or Rough, vein; thence, at ninety-seven yards west of the shaft, by a tunnel, forty-five yards long, south to the north dip of the Mammoth vein, cutting the same dip of the No. 10 vein at twenty-seven yards. Gangways have been driven both east and west in all of these veins, and breasts opened therefrom.

The workings more especially referred to in this connection are those of the first three hundred yards of the West Mammoth vein, and were finished some seven or eight years ago. A detailed description of them in this report is deemed unnecessary, if recourse is had to the plan and profile hereto attached.

On the 26th of January, 1883, fire was discovered in breasts 9, 10, and 11. To extinguish it, several methods were tried, without success, when (after some eight thousand three hundred fifty wagon-loads of fire, rock, and débris had been drawn out the fire got beyond control) the colliery was flooded to the water-level drift, or tunnel, and it was not until the 4th of September following that the gangways were again cleared of water, after which headings were driven into the places that had been on fire, but as far as they went it was found to have been extinguished.

During the latter part of September, 1884, near the face of the west counter gangway workings, which had recently been worked into the manway adjoining breast No. 8, the temperature was observed to be unusually high and gradually increasing. This at once caused suspicion that a fire had again broken out somewhere inside of breast No. 8, from which direction the heat came, though the absence of the gases produced by combustion either there or in the return air course, or in fact in any part of the mine, seemed to combat this theory. Nevertheless, headings were driven from the No. 8 manway into breast No. 8 at different places, with the view of proving the existence or non-existence of a fire, and also of discovering the source of the unusual heat, but none of these openings disclosed anything except the existence of a great—almost stifling—heat in that vicinity.

It was while this search was being made that the existence and location of the fire was accidentally discovered on the morning of October 23,

1884, by small pieces of red hot coal dropping down on to the gangway from the manway between breasts 13 and 14. The alarm was at once given and the general manager and other officials of the company notified thereof.

All mining operations were at once suspended, and only the men engaged in combatting the fire were permitted to enter the mine. Steps were at once taken to check if possible its further progress, and consultations had with the view of deciding the best methods of extinguishing it.

It was finally decided to silt breasts 8, 15, and 16 full of coal dirt slush, through eight-inch holes to be drilled from the surface into the face of each of these breasts, and in this way securely confine the fire within those limits. Afterwards similar holes were to be bored in the face of breasts 9, 11, and 13, which were also to be silted full of the slush and thus deluge and seal tightly with the wet mass every interstice in the workings involved by the fire.

To carry out these designs, two perforated dams, slush proof but not water proof, were erected in the gangway, one just inside of breast 18, and the other inside of No. 8 manway, these to allow the water to percolate out of the silting without the mass filling up the gangway beyond the limits to be silted shut. After this a water-tight dam was erected across the gangway just inside the tunnel with an overflow pipe in it so placed as to cause the gangway to be completely filled and roofed with water before it could overflow. This was done to prevent the gangway timbers being ignited in case there should be any delay in getting the silting completed at both ends and also to prevent any accident from the gangway of anything inside.

There were also air-tight batteries erected in each of the headings from the No. 8 manway into the No. 8 breast, and duplicate air batteries erected in the No. 8 manway just above the counter gangway. Also in the chute of the counter breast adjoining the No. 8 manway, and in the manway outside of the counter breast, and triplicate batteries in the heading connecting the counter breast with the No. 8 manway.

There were also two air-tight doors erected in the counter gangway, one just outside of the No. 8 manway, and the other fifteen yards outside of the manway to the counter breast.

After all these stoppings had been completed, (see sketch,) the other parts of the mine were deemed so securely cut off from the fire that the working of the colliery was resumed. In the meantime the plans of action on the surface were being vigorously pushed forward. The drilling of the holes was commenced as soon as the derrick and drilling machinery could be erected. A new dirt plane, seven hundred and seventy feet long, with large dirt bins and trestles at each end, was built, and a 16"×36" hoisting engine with a nine feet eight inch drum, and all fixtures complete, was erected to operate it, and a new railroad, half a mile long, with turn-outs, &c., at each end, was graded, built, and equipped with a seven-ton Baldwin locomotive and twenty-four cars to carry the dirt for silting purposes from

the head of the plane to the bore holes. To supply the water for silting purposes, an S. B. Whiting improved 9"×38" double-acting steam-pump was erected at the discharge of the shaft pump, and one thousand two hundred and fifty feet of six-inch cast iron column pipe laid therefrom to the bore holes.

On the 5th of November, 1884, the first drill hole fell into breast No. 15, at a depth of one hundred and thirty-five feet, whereupon, all things being ready, the silting was immediately commenced, since which time both drilling and silting have been vigorously pushed forward with every prospect, at this writing, (April 10, 1885.) of the experiment proving completely successful.

An examination of the workings inside of breast 18, made January 12, 1885, showed that the fire had not escaped beyond the limits to which it was intended to confine it, and the several examinations since made verified the results of the first inspection.

Buck Ridge Colliery Mine Fire.

About four o'clock on the morning of August 20, the fireman, while going down the No. 8 slope, discovered the mine to be on fire by coming in contact with the smoke. Being unable to proceed down any further, he came back up and went down the No. 9 slope as far as No. 5 lift. At that point his progress was arrested by large volumes of smoke issuing from the west side of slope, and going down towards the bottom of No. 9 slope He came back up, blew the whistle, and sent the night watchman to Shamokin to notify Messrs. William Booth, Monroe T. Schreffler, and James Booth, the division superintendent, district superintendent, and insideboss, of the occurrence. The three above-named persons, together with another man, named Joseph Taylor, after having arrived at the colliery, went down the No 9 slope as far as the No. 5 lift. At that point their further progress down the slope was arrested also by the large volumes of smoke coming east from the No. 8 slope. Being unable to explore the mine any further down the slope, they concluded to put a battery or stoping across the slope at that point to shut off as much air as possible from the fire. After their efforts proved fruitless to accomplish the object in view, on account of thick volumes of smoke coming into the slope at that point, they came back up the slope to No. 4 lift. At that point, also, they were unsuccessful on account of the loose and broken character of the strata, after which they came up to No. 3 lift, where they succeeded in putting in the battery. After it was completed, they concluded to stop up the top or mouth of No. 8 slope and all the breaches on the mountain. While all avenues of ventilation and escapements for the gases produced or generated by the fire were being closed, preparations were making to flood the mine. On August 25, a $9'' \times 38''$ Cameron steam pump, with twelve hundred feet of six-inch column pipe, began pumping water from the Shamokin creek into the top of No. 8 slope. On 12 1 August 30, another Cameron steam pump of the same size was connected to the same column to pump water into top of same slope, making two

pumps pumping water through the same column into the No. 8 slope. On the same day, August 30, a third Cameron steam pump of the same size, with three hundred feet of eight-inch column, was placed in position about half a mile further west down the creek, and began pumping water into the old water-level drift.

These three pumps continued pumping, day and night, until October 8, when the fire was found to be entirely extinguished, during which there were about sixty million gallons of water pumped into the mine, together with five thousand two hundred and ninety-two wagons, of ninety-two feet capacity each, silted into the No. 8 slope. Nineteen hundred and five dumpers of coal dirt were silted into No. 9 air-hole.

Prosecutions for Violations of the Mine Laws.

Three complaints were entered in the court of common pleas of North-umberland county. The first was for neglect to comply with the eighth section of said law, which states: "He or his assistants shall examine carefully the workings of all mines generating explosive gases every morning, before the miners enter the coal mine or colliery," etc., etc. William Muir, one of the inside bosses at Cameron colliery, on the morning of December 13, 1883, neglected to examine the workings under his charge as above required of him to do. Elias Noll, (one of the miners,) working in breast No. 15 of the west gangway in the Tape vein, on the No. 9 slope level, while going to work, and when near the face of the breast, the naked light which he was using ignited the gas, burning him on the head, face, neck, and hands.

The case was tried at the following May term of court. The defendant was found guilty in manner and form as indicted. His Honor, Judge Rockafeller, sentenced him to pay a fine of twenty dollars and costs of prosecution.

The second complaint made was against Thomas Steele, inside foreman at same colliery, for neglect in complying with the seventh section of the same law, viz: To see that an adequate amount of ventilation is circulated through and to the face of each and every working place throughout the entire mine, to dilute and render harmless, and expel therefrom, the noxious poisonous gases to such an extent that the entire mine shall be in a fit state for men to work therein, etc., ctc. The grand jury found a true bill. The defense asked for a settlement, which was granted by defendant paying all costs and obeying the law in the future.

The third complaint was against Charles Penman, inside boss at Pennsylvania colliery, for neglect also to comply with the seventh section of the ventilation act. On April 16, 1884, John Graham, John Derkoskie, and Cora Giokeeno were burned by an explosion of carbureted hydrogen gas while working in No. 3 slope sinking it.

On the following September term of court, the grand jury found a true bill. The defense asked for a settlement, which the court agreed to by the defendant paying all costs and respect the law in the future.

REGISTER OF FATAL CASUALTIES-Shamokin Division.

Number.	DATE.	Names.	Collieries.	Occupation.	Age.	Married or single.	Ch ldren.	Remarks.
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 24 25 26 27 27 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28	Jan. 29 Feb. 5 6 6 15 8 15 25 Mch. 19 27 April 8 12 16 12 16 8 13 15 30 June 5 July 20	Emanuel Tuce, Patrick Harley, Michael Naughton, James Smith, Michael Mriroy, Lawrence Shomper, John Dunko, Anthony Yanigan, Charles Knause, Henry F, Hoffmann, Thomas Harper, Paul Covelenskie, James Laughlin, Richard Hooliban, Joseph Mattenweize, Thomas Bernoskie, John Gress, Henry Keiler, Fred. Dillinan, George Stoney, Anthony Lawrence, Thomas Phillips, Charles M, Snyder,	Williamstown, Big Mine Run, Big Mine Run, Big Mine Run, Tunnel, Tunnel, Short Mountain, Reliance, Centralia, Enterprise, Williamstown, Lykens Valley, Excelsior, Potts, Continental, Pennsylvania, Williamstown, North Ashland, Tunnel, Pennsylvania, Bellmore, West Brookside,	Slate-picker, Miner, Laborer, Top man, Top man, Laborer, Slate-picker, Bottom man, Miner, Fan boy, Starter, Miner, Laborer, Statter, Miner, Laborer, Miner, Miner, Miner, Laborer, Laborer,	43	Married, Bingle, Married, Married, Married, Single, Single, Single, Single, Married, Bingle, Married, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single, Single,	1 3	Killed by a fall of top slate. Killed by the premature explosion of a blast. Died from injuries received July 12: crushed between empty and
25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41	23 Aug. 7 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	Henry Haupt, Thomas Stanton, Samuel Grego, Clifford Daubert, William Clark, William Taylor, Robert White, William Carroll, Patrick Haley, William Shankweller, George Betz. Herman Siminsky, Michael Grant, Joseph Quigley, Eimer Kocher, Thomas Gallis, Andrew Yellon,	Burnside, Bast, Luke Fidler, Cameron, Greenback, Greenback, Greenback, Greenback, Greenback, Greenback, Greenback, Breenback, Excelsior, Bast, Bellmore, Lykens Valley, Enterprise, Cameron,	Miner, Miner, Miner, Laborer, Miner, Laborer, Pump engineer, Miner, Laborer, Miner, Miner,	38 35 27	Single, Married, Married, Single, Married, Single, Married, Married, Married, Single, Married, Single, Married, Single,	8 2 6 7 4 6 2	Killed by being struck with coal from a blast. Suffocated by gas from Buck Ridge colliery. Killed by a fail of top slate. Killed; crush d in breaker counter-screen cog wheels.

PA Mine Inspection 1884

REGISTER OF FATAL CASUALTIES-Continued.

DATE.	Names.	Collieries.	Occupation.	Age.	Married or single.	Children.	Remarks.
42 Oct. 15 43 44 44 45 Nov. 12 46 47 49 50 Dec. 2 53 8 54 8 55 16 56	Thomas Jones, James Rowley, John Burke, James Monshan, Thomas Gallagher, Emanuel Sheaffer,	Merriam, Sterling, Locust Gap, Big Mine Run, Hazle Dell, West Brookside, Keystone, Centralia, Henry Clay, No. 1, Henry Clay, No. 1, Henry Clay, No. 1, Henry Clay, No. 1, Sterling,	Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner,	48 57 54 85 45 85 18 87 28 23 86 40	Married, Married, Married, Married, Married, Single, Married, Married, Married, Married, Married,	8 5 8 5 6	Killed by a fall of top state, Died of injuries received by a fall of coal. Killed by a fall of top rock. Died of injuries received by a fall of coal. Killed by a fall of coal. Liled by a fall of coal. Died of injuries received by being caught between mine cars. Killed by a fall of coal. Suffocated by a sudden outburs of CH. gas and rush of coal. Suffocated by a sudden outburst of CH. gas and rush of coal. Suffocated by a sudden outburst of CH. gas and rush of coal. Suffocated by a sudden outburst of CH. gas and rush of coal.

REGISTER OF NON-FATAL CASUALTIES-Shamokin Division.

DAT	E.	Names.	Collieries,	Occupation.	Remarks.
Jan.	2	R bert Kastner	Merriam,	Loader	Hips bruised while engaged in uncoupling cars.
	6	Charles Kupp,	Burnside,	Laborer,	
	7	William Partridge,	North Franklin, No. 1,		Knee-cap broken: caused by an explosion of powder.
	7	Patrick McDonald,	Hazle Dell,		
	8	Theo. ucipski,	Henry Clay shaft, No.1,		Injured on body; struck by a piece of slate.
	9	Joseph McCall,	Burnside,	Miner,	
	10	Michael McCormick,	Bear Valley,	Miner,	
	16	Michael Gallagher,	North Ashland,		Leg injured; caught between two cars.
	19	George Fegley,	Short Mountain,	Miner,	
	22	Thomas Lyons,	Hickory Swamp,		Injured about body: crushed between mine car an i holsting-frame on tip.
	23	Henry Weber,	Logan,		Head injured: crushed between mine car at bottom of hoisting-slope.
	28	Stan. Zeblinski,	Cameron.		Leg broken by a fall of top slate.
	23	D. P. Thompson,	West Brookside,		Skull fractured; struck by a plece of coal.
	24	Honny Kindler	Black Diamond,		
	25	Henry Kindler,		Tahunan	Bada interest and foreness by a fail of coat.
	25	Kline Smith,	Enterprise,		
		Dennis Dane,	Locust Spring,	Platform man, .	
	18	Jacob Reese,	Henry Clay shaft,	Miner,	Leg broken; fall of top slate.
	81	Thomas Fern,	Centralia,	Driver,	Collar-bone broken; crushed between wagon and railroad wall.
Feb.	1	Thomas B. Moyer,	Short Mountain,		Shoulder fractured; caught between two railroad cars.
	12	John Hendricks,	Centralia		Leg broker; struck by a plank.
	13	Charles Ochender,	Bear Valley,		Shoulder, arm, and back injured; caught between wagons.
	18	Thomas Rowland,	Preston, No. 2,		Ribs broken; fell going down chute.
	21	Martin Hoffman,	Big Mount in,		Rack injured; fall of slate.
	25	John Constantine,	Morris Ridge,		First joint of one finger cut off; fell between elevator and chute.
	25	Owen Delowry,	Hickory Ridge,		Collar-bone broken; fall of coal.
	26	John Sabilskie,	Pennsylvania,	Miner,	Cut and braised by a premature blast.
	28	Amos Rhodes,	Henry Clay shaft,		Head bruised and chin cut by a fall of slate.
March	1	John Crawford,	Bellmore,	Miner,	Hands, face, and neck burned by gas.
	1	Patrick Doyle,	Bellmore,	Laborer,	Hands, face, and neck burned by gas.
	3	lgnatz Dietman,	Luke Fidler,	Driver,	Hands mashed between mine cars.
	4	Isaac C. Graeff,	Short Mountain,	Top man,	Shoulder and thigh broken; mashed between mine cars.
	4	Charles Kaufman,	Locust Spring,	Dirt loader,	Ribs broken; crushed between dumper and chute.
	6	John Foote,	Henry Clay shaft,	Miner,	
	12	George Lester,	Williamstown,	Laborer,	Leg broken; mine car jumped track.
	12	Nathan Erdman,	Burnside,	Miner,	Tongue nearly cut off; struck by propon chin.
	14	John Onaskie,	Cameron,		Crushed between mine cars.
	17	William Lebes	Short Mountain,		Arm broken; fell from chute.
	18	John Shofstall	Short Mountain,		
	19	Charles Pucaskie, sr., .	Williamst wn,		Leg injured; fall of coal.
	21 '	John Mc Andrew	Luke Fidier,		Body injured; run over by mine car.
	22	Samuel W. Alvord,	Lykens Valley,		Arm broken; fall of slate.
	26	John Misberger,	Greenback,		
	26	William Fehlein	Williamstown,		Sectously injured by an explosion of powder.
	26	John Wommer,			Seriously injured by an explosion of powder.
	25	Thomas Goldsborough,	Keystone,		Injured by failing down slope.
	80	Henry Mann,			

REGISTER OF NON-FATAL CASUALTIES-Continued.

No.	DATE	•	Names.	Collieries.	Occupation.	Remarks.
47	April	1	James McDonald	North Ashland,	Driver,	Arm broken; fell under empty mine cars.
48	1/	ī	Jere: McAuliff	Lykens Valley,	Driver,	Leg broken; piece of plans feil on him from top of slope.
49		2	John Kowalski,	Mt. Carmel	Miner,	Burned by an explosion of powder.
υU I		2	Joseph Bober	Luke Fidter,	Miner,	Face and hands burned by an explosion of gas.
91	ı	4	Jacob Arnold,	Locust Spring,	Miner,	Leg broken by a fall of stone.
ن 2 د		4	Robert Smith	Williamstown,	Miner,	injured by a premature blast.
5.1	1	4	John Glasser, jr.,	Williamstown,	Driver,	Leg bruised by a fall of timber.
J4		7	Henry Nolte,	Logan,	Miner,	Injured by a gangway leg falling on him.
55		14	Burge	Logan,	Miner,	lujured by a piece of coal flying from a shot.
58		14	John Brennan,	Continental,	Starter,	One finger, and one joint of another, blown of by explosion of a dualine cap.
57		16	John Graham,	Pennsylvania,	Miner,	Burned by an explosion of gas.
63		16	John Deforski,	Pennsylvania,	Laborer,	Burned by an explosion of gas.
by		10	Simon D. Fellon,	Pennsylvania,	Laborer,	Burned by an explosion of gas.
00		16	Cora Glokeno,	Pennsylvania,	Laborer,	Burned by an explosion of gas.
ti i		21	lierman Mihluke,	West Brookside,	Miner,	Leg broken; fall of coal.
62 !		24	William Kerstetter,	Bear Valley,	Miner,	Burned by an explosion of powder.
63		24	Patrick Burns,	Centralia,	Carloader,	Right leg amputated; crushed between railroad cars.
et.		21	Martin Farrell,	Logan,	Miner,	Cut on head by full of slate.
65		26	Paul O. Carnie,	Pennsylvania,	Miner,	Injured on face and body by a premature blast.
66		29	Martin Barstinola,	l'ennsylvanis,	Miner,	Thigh-bone broken; fall of slate.
67	May -	8	James Eaton,	Luke Fidler,	Slate-picker,	Two fingers mashed.
68		. 5	Joel Kaseman,	Hickory Swamp,	Carpenter,	Seriously injured; fell from treating.
69		12	Jacob Baller,	Black Diamond,	Miner,	Eye injured; struck by a piece of coal.
70 i		21	Otls Long,	West Brookside,	Driver,	Leg broken; caught b tween mine-car wheel and rail.
71		23	Charles Dromboskie, .	Luke Fidler,	Miner,	Injured by a fail of top coal. Head cut; caught between top of dirt-dumper and apron.
2		23	John Gofick,	Centralia,	Driver,	
8		26 27	Stau. Verbitskie,	Morris Ridge,	Laborer,	Crushed between mine car and platform. Hurt by a fail of top coal.
74		28	A. J. Bradley,	Cameron,	Miner,	Leg injured by a fail of coal.
75 76		29	John Hughes,	Preston, No. 8,	Loader,	Injured by a piece of coal striking him on head.
77		31	Frank Dormer, John Smith.	Cameron,	Slope man,	blightly injured by a rail failing on him.
	June	8		Luke Fidler,	Miner.	Fell down breast, and incernied his hand badly.
79	Dune		Charles Berry,	Williamstown,	Miner,	Left shoulder, hip, and leg severely brulsed; fall of top coal.
ου I		ă	Frank Haley,	Greenback,	Miner	Injured about body by a fall of coal.
61		10	John Shoetes,	Cameron	Driver,	Thumb injured; caught by spreader-hook.
82		10	Daniel Burns,	Bast,	Repair man,	Head cut, and back and leg bruised by a fall of siste.
83		13	Wasco Bodish	Peerless,	Miner.	Back and leg bruised by a fall of coal.
54		17	John Silko,	Penusylvania.	Miner	Burned by an explosion of gas.
85		17	Frank Ambrosavage,	Pennsylvania,	Miner	Burned by an explosion of gas.
56		26	John McNally,	Logan.	Miner,	Injured about body by a fall of coal.
87		26	William Cavanaugh,	Williamstown,	Laborer,	Bruised and cut on head by coal flying from a blast.
88		27	Frank Treknskie.	Luke Fidler	Miner,	Leg injured by a fall of slate.
59		80	Stephen McNamee,	Pennsylvania.	Miner,	Shoulder dislocated, &c., by a fall of coal.
90		30	John Conaski.	Excelsior,	Miner,	Leg broken by a fall of top rock.
91		80	Michael Zavich		Miner,	Arm broken by a fall of slate.
92 '	July		James Lehman.	Cameron,		Injured by a fall of rock in slope.

93	July	9	James Robinson	Cameron,	Miner,	Hand injured by a fall of coal in breast.	
84	July	2	John Owen.	Cameron	Laborer,	Struck by fixing piece of coal from a blast.	再
93		7	Valentine Corlssova.	Cameron.	Miner,	Injured by failing down manway.	×
96		7 1	William Glassmaker,	West Brookside,	Mluer,	Leg broken and back bruised by a fall of coal.	1
97		9	Lawrence Kickenny,	Centralia,	Starter,	Arm broken and head cut by a rush of coal.	D
98		10	Lub - West	Logan,	Laborer.	Injured about body; while drawing tamping of a missed shot, shot exploded.	0
99	l,	12	Daniel Shinaskie,	Logan,	Miner,	Hip dislocated by a lump of coal rolling on him.	Doc.]
100		12	44 4 44 4	Reliance.	Miner,	Leg broken and head cut by a fall of top rock.	
101		14	Michael Dubraskie,	Cameron,	Miner,	injured by a fall of coal.	1
102		17	John Backus,	Cameron	Miner,	Burned by an explosion of powder.	1
103		17	John Murphy,	Cameron	Miner,	Two thumbs cut off.	1
101		28	John McGovern,	Merriam,	Miner,	Breast and shoulders injured by a fall of slate.	1
10;		80	Dennis Joyce,	Centralia,	Spragger,	Fingers mashed by a mine car running over them.	1
101	Aug.	2	Thomas Wormdel,	Stirling,	Miner,	Leg broken by a fall of coal.	H-1
107		2	Charles Kraup,	Keystone,	Ash man,	Badly bruised by being thrown from bridge.	2
.03		5	Vincent Rausch,	Big Mountain,	Miner,	Hand mashed; caught between prop and slate.	19
109		6	Edward Harrison,	Bast.	Miner,	Thigh cut and bone fractured by a slip of coal.	ĬŎ
11)		7	Walter Scoble,	Big Mountain,	Miner,	Leg broken by a fall of coal.	REPORTS
111		14	Edward Haskins,	Short Mt. & Ly's Val.,	Laborer,	Foot crush d by a mine car running over it.	1 76
112		14	Martin Conway,	Tunnel,	Door-boy,	Shoulder dislocated; ran against mine car in gangway.	
113		15	George Resh	Tunnel,	Laborer,	Hip dislocated while assisting to get roller segment to breaker,	OF
114		19	John Dunne,	Big Mountain,	Miner,	Leg injured by a fail of state.	73
115		20	John Henning,	Cameron,	Miner,	Seriously injured; struck by a piece of coal from a blast.	-1
116		26	John Themas,	Tunuel,	Miner,	Big toe broken by a piece of coal falling on it.	THE
117		29	Robert Thompson, .	Burnside	Miner,	Burned on hands, face, and neck by explosion of CH. gas.	[Fi
118	Sept.	14	Joseph Morrissey,	Big Mountain,	Miner,	Head cut by being struck by a piece of coal flying from a blast.	_
119		16	Isaac Osman,	Star,	Miner,	Head, neck, face, and hands burned by explosion of Cil. gas.	2
120		16	John Bluff	Cameron,	Miner	Injured by a mine car running over him.	20
121		17	George Cuzacavitch, .	Morris Ridge,	Miner,	Log broken by coal rolling over him in chute.	Inspectors
122		20	Michael Sellivan,	Logan,	Laborer,	Hip injured by being struck by coal flying from a blast.	5
128		24	James Devitt,	Hickory Swamp,	Miner,	Leg cut off by a fail of slate in gangway.	H
124		24	irwin Wehry,	Stirling,	Door-boy,	Head cut by being caught between mine cars.	≌
125		25	l'eter Haas,	Burnside,	Miner,	Knee injured severely; struck by a lump of coal.	56
126		26	Joseph Fusse,	Preston, No. 3,	Starter,	Burned about face and eyes by an explosion of powder.	
127		27	James Golden,	Stirling,	Miner,	Foot injured; ran miner's medic into it.	OF
128		27	James Williams,	Enterprise,	Miner,	Body injured while in the act of starting coal in breast.	
129		27	Michael Dunrick	Luke Fidler	Driver	Badly squeezed between a prop and mine car.	
130		30	Walter Lawrence,	Williamstown,	Door-boy,	Leg broken while attempting to jump on loaded infine car.	
181	Oct.	1	John Haus,	Black Diamond,	Miner,	Hand injured by a fall of slate.	MINES
132		4	Thomas Kane,	Centralia,	Laborer,	Leg broken; fell from scaffold at bresker.	1 2
188		4	l'eter Feteroskie,	Cameron,	Miner,	lland slightly burned by CH. gas.	94
134		7	William Hart,	Preston, No. 3,	Driver,	Wrist broken; jammed between frames and timber.	
135		9	George Whistler,	Pennsylvania,	Slate-picker,	Leg broken; fell from plank in breaker.	i
136		14	Martin Bahon,	Williamstown,	Londer,	Hips injured; caught between mine cars and platform.	1
137		15	John Burke,	Locust Gap,	Miner,	Head cut and leg broken by a fall of coal.	
138		16	E. Long,	Morris Ridge,	Miner,	Shoulder triured by a fall of coal.	
139		16	William Raup,	Williamstown,	Laborer,	Leg lulured; caught between mine cars.	
140		18	John (arney,	Lancaster,	Miner,	Leg broken by piece of stone sliding on him.	
141		20	William Boehmer,		Caroller,	Arm broken; bumped between mine cars.	
142		21	Enoch Powell,	Stirling,	Miner,		1
148		25	(harles Berger,	Big Mountain,		Injured by fulling down a breast.	1
144		27	John Durkin,			Leg mashed from tree to ankle; loaded dirt dumper ran over him.	-7
45		28	John Greiner,	Williamstown,	Miner,	Head and shoulder to lared; prop fell on him.	~1

REGISTER OF NON-FATAL CASUALTIES .- Continued.

No.	DATI	£.	Names.	Collieries.	Occupation,	Remarks.
46	Oct.	28	Charles Frommd,	Williamstown,	Miner,	Slightly burned by CH, gas.
47		28	Henry Pitz,	Preston, No. 2,		Head, neck, and hand cut by a fall of coal.
18		29	Frank Drobish	Cameron,	Miner,	Injured by a fall of coal.
49	Nov.	4	Elmer Muench			Leg broken; guard rail in slope getting loose and struck him.
50		5	John Johnson,	Bear Valley,	Miner,	Three ribs broken and back injured by a fall of rock.
51		6	James Kute,	Short Mountain,	Miner,	Thigh broken by a piece of rock striking him.
52		8	Stan, Chevilinskie,		Laborer,	Slightly burned on face, neck, and hands by CH. gas.
53		10	John Socraskie,	Black Diamond	Laborer,	Arm broken by a fall of top coal.
54		12	William Caslen, .		Driver,	Body injured; crushed between mine car and top rock.
55		19	Lorenz Whitworth, .			Leg broken by a fall of slate.
56		20	Landis Brown,		Top man,	Equeezed between mine cars,
57		24	Peter O'l'onnel,			Head and hand injured by a premature blast.
58		24	John R. James,			Leg broken by a fall of coal.
59		26	Michael Bartzer,			Body injured; struck by a piece of broken dirt dumper.
60		27	Joseph Parana,	Excelsior,		Injured in new slope.
61	_	28	Oscar Reed,	Henry Clay, No. 1, .		Leg broken by a fall of top slate.
62	Dec.	8	Samuel Smith,	West Brookside,		Collar-hone broken; caught between coal and mine car.
68		8	Andrew Ritz,		Laborer,	Body injured; caught between mine cars.
64		4	Adam Rlland,	Keystone,	Miner,	Face cut, &c., by a fall of coal.
65		8	Isaac Davis,	Henry Clay, No. 1,	miner,	Burned on face, neck, and hands by CH, gas.
66		8		Cameron,		Arm broken oaught between mine car and gangway timber.
67		9		Cameron,		Leg broken, &c., caught between mine car and gangway door.
68		11	Joseph J. Laively, .			Spine injured by a fall of coal,
69		12	Frank Fisher,			Collar-bone broken; caught between mine car and breaker timber.
70		13	Jonas Bixler,			Injured by the bottom sliding down breast, carrying him with it.
71		16	Stan. Ezeneskie, William Rostemeier, .			Knee crushed; caught between loaded mine cars. Head, face, neck, and hands burned by an explosion of powder.
72		11	Michael Farrell.			Leg broken; dirt dumper ran over him,
74	: : : :	• •	Robert Bowman		Slate-picker,	

					I۳s	IDB.				OUTS	SIDB.		mules.	der	Ď	VENT	LATION.
Collieries.	Operators.		Number inside bosses.	Number miners.	Number laborers and company men.	Number drivers.	Number door-boys.	Total.	Number bosses and mechanics.	Number laborers and company men.	Number drivers and slate-pickers.	Total.	Number horses and mu	Number kegs of powdused,	Number days worked breaker.	Dismeter fan .	Power.
Mt. Carme: Shaft,	l'hiladelphis and Reading Coal do.	and Iron Co.,	2 2	175 30	52 78	53 13	15 25	298 183	18 14	65 56	128 92	216 162	64 40	3 900 1 250	196 192	1-18 1-15	40 40
West Brookside,	do.	do.	4	195	227	50	11	487	24	78	128	230	176	2,900	204	1-12 1-18	30 40
Bear Valley,	do. do.	do. do.	1 2	85 173	36 21	11 12	4 3	1 37 211	11 13	47 41	91 85	149 139	40 36	1.855 1.705	186 201	1-18 1-18 1-15	40 50 30
Keystone,	do. do. do. do.	do. do. do.	1 1 1	46 114 183	56 91 87	7 19	. 7 . 18 8	117 243 188	9 5 13 7	54 6 59 42	74 104 88	137 11 176 117	23 43 39	200 1, 375 1 975	198 192 198	1-12 1-18 2-18 1-15	140 145 20
North Ashland, Preston, No. 2, Preston, No. 3,	do. do. do.	do. do. do. do.	1 1 1	67 87 93	45 42 70	5 10 12	1 3 7	119 93 193	12 11 14		92 92 88	160 153 161	41 40 42	1, 050 345 385	54 195 196 168	1-16 1-12 1-12 1-15 1-15	16 20 16 40 20
Tunnel,	do. do. do. do.	do. do. do. do.	1 1 1	59 18 111 77	74 8 46 54	15 8 6	11 1 6	160 81 170 154	16 8 11	59 27 48 45	104 59 98 75	179 94 150 136	40 15 84	175 550 3 100	186 168 204 192	1-16 1-:8 1-9 1-12	40 50 30 20
Peerless, Buck Ridge, Greenback, Monitor,	do, do, do, do,	do. do. do. do.	1 1 1 1	76 12 80 75	81 2 53 72	8 7 20	1 7	117 117 15 141 175	10 12 5 12	46 85 17 44	58 9 40	114 106 62	29 18 10 20	2, 075 850 150	132 38 25 148	1-12 1-15 1-12 1-12	20 20 10 20
Reliance,	do. Patterson & Llewellyn,	do.	3	113	14 85	20 30	10	152 318	12 10	33 50	82 95 75	138 145 135	82 80	1, 225 2, 175 3, 245	192 198 236	1-12 1-12 1-12 1-16	20 20 20 40
Enterprise,	C. W. Kingsley & Co.,		2 2 1	126 146 80	100 71	17 24 12	3 6	231 275 170	11 10	52 31 22	80 46 50	140 88 82		4, 125 3 874 1, 073	267.20 251.75 222.25	2 · 15 each. 1-12	40 each. 50 30

PA Mine Inspection 1884

	,			IN 6	DE.		į		OUTS	IDE.		mules.	뷿	à	VENTI	LATION.
COLLIENIES.	Operatora.	Number inside bosses.	Namber miners.	Number 1 thorers and company men.	Number drivers.	Number door-boys.	Total.	Number bosses and mechanics	Number laborers and company men.	Number drivers and slate-pickers.	Total.	ses and	Number kegs of powder used,	Number days worked bresker.	Diameter fan.	Power.
sterling,	Kendrick & Co.,	1	136	80	12	6	285	12	26	73	111	27	1,926	284	1-12	25
oyal Oak,	Tillet & Bro., Mineral Railroad and Manufacturing Co., .	1 2	9 2230	172	2 33	18	12 45 0	29	94	4 128	4 246	3 85	130 6 605	149 200, 55	1—12 none 1–12	25 20 to 60
uke Fidler,	do. do. do	1 1 2	99 62 196	124 53 248	24 9 86	9 5 34	257 130 566	16 7 50	57 22 113	78 32 190	131 61 343	59 223 203	3, 405 791 3, 386	290 C5 288 15 293, 50	1-14 1-16 1-10 4 9 to 14	50 22 30 to 100
Villiamstown,	Summit Branch Coal Company, Smith & Keiser. William Schwenk & Co., Lewis A. Riley & Co., do.	1 1 1 1	415 33 40 69 152	186 20 75 173	66 4 3 13 17	33 	702 44 64 162 352	80 8 13 17	46 5 14 77 85	190 19 22 152 183	286 28 44 242 285	150 11 6 47 48	796 1 020 2 097 5,697	305.25 246 281 200.05 209.70	14 to 18 1-12 1-14 1-14	35 to 46
fazle Dell,		1 1 2	58 102 117	51 103 72	8 20 18	4 14 14	117 240 223	5 22 16	20 38 50	2 63 104	27 123 170	10 38 40	2, 185 4 294 2, 698	234.60 205	1-16 1-12 1-12 1-10 1-16	2X 22 44
ontinental,	Lehigh Valley Coal Company,	1	81	84	13	2	181	16	53	85	154	22	1,393	194	1-12	•
ennsylvania,	Union Coal Company,	2	229	114	28	15	386	25	95	116	236	81	,	240	1-14 1-16 1-16	5(4) 4)
lickory Swamp,	do. S. S. Bickel & Co.,	1 1 1	84 79 114	52 76 32	8 10 4	2 5 2	147 171 158	11 15 7	60 71 12	90 66 71	151 152 90	84 25 15	1, 187 972 2,034	214 75 220 220	1-16 1-16 2-12	4
larfield,	Charles Hutchinson,	1	47 38 5 2	15 6 4	2 1 1	2	67 47 10	7 8 2	41 15 4	21 13	69 36 6	8 5 5	251 60 24	89 25 63 204 226	none.	

McAuley, Big Mountain, No. 2	J. Langdon & Co.* Douty & Baumgardner, Allan Mann, John Q. Williams, Lehigh Valley Coal Company,		1 14 2 1 2 1 2	26 4	1	.	6 43 7 4 8	4 1 2 5	4 . 29 2 3 . 4 .	3 56 1 3 9	20 1 2 2 5	75 50 20 20	105 100 100	none.	
ine Ing.	Sinking shaft; 35 men employed	sinking and wo	rking or	talde.	_	!), 105		•	6, 463	1,946	92, 420 † A ver	†192.50 age.		

			VENTIL	ATION.				Масни	TRBY.		_		coal
Coli.inring.	Operators		Revolutions per min- ute.	Furnsce.	Number of engines.	Diameter of cylin- der-inches.	Stroke- inches.	Boisting-drum — di- aneter in feet.	Hoisting-rope — di- ameter in inches.	Number of bollers.	Length in feet.	Dismeter in inches.	Number of tons of a
Mt. Carmel Shaft, Bast,	Phila, and Reading Coal	and Iron Co.,	85 70	None,	7 9	9 to 24 12 to 55	24 to 49 12 to 120	101 to 5 6 to 12	11 each 12 to 14	19 26	80 to 841 28 to 30	80 to 40 84	167 115 00 82, 309 00
West Brookside,	do.	đo.	110 78	l						<u> </u>	 • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		820,000.00
Bear Valley,	đo. đo.	do. do.	80 60 70		7	10 to 20 12 to 18	15 to 49 30 to 72	9] & !2 6) to 7]	1 to 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	22 12	30 to 31 28½ to 30½	20 to 36 82 to 34	88 631.00 64 163.00
Keystone,	do.	do.	40		,	12 to 60	24 to 120	7} to 14	10 10 2	16	80	84	60,672.00
* Locust Run,	do. do.	do. do.	90			14 to 24	24 to 48	8 to 11	11 10 2	12	80 to 80±	34 to 38	86, 288 00
Locust Spring.	do.	do.	100		5	12 to 18	24 to 48	12	11	12	80 to 801	34 to 36	80, 507, 00
Potts,	do. do. do. do.	do. do. do. do.			9 4 4 7	10 to 50 9 to 18 14 to 18 12 to 55	12 to 120 24 to 86 24 to 86 80 to 120	10 to 134 14 Av. 94 8 to 18	11 to 2	38 17 13 22	20 to 301 301 25 to 37 25 to 301	30 to 86 84 84 to 36 80 to 84	18 331.00 102, 127.00 58 119.00 71 596 00
Tunnel,	do. do. do.	do. do. do.	79 140 60 50		8 5 5	12 to 50 12 to 16 10 to 18	80 to 120 24 to 36 30 to 86	8 to 13 12 61 to 7	1) to 2 2 1)	40 12 10	22] to 31 29] to 38 30 to 80]	34 to 40 30 to 38 34 to 38	90, 119 00 83, 517.00 78 278 00
Locust Gap,	do. do. do. do.	do. do. do. do.	::::		5 5 2 4	10 to 20 12 to 16 18 to 20 6 to 18	12 to 72 24 o 80 43 12 to 86	8 to 12 8 to 84 8 to 94 8	14 to 24	16 22 14 12	80 80 26 to 30 25 to 30	34 30 to 34 34 30 to 34	66, 424.00 19 194.00 6, 298.00 43 039 00
Monitor,	do. do. Patterson & Llewellyn, C. W. Kingsley & Co.,	do. do.	90 75 Each 80		7 5 5	10 to 21 10 to 20 8 to 18	24 to 72 18 to 48 18 to 38	8 to 101 5 to 12	14	16 10 12	80 to 40 25 to 80 80	34 to 36 84 to 36 36	93 543 00 91 127.00 139 742 05 137.096.06
Enterprise,	Thomas Baumgardner & J. Langdon & Co.,	Co.,	120 140 100	None,	3 10	12 to 24 12 to 24	30 to 50 24 to 48	101 to 19 10	Each 1	28 21 2	281 to 30 28 30	30 to 36 84 80	107 875 C4 55, 628. 17
Sterling,	Kendrick & Co.,	• • • • • • • •	120 100		6	10 to 16	24 to 89	12	11	12	81	80	104 401 01

REPORT OF VENTILATION, EMPLOYEES, COAL MINED, DAYS WORKED, &c.-Continued.

Royal Oak,	Tillet & Bro., Mineral R. R. and Manufacturing Co., do. do. do. do.	120 100	None, 12 None, 12 None, 9 None, 8	14 to 18 30 to 36	6 to 12 6 to 10 6 to 10	1½ to 1½ 1½ to 1½ 1½ to 1½	1 22 28 30 22 30 14 30	30 36 31 30 to 36	3 118.10 207,988.06 124,826.02 82,017 06
Lykens Valley,	Lykens Valley Coal Company, Summit Branch Coal Company, Smith & Keiser, William Schwenk & Co., Lewis A. Kiley & Co.,	80 to 90 80 85 90	None, 4		5 to 18 7 to 16 	1½ to 2 1½ to 2 1½ 1½ 1½ 1½ to 1½	61 27 t 37 71 30 2 16 5 30 20 30 28 30	30 to 36 33 34 34 34 to 36 34	136, 922, 19 359 127, 19 19, 900, 05 33 007, 16 151, 983, 18 200, 795, 18
† Hazle Dell,	do. Montelius, Righter & Co.,	70 75 73 75 80	None, 7		7 & 8 4 to 6 8 10	1½ 18 12	4 30 to 36 21 32	34 to 43 84	146 379.07 189 656.12
Continental,	Lehigh Valley Coal Company, Union Coal Company,	90 108 72 28	5 7	12 to 18 36 to 60 12 to 18 24 to 38	134 6 to 124	12 to 12	22 25 30	84 80 to 84	60 131.17 120, 249.05
Morris Ridge,	S. S. Bickel & Co.,	75	5 3 9 None 2	10 to 25 30 to 60	6 to 12 10 8 91	1 to 11 12 12 12 14 14 14	9 30 15 30 8 30 8 28 to 80 5 30	30 to 34 36 34 30 to 36 30 to 34	28 740.04 97 684.17 96 112 02 4, 382 16 4, 940.04
Big Run Gap,	James Fennel, David Vaughan, Israel Nye, J. Langdon & Co.,		None,	18 36	None,	No No	ne,	30	1,940.06 737 00 1,836.00
McAuley	John Q. Williams, Lehigh Valley Coal Company,	: : : : :			8 	1 & 13 1 & 13	6 28 10 28 & 30 6 30 & 31	34 & 36 36	14 422 01 253.00 1,255 00
Total shipments, . Sold and consumed at c	ollleries,								,280 487.08 254 564.10
Total production,								4,	535, 051.13

^{*} Pumping water.

[†] Coal prepared at Centralia colliery breaker.

[‡] Pumping water.

⁵ Driving tunnel.

NAMES OF COLLIERIES IN OPERATION AND COAL MINED IN THIRD OR SHAMOKIN DIVISION OF THE MINING DISTRICT &OF SCHUYLKILL, FOR THE YEARS 1880, 1881, 1882, 1883, AND 1884.

it. Carmel Shaft, sast, Vest Brookside, sear Valley, surnside, teystone, ocust Run, ferriam, ocuet Spring, otts, Ootth Ashland,	Alaska Station, Northumberland county, Big Mine Run, Northumberland county, Tower City, Schuylkill county, Shamokin, Northumberland county, Carbon Run, Northumberland county, Locust Dale, Schuylkill county, Locust Dale, Schuylkill county,	l'hila, and Read. Coal and Iron Co., do. do. do. do. do. do. do. do. do. do. do.	142, 999 .12 102 089 .13 308 616 04 53 300 07 45 758 09	184 358.05 91 785.04 874 583 00 73.174.13	192, 130 07 90 160, 18 289 892, 02	196 381.16 112 875 13 351 971.06	167 115 00 82 3C9 00
Vest Brookside, Dear Valley, Urnside, Leystone, Tower (ity, Schuylkill county, Shamokin, Northumberland county, Carlon Run, Northumberland county, Locust Dale, Schuylkill county, Locust Dale, Schuylkill county,	do. do. do. do. do. do. do. do.	308. 616. 04 53 300 07	874 583 00	289 892.02	112 875 13	82 309 00	
Vest Brookside, Dear Valley, Urnside, Leystone, Tower (ity, Schuylkill county, Shamokin, Northumberland county, Carlon Run, Northumberland county, Locust Dale, Schuylkill county, Locust Dale, Schuylkill county,	do, do, do, do, do, do,	53 300 07		289 892.02	251 971 06	0.00 000 00	
ear Valley, urnside, eystone, ocust Run,* lerriam, ocuet Spring, otts, orth Ashland,	Shamokin, Northumberland county, Carbon Run, Northumberland county, Locust Dale, Schuylkill county, Locust Dale, Schuylkill county,	do. do.		73, 174, 13			320 000.00
urnside, eystone, ocust Run,* erriam, ocuet Spring, otts, orth Ashland,	Carbon Run, Northumberland county, . Locust Dale, Schuylkill county, Locust Dale, Schuylkill county,	do. do.	45 758.09		69, 634, 08	\$2 056.L7	83, 631, 00
eystone, ocust Run,* lerriam, ocuet Spring, otts, orth Ashland,	Locust Dale, Schuylkill county, Locust Dale, Schuylkill county,	do. do.		50 918.15	68 048,02	58 560.07	64 163 00
ocust Run,*erriam, ocust Spring, ocust Spring, otts, orth Ashland,	Locust Dale, Schuylkill county,		2, 730, 10	7 728 17	2 709 06	28,025.18	69,672 00
erriam, ocuet Spring,		do. do.					.,
ocuet Spring,	Locust Summit.	do, do,	83.099 12	92, 589, 13	116 771 16	92 026 12	86 283 00
otts, orth Ashland,	Locust Gap, Northumberland county,	do. do.	94 143.07	90 508.03	95 447 17	100 536 06	80 567 00
orth Ashland,	Locust Dale, Schuylkill county,	do, do,	77 623.03	96 240 11	83 941 05	49.004.07	13 331.00
	Dark Corner, Columbia county,	do. do.	99, 048, 15	119 300 09	111. 085 16	122 490.04	102, 127.00
reston, Nos. 1 and 2,	Girardville, Schuylkill county,	do. do.	41, 487, 07	63 491.14	68, 028, 15	84 914 68	102, 121.00
reston, No. 2,	Girardville, Schnylkill county,	do. do.	12, 20101	00 101.11	00, 020. 10	01 011 03	58 119 00
reston, No. 3,	Girardville, Schuylkill county,	do. do.	79, 356 16	89 578 02	86 078.18	86 545,10	71 598 00
unnel.	Ashland, Schuylkill county,	do. do.	7.10		49 094 17	86 545.10	90, 119, 00
orth Franklin, No. 1,	Trevorton, Northumberland county,	do. do.	63 180.05	93 3:0.10	86 382.11	20, 195 16	33 517.00
orth Franklin, No. 2, .	Trevorton, Northumberland county,	do. do.	00 100.00	80 0.0.10	00 002.11	80.722 C4	76 273 00
ocust Gap,	Locust Gap, Northumberland county,	do. do.	92 401.18	86 CGO CO	71 204 13	58 646.03	66 424.UC
eerless,	Shamokin, Northumberland county,	do. do.	DE 401.10	80 (00 00	71 204 15	22 155 07	19 194 00
uck Ridge	Shamokin, Northumberland county,	do. do.	•			5 712.04	6 398 00
reen back,	Greenback, Northumberland county,	do. do.	25 885 03	30, 358 08	42 514 15	66 780.10	48 029.00
onitor,	Locust Gap, Northumberland county,	do. no.	119, 942, 13	126 062 09	181 546.11	145, 295 09	93 543.00
eliance,	Mt. Carmel, Northumberland county,	do. do.	81 634.07	104,964 12	118 840 16	104 262.19	91 127 0
ameron,	Shamokin, Northumberland county,	M. R. R. and Mining Company,	160, 853 13	175, 655 16	164 506 11	181 279 11	207 963.00
uke Fidler,	Shamokin, Northumberland county,	do, do,	118,648.03	140 291 06	124 973 15	121 502 10	124 826 03
	Hickory Ridge, Northumberland county,	do. do.	110,040.00				
ickory Ridge,	Shamokin, Northumberland county,		137, 442, 11	23 311.16	23. 640. 16	26 395.(3	32,017 00
hort Mtn. & Lykens Val.	Wiconisco, Dauphin county,	Lykens Valley Coal Company,	171, 4.7.05	17s 959.06 193 188.17	168 789 15	176 894 17	189 742.00
			109,691.03		195.096.10	201 632 16	195, 922, 19
lenry Clay, No. 1,	Shamokin, Northumberland county,	J. Langdon & Co., do.	100,001.00	114 935.03	91 674.18	82 283.14	55, 628.17
ellson, †	Excelsior, Northumberland county,			ľ v	1		107 000 0
xcelsior,	Excelsior, Northumberland county,	C. W. Kingsley & Co.,					187 096.06
nterprise,	Enterprise, Northumberland county,	Thomas Baumgardner & Co.,	80, 930, 15			*** *** **	107 375.0
tirling,	Carbon Run, Northumberland county, .	Kendrick & Co.,	2, 197 01	95 (36 18	99 339.18	111, 264, 14	104, 401.01
oyal Oak,	Shamokin. Northumberland county,	Tillet & Bro.,		4 806 CO	3 850.00	4 696 18	3 118 10
Villiamstown,	Williamstown, Dauphin county,	Summit Branch Coal Co.,	227, 169.06	279, 790.01	342 219.09	364 866 C7	359, 127, 19
ancaster,	Coal Run, Northumberland county, .	Smith & Keiser,				21.893.07	19,900. G
lack Diamond,	Mt. Carmel. Northumberland county, .	Schwenk & Co.,	28, 125, 15	7 368.19	21, 829. 11	82 830.00	33 007.16
entralia,	Centralia, Columbia county,	Lewis A. Riley & Co.,	* * *	10,662 01	88 283.00	125 438.11	151.988 18
ogan,	Centralia, Columbia county,	do	10.000.00		231 169 00	225 614.15	200,795.18
azle Dell,‡	Centralia, Columbia county,	do	16 270.06	29 (00 00	7 869.01		
It. Carmel,	Mt. Carmel, Northumberland county, .	Montelius, Reighter & Co.,	58, 000, 00	135 612.14	170.642 18	162 649 12	146, 870 (
lig Mine Run,	Big Mine Run, Northumberland county,	J. Taylor & Co.,	111 683.12	134 525 01	182 362 11	181. 572 08	138, 656 12
ontinental,	Centralia, Columbia county, Green Ridge, Northumberland county, .	Lehigh Vailey Coal Company, Union Coal Company,	79, 598, 00 105, 832, 13	62 506 06 118, 887 00	16 541 17 125, 167, 01	63 831.01 118 783.14	60 131 17 120 249.00

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Mt. Carmel, Northumberland county,	8.8. Bickel & Co.,			6 805.07	52 601.08	97 634 1
Conversam two Columbia county.	Isaac May & Co		45 507 03	55.490 US	79,080,09	86 112.0
					l i	4 382.1
Shamokin, Northumberland county.					4, 603, 00	4 940.
William's Valley Dannbin county	James Fennel			9.409.00		1,940.
					1 000 00	787.
Vallar View Schnwibill county					1 959 15	1, 836
						14 422.
	Allun Mann		82 196 VG	21,000 10		253
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		200 00	• • • •	• • • •		1, 200
Shamakin' Wankumkaning a		00.091 **	40 010 00	AT 00 4 **	00.010 -=	
	Cruiksnank & Co.					
	May, Audenried & Co.,					
l					2,860.00	
Shamokin, Northumberland county,	M. E. Robinson,		14 466 02	8 070 04	i	
			l			
Ashland,					871.00	
					ادسا	
Barry township, Schuyikill county,	William Cleaver & Co.,	8 968 00	29, 917. 19	23 368 10		
	G. Tibbetts & Co	2 197 01	i			
Centralia, Columbia county.		330.07	73 10			
		70.00			ì	
		24 10				
					9,990,00	
		104, 208, 09	142 481 11	125 464 14		
, musci prisc, normamoerimaa county,	Enterprise Company,	15.011.00				
market		2 295 216 15	4 181 496 17	4 920 054 00	4 440 917 08	4 280 487.
						254, 564.
1 8 5 COM COM COM COM COM COM COM COM COM COM		170,100.08	20, 501.10	200, (1) 01	44 4 430.04	421, 001.
ation		2 481 271 10	4 122 401 12	4 890 700 04	4 612 102 12	4 E25 OE1
zuon,	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	a, 901, 8/1.18	4 462,001.13	9,055 799.04	1 010 102.12	4, 555.051.
		ı	ı			
	Conyngham twp., Columbia county, Bhamokin. Northumberland county, William's Valley, Dauphin county, Valley View, Schuylkill county, Doutyville, Northumberland county, Beaver township, Columbia county, Mt. Carmel, Northumberland county, Shamokin, Northumberland county, Shamokin, Northumberland county, Shamokin, Northumberland county, Mahanoy Valley, Northumberland co., Ashland, Glen City, Columbia county, Barry township, Schuylkill county, Centralia, Columbia county, Ashland, Montana, Columbia county, Excelsior, Northumberland county, Excelsior, Northumberland county, Excelsior, Northumberland county, Enterprise, Northumberland county, market, d at collieries,	Conyngham twp., Columbia county, Bhamokin. Northumberland county, William's Vailey, Dauphin county, Valley View, Schuyikili county, Beaver township, Columbia county, Mt. Carmel, Northumberland county, Shamokin, Northumberland county, Malanoy Valley, Northumberland co, Ashiand, Glen City, Columbia county, Montana, Columbia county, Barry township, Schuyikili county, Centralia, Columbia county, Ashland, Montana, Columbia county, Excelsior, Northumberland county, Excelsior, Northumberland county, Excelsior, Northumberland county, Excelsior, Northumberland county, Excelsior, Northumberland county, Excelsior, Northumberland county, Excelsior, Northumberland county, Excelsior, Northumberland county, Excelsior, Northumberland county, Excelsior Coal Company, Excelsior Coal Company, Excelsior Coal Company, Market, dat collieries,	Conyngham twp., Columbia county, Bhamokin. Northumberland county, William H. Douty. (harles Hutchinson. 2,568 00 Valley View. Schuylkilli county, Beaver township, Columbia county, Mt. Carmel, Northumberland county, Mt. Carmel, Northumberland county, Mt. Carmel, Northumberland county, Mt. Carmel, Northumberland county, Mt. Carmel, Northumberland county, Mt. Carmel, Northumberland county, Mt. Carmel, Northumberland county, Mt. Carmel, Northumberland county, Msa, Audenried & Co., Shamokin, Northumberland county, Msay, Audenried & Co., Shamokin, Northumberland county, Msay, Audenried & Co., Msalianoy Valley, Northumberland co., Msay, Audenried & Co., Milliams, Mt. E. Robinson, Mt.	William H. Douty,	Conyngham twp., Columbia county, Lasac May & Co. William H. Douty, William H. Douty, William H. 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^{*}Pumping water. †Sinking shaft; 35 men employed sinking and working outside. ‡See Centralia colliery. Coal prepared at Centralia colliery breaker. \$L/riving tunn.i.

OMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF CASUALTIES, TONNAGE, AND EMPLOYEES OF THIRD, OR SHAMOKIN DIVISION OF MINING DISTRICT OF SCHUYLKILL.

YEAR.	Killed.	Injured.	Total.	Total number of employés.	Number of employes to each casualty.	Total number of tons of coal mined.	Number of tons of coal mined to each fatal casualty.	Number of tons of corl mined to each non-fatal casualty.	Ratio of tons of coal mined to each cas- ualty.	Number of tons of coal mined to each employe.
380,	34	124	158	11,616	78, 5	3,461,371.18	101,805.01	27,914.06	21,907.08	211.18
381,	48	147	195	11,865	60, 8	4,432,601.13	92,436.00	80,154.00	22,731.00	373.00
382,	44	182	226	12,978	57.4	4,588,799,04	104,290.00	25,213.00	20,804.00	353.00
283,	64	170	234	14,588	62, 4	4,813,162,12	75,205,14	28,312.15	20,141.14	829.18
\$84,	56	174	280	15,568	67.3	4,535,051,18	80,983,01	26,063.10	19,777.12	291.08
Total,	246	797	1,043	66,610	821,4	21,880,987.00	454,629,16	187,657,11	104,801.14	1,559.02
Average,	491	159	2083	18,322	64 25	4,366,197 08	90,925,19	27, 581, 10	20,960,07	811.16

LUZERNE AND CARBON COUNTIES.

MIDDLE DISTRICT.

OPFICE OF INSPECTOR OF MINES, WILKES-BARRE, PA., March 25, 1885.

To His Excellency ROBERT E. PATTISON,

Governor of Pennsylvania:

Sin: In accordance with the act of March 3, 1870, entitled "An act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in coal mines," I have the honor of presenting my fifth annual report, which contains the usual tables and lists of fatal and serious casualties. It also contains brief notes on the condition of the mines, the cave at the Enterprise colliery, the application of theoretical knowledge in mining, the effects of the law of diffusion of gases in mines, an apparatus for producing carbonic acid gas for protection in case of fire, a new head structure for sinking shafts, with plans, and a brief description of the colliery improvements, and of the fatal accidents which occurred during the year 1884.

The total number of serious casualties was 258, of which 97 were fatal. A number of those reported as non-fatal were of a very serious nature, so that doubt was entertained of their recovery.

The number of widows left was forty-eight, and of orphans one hundred and twelve.

The number of persons employed in and about the mines was increased over the number employed in 1883, so that at the end of 1884 there were 24,357 persons altogether employed, showing an increase of 2,882 over the number employed in 1883.

The total quantity of coal mined in 1884 was 7,881,985 tons, including coal shipped to market, coal sold for domestic purposes at the mines, and coal used for generating steam; but it does not include the culm used for that purpose. The quantity of coal mined for these purposes in 1883 was 7,667,221 tons, showing that an increase of production equal to 214,764 tons took place in 1884. This increase was effected chiefly by the collieries of the Susquebanna Coal Company. The average number of days worked

by the breakers was 203.57, while in 1883 they worked 223 days, and yet the production is larger by 214,764 tons, as stated. This shows that the producing capacity of this district was very largely increased, and that, by working 300 days, the large amount of 11,615,400 tons could be mined with the number of persons in employ during 1884. The collieries of the Susquehanna Coal Company worked 293 days, but the others only worked from 178 to 194 days, having been thrown idle more than one third of the time. Owing to so much idleness, the year 1884 has been a very trying one for those persons who were dependent on their labor at the mines for support, and many have suffered the need of usual comforts.

This report is respectfully submitted by

Your obedient servant,

G. M. WILLIAMS, Inspector of Mines.

Total Amount of Coal Mined During the Year 1884.

				. 623,343.8
				. 1,598,739
				. 1,381,322.85
				. 1,299,323.90
				. 403,031
				. 2,576,224.55
			•	. 7,881,985.10

Number of Fatal Accidents and Amount of Coal Produced per Life Lost.

NAMES OF THE COMPANIES.	Number of lives lost.	Coal mined per life lost —tons.
Lehigh Valley Coal Company. Lehigh and Wilkes-Barre Coal Company, Delaware and Hudson Canal Company, Susquehanna Coal Company, Wyoning Valley Coal Company, Miscellaneous coal companies, New collieries not yet producing coal,	15 10 22 4	47,949 106,582 138,132 59,060 100,757 88,885
Total—all coal companies,	97	81,257

Number of Employés and Tons of Coal Mined per Person Employed.

NAMES OF THE COMPANIES.	Number of persons employed.	
Lehigh Valley Coal Company, Lehigh and Wilkes-Barre Coal Company, Delaware and Hudson Canal Company, Susquehanna Coal Company, Wyoming Valley Coal Company, Miscellaneous coal companies,	1,904 6,643 3,651 2,954 1,262 7,583	327.38 240.66 378.34 439.85 324.11 339.73
Total—all coal companies,	28,997	328.45

There were three hundred and sixty persons employed at the close of the year in new shafts, adding which to the above number makes the total number of persons employed in this district twenty-four thousand three hundred and fifty-seven, an increase of two thousand eight hundred and eighty-two over the number employed in 1883.

Average Number of Days Worked and Tons of Coal Mined per Day.

NAMES OF THE COMPANIES.	Average days in op- eration.	Tons of coal mined per day.			
Lehigh Valley Coal Company, Lehigh and Wilkes-Barre Coal Company,	: :	: :	: :	181.91 178.85	8,426.66 8,938.99
Delaware and Hudson Canal Company,		• •	• •	194.06 293.68	7,118.0 4,425.0
Wyoming Valley Coal Company,				182.16 190.81	2,212.10 13,501.5
in macchanous companios,				100.01	10,001.0

Classification of Fatal and Non-Fatal Accidents.

. CAUSES OF ACCIDENTS.	Number killed.	Number seriously injured.	
By explosions of carbureted hydrogen,		4	22
By falls of roof and coal.		37	49
By falling down shafts,		1 8	
By cars underground,		18	39
By explosions of powder and blasts, Miscellaneous causes—inside,	• •	1 11	21
Miscellaneous causes—outside,		15	18
Totals,		97	161

Number of widows, forty-eight; orphans, one hundred and twelve.

TABLE No. 1.—Showing the number of each class of employees, number seriously and fatally injured, per centum of each class injured and killed, and per centum of each class fatally or seriously injured during 1884.

	PERSONS EMPLOYED UNDERGROUND.							PERSONS EMPLOYED ON SURFACE.							
	Bosses.	Minere.	Laborers.	All classes of company men.	Drivers and run- ners.	Door-boys.	Bosses.	Mechanics.	Head and plate- men.	All classes of company men.	Drivers and run-	Slatc-pickers.	Persons employ- ed innew shafts.		
Number of each class of employees,	79	5,338	5,004	2,003	2 009	974	67	576	633	2,111	258	4, 807	26		
Number seriously injured,		63	34	เเ	28	6		1	1	7	1	1			
Number fatally injured,	1	87	20	8	9	4		3		7	1	4	<u>[</u>		
Per centum injured,		1.28	0 67	0.54	1.33	0 61		0.17	0.15	0.88	0.39	0.02	0.8		
Per centum fatally injured,	1.28	0.64	0.39	0.89	0.43	0 41		0.52		0. 33	0 39	0.08	1.		
er centum either killed or injured,	1.26	1.94	1.07	0.94	1 76	1.02		0 69	0 15	0.66	0.78	0 10	1.		

TABLE No. 3.—Showing tons of coal mined, number of persons employed, number of days worked by breakers, number of lives lost, and tons of coal mined per life lost, for each year from 1871 to 1884, inclusive.

	CLASSIFICATION OF FATAL ACCIDENTS UNDER-							NDER-			ned	
Years.	Tons of coal mi	A verage number persons employe	Average number of days in operation.	Explosion of CH gas.	Falling of roof and coal.	Falling down shafts.	Crushed by mine cars.	Explosions of powder and blasts.	Miscellaneous causes.	Ou surface. Total lives lost.		Tons of coal min
	3, 000, 000 3 250 000 4, 222, 000 4, 513 647 4 261, 223 4, 615, 386 4, 690 377 4, 092 372 6, 310, 256 5, 708, 313 7, 021, 508 7, 021, 508 7, 059 358 7, 687, 221 7, 881, 985	9 870 9 807 11 325 13,576 15,008 14 317 14 073 13,045 15 582 15 987 16,808 18 339 21 475 24 857	187. 43 221. 58 228. 97 223 69 203 57	1 8 9 6 7 1 7 12 8 10 10	13 15 11 17 19 23 25 14 30 11 28 22 25 27	2 3 3 3 14 1 2 	6 7 13 9 5 4 1 5 15 12 10 16 15	1 4 5 10 13 4 4 5 2 7 8 14	24 4 7 1 4 8 3 1 7 3 8 6 4	6 3 9 7 8 2 2 3 2 7 18 5 10	53 40 46 57 63 55 38 36 55 79 73 89	55 000 81,560 92 000 80,000 67,629 83,916 107,377 113 399 97 060 111,937 88,879 96 703 86,148 81,257
Totals,				96	290	50	136	88	75	98	842	87, 51

General Condition of the Mines.

Eighty-four openings, including the new shafts and slopes in progress of sinking, were in operation in this district during the year 1884. All of these except eleven produced more or less coal for the market. The underground workings are maintained in about the same condition as they were upon my previous report for the year 1883, excepting that a marked improvement was made in some of the mines in which the ventilation was not then satisfactory. A fan was erected in the West End mine, which improved the ventilation very effectively. The workings are now kept clear of smoke, and are much healthier for the workmen therein. present proprietors began operating the Black Diamond colliery, in Luzerne borough, the colliery has been very effectively improved, and a new shaft is now being sunk upon which a new fan is to be erected to produce a more effective ventilation. I have complained frequently of the ventilation of this mine, but under the old management the required improvements were continually deferred. Now the improvements in progress will shortly bring the mine to a satisfactory condition.

The Conyngham and Baltimore Slope mines, both of which were seriously damaged by inundation of water the latter part of 1883, have since been restored to their former order. The second openings, and all matters pertaining to the safety of the men employed therein, are satisfactory.

At the Warrior Run colliery the ventilation, for some time past, was rather small, but they have succeeded in increasing its volume to a small extent by enlarging the outlet air-passages. Now it is in a fair condition; still, the margin is small, and they will have to be watchful, or, as the workings advance, it may soon become inadequate again.

The air-ways in every mine, where practicable, should be made of sufficient area to have the cars follow the miners. The old system of wheeling the coal in a wheelbarrow should be abandoned; it is both laborious and expensive, and the miners very reluctantly drive the air-ways wider than is necessary to pass the wheelbarrow, where such system is in vogue. The inevitable consequences of having small air-ways is a small quantity of air for ventilation.

At the Old Slope Franklin colliery a marked increase of ventilation was effected by making a change in the construction of the outlets of the double fan, and also by enlarging the main air-ways in the mine. This mine is now in much safer and better condition generally than it was at the beginning of the year 1884. Other improvements are contemplated, which, if made, will still enhance the safety and producing capacity of this mine.

The mines of the large companies, those of the Lehigh Valley, Lehigh and Wilkes-Barre, Susquehanna Coal Companies, and Delaware and Hudson Canal Companies, are generally in good condition. I find, though, that even in the mines of these companies the ventilation is conducted through the faces of the workings better in the gaseous mines than in the ones producing no gas. The bosses of some of the mines in which no explosive gases

are evolved become rather too indifferent to the ventilation, and allow the air to return on the gangways without passing the faces of the breasts, where, as is well-known, it is mostly wanted. The only reason for this is that, to keep the current at the faces, it requires check-doors, and a few air-stop-These, of course, cost a small sum of money, but the delay caused by having smoky passages for drivers and others to work in, costs fully as much, besides the increased danger to their lives and limbs which arises therefrom. I find a tendency to be thus indifferent to a proper distribution of the air through the faces in some of the Delaware and Hudson mines on the west side of the Susquehanna river, more especially in those mines where no fire-damp is emitted. The same carelessness is extant in a number of the mines operated by the small companies. Still, in viewing the mines generally, a rapid progress is being made in the ventilation and general condition of the mines, the producing capacity is increased, and to accomplish that, wider passages, better and cleaner roads, larger quantity of air, and better and more rigid discipline are required and maintained, and these, together, produce far cheaper, safer, and better system of mining coal.

A Cave at the Enterprise Colliery.

During the night, September 4, 1884, the workings of the Enterprise colliery suddenly, and very unexpectedly, began to squeeze. The pump-runner, who was the only person in the mine, heard it, and ran out to inform the officials. A gang of men were soon set to work to bring the mules out, but, while this was being done, and while a number of the mules were yet in the mine, the whole extent of the workings below the level of the shaft to a point some distance above that closed in, and, simultaneously, the atmosphere of the mine became explosive. The pillars, by being crushed, relieved all the occluded gas, which was emitted in such quantities that it caused the air to become explosive everywhere from the top of the upcast down to the mine.

The abandoned workings of the Hillman seam, directly over this portion of the Enterprise workings, were full of water, which, in a week or two after the cave, was discovered to have run down through the crevices and filled the space caved below the level of the shaft. In this time, gangs of men were employed to re-open the gang-ways leading to the plane and to the slope, but, upon discovering the water filling, their efforts had to be concentrated on pumping and hoisting the water out. Both cages and pumps were employed for that purpose, and have been so employed to the date of this writing, and this means appears, at present, to prove inadequate. The company, in the meantime, has concluded to put in more powerful machinery for both pumping and hoisting. The present old single hoisting engine is to be changed, and a pair of direct-acting hoisting engines of much greater power is to be put in its place. When the new machinery is set to work, they think that the upper portion of the mine can, in a short time, be opened and a considerable quantity of coal obtained. In the

meantime, the lowest seams will be opened and prepared to put coal out. The suddenness of the cave is rather a mystery, and is explained only on the presumption that the distance between the seams worked, viz: the upper and lower split of the Baltimore, was small, and the pillars in both, perhaps, not being directly over each other, the intervening rock gave way in those portions of the old workings where the props had rotted away. Consequently, when the crush began, it naturally spread very rapidly over the excavated parts until some point strong enough to stand the pressure of breaking the superincumbent strata was reached to stop its further progress.

This colliery gave employment to about three hundred and fifty persons, who all resided in the vicinity of the colliery, and the closing of the mine has been a great loss to them and their families. It is hoped, however, that ere long the mine will again be in operation, and that all can return to work in the immediate vicinity of their homes.

The Application of Theoretical Knowledge to the Practice of Coal Mining.

It is evident that the theoretical knowledge of the principles governing the various branches of work, and the laws governing the ventilation of mines, is not appreciated, or at least is not valued so highly as it should be by the proprietors of coal mines. It is also evident that those foremen who possess such knowledge, coupled with practical experience, are the most progressive. They are the persons who advance new methods, devise new applications, and are best prepared to cope with new emergencies. The methods and appliances used in the mining of anthracite coal have been greatly improved during late years, but all these improvements are the product of persons who possess both practical and theoretical knowledge of the laws relating to the requirements of this industry. A man's life is too short, and his practical experience too limited, to obtain therefrom the requisite knowledge and qualities necessary to cope successfully with the varied difficulties and dangerous situations liable to be met in a coal mine. The mine foreman, then, should read and learn from the experience of others. The operators and proprietors of coal mines should choose men for such positions who not only are practical, but who also read and study the laws relating to the working of mines. A persistent study of the principles of all matters connected with coal-mining ought to be encouraged and appreciated more than it appears to be at present. There are bosses of twenty years' experience who have never seen firedamp, have not seen a division of air-currents, and have not seen any method of circulating the air-currents besides that exercised in their own mine, and their knowledge of mining is thus limited to what they have learned in their own very limited experience as foreman. Yet they have such unlimited confidence in their own system of working that it is impossible to impress them with anything new as being an improvement; they have no confidence in "book-learning," and believe they have acquired all the knowledge worth knowing about coal-mining. Such men are valuable only as long as the mine remains in its primitive condition. If explosive gases should appear and a larger volume of air be required, they are unfit to manage the work, and it falls upon others to provide for these difficulties. Frequently, on such occasions, serious blunders are made, causing great expense and loss of life. On some occasions serious accidents have occurred under the management of good practical men that could easily have been avoided if they were in possession of the requisite theoretical knowledge. The lessons learned by practice are good and effective, but they are frequently learned at a fearful cost.

By all means, the operator of a colliery should encourage his foremen to increase their knowledge relating to their work; he should procure books and keep them at his office for his foremen's use, and impress on them the necessity of acquiring a thorough knowledge of their work.

The Law of Diffusion of Gases in Coal Mines.

In order to comprehend the various phenomena of the gases known as fire-damp, black-damp, and atmospheric air, in the ventilation of coal mines, it is essentially necessary that the law which regulates the diffusion of gases be understood, and especially so by the persons who have charge of gaseous mines. Of all laws relating to gaseous matter, the law of diffusion is the one, which, perhaps, has the most important influence on gases found in coal mines. From an erroneous belief, rather generally entertained, regarding the mutual relation and natural disposition of gases, serious mistakes arise, which sometimes lead to serious results. These errors are condoned, perhaps, because they are not understood to be errors, and the causes, as well as their effects, are attributed to some mysterious freak of nature.

It is a well known-fact that when accumulated bodies of gases are found standing in mines, those whose density is less than the density of atmospheric air are found at the roof of the highest points in the excavated workings, and those whose density is more than the density of atmospheric air are found along the floor and lowest points of the workings. Thus, it appears that gases, like liquids, arrange themselves in layers, one above the other, according to their respective densities.

This phenomena of gases, so frequently apparent in mines, have created erroneous and misleading impressions on the minds of many of the persons who daily witness them; consequently the mistakes referred to occasionally arise. In respect to liquids it is generally true that when poured together they arrange themselves in layers according to their densities; but in respect to gases this occurs only to a certain extent and under certain conditions. The law known as the law of diffusion of gases displays a very important influence in the distribution of gaseous matter in coal mines, and its mysterious effects need to be more generally understood by employés of coal mines. The effects of the diffusion of gases are very clearly demonstrated in the atmosphere, which is constituted of nitrogen and

oxygen mixed together in the proportion of four fifths of nitrogen to one fifth of oxygen. It contains also about four parts in ten thousand of carbonic acid. If these gases were arranging themselves in layers according to their densities or weights as liquids generally do, the carbonic acid would all settle and form an ocean of dense irrespirable atmosphere on the surface of the earth, in which no creature could live. Above this the oxygen would rest, and above that again the nitrogen.

The relative densities of carbonic acid is twenty-two; oxygen sixteen, and of nitrogen fourteen; therefore, their relative weights are the same, and although varying thus in density, they are found mixed in the said, and nearly unvarying, proportion, at every accessible point on the surface of the earth. This beneficial condition of the atmosphere is effected by the natural law of diffusion of gaseous matter. In consequence of the absence of cohesion among the particles of which gases and vapors consist, mixture take place amongst these bodies very freely; their particles never rest, but are continually moving and intermixing, and when once an equal intermixture has been effected it continues to be permanent and uniform.

The power of diffusion possessed by gas is surprisingly strong, so that it operates rapidly even against the force of gravity, and, contrary to what a superficial consideration might lead us to suppose, the more widely the gases differ in density, the more rapid is the process of intermixture.

The rapidity with which this diffusion occurs varies with the specific gravity of the gases, and the velocity, inversely as the square root of their densities. If two jars were filled, one with hydrogen gas, whose density is one, and the other with carbonic acid gas, the density of which is twenty-two, and if these jars were placed at a distance, one above the other, and connected by a long tube, the hydrogen jar being placed uppermost, in the course of a few hours the carbonic acid would find its way into the upper, whilst the hydrogen would pass downwards into the lower one, and ultimately the gases would be equally intermixed throughout both jars. The difference in the weight of these two gases is greater than the difference existing between water and mercury, and yet while placed in such a position the superior power of the law of diffusion overcomes the force of gravity, and the two gases finally mix and remain so mixed.

Graham determined the law which regulates the velocity of gaseous diffusion, and he seems to be recognized as an authority on this question. He determined by experiment that the diffusiveness, or diffusion volume, of a gas is in the inverse proportion of the square root of its density; consequently, the squares of the times of equal diffusion of the different gases are in the ratio of their specific gravities. Thus, if we take the density of air to be 1, the square root of that density is 1, and its diffusion volume also is 1; the density of hydrogen is 0.0692; the square root of that density is 0.2632, and its diffusion volume 0.0692; the square root of that density is 0.2632, and its diffusion volume 0.0692; the square root of that density is 0.2632, and its diffusion volume 0.0692; the square root of that density is 0.2632, and its diffuses, 0.0692; the square root of that density is 0.0692; the square root of that density is 0.0692; and its diffuses, 0.0692; the square root of that density is 0.0692; the square root of that density is 0.0692; and its diffuses, 0.0692; the square root of that density is 0.0692; the square root of that density is 0.0692; the square root of that density is 0.0692; the square root of that density is 0.0692; the square root of that density is 0.0692; the square root of that density is 0.0692; the square root of that density is 0.0692; the square root of that density is 0.0692; the square root of that density is 0.0692; the square root of that density is 0.0692; the square root of that density is 0.0692; the square root of that density is 0.0692; the square root of that density is 0.0692; the square root of that density is 0.0692; the square root of that density is 0.0692; the square root of that density is 0.0692; the square root of that density is 0.0692; the square root of that density is 0.0692; the square root of that density is 0.0692; the square root of that density is 0.0692; the square root of the roo

The following table, prepared by Graham, gives the specific gravity of several important gases found in coal mines, the square root of the density or ratio of the times required for the diffusion of equal volumes, if the time for air equals 1; the reciprocal of that square root, or calculated diffusiveness of the gas, and the actual numbers obtained by experiment when the barometric pressure and the temperature were the same for each gas.

DIF-		Gases.
LINEUS	10B 01	GBSCS.

Gas.	Density.	Square Root of Density.	$\sqrt{\frac{1}{\text{Density.}}}$	Velocity of Diffusion. Air = 1.		
Hydrogen, Marsh gas, Steam, Carbonic oxide, Nitrogen, Oxygen, Sulphureted hydrogen, Carbonic acid, Oletiant gas,	0.559 0.6285 0.9678 0.9718 1.1056 1.1912	0. 2682 0. 7476 0. 7896 0. 9837 0. 9856 1. 0515 1. 0914 1. 2365 0. 9889	3.7994 1.3875 1.2664 1.0165 1.0147 0.9510 0.9162 0.8087 1.0112	3. 83 1. 344 1. 0149 1. 0148 0. 9487 0. 95 0. 812 1. 0191		

Under the effects of this law of diffusion, gases which have been appaparently standing unaltered for several days, and sometimes for weeks or months, in some part of a mine, disappear unexpectedly even when no change to that effect is made in the ventilation. This occurs at the time when the gases evolving from the strata are exhausted, or when the rate of their effusion becomes less than the rate of their diffusion. When a body of fire-damp is brushed from a breast or from any place in a mine, or when this gas and air have by any means become mixed, they do not again separate, but continue to diffuse. In the meantime, the air may be so charged with marsh gas that the addition of a very small quantity would render the whole mixture explosive. It only requires one volume of carbureted hydrogen, or marsh gas, mixed with about fifteen volumes of atmosphericair to produce an explosive mixture.

It is commonly supposed that explosive gases cannot accumulate in shafts where the tops of such shafts are open or uncovered. The prevailing presumption is that if any carbureted hydrogen is emitted, its density being only about one half the density of air, it rapidly ascends and diffuses into the air of the atmosphere under the force of gravity. This is generally true, but there are conditions under which an accumulation may, and has, oftentimes taken place. In shafts where a very gaseous seam of coal or strata is cut, and the air-current passing feebly, or only of sufficient force to counteract the force of gravity, an accumulation is inevitable in all places where the quantity of gas evolving from the strata is greater than the quantity diffusing into the air. Under the same conditions dangerous gases accumulate in dip-gangways and on inclined passages even when a current of air is passing by the top of such passages, but this does not

occur frequently only in mines where very large volumes of gas are emitted.

It is very evident, therefore, that the effects of the law of diffusion should be familiar to all persons having charge of coal mines, and if more attention is given to this subject, after reading this article, the writer will have accomplished all he desired in writing it for this report.

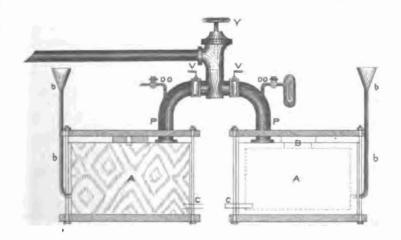
An Apparatus for Producing Carbonic Acid Gas for the Purpose of Extinguishing Fires in Mines.

In my annual report for the year 1882, a lengthy description of the methods adopted to extinguish fires in mines was given, in which reference was made to a fire extinguished by carbonic acid gas in the Wynnstay colliery, Rhuabon, North Wales, January, 1874. I now present in this report a plan of the apparatus used for the production of the gas, taken from a report of the said fire written by Mr. George Thomson, who had charge of the colliery. AA are two strong wooden boxes, six feet square by two feet deep, lined inside with sheet-lead, technically called chemical lead, so as to resist the action of the acid on the wood; bb are pipes provided with taps, through which the hydrochloric acid was poured into the boxes as required. BB are lids covering man-holes, through which the limestone, broken very small, was charged. CC are pipes with plugs leading from the bottom of the boxes for discharging the residuum, chloride of calcium, after the decomposition of each charge. PP are cast-iron pipes with separate valves vv, and a valve Y common to both. OO are small pipes, with taps for allowing the air to be expelled from the boxes, and also for attaching a mercury gauge to indicate the pressure of the gas during the opera-Whilst one box was giving off gas the other was being charged, and thus a continuous flow of gas was kept pouring into the mine.

The charge consisted of four hundred and fifty pounds of common limestone, broken very small, and it required, generally, about one hundred and twenty gallons of hydrochloric acid of 1.12 strength to decompose it. limestone was put in the box first, and the man-hole was closed and the cover fastened down, then the acid was poured in through the pipes bb. In the meantime, the mercury gauge was watched and the quantity of acid poured in was regulated to maintain a uniform pressure of about three inches of mercury. Each charge produced, by calculation, about thirtytwo hundred and forty cubic feet of incombustible gas. The time when each charge was exhausted was easily discovered by the reduced pressure indicated on the gauge, when, immediately, the valves were closed, the residuum withdrawn, and the charge renewed. Thus the operation was repeated, alternately, from each box as long as the gas was needed. The region of the fire was inclosed by thick brick walls, and the gas was forced in through pipes leading from the generators. Altogether, they put down about one hundred and sixty-two thousand cubic feet of carbonic acid gas, and the officials of the mine believe it had a very important effect. The gas collected from all the pipes and through the different stoppings, or walls, from

AN APPARATUS

FOR PRODUCING CARBONIC-ACID GAS.



SCALE 14 -I FOOT.

- AA TWO WOODEN BOXES.
- BB COVERS FOR MAN HOLES.
- C C = PIPES FROM BOTTOM OF BOXES.
- PP CAST IRON PIPES.
- VV VALVES.

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ttenhave

·Lit

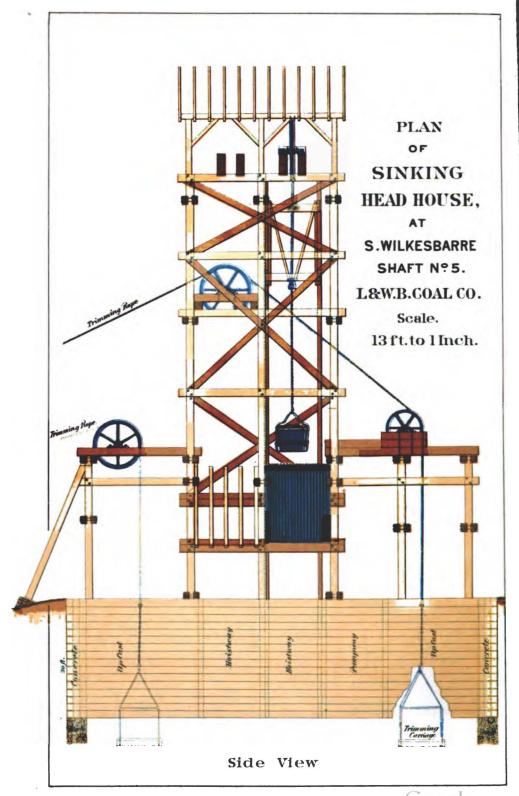
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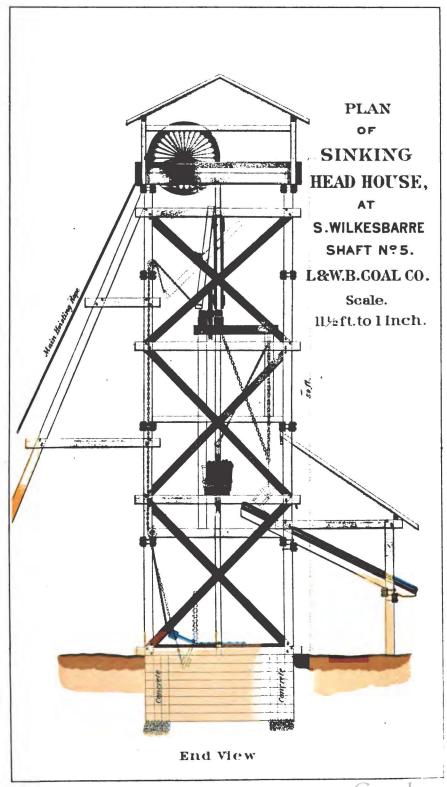
12

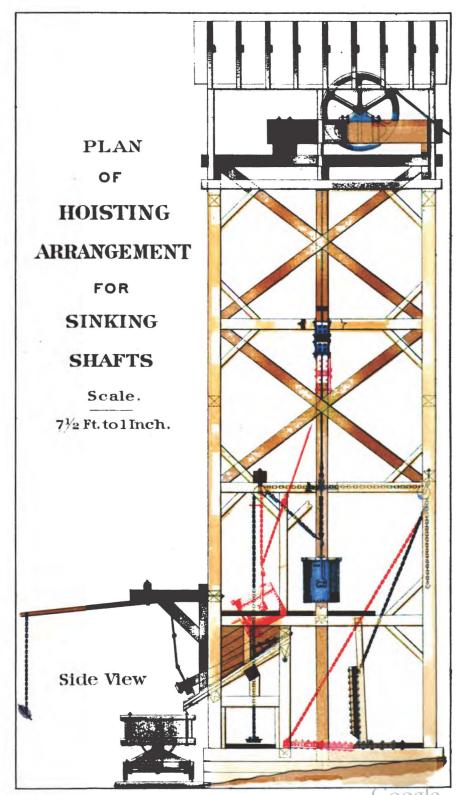
E.

Ł

- Y VALVE COMMON TO BOTH PIPES.
- 00 SMALL PIPES WITH TAPS.







PLAN

OF

HOISTING

ARRANGEMENT

FOR

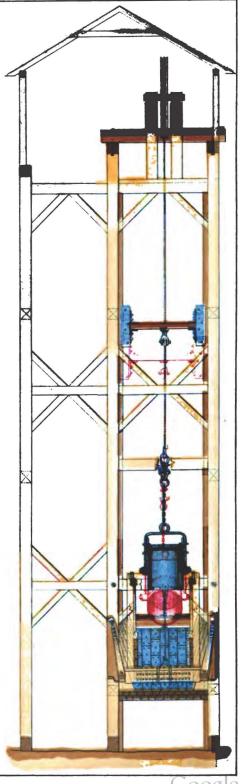
SINKING

SHAFTS

Scale.

7½ Ft. to 1 Inch.

End View



time to time, would not support combustion, and the temperature within the stoppings continued very moderate.

It may be interesting to state here that, in analyzing the gases within the stoppings, they found that a mixture of five per cent. of carbonic acid, with twenty-five per cent. of atmospheric air and seventy per cent. of carbureted hydrogen, extinguished flame instantaneously. On adding more air to the mixture and applying a match, it would not explode; but when pure oxygen was added, and a match applied, the mixture exploded gently. Further, when this gas was deprived of the carbonic acid by means of caustic soda and a match was applied, it would burn when issuing into the open air.

I have quoted freely from Mr. Thomson's paper, believing it will interest those who peruse our reports, but yet I would caution the reader against a too hasty conclusion to apply this method of extinguishing a fire. It is attended with much uncertainty as to its effect, and requires great care in re-opening the inclosed surroundings, lest fire still exist in close proximity to an explosive mixture of gases. I have no doubt that carbonic acid would prove effective and least dangerous in some cases where the circumstances permit an effective application in comparatively small confined spaces; and it may prove very useful and effective also for preventing explosions in some cases where a fire exists in a mine in which explosive gases are evolved. I have seen one or two fires where I think its application would have been very useful and effective, but I have seen many others where I believe its application would have proven ineffective and useless. Therefore, deliberate thought and consideration should be given to the matter in all its features before arriving at the conclusion of applying this method for extinguishing a fire in a coal mine.

Temporary Head Structures for New Shafts.

Through the kindness of Mr. J. F. Snyder, chief engineer of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad Company, and of Mr. W. F. Dodge, chief engineer of the Lehigh and Wilkes-Barre Coal Company, a plan of the structures used at their shafts is presented in this report. These structures are a great improvement on the ones hitherto used while sinking shafts in this region, and their introduction into use will surely save some lives while the perilous work of sinking shafts is effected in the future. The reader will see, by reference to the plans, that guides are provided to prevent the bucket from swinging. The rope passes through a cross-piece fitted to slide on the guides, and travels within about fifteen feet of the bucket to a point at the lowest end of the guides, where it rests, allowing the rope to pass through, and the bucket descends to the bottom. The buntings are put in place, and the guides extended down at intervals of about seventy-five feet.

A door, or cover, is made and arranged so as to close the top of the shaft while the bucket is being emptied, and prevents anything from falling into the shaft. In the Lehigh and Walkes-Barre plan, this cover closes

automatically as soon as the bucket ascends through the door-passage. The Delaware and Lackawanna plan has balance arrangement, so that the headman can easily close it when the bucket passes. Both are very good arrangements, and either one is worthy of adoption.

COLLIERY IMPROVEMENTS DURING 1984. The Lehigh Valley Coal Company.

In February, 1884, a new shaft was commenced by this company on the tract of land now worked from the Exeter shaft. It is located a short distance west of the Exeter shaft, and will be sunk to mine the seams lying beneath those mined in the Exeter. The size of the new shaft is twelve and a half by forty-eight feet, and it will reach a depth of about six hundred feet before cutting the intended seam. A block of coal was left unmined in the Pittston seam, through which this shaft passes, without making connection with the workings of the Exeter colliery. It was sunk at the close of the year 1884 to a depth of three hundred and fifty-five feet.

In the Prospect mine, a slope was sunk to the basin on north side of shaft to a depth of eight hundred feet, and an engine, worked by compressed air, is located at the top of the shaft to hoist the coal up. The engines which compress the air are located on the surface near the shaft, and the air is conveyed through pipes to the hoisting-engines in the mine.

At the Henry colliery, a new breaker was erected about three hundred feet north-east of the shaft. It was completed ready to connect with the shaft by the beginning of December, 1884, when work was suspended to tear the old structure away, and connect the new one. It was started about one week prior to the close of the year. This was a very important improvement at this colliery. It has decreased the risk of descending the mine, besides increasing the facilities for shipping coal.

The Dorrance colliery breaker was started June, 1884, and they are shipping a small quantity of coal every month since. The second opening to connect the two shafts was completed by the beginning of October; but, owing to faults and dislocations interrupting the gangways, they have not been able to mine much coal. The mine is ventilated by a thirty-five-foot fan, Guibal pattern, which was started April 24, and is ever since producing ventilation far in excess of their present need, although running but very slowly. Mr. Mercer, the general superintendent of this company, evidently is bent on securing the best kind of machinery, as well as insuring the highest known degree of safety for both men and property.

The Lehigh and Wilkes-Barre Coal Company.

On April 1, this company began sinking their new shaft at South Wilkes-Barre, and located it about three hundred feet south-west of the old shaft. Its size is twelve by fifty-two feet, and it is intended to work the Red Ash and over-lying seams. It is expected to reach the Red Ash seam at a depth of about one thousand three hundred feet, and had reached a depth of two hundred and thirty feet at the close of the year 1884. Its sinking

is continued, but another year, at least, will pass before it will reach its destination.

In the Red Ash seam of the Empire mine, a slope was made to hoist the coal from the lowest point in the mine to a point on a level with the bottom of shaft. It is one thousand one hundred and sixty feet in length, on a grade of about twenty-five degrees, and it facilitates the drawing of coal from a wide extent of territory which was hitherto out of their reach.

The old Hartford breaker took fire and burned down about eight o'clock in the evening, January 22, and the old Jersey, or No. 8 breaker, was remodeled to take its place. This, however, is not large enough to pass the coal of more than one opening—the new slope, the other two slopes remaining idle. The tunnel at the bottom of the new slope was extended from the Ross to the Red Ash seam, a distance of 380 feet, from which a large extent of coal can be mined. The slope was also extended to a further depth of 950 feet where it touched the synclinal of the basin and opened a wide field of the Baltimore seam.

In the Stanton mine a slope was driven towards the basin in line with the bottom of the new air-shaft, which opens a new lift of excellent coal. The hoisting-engine is located at the top of the air-shaft on the surface and the rope is passed down the shaft and to the slope over pulley-wheels. It works admirably, and the inconveniece of having steam pipes in the mine, and the detrimental effects of the heat radiating therefrom, is thus successfully avoided.

A tunnel is being driven from the Baltimore to the Hillman seam, the size of which is 16×8 feet on a rising grade of nineteen degrees. By the close of the year, it was driven a distance of 222 feet, and it is expected to cut the Hillman seam at a distance of about 775 feet.

In the No. 11, or Lance colliery, a slope was sunk reaching from the level of the shaft-bottom to a length of 1,350 feet, the average grade of the coal-seam being seven degrees. A new gravity plane was made also in the same mine to lower the coal from the highest point of the workings.

Delaware and Hudson Canal Company.

A new shaft was started by this company in April, 1884, and completed to the Baltimore seam before the end of the year. It is located about a quarter of a mile south-east of the Mill Creek colliery. The depth of the shaft is 132 feet, and its size 10ft.×22ft. 8 in. It was sunk for the purpose of working the coal from a small basin, which cannot be reached from the Mill Creek slope. The coal will be shipped from the Mill Creek breaker. Therefore, it is intended to maintain the present production of the colliery, although some portions of the slope are about being exhausted.

The Baltimore Red Ash shafts reported last year are still in progress of sinking. The depth of No. 1 was 304 feet at the end of the year, and of No. 2, 382 feet. Both these shafts are located in Wilkes-Barre township, and are intended to work the Red Ash seam. For dimensions see table in this report.

At the Pine Ridge colliery a new double fan was erected to ventilate the workings of the Hillman and the Baltimore seams. The old fan was removed and the new one was placed at a distance from the shaft, so as to insure its safety in case the breaker takes fire. A passage is made, underneath the surface of the ground, leading from the shaft to the fan, through which the return air passes. This is arched by mason work, and is of sufficient area to pass a large quantity of air.

The Susquehanna Coal Company.

This company is making preparations to mine a large quantity of coal at the Newport colliery. A brief note was made of it in my previous report. The shaft is now at a depth of four hundred and ninety-five feet, having passed through four seams of workable coal, aggregating a thickness of twenty-six feet. A tunnel is also being driven which has reached a length of nine hundred and forty-two feet, having cut through three seams of coal in the first five hundred and eight feet; at which length it also cuts a fourth seam on the anticlinal axis, the thickness of which is not yet determined. The tunnel is continued across a small basin where more seams of coal are expected to be found.

Prepartions are in progress also to sink a slope to work the upper seams. The open cut and a short tunnel to an eight-foot seam is driven, and the slope will now be sunk in that seam, which promises to produce good coal. The coal from all these openings will be shipped from one breaker, which is now being erected, and bids fair to be the largest structure for the purpose ever erected in the anthracite coal region.

The No. 1 shaft, at Nanticoke, was extended from the Hillman to the Red Ash seam, and they are now driving a second opening, which is to be effected by holing into the workings of the No. 2 shaft.

A new fan was erected to ventilate a part of the workings of Nos. 1 and 2 shafts; the details relative to this may be seen in the table of new fans presented in this report.

The Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railread Company.

A new air shaft was sunk at the Avondale colliery of this company with the view of placing a new fan upon it to improve the ventilation. Its size is 12'×26" and its depth to the workings of the Red Ash seam is two hundred and forty-one feet.

The No. 1 Woodward shaft is now at a depth of eight hundred and fiftyone feet, and is still being sunk. The No. 2 was sunk to a depth of one
thousand and three feet, where it cut the lowest seam of coal supposed to
be in the property. These shafts pass through several excellent seams of
coal, and the capacity of these openings, when ready for mining coal,
promises to be very large.

The Pettibone shaft is still in progress of sinking and has reached a depth of three hundred feet.

The Ringston Coal Company.

The No. 4 shaft, sunk by this company, reached the Red Ash seam at a depth of six hundred and sixteen feet. This opens a very wide extent of territory and is expected to produce a large supply of coal. The second opening will be effected by opening into the workings of the No. 3 shaft of the same company.

The Franklin Coal Company.

Important improvements are in progress at the Franklin colliery. A new slope is being driven down across the measures to cut the Ross and Red Ash seams, and it has reached a depth of six hundred and ninety-three feet on a grade of thirty-three degrees. Eventually, when the slope cuts the Red Ash, a new breaker will be erected, from which all the coal of this colliery will thereafter be shipped. The ventilation of the old slope mine was considerably improved last year by enlarging the air-ways and by some modifications in the construction of the fan.

W. G. Payne & Company.

The East Boston shafts of this company were extended to lower seams. The main shaft to the Red Ash, a depth of three hundred feet, and the air-shaft to the Ross seam, a depth of two hundred and thirty-four feet. This improvement opens a large area of good coal for this company. The size of the main shaft is $11'\times22'$, and of the air-shaft $10'\times18'$.

Haddock & Steel,

A new air-shaft is in progress at the Black Diamond colliery of this company, and it has reached the Cooper seam at a depth of one hundred and fifty-two feet. Its sectional area is 12×12 feet. A tunnel was also driven on a rise of seventeen degress from the Bennett to the Cooper seam, by which a large piece of good coal is intended to be mined from a point some distance below the old Cooper workings.

The Red Ash Coal Company.

The new tunnel reported last year as being driven from the surface to the Red Ash seam by this company is completed. It cuts through the Ross seam at a distance of nine hundred and nineteen feet, where the coal was found to be nine feet thick. The Red Ash was reached at a distance of eleven hundred and ninety-seven feet, and the coal is of excellent quality. This tunnel drains all the workings of this company, and relieves them of the cost of pumping water. The slope was extended to the level of the said tunnel, and opens a new lift, of about five hundred feet in length, in both seams.

Thomas Waddell.

The Raubville shaft was extended from the Bennett to the Ross seams, a depth of two hundred feet. They are now driving a second opening.

Diniany & Co.

The air-shaft at the Schooley colliery of this company was completed to the Pittston seam, at a depth of three hundred and twelve feet. Its sectional area is one hundred and forty square feet. It was connected to the workings by June 1, 1884, since which time the colliery has been working upon its full capacity. A fan was erected at the main shaft, the diameter of which is eighteen feet, and it produces a ventilation of about seventy-five thousand cubic feet per minute. They have had more than ordinary trouble in opening this colliery, but the work has been successfully accomplished, and the mine is now in a fair condition.

The West End Coal Company.

The East End colliery of this company began to produce coal for the market in the month of March, 1884, and has been in operation since that time. Their openings are all above water-level, having driven a tunnel to the seams. At the West End colliery an air-shaft was sunk to improve the ventilation. Its sectional area is one hundred square feet, and depth eighty feet. At the old tunnel a sixteen-foot fan was erected, which has improved the ventilation very materially.

The Hanover Coal Company.

This company sunk a shaft on their premises during the year 1884. Its size is $11\frac{1}{2}\times20$ feet, and its depth from surface to the Ross seam, which is mined at present, is one hundred and ninety-four feet. This, with other improvements effected at this colliery, has increased its capacity for producing coal and for giving employment to persons in and about the mine. Other improvements are in contemplation, which will be effected during the year 1885.

The Alden Coal Company.

The tunnel at the Alden colliery was extended to the Ross seam, having passed through three workable seams including the Ross. The latter is 6 ft. 2 in. thick, and it was reached at a distance of one thousand seven hundred and sixty-four feet from the entrance of the tunnel. The Bennett vein was cut at a distance of two hundred and sixty-three feet, the Twin vein at three hundred and fifty-eight feet, and the Ross at one thousand seven hundred and sixty-four as stated. The first is 4 ft. 6 in. thick, the second 5 ft. and the third 6 ft. 2 in. The tunnel is driven on the level of the breaker, and the coal is brought out by mules.

The Hillman Vein Coal Company.

A tunnel was driven at the Hillman Vein shaft from the Three-foot seam to the Hillman, cutting the latter at a much lower elevation than it was at the shaft. Its sectional area is 8×14 feet, and its length is four hundred feet. This opens a fair lift of good coal at a point convenient to the shaft. They sunk a slope also to the South basin, from which they are now obtaining a large portion of their production of coal.

The Parrish Coal Company.

This company began to operate the Parrish colliery, and started the breaker in the latter part of December, 1884. The breaker is a model of neatness, and everything in the structure is well arranged for producing its intended work. There are two forty-horse-power engines, one to hoist the coal over the inclined plane up to the breaker, and the other to run the breaker machinery. Both are supplied with steam from two new boilers located close to the structure. They are mining the Baltimore and Ross seams, have four horizontal openings or drifts, one of which is on a level with the bottom of the breaker-plane, and the coal from the others is lowered over gravity planes. It is a new colliery operated by a company organized in 1884.

Destruction of Coal Breakers by Fire.

The old Hartford, or No. 6, breaker of the Lehigh and Wilkes-Barre Coal Company, at Ashley, took fire in some mysterious manner about eight o'clock, P. M., January 22, 1884, and was burned to the ground. It was the oldest structure of this kind in this valley, and was still capable of passing a large quantity of coal.

The Forty-Fort breaker of the Wyoming Valley Coal Company took fire early in the morning of November 27, and was totally destroyed. It is not known how it took fire, and this will very probably remain a mystery. The coal is now taken to the Harry E. breaker and shipped from there.

[No. 10

TABLE No. 3.-Giving details relative to New Fans and Fan Engines erected in the Wilkes-Barre District during the year 1884.

 	<u>- 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1</u>	DIMEN- SIONS.		SIDE INLETS.		rev- ute.	SECTIONAL AREA.		ex Ee.	E.		3	CYLI	MD'S		<u>,</u>	gine.
Names of the Collieries.	Pattern of Fan.	Diameter of fan in feet.	Face of fan in feet.	Number of inlets.	Diameter of inlets in feet.	Working speed in olutions per mini	Upcast in square feet,	Downcast in sq. feet.	Cubic feet of air hausted per minu	Water gauge on side-inches.	side-inches. orse-power of fa	Horizontal or verti	Diameter in inches		Gearing.	Steam pressure in	Horse-power of eng
1. Pine Ridge,	Double fan,	18	44	4	6	80	120	140	82,000	1.5	19.3	Horizontal,	18	36	Belt, .	75	80
2. Dorrance,	Guibal,	85	12	1	171	14	192	240	61,000	0.4	8.78	Horizontal,	24	48	Direct,	80	
3. Schooley,	Guibal,	18	6	2	10	60	98	140	75,000			Horizontal,	14	28	Direct,	70	40
4. West End,	Guibal,	16	44	1	74	40	40	70				Vertical,	14	18	Direct,	70	25
5. Black Hill, Nanticoke,	Guibal,	25	8	1	7	80			195,000	1.75		Horizoutal,	24	36	Direct,	60	
6. * Ross Seam, Nanticoke,	Guibal,	25	8	1	94	.						Horizontal,	24	36	Direct,	80	

^{*} This fan was erected in the year 1883, but was not used till 1884.

TABLE No. 4.—Giving details relative to the Progress of New Shafts in the Wilkes-Barre District, and their Depths December 31, 1884.

Names of the Shapts.	Names of the Operators.	Purposes.				Name of coal seam to be sunk to.	Probable depth in feet.	Number of pe sons em- ployed.	Fatal accidents to em- ployees.	Non-fatal accidents.	Remarks.	
1. Newport, 2. Woodward, No. 1,	Susquehanna Coal Company, . Delaware, Lackawanna and	Hoisting coal, . Hoisting coal, .	33 53	121	494 851	Ross, Red Ash, .	800 1,100	70 100	None, None,		Sinking in progress. Sinking in progress.	
3. Woodward, No. 2,	Western Company. Delaware, Lackawanna and	Hoisting coal &	35	12	1, 003	Red Ash, .	1,018		None,	None,	Completed in 1884.	
4. Avondale Air Shaft,	Western Company. Delaware, Lackawanna and	ventilation, . Ventilation,	28	12	241	Red Ash, .	241		8	None,	Completed in 1884.	
5. Baltimore Red Ash Shaft,	Western Company. Delaware and Hudson Canal	Hoisting coal, .	48	12	204	Red Ash, .			None,	None,	Sinking continued.	
6. Pettibone,		Hoisting coal, .	87	12	300	Red Ash, .	1,080	57	None,	1	Sinking continued.	
7. Baltimore Slope Shaft, .	Western Company. Delaware and Hudson Canal	Hoisting coal, .	83	11	332	Red Ash, .		26	1	None,		
8. Mill Creek Shaft,	Company. Delaware and Hudson Canal Company.	Hoisting coal, .	29	10	132	Baltimore,	132		None,	None,	proaching the coal. Sunk during 1884 & completed.	
9. Sturmerville Shaft, 10. South Wilkes-Barre,	Lehigh Valley Coal Company, . Lehigh and Wilkes-Barre Coal	Hoisting coal, . Hoisting coal, .	48 52	121 1?	355 230	Ross, Red Ash, .	600 1,300	75 82		None, None,		
11. Maffit Shaft,	Company. Hanover Coal Company,	Hoisting coal, .	20	111	192	Ross,	192		None,	None,	Sunk in 1884; completed to Ross seam.	

FATAL ACCIDENTS BY EXPLOSIONS OF FIRE-DAMP.

Accident No. 61.—Edward Nelson, a laborer, aged twenty-four years, was fatally burned by an explosion of gas in the Black Diamond colliery, Luzerne borough, August 9, and died therefrom, August 16, 1884.

The deceased and his brother, Augustus Nelson, were working together on the night shift, driving a gangway on the east side of the underground slope. During the night of August 9, while entertaining a notion of trying to obtain permission to change their working place, their curiosity led them to examine the working places on the west side, and while passing to the face of one breast, wherein a small quantity of fire-damp had accumulated, their lights ignited it, causing an explosion by which both were severely burned.

This was the only breast in which fire-damp was evolving in the mine, and, although a danger signal was placed across its entrance, they passed in and walked on to the face, where they came in contact with the gas. Every person who has had experience in mines is aware of the danger and risk incurred by walking through the faces of the breasts at midnight with naked lights. It is very rarely that any one will attempt it, and it is never needed.

ACCIDENTS Nos. 89 and 90 .- Dominick Uskavage, a miner, aged thirtyfive years, was instantly killed, and John Filonosways, a miner aged thirtytwo years, was fatally injured by explosions of fire-damp in the No. 10 slope, Sugar Notch, December 11, 1884. Adam Lobnoskey and Stanley Woloskey were both slightly burned at the same time. About one o'clock, midday, the fan engineer, having experienced difficulty in maintaining steam at the usual pressure, came to the conclusion that the fan would soon stop running, and sent a messenger to inform the boss of the fact. ately after the message was sent, the engineer, seeing that the water in the boiler was below the lowest guage, became excited, thinking that an explosion of the boiler might occur, and pulled a part of the fire out; this, causing the steam pressure to fall rapidly, soon brought the fan to a stop. The fan stopped running before they had time to call the men out of the mine, and consequently, when the ventilation failed, explosive gases, accumulated at the faces of breasts where the above persons were working. In a few minutes the gas came in contact with their lights, and exploded, with the effect There were a number of persons, besides those who were killed and injured, working in that section of the mine, but fortunately they The fan is a very important machine in a gaseous escaped uninjured. mine and requires to be watched with the greatest possible care. Every effort should be applied to keep it running until the men can be called out, and in this case the engineer might have kept it running a little longer if he had kept cool and not pulled the fire out from under the boiler. The only danger of not doing that would have been of burning the boiler.

FATAL ACCIDENTS BY FALLS OF ROOF AND COAL.

Accident No. 2.—John Stoddard, American, laborer, aged twenty-six years, was instantly killed in the Black Diamond colliery, Luzerne borough, January 23, 1884. He and six other persons, all company men, were working together making room for a turn-out at the top of a new gravity-plane, and a thin flake of bony coal, measuring three inches in thickness and eight by eight feet area, fell upon the deceased, killing him instantly. They were aware of the existence of this flake of bone, and had made some efforts to pry it down, but had failed, and had gone to work under it believing that there was no immediate danger.

ACCIDENT No. 3.—David R. Evans, Welsh, driver, aged sixteen years, was killed in the No. 1 shaft, Kingston Coal Company, January 23, 1884. He took his mule into the East gangway of inside slope to bring a car out, and, finding the car not quite loaded, he went on to the face to help loading it. Just as he was picking up a lump of coal, a large piece of rock fell from the roof upon him, killing him instantly. Subsequent examination showed that the roof was of a very deceiving nature. The fallen stone was tapering to a thin edge on all sides. It was nine inches thick in the center and five by three feet area. The miner had not suspected danger, and had not sounded the roof since that morning. Drivers have no business, however, in the faces of working places, and the miners ought to prohibit them from going nearer to the faces than is necessary.

ACCIDENT No. 5.—William H. Davies, American, laborer, aged nineteen years, was severely injured in the Franklin colliery, February 12, 1884, and died at the hospital February 24. He was laboring for his father in a breast, and, in the absence of his father, went up to the breast and fired a blast. While working the loose coal out, a large lump rolled upon him and fractured his spine. His father had repeatedly cautioned him against going up to the face when he was not present, but the young man was ambitious to become a miner, and went up to practice, believing that no harm would follow it.

ACCIDENT No. 7.—Matthew Eisolo, a miner, aged thirty-five years, was fatally injured in the Empire colliery, Wilkes-Barre, February 13, 1884, and died upon arriving at his home. Having fired a blast in the top coal, he was in the act of prying some loose coal down, when a large mass, in falling, struck him with the effect stated. He was generally a very careful miner, but in this case he miscalculated the safety of his position, and was standing too close while working the coal down.

ACCIDENT No. 9.—John Crosswaite, a laborer, aged fifty-three years, was killed in the No. 10 slope, Sugar Notch, February 20, 1884, under the following circumstances: The deceased was working with Luke Bray, a miner, who was driving a cross-heading from the gangway to connect with an airway driven across the tunnel from the opposite side. Bray was tamping a hole at the face, and Crosswaite was at the side of the gangway. The latter called on Bray, saying: "The top is working;" and Bray replied

by saying: "Well, get into a safe place;" and in a few seconds it fell and caught Crosswaite under it. It gave sufficient warning by cracking and breaking, but the deceased evidently misunderstood its extent, and went the wrong way. The fallen rock was nine inches thick and 20×10 feet area.

ACCIDENT No. 10.—John Frederick Link, a miner, aged thirty years, was killed in the No. 2, Red Ash colliery, Wilkes-Barre, February 21, 1884. It was an idle day at the mine; but a few miners were at work doing special work or preparing some coal. No one witnessed this accident, but persons who were not far off heard Link firing a blast, and in a short time after they heard a mass of coal falling. They then called on Link, and, receiving no answer, went to look for him, and, after reaching the place and searching, they found him under a large mass of top coal crushed to death. Evidently he, after firing a blast in the bottom coal, went on to see its effect, and the top coal fell at that time, and caught him under it.

ACCIDENT No. 16.—James Rock, a laborer, aged thirty years, was instantly killed in the No. 2 tunnel, Nanticoke, March 7, 1884. Five persons were working together robbing pillars, two miners and three laborers. The three laborers were loading a car, and the two miners were charging a hole at the lowest side of the place. The deceased went under a projecting bench of top coal to pick some coal loose and instantly A. Crawser, a colaborer, told him that the top coal was cracking, and that he should come away, but he had only just moved when he was struck down with the falling coal, with the result stated.

ACCIDENT No. 20.—Andrew Hortak, a laborer, aged twenty-seven years, was instantly killed in the Midvale colliery, Plains township, March 18, 1884. The accident happened by a fall of coal while working on the night shift, in a section gangway, with a miner called John Stetzinger. The fallen coal measured six by five feet area and about fifteen inches thick. On the upper side, it was cut by a slip running parallel with the rib of the gangway, and by another running at right angles across on the outer side. It was evident, from the appearance of this fallen coal, that the miner had allowed the deceased to work in extreme danger, and that he had not exercised proper precaution prior to the accident. The roof ought to have been examined and made secure.

ACCIDENT No. 21.—Michael Jones, a miner, a ed fifty years, was instantly killed in the Nottingham colliery, Plymouth, March 18, 1884. He was working in a breast drawing back top coal—had nearly finished the breast. The place at the point where he was working was about twelve feet wide and from eighteen to twenty feet high. A narrow bridge of top coal was standing up across this place which had not yet been blasted down, and while Jones was busy loading a car, it fell upon him, killing him instantly. After it fell, a slip was revealed cutting one side and giving it a loose end.

ACCIDENT No. 23.—Henry Dobertstein, a miner, aged thirty-five years, was fatally injured in the No. 1 shaft, Nanticoke, March 22, and died in

about two hours after. Upon returning to the face of his breast, immediately after blasting, a thin flake of rock fell and struck him, resulting as already stated. It was a piece from the edge of a five-inch tier of rock, which is usually pulled down. A little care in advancing towards the face would have very probably averted this accident.

ACCIDENT No. 25.—John J. Gangloff, a miner, aged twenty-seven years, was instantly killed in the No. 3 colliery, Delaware and Hudson Canal Company, Plymouth, April 2, 1884. He was called from his own work to assist another party, in a place near by, to pry down a piece of rock. There were four of them at it, and while making efforts to force the rock down, another large piece, over their heads, worked loose and fell, killing Gangloff instantly. The others had a very narrow escape. They had not suspected that this rock was loose, and apprehended no danger until one of them noticed it moving and shouted to the others to get away.

Accident No. 31.—Adam ———, a Polish laborer, aged about thirty-five years, was fatally injured in the Clear Spring colliery, West Pittston, April 28, and died on the way from the mine. The deceased was not yet employed to work in this colliery, but he had gone into the mine this day to learn how to load coal with a fellow-countryman. Both were standing together near the right rib of the breast, when a large mass of rock, measuring twenty feet in length and six feet in breadth, suddenly fell. One end of it struck the stranger, and injured him so that he soon died. His second name could not be ascertained, as no one in that locality knew it. In some parts of this mine the roof is very brittle and deceiving, and it was so where this accident occurred. The place was well propped, but for all that a large mass of rock fell between the props.

ACCIDENT No. 36.—Dennis O'Brien, a miner, aged forty-three years, was almost instantly killed in the No. 1 slope, Nanticoke, May 15, 1884. He and three other persons were together at work laying a piece of track preparatory to work on re-opening a gangway which had recently caved in. It was about twelve o'clock, midnight, when a piece of rock fell upon O'Brien, causing his death in a few minutes. They did not know it was loose; but had not examined it, or the danger of working under it would have been discovered and the accident averted. O'Brien had contracted the work, and it was conducted under his direction.

ACCIDENT No. 41.—Richard M. Phillips, a miner, aged twenty-two years, was instantly killed in the Avondale colliery, Plymouth township, June 1, 1884. This was an idle day at the mines, but the deceased, accompanied by his brother, had gone in to do some special work, and while he (Richard) was about starting to drill a hole in the bottom bench, a piece of rock, resembling a shallow pan in shape, fell from the roof and killed him instantly. The rock was about three feet in diameter and was tapering to a thin edge all around. It fell from a height of eighteen feet, and from a place where no rock was supposed to exist.

ACCIDENT No. 42.—John B. Carey, a miner, aged sixty-seven years, was

fatally injured in the No. 4 colliery, Plymouth, June 10, 1884. Through some mishap, while barring down a piece of rock in the face of his breast, it fell on him, injuring him so severely that he died therefrom in about six hours after.

ACCIDENT No. — Charles Anderson, a laborer, aged twenty-three years, was severely hurt in the Oakwood shaft, Prospect colliery, in Plains township, May 21, and died in a few days after at the hospital. He was working in this mine during a temporary suspension of mining at the Prospect shaft. While in the act of loading a car, at a point where the top coal had been broken through, a piece of coal fell from the edge of the top bench and struck him. They had just started to work there, and did not apprehend any danger from that point. The inspector was not informed of his death until June 10.

ACCIDENT No. 44.—Thomas Thomas, a laboror, aged twenty-three years, was instantly killed in the No. 4 slope, Nanticoke, June 13, 1884. This young man was working with John Mills in a narrow breast, on the night shift. top was irregular and dangerous, requiring double timber to secure it. day-shift men neglected to put up timber and worked in great danger all day. The night men went to work again without putting timber up, although there was a space of twenty-five feet between the timber and face. About seven o'clock, P. M., the fire-boss visited them, and seeing a dangerous stone hanging over the laborer, ordered the miner to bar it down. Mills took a drill and made some effort to pull it down and failed; then they went to work and fired two more shots, paying no more attention to the dangerous rock. While the laborer, Thomas, was loading the third car, the rock fell upon him, killing him instantly. It is evident that Mills, the miner, is guilty of gross carelessness in this case. Any practical person, upon seeing the place, would come to this conclusion at once. There is, at all times, more or less trouble to get the workmen to timeer their places properly when two shifts are working such places, but in all such cases the bosses ought to force them to secure their places or stop their Even in this case, perhaps, if the fire-boss had stopped these men's cars until the timbers were put up, this young man would still be living.

ACCIDENT No. 51.—Timothy Kelley, a miner, aged forty years, was instantly killed in the Schooley colliery, near Wyoming, July 8, 1884. He was working a breast in which the top coal was very dangerous. He was told this morning to go to work and pull the top coal down. It had a long loose end on one side of the track, under which there were no props, nor was there room to put any. On the other side there were two props, but the overhanging coal proved too much for these props to support, and it fell suddenly during the afternoon and caught Kelley under it, killing him instantly. It measured 15×4 feet area, and ten inches in thickness. The deceased intended to leave working in this mine after this day, and that is the reason why he worked on the bottom coal, and did not pull the top coal down, as he was told to do.

ACCIDENT No. 63.—Joseph Gutofskey, a Polish laborer, aged twenty-two years, was instantly killed in the No. 3 slope, West Nanticoke, August 16, 1884. He was laboring with James Sauvage, a miner, in a level breast. A little before noon, the miner discovered that the roof was cracking and threatening to fall, and he concluded to go and eat dinner, hoping that it would fall in the meantime. He took his labore; with him. Soon after that, the laborer went to the adjacent breast and told the miner, Thomas Vishnefskey, that the top was dangerous in his, Gutofskey's, place, but that he was going to work there whatever the risk. Vishnefskey advised him to go home and not take any risk, but he replied, saying that he would not go home, and returned to his own place. While Sauvage was listening to the roof cracking, Gutofskey came in and walked under the cracking roof. Sauvage instantly pulled him away, and led him to a safe place and motioned to him to sit there while he. Sauvage, went to get a drill to pry the roof down. While Sauvage was getting the drill, Gutofskey walked under the cracking roof again and began to work, and, upon returning, Sauvage took hold of his collar to pull him away. At this time, a piece of bone fell on Gutofskey and knocked him down, and, immediately after, another fall came on him, killing him instantly. Sauvage could not talk to the deceased because the latter did not understand English, and he found it impracticable to make him realize the danger of going under the cracking roof.

ACCIDENT No. 64.—Enoch John, a Polish miner, aged thirty-five years, was fatally injured in the Clear Spring colliery, West Pittston, August 20, 1884. He fired a blast in the bottom coal under a projecting piece of "black rock," and immediately after returned to work the shot out without even looking how the rock stood, and it fell on him, injuring him so that he died while being conveyed home.

ACCIDENT No. 66.—Edward McGinty, an Irish miner, aged thirty-six years, was almost instantly killed in the Mineral Spring colliery, Plains township, August 28, 1884. The deceased and Joseph Moore, both miners, were robbing pillars. At the close of their day's work a prop was to be cut away. The deceased took the ax and was in the act of cutting the prop when the projecting bench of coal supported by it gave way and fell on him, with the result stated. The prop was within about four feet of the outer edge of the coal, but the deceased was cutting on the inner side, and therefore had no chance of escape in case the weight of the coal should break the prop as it did. He made a fatal mistake by not cutting on the outer side, or blasting the prop out.

ACCIDENT No. 67.—Casper Yokobofskey, a Polish laborer, aged forty-five years, was instantly killed in the Alden colliery, August 30, 1884. He was laboring in a breast with a Polish miner named John Lisko. The roof was broken and dangerous, having a roll across near the face. The breast was about seventy feet long on a rise of eighteen degrees. About ten o'clock, A. M., while deceased was throwing coal into the chute, the roof fell on him.

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killing him instantly. He had worked only three days in this mine, and from the appearance of the place it was evident that the miner was hardly fit to have charge of it. The miner could not speak nor understand English, and his account of the cause of the accident could not be obtained so as to be intelligible.

ACCIDENT No. 68.—Michael Connell, an Irish laborer, aged thirty-five years, was instantly killed in the Clear Spring colliery, West Pittaton, September 9, 1884. He was working on the night shift with John Rhine, a miner, and another laborer, named Kerwin, starting a gangway from the side of a breast. Upon returning towards the face, after firing two shots, a large piece of "black rock" fell upon Connell and killed him instantly. Kerwin was also slightly injured. The so-called "black rock" was imbedded in the lower side of the top coal in irregular patches, and the existence of this piece was not discovered until it fell and did its fatal work.

ACCIDENT No. 70.—Patrick Gallagher, a laborer, aged thirty-five years, was killed in the Diamond mine, Wilkes-Barre, during the night of October 9, 1884. While loading a car near the face of an airway, a large fall of boney coal came upon him, killing him almost instantly. William Simons. the miner, and David B. Davies, a laborer, were working at the face, and fortunately, but very narrowly, escaped without receiving any injury. It was an unusually large fall, coming suddenly, because it was cut by slips parallel with both ribs. It is evident, though, that more care ought to have been exercised by these men, and also by the persons working on the other shifts, for careful examination might have discovered the danger they were working in before the boney fell.

Accidents Nos. 71 and 72.—George Hand, a miner, aged thirty-seven years, and Stephen Heywood, a laborer, aged nineteen years, were both instantly killed in the No. 2, Red Ash colliery, Wilkes-Barre township, October 10, 1884. They were drawing top coal down in a breast which had been driven forward on the bottom coal. While engaged under a projecting tier of rock, it fell on them, killing both instantly. This rock ought to have been pulled down before commencing to work under it; but evidently they were trying to load the loose coal away, so that they would have no need of removing the rock after it fell.

ACCIDENT No. 75.—Michael Okinga, a miner, aged thirty years, while working at the face of his breast in the No. 3 shaft, Kingston, on October 13, a fall of slate and boney came upon him, causing a compound fracture of his leg. He was promptly conveyed home; but no effort was made to prevent loss of blood, and he died within a few hours from that cause.

ACCIDENT No. 76.—John Castle, a miner, was injured in the Baltimore slope mine, Wilkes-Barre township, October 21, 1884. While loading a small buggy-car, and standing near the rib, a piece of coal separating from the rib fell on him, causing a compound fracture of his leg. He was conveyed home, and allowed to lie there without proper medical attention for several hours. When taken to the hospital that evening, the loss of blood

was such as to deprive him of strength to survive the shock, and he died in two days thereafter.

Accident No. 77.—Andrew Johnson, a miner, aged forty-two years, was instantly killed in the Maffit colliery, Hanover township, October 23, 1884. He had fired a blast in a cross-heading, and, after waiting about twenty minutes, was returning to the entrance of the cross-heading when a piece of boney coal, fifteen feet long, five feet wide, and ten inches thick, fell on him, killing him instantly. Subsequent examination showed a slip through the boney at the upper side of the cross-heading, which evidently was the cause of its falling so suddenly. This slip was in sight before the boney fell, and the deceased ought to have approached with more attention and care.

Accident No. 79.—Richard P. Thomas, a miner, aged thirty-five years, was instantly killed in the Nottingham colliery, Plymouth, November 7, 1884. He had fired a shot in the top coal which had shattered it, but had left it hanging. At the request of the deceased, Thomas P. Jones went with him to consult as to the best point to drill a hole for the purpose of bringing the shattered coal down. Upon approaching the face, Jones, seeing the hanging coal, stopped and said that he did not like its appearance. Thomas replied, saying. "Come on," and started across under the edge of the top coal, when, simultaneously, the shattered portion fell on him, injuring him so severely that he died within a few minutes. Jones moved him immediately to a safer position, but all he said was, "It's all over on me, Tom," and expired. He might have reached the point he wanted without taking any risk, but evidently he trusted that the coal would hang until another blast was fired.

ACCIDENT No. 80.—Benjamin Rodda, a miner, aged thirty-six years, was instantly killed in the No. 4 slope, Nanticoke, November 10, 1884, in the following manner: He was about commencing to drill a hole under a tier of bone and rock hanging across the corner of the breast, ostensibly for the purpose of blasting it down. His sense of hearing was very defective, and, while thus unsuspiciously engaged, the hanging bone and rock fell and killed him. Evidently, the bone gave sufficient warning by cracking, but the deceased could not hear it.

ACCIDENT No. 85.—Patrick Dailey, a laborer, aged twenty-five years, was instantly killed in the Prospect colliery, November 24, 1884. Peter Ward, a miner, was slightly injured at the same time. They were driving a cross-cut through the right pillar, and, from the appearance of the place after the accident, two props were knocked down by a blast, and, returning to work without replacing them, were caught by a fall of roof. This accident was evidently the result of pure recklessness, and the miner was mainly to blame for its occurrence.

ACCIDENT No. 86.—William Woods, a miner, aged thirty-five years, was severely injured in the Harry E. mine, November 25, 1884, and died thereof in twelve hours after. He fired a blast in the bottom bench, and immediately

returned to work the loose coal out. While thus engaged, a piece of rock fell from the roof upon him, resulting as stated.

Accident No. 92.—James Mason, a laborer, aged thirty-five years, killed in the Schooley colliery, near Wyoming, December 15, 1824. He was working with Bernard Molloy, a miner, who was at the face of the breast while Mason was in the cross-cut which had just been holed through to the adjacent place. The deceased was picking at a slip in the roof, when Molloy called on him to listen, thinking that he heard something cracking, and almost instantly a thin slab of "black rock" fell on Mason, killing him instantly. The so-called "black rock" is imbedded in irregular and often unsuspected patches under the rider coal, and this piece was of such form and character that no one had suspected its presence. It is regarded by the miners as a very dangerous rock, and has been the cause of a large number of accidents in the various mines where it exists.

ACCIDENT No. 94.—Jacob Shafer, a miner, aged forty-four years, was instantly killed in the No. 4 shaft, Plymouth, December 16, 1884. The seam where he was working is mined in two parts, the bottom bench mined first. He fired a blast in this bench, and immediately returned to work the coal out without examining its effects on the top coal. While thus engaged, a piece came loose from the edge of the top coal—close above his head—and struck him, killing him instantly. If he had exercised ordinary care, he would have discovered the loose coal and pulled it down before doing anything else.

ACCIDENT No. 95.—James Jones, a miner, aged twenty years, was instantly killed in the Mineral Spring colliery, Plains township, December 19, 1884, in the following manner: James Moore, a driver boy, had fired a blast in the pillar at the entrance corner of an abandoned breast, close to the gangway, for the purpose of obtaining coal to load out in some friendly miner's account, and thus obtain a little extra money. He, Moore, was working the loose coal down when James Jones happened to come by, and, seeing the boy's efforts, took the drill from him and began to work the coal out in his place. Right over the point he was standing on, a bench of rider coal was projecting, which, upon taking away its support, fell on Jones and killed him instantly. Young Moore was violating the rule of the mine by doing this work unknown to the officials. He did it clandestinely, and had taken powder from the miners' boxes to fire the blast at night. It was found that he had been in the habit of gathering loose coal and sending it out on some friendly miner's account for some time prior to this, but had not been detected until now.

ACCIDENT No. 96.—Anthony Carling, a miner, aged forty years, killed in the No. 10 slope colliery, Sugar Notch, December 19, 1884. He fired a blast in a cross-cut and promptly returned to work in the dense smoke without even examining the roof, and a tier of bone fell on him, killing him instantly. Subsequent examination showed a slip along the upper rib which, evidently, caused it to fall so suddenly.

Fatal Accidents by Falling Down Shafts.

ACCIDENTS Nos. 27 and 28.—Jerry Lenahan and Joseph Prudhoc, the former a sinker, aged twenty years, the latter a master mechanic, aged twentynine years, the first was killed and the second fatally injured in the Avondale air shaft, April 7, 1884. This was a singular accident, occurring in a very unfortunate manner. The machinists were about to put a heavy pump down the shaft, by fastening the hoisting rope to it and lowering it with the engine-It was to be located on a platform already prepared, within about ten feet of the bottom of the shaft. Three sinkers, viz: Humphrey Harris, Jerry Lenahan, and another person, whose name is not recorded, were present to assist the machinists. When ready to lash the pump, Mr. Prudhoe told the three sinkers to descend the shaft, and wait on the platform until the pump would be lowered, so that they could pull it on and loosen the rope. Lenahan and one of the other sinkers were afraid to go down before the pump, fearing the rope might break, letting the pump fall upon them, but they did not tell the machinists of this. While the latter were busy about the pump, Humphrey Harris descended the shaft in the bucket, leaving the other two on the upper landing, determined to slide down the rope after the pump would be lowered. The machinists, not knowing this, and believing that the three sinkers had descended the shaft, lashed the pump, swung it into the shaft, and had it lowered carefully, until Harris signaled to stop. He not being able to pull it to the platform, shouted for help, and Lenahan instantly took hold of the wire rope and began to slide down. Prudhoe saw him passing the lowest landing, and watched him until he had descended about seventy-five feet, where he lost his hold and fell to the bottom, and was instantly killed. Prudhoe now ran into the enginehouse, put on a pair of gloves, and attempted to go down in the same manner. After descending about one hundred feet, the rope being so tight and stiff, he also lost his grip and fell, landing upon the pump terribly injured. Harris got on and held him, while they and the pump were hoisted up. His leg was so tangled among the rods that the latter had to be cut to get While this was being done, he suffered terribly, and did so him loose. bravely. But although he had a strong constitution, the shock was too severe, and he died the following day. Shaft sinkers very frequently descend by sliding on the ropes, and these men had done it many times before, when only an empty bucket was suspended to it. A heavy weight suspended to the rope caused it to stand rigidly in the shaft, and it would have been as easy to descend by sliding down an iron rod as to descend on this rope when such weight was suspended by it. It was a sad accident, and a valuable lesson ought to be learned by all persons who may be inclined to take such risks.

Accident No. 32.—Charles Duffy, a mason, aged forty-five years, was instantly killed in the No. 1 shaft of the Delaware and Hudson Canal Company, at Plymouth, April 29, 1884. He and two assistants were engaged building a wall in the Lance vein, which is midway down the shaft. This

shaft is only used for pumping, ventilation, and escape in cases of emergency. At noon Duffy and his companions were hoisted up to the top of the shaft to get their dinner, and were lowered again after dinner. John Wright, the fireman, descended on the same cage; he was going down to the bottom to oil the pump. Duffy and Pittman, out of curiosity, went down to the bottom with Wright to see the pump. When being hoisted up, they knocked on the steam-pipe signaling to stop at the Lance vein; but the engineer not hearing it continued to hoist. The cage moving but slowly while passing the opening to the Lance vein, both Pittman and Duffy jumped off; the latter struck his head against the top and fell back into the shaft, and was instantly killed. There was a rapper signal at the bottom, but they made no use of this. The engineer was under the impression that the men had got off the cage at the Lance vein when descending, and did not expect that it was necessary to stop while hoisting up, as he believed that no one besides Wright was on. The reader can perceive how easily they could have averted this accident. If the engineer had been informed of their intentions, he would undoubtedly have stopped the engine, and they would have got off safely.

ACCIDENT No. 45.—Frank Barton, a laborer, aged twenty-nine years, was killed in the Dodson shaft, Plymouth, June 13, 1884. He was going to work on the night shift. While he was descending the shaft on one cage a cage full of men was ascending on the other. The ascending cage was stopped at the landing on top of the shaft for the men to get off. The cage upon which Barton was standing was within about seventy-five feet of the bottom of the shaft when he stepped off, and fell to the bottom and was killed. The mine boss was at the top when Barton got on the cage, and he told Barton that it would stop in the shaft while the ascending men got off, and he cautioned him to stop on the cage until it would reach the bottom. He evidently either misunderstood the boss or forgot himself, and, having no light, stepped off, believing that he was on the bottom of the shaft.

ACCIDENT No. 47.—Louis Hova, a miner, aged twenty-four years, was instantly killed in the Exeter shaft, West Pittston, June 16, 1884. He and three other persons were on the cage ascending the shaft. Hova had two long drills, and carelessly left them lean over the cage; one caught in a bunton, and struck him off into the shaft, and he was instantly killed.

Accident No. 53.—William Bishop, a sinker, aged twenty-one years, was killed in the No. 1 shaft extension, Nanticoke, July 14, 1884. A part of this shaft was recently sunk or extended from the Forge to the Red Ash seam, and the deceased, with seven other workmen, was working on a platform about ninety feet from the bottom of the shaft. They were putting buntons in. A part of the platform had been raised to a higher bunton on one end of the shaft. A piece of timber was being lowered, and Bishop, by going to receive it, stepped over the edge of the platform and fell to the bottom. Evidently he had his mind set on the timber, and forgot that the platform was raised on that part into which he stepped.

Accident No. 84.—Thomas Barrett, a door-boy, aged fourteen years, was knocked off the cage near the top of the Henry shaft, Plains township, and fell to the bottom and was instantly killed, November 24, 1884. Young Barrett and three other persons were standing on the cage ready to descend the shaft. John Novitzkey was standing at the top of the shaft, and a keg full of powder by him. Henry Geddis, the headman, gave signal to lower the cage, and upon seeing the cage starting, Novitzkey, grabbing the powder keg, sprang on, and landing against Barrett, struck him off, down the shaft, a depth of three hundred and ninety feet, where he was instantly killed. Evidently Novitzkey sprang on impulsively upon seeing the cage going, and he might have been killed the same as Barrett if those on the cage had not saved him by holding him.

ACCIDENT No. 87.—William McCabe, a headman, aged twenty-six years, fell down the Baltimore Red Ash shaft, Wilkes-Barre township, and was instantly killed, on Sunday evening, December 7, 1834. He was at the top of the shaft attending the bucket while hoisting the water ready for the eleven o'clock shift. About five o'clock, p. m., Larry Owens, a sinker, was standing by talking to him. While the bucket was descending, he thoughtlessly took hold of the descending rope, and was instantly pulled over his balance and fell to the bottom of the shaft, then at a depth of three hundred and eighteen feet. He was familiar with the work, and, like most sinkers, was evidently too careless while working in such a dangerous position as he was when the accident occurred.

FATAL ACCIDENTS BY MINE AND RAILROAD CARS.

ACCIDENT No. 6.—Alexander Stevens, a plane-footman, aged eighteen years, was almost instantly killed at the Mill Creek colliery, February 18, 1884. While trying to uncouple moving cars at the bettom of the breaker-plane, his head was jammed between them and he died in a few seconds.

ACCIDENT No. 11.—Thomas John Jones, a driver, aged thirteen years, was severely injured in the No. 2 shaft, Nanticoke, February 22, 1884, and died the same day. While running a loaded car down a short run by brake, the lever of which was on the front end, his leg was shockingly crushed by being caught between this car and another which was standing in the way. The door-boy, who was close by, called on him to get off, but he failed. He was carried home and died that evening.

ACCIDENT No. 14.—Sylvester Ross Brown, a driver, aged seventeen years, was killed in the Wanamie colliery, February 25, 1884. While driving a mule, branching an empty car. he was walking by the mule's side. A loaded car was standing on another track, and the empty one jumped off and jammed him against the loaded one. He was injured so that he died in a few seconds. He was the only son of a widow in very destitute circumstances.

ACCIDENT No. 15.—Charles King, a driver, aged twenty-two years, was killed in a mysterious manner on the way between the West End breaker

and the mine, in Coalmont, March 1, 1884. He was found lying on the road dead, and the supposition was that he fell off the mule's back and broke his neck. No evidence as to the manner it occurred could be obtained.

ACCIDENT No. 17.—Peter Friel, a miner, aged forty-five years, was killed in the No. 2 shaft, Nanticoke, March 7, 1884. The deceased, on his way out from the mine, had just arrived at the foot of the No. 1 lift in the inside slope, when Agnew, the footman, interrupted him, saying that he should not walk up the slope. Friel was standing between the main-slope road and the lift road, when a runaway car came down and crushed him against the pillar, killing him instantly. The head-man was trying to run this ear into the loaded track at the head of the slope, and it got off the track, running on the planking on to the slope road, over which it ran down with fearful velocity to the point stated, where it ran upon the deceased.

ACCIDENT No. 22.—Thomas McGovern, a driver, aged seventeen years, had his skull fractured in the Henry colliery, Plains township, March 25, 1884. While hauling a loaded car out on the gangway, he was sitting on the bumper on the front end of the car. William Powell, the runner, was riding on the rear end. At a point where the gangway was wide, the road clean and level, he was seen falling over towards the rib. and, upon examination, his skull was found to be fractured. I failed to ascertain the manner he got the injury, as there appeared to be ample room between the car and everything except the roof, which is generally low in this mine. However, he was riding in a dangerous manner, and the car may have struck him and caused the injury.

ACCIDENT No. 26.—William Hunt, a track-laver, aged forty-three years, was fatally injured in the Reynolds slope. Plymouth, April 3, 1884. Between eight and nine o'clock A. M., the deceased happened to be on the slope—no one could explain for what purpose, and the empty trip-getting off the track, ran directly to the point where he evidently had tried to escape, and caught him against the lowest corner of a cross-heading. He told the footman who came to his relief that he tried to get out of the way and failed. He died in about two hours after conveying him home.

Accident No. 29.—Edward Keifer, a driver, aged seventeen years, was fatally injured by railroad cars near the No. 3 breaker, Grand Tunnel colliery, West Nauticoke, April 17, 1884, and he died on April 19. The deceased was running four loaded railroad cars out from under the breaker to a point about one thousand feet west of it, where they were to remain until the locomotive should take them away. By trying to couple these to the cars standing there before, the wheel ran over his leg and crushed it in a shocking manner. He never recovered from the shock, and he died at the time stated.

ACCIDENT No. 30.—William D. Evans, a driver, aged nineteen years, had his leg crushed under cars in the Reynolds colliery, Plymouth, April 28, 1884, and he died at the Wilkes-Barre hospital, April 30. While riding on

the front end of cars, being hauled out on the gangway, the first car jumped off the track. His leg was caught under the bumper and severely crushed, resulting as above stated.

ACCIDENT No. 33.—Daniel Price, a laborer, aged seventy years, was instantly killed in the East Boston colliery, April 30, 1884. The deceased was an old employé at this mine, and had been sick for a few days, having gone to work again this day, but he was very weak, and evidently not fit to be at work. He was working company work, cleaning roads, &c. Early this morning he was seen wandering around as if he did not know where he was or what he should do. He told a person that he was lost and could not find his way, and this person led him to a point which the old man was familiar with and was safe. About ten o'clock, A. M., he wandered around again, and finally went on the underground slope, where a trip of empty cars coming down, ran upon him and killed him. He evidently was not fit to be at work, but the authorities were not aware of that, or very probably he would have been sent home.

ACCIDENT No. 35.—John E. Watkins, a tracklayer, aged forty-five years, was instantly killed on the No. 4 slope, Nanticoke, May 14, 1884. The deceased and Evan J. Evans, his assistant, were at work repairing planking on the branch of the No. 1 lift on the above slope, when a trip of four empty cars was being lowered. The second and third cars of this trip got off the track above the point where the men were working, and caused the first to detach itself and run down. Watkins and his helper heard it coming, and both tried to escape; but Watkins happened to run to the point to which the car also ran, and caught him, killing him instantly. He was familiar with the slope, but he was under the impression that the car was attached to the rope until it was too late for him to escape.

ACCIDENT No. 37 .- William Wilson, a mason, aged twenty-four years, was instantly killed in the Baltimore tunnel colliery, Wilkes-Barre, May 16, 1884. He and two or three others were on their way out after quitting work, and upon arriving at the inner end of the inside tunnel, where the roads separate, one to the east and the other to the west, they met Thomas Hero, a driver, with a team of four mules, bringing in a trip of four empty cars. It being the last trip for this day, the driver, evidently in haste to quit, was driving very fast and recklessly. Wilson, seeing the mules coming to the road upon which he was standing, jumped to one side into the space between the two roads. By some mishap, the cars took the wrong track, and the mules, going the other, pulled the leading cars off and across directly upon Wilson, and crushed him to death against the pillar. The driver had been repeatedly cautioned against driving fast at this point; but, nevertheless, it appeared from the testimony of those who were witnesses of the accident that he was driving very recklessly at this time.

ACCIDENT No. 38.—Henry Remalee, a driver, aged twenty years, while riding on the cars out from the mouth of the Sand drift at the West End

colliery, Coalmont, May 16, 1884, fell before them, and one wheel passing over his thigh crushed it severely. Amputation was performed that afternoon with hopes of saving his life, but the shock was such that it caused his death during the operation. The accident occurred outside on a level, clean road. Doubtless, he was riding in a careless manner, and unexpectedly fell.

ACCIDENT No. 43.—John Quinn, employed chiefly in leveling the coal on top of the railroad cars, aged sixteen years, was severely injured at the Wyoming colliery, Plains township, June 10, 1884. The locomotive was at the breaker for the purpose of taking a train of cars away. Young Quinn, seemingly not aware of its presence, was in the act of coupling two cars just when the locomotive was backing them up, and his arm was caught and literally crushed from the shoulder down between the jammers. His arm was amputated, but he died immediately after the operation.

ACCIDENT No. 48.—William Thomas, a door-boy and helper of a driver, aged thirteen years, was instantly killed in the Nottingham colliery, June 24, 1884. The deceased was leading the mule hauling a car to the passing-branch, while the driver, Eckley Morgan, was spragging the car. At the point where the mule turned out from the track, Thomas fell in some unexplained manner, and the car ran upon him, and killed him instantly. It was done so quickly that the driver did not see what caused him to fall.

ACCIDENT No. 52.—Sylvester Losnefskey, a door-boy, aged sixteen years, was killed in the No. 1 slope, Nanticoke, July 8, 1884. He was working at night attending a door, while the runner had gone up the section-road to run a loaded car down. The deceased fell asleep on the track. The runner, upon returning with the car, and when approaching the door, saw it was not opened, and saw light through the crevice under the door. He tried to stop the car, but failed because the grade was too steep, and it ran against the door, breaking it down upon the door-boy, killing him instantly.

ACCIDENT No. 55.—Michael Mando, a Hungarian loader, aged twenty-six years, was fatally hurt at the No. 1 breaker, Kingston Coal Company, July 31, 1884, and died in three hours after at his home. While the railroad locomotive was pushing a train of empty cars under the breaker, Mando, who was standing on the end of one of the breaker-sills, close to the chuteposts, attempted to board a gondola car, and was instantly caught and crushed between the car and chute-post. He was generally a careful man, but this attempt was a very reckless move, having but a very slight chance of escape from being caught as he was caught.

ACCIDENT No. 57.—William Spargo, a miner, aged thirty-five years, was fatally injured in the No. 11 or Lance colliery, Plymouth, July 31, 1884, and died the same day. While at work on the night shift at the face of a new gangway, just starting from the side of the underground slope, two empty cars were left down the slope, which ran upon him, resulting as stated. The engine was located at the surface, and the engineer was not

aware that the cars were to be turned into this branch; therefore, he left them down while under the impression that they were to go to a lower lift, and, running rather fast, they knocked down a prop placed to hold them at the end of the track in Spargo's place. Spargo trusting that the said prop would hold the cars, did not go out of the way, and was caught between them and the face.

ACCIDENT No. 59.—Andrew Madiefskie, a laborer, was fatally injured at Nanticoke, August 6, 1834. He was conveyed to the Wilkes-Barre hospital, and died there the following day. Madiefskie was an employé of the No. 1 shaft. When on his way home from work, he took a ride on the coal train running from shaft No. 1 to the No. 2 breaker, and upon approaching a point near the road leading to Honeypot, he jumped off, fell back under the cars, and was injured, resulting as above stated.

ACCIDENT No. 62.—Anthony Gallagher, a door-boy, aged fourteen years, was instantly killed in the Prospect colliery, August 15, 1884. The deceased, leaving his post, followed the driver to the face of the gangway, and held the mule's head while the driver attached the stretcher-hook to the car. Then he stepped to the lower side and stood a few feet inside of the brattice-end, until the car was started out. After moving a few feet, the car suddenly stopped, and the boy was found to have been caught between the car and the brattice prop, where he was instrantly killed. It was contrary to the rules of the mine for the door-boy to go from his door, but the boys are ambitious to become drivers, and frequently violate the rule by following the drivers, and such was the case in this instance.

Accident No. 65.—James Delucken, a laborer, aged forty-two years, was fatally injured in the Exeter mine, West Pittston, August 23, 1884. His family were in Italy, and having received a letter from them, the deceased, not able to read it, brought it to the mine and went from his working-place to the working-place of a friend to have it read. While on the gangway returning, and his mind evidently deeply absorbed in the contents of the letter, a car was running from a breast to meet him, which ran upon him and injured him so severely that his death ensued the same day. He said that he did not notice the car coming, and therefore made no attempt to get away, although there was enough room along the track side.

ACCIDENT No. 69.—Andrew Cree, a mine-carpenter, aged twenty-four years, was killed in the No. 1 shaft, Kingston, October 8, 1884. He had charge of the pulleys on the inside planes, and he went up the No. 1 plane, unknown to the footman, and was killed by the first trip of cars let down, which was shortly after he went there. He was familiar with the place, yet he made a fatal mistake by going there without informing the footman, as there was no room to turn out of the way of the cars.

ACCIDENT No. 78.—Henry Bray, a laborer, aged thirty-six years, was fatally injured in the Hollenback mine, Wilkes-Barre, October 28, 1884, and died at the top of the shaft when being conveyed home. While he and Thomas Gallagher were trying to get a car on to the head of the No.

3 plane, he was caught between the car and rib and severely squeezed. The result was that he died, as above stated.

ACCIDENT No. 81.—James Hoban, a footman, aged twenty years, had his head jammed between two empty cars, while coupling them, at the foot of the Midvale slope, Plains township, November 13, 1884, and was instantly killed.

ACCIDENT No. 93.—Edward Smith, a slate-picker, aged twenty-three years, after assisting to load one of the railroad box-cars, at the Maffit breaker, on November 22, 1884, attempted to pass out through a narrow space between the slowly moving car and a horizontal foot-plank, and was squeezed so severely that he died November 24, 1884. This breaker is located at Sugar Notch, and is operated by the Hanover Coal Company.

FATAL ACCIDENTS BY EXPLOSIONS OF POWDER AND BLASTS.

Accident No. 12.—James Davy, a miner, aged twenty-eight years, was fatally injured in the No. 1 shaft, Nanticoke, February 23, 1864, and died thereof the following day. About four o'clock, afternoon, Davy, having a blast ready to fire, told his laborer to warn the men working in the next breast, and immediately after that, he shouted the usual alarm "fire," and the blast almost simultaneously exploded. The laborer and others went to look for him, and found him lying on the floor with his skull severely fractured. He was using the Daddow & Beadle touch-squib, but we failed to ascertain the cause of its firing so quickly.

ACCIDENT No. 13.—David Davies, a miner, aged forty-five years, was fatally injured in the No. 2 slope, Nanticoke, February 23, and died February 25, 1884. While waiting for a blast to explode, at a point thirty-five yards distant from the face of his breast, a small lump of coal was thrown back, which struck him on his head, fracturing his skull so severely that his death was caused at the time stated. He was standing close to the rib where he thought he was safe, but a stray piece of coal struck him and did its fatal work. If he had gone a few feet farther and into the crossheading, he would have been in a safe position.

ACCIDENT No. 46.—John Phillips, a miner, aged forty-six years, was severely injured in the No. 4 shaft, Plymouth, June 16, 1834, and died thereof on the following day.

The deceased and his brother Frederick were working in a breast together. They had prepared two holes to blast, one in the top and the other in the bottom coal. The matches of both were fired at the same time, but the top-coal one "missed" to explode; John returned to relight it, and placed his hat, with lamp attached, on the needle, and reaching up fired the squib instead of the match. He thus instantly exploded the blast, which threw the coal down upon him, causing the injury described. Comments are unnecessary on accidents like this, as every practical miner can readily see where the mistake was made. Phillips should have taken more time and been sure where to place the fire.

ACCIDENT No. 49.—Robert Schultz, a miner, aged thirty three years, had his skull fractured by a blast in the No. 1, Red Ash colliery, July 2, 1884, and he died a few days later at the hospital in Wilkes-Barre. Schultz who was working a breast on a pitch of about twenty degrees, had prepared a blast ready to fire. There was no other person in the breast with him. The driver was on the gangway a few feet inside of his breast, and the blast fired without any warning from Schultz, and he was found immediately after lying on the gangway with his skull severely fractured and unconscious. He was using Beadle & Daddow's patent touch-squibs, and it was supposed that he either cut the match too short, or that the squib was defective, causing the blast to fire before he had time to get away.

ACCIDENT No. 50.—William Levitzkey, a laborer, aged twenty-eight years, was fatally injured in the No. 3, West Nanticoke colliery, July 8, 1884, and died in two hours after. The deceased was throwing coal into the chute in his breast, when Thomas J. Parry fired a blast in the adjacent breast. A piece of coal was thrown across through the cross-cut, which struck him on his head, fracturing his skull, and causing his death as stated. The face of Parry's breast was twenty-eight feet forward from the cross-cut. Parry ran into Levitzkey's breast after firing the match, and seeing the latter standing opposite the cross-cut, requested him to come away, but he refused to move, and when the shot fired a small piece of coal, striking the lowest corner of the cross-cut, glanced across and struck Levitzkey as already stated.

ACCIDENT No. 56.—Thomas Kearns, a miner, aged thirty six years, was instantly killed in the No. 5 colliery, Plymouth, July 31, 1884. Kearns was driving an airway and was about to fire a blast. He fired the match and ran to a safe place to wait for the blast to fire. It took a longer time than usual, and he came to the conclusion that the squib had "missed fire;" then he walked back for the purpose of applying another, and just when he was within about ten feet of the face, the blast fired and killed him.

ACCIDENT No. 60.—Joseph Shiner, a Hungarian miner, was injured in the Forty Fort colliery August 9, 1884, and died at the hospital August 11, 1884. While firing a blast in the face of a level breast, he ran back to the gangway, a distance of one hundred and five feet, and stood directly in line with the breast, watching it. Upon exploding, the blast threw a lump of coal, which struck Shiner on his forehead, breaking the skull, and causing his death as stated. He had been cautioned against standing and exposing himself thus when blasts were being fired, but he persisted in this dangerous habit until this accident occurred.

ACCIDENT No. 73.—George E. Williams, a miner, aged thirty years, while in the act of igniting the match to fire a blast it exploded, injuring him so severely that he died in four hours after. The accident occurred at about eleven o'clock, A. M., October 11, 1884, in the No. 4 Slope mine, Nanticoke.

ACCIDENT No. 82.—John Pomrinkey, a miner, aged forty-four years, was seriously injured by a blast in the No. 2 Slope, Nanticoke, November 22,

1884, and died therefrom at the Wilkes-Barre hospital November 28. While in the act of applying fire to the match the blast exploded, throwing the coal upon him, and fracturing his skull. He remained unconscious until he died.

Accident No. 88.—Thomas McDonald, a miner, aged thirty-seven years, was severely injured in the Mineral Spring colliery December 9, 1884, and died at the Wilkes-Barre Hospital December 13. He was working a breast, and while in the act of applying fire to the sulphur-matched squib the blast exploded, resulting as already stated. It was supposed that the gas emitted from the needle-hole ignited and fired the squib; but there is no proof of this.

ACCIDENT No. 93.—Edward McLaughlin, a miner, aged twenty-five years, was instantly killed in the Baltimore slope mine, Wilkes-Barre township, December 16, 1884. He was working as second miner with James Davy in a gangway. He was firing a shot, and both retired to the air-way waiting the blast. Thinking it had missed, he returned to try another squib, and when he was within a few feet of the face the blast exploded, bursting the coal upon him, and killing him instantly.

FATAL ACCIDENTS FROM MISCELLANEOUS CAUSES IN AND ABOUT THE MINES.

ACCIDENT No. 1.—John Boloskey, a Hungarian laborer, aged thirty-five years, was instantly killed at the No. 2 slope, Nanticoke, January 15, 1884. The deceased was straightening the timber pile in the yard, when a farmer having a sled full of timber drove near one of the guy-ropes which held the iron stack in position at the steam-boilers. The rear end of the sled struck the guy-rope, and the jar broke the opposite one, causing the stack to fall right on the spot where Boloskey was at work, and it killed him instantly.

Accident No. 4.—Michael Mishko, a Hungarian laborer, aged eighteen years, was smothered in the coal-chute at the No. 5 breaker of the Susquehanna Coal Company, at Nanticoke, February 6, 1884. He and two other persons were sent to throw coal back in the No. 7 chute, which was getting too full of coal. After a while they sat down to rest, during which time the loaders began to draw coal from the chute below, and the deceased, not taking hold of the rope placed there for that purpose, was drawn down into the coal and was smothered, though strenuous efforts were made to save him.

Accident No. 8.—William H. Thomas, a mine superintendent, aged fiftyone years, was smothered under a mass of culm at the Franklin colliery,
Wilkes-Barre, February 16, 1884. The culm dump was discovered to be
on fire, and Mr. Thomas sent a force of men to remove a part of its side in
order to find the seat of the fire and extinguish it. About five o'clock, p.
m., on this day, he visited the place, and while standing at the base of a
high vertical wall of culm giving directions regarding the work, the culm
showed signs of falling, the workmen ran, and at the same time called on
him, but he, taking the matter rather cool, did not move at once, and was

struck down and covered by the fallen heap of culm. It took fifteen minutes of hard work to uncover him, and by this time he was dead. Mr. Thomas was an excellent man, kind to his workmen, and charitable to the poor and needy. His friends were legions, and all regretted and mourned his untimely end. His employers and workmen felt that they had lost a true and honest friend in his death, and sympathized deeply with the widow and child in their bereavement.

Accident No. 18.—Edward Bellows, a pump runner, aged twenty years, was instantly killed in the Avondale air-shaft, March 12, 1884. He was standing on a platform near the pump, about twenty-five feet from the bottom of the shaft, when a mass of rock from the mountain side rushed into the shaft, crushing the timber and everything down to the bottom. In some providential manner the five sinkers at the bottom escaped without serious injury, but Bellows was instantly killed. The Avondale air-shaft is located at the side of the public road, at the base of the mountain, about eight hundred feet east of the main shaft. A high rocky cliff stands on the north side close to the shaft, and under the disintegrating effects of the thawing frost, a part of this cliff gave way and fell into the shaft, sweeping the platforms, buntons, pump, and everything down to the bottom, where five men besides the deceased were at work. It is almost incredible that such a thing occurred without injuring the said men, but it is true, and those men regard themselves singularly fortunate.

ACCIDENT No. 19.—Lewis Lewis, a driver-boss, aged fifty years, was fatally injured in the Wyoming colliery, March 13, 1884, and he died on the 22d of the same month. He and the headman were pushing two empty cars over the head to run down the slope, and when they got on the grade Lewis stepped on the rear end of the last car to ride down. It happened that there were about fifty feet of slack rope, and the cars ran rapidly until the rope got tight, when they suddenly stopped; Lewis was thrown violently against the car, breaking three of his ribs and causing internal injuries, from which he died, as already stated. The hoisting-engine was at the surface, and the rope passed down the shaft over pulleys. When three cars were put to the rope, as is usually done, the slack rope was easily taken out, but on this occasion the two cars were too light, hence the men were deceived as to the length of slack rope.

ACCIDENT No. 24.—John Garra, a slate-picker, aged ten years, was instantly killed in the Hillman Vein breaker, Wilkes-Barre, March 24, 1884, under the following circumstances: He was employed in picking slate in one of the chutes, which was rather rusty, and in which the coal did not run free. Seeing the coal accumulate under the screen, he ran on, stretched his foot forward to pull the coal down, and in an instant the revolving-screen caught his pants and pulled him under, crushing him to death between the screen and wood-work. The breaker-boss was close by, and had just been scraping the coal down with a scraper kept there for that purpose, but his eyes were in another direction when young Garra made his

fatal mistake, and he did not see him until the moment he was caught, and when too late to save him.

ACCIDENT No. 34.—Joseph Knight, a driver-boss, aged twenty-seven years, was killed in the Nottingham shaft, Plymouth, May 12, 1884. His work was to watch and direct the hoisting and distributing of cars at the bottom of the shaft. Being in haste to gain lost time in hoisting coal—he, at the time of the accident, was attending the signal bell—gave signal to hoist before the car was right on the cage, it having run too far for the clutches, and without giving signal to stop, he stepped on the cage to pull the car back. The cage was instantly raised, and Knight was crushed and killed between the car and side of shaft. This accident was clearly the result of too much hurry.

ACCIDENT No. 39.—William Hayes, a footman at breaker-tower, was struck on his head by a small lump of coal which fell either from the ascending cage or from the landing above, at the Exeter breaker. West Pittston, May 16, 1884. The accident occurred at five o'clock, P. M., and he died at eight, P. M., the same evening. He was twenty-four years of age, married, but had no children.

ACCIDENT No. 40.—Taliesin Watters, a timber-man, aged thirty-two years, was killed in a singular manner in the No. 2 slope colliery, Nanticoke, May 22, 1884. David Gower, John E. Lewis, and the deceased, working together, were in the act of raising a collar, the two legs being previously placed in position. One end was placed on the leg and the other end was on Watters' shoulder, when his foot slipped, causing him to fall, and the weight of collar falling on his neck killed him almost instantly. He had carelessly placed a lump of coal under his feet to give him a higher elevation to stand on while lifting the collar, and this, turning under his feet, caused him to fall when the end of the timber was bearing on his shoulder.

Accident No. 54.—Patrick Corcoran, a fireman, aged sixty years, was severely scalded while attending the boilers at the Enterprise colliery, July 29, 1884, and died during the same day. He was working on the night shift as assistant fireman. A bout three o'clock, A. M., while standing with his hand on the injector-valve, one of the boilers suddenly cracked, allowing the water and steam escape so rapidly that Corcoran was instantly enveloped in the hot steam and fatally scalded. He died therefrom the same day. Subsequent examination of the boiler showed that the iron was burned, and had not received proper care by its attendents.

ACCIDENT No. 58.—Moscow Pola, a slate-picker, aged thirteen years, during a few minutes' intermission at the No. 2 breaker, Kingston, August 2, 1884, crawled into a chute, and was caught in a pair of cog-wheels, and had his leg crushed so that he died in a few hours after at the Wilkes-Barre hospital. He had no legitimate business in the place where he was hurt; but was stealing away to have a talk with a friend in another part of the structure.

ACCIDENT No. 74.—John Morinofskey, a slate-picker, aged seventeen

years, was suffocated in the dirt chute of the No. 3 breaker, West Nanticoke, October 13, 1884. The chute was blocked with dirt, and the deceased was sent there to shovel the dirt back and keep the telegraph chute clear. While he was thus engaged and by others drawing dirt into the railroad cars below, he was drawn through and smothered before any one was aware of his situation. He had been doing this work often, and ought to have been more careful.

TABLE No. 5.—A list of accidents resulting in death in the Middle District of Ludent, for the year end-

								dent, for the year end-
DATE	No. of accidents.	Names of persons killed .	Age.	Widows.	Orphans.	Nationality	Occupation.	Names of Collieries.
Jan. 15 23 23 Feb. 6 12	1 2 3 4 5	John Bolaskey, John Stoddard, David R. Evans, Michael Mishko,	35 26 16 18 19			Hungarian Americau, Welsh, Hungarian American,	Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer,	No. 2 Slope, Nanticoke, Black Diamond, No. 1 Shaft, Kingston, No. 5 Breaker, Nauticoke, Franklin,
13 13	6	Alex'r Stevens, . Matthew Eisolo, .	18 35	1		American, German,	Plane footman Miner,	Mill Creek Breaker, Empire,
16 20 21 22 23 23 25 Mar. 1 7 7	8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	Wm. H. Thomas, John Crosswatte, John Fred. Link, Thos. John Jones, James Davy, David H. Davies, Sylves'r R. Brown, Charles King, James Rock, Peter Friel, Edward Bellows, Lewis Lewis,	51 58 30 18 28 45 17 22 30 45 20 50	1 1 1 1 1 1	1 5 1	Welsh, Irish, German, Welsh, English, Welsh, American, Austrian, Irish, American, Welsh,	Mine boss, Laborer, Miner, Driver, Miner, Driver, Driver, Laborer, Miner, Pumpman, Driver boss,	Franklin, No. 10, Sugar Notch, No. 2, Rted Ash, No. 2 Shaft, Nanticoke, No. 1 Shaft, Nanticoke, No. 2 Slope, Nanticoke, Wanamie, West End, No. 2 Tunnel, Nanticoke, No. 2 Tunnel, Nanticoke, Avondale Air-shaft, Wyoming,
18 18 19 23 24 April 2	20 21 22 23 24 25	Andrew Hortak, Michael Jones, Thomas McGovern, Henry Doberstein, John Garra, John J. Gangloff,	27 50 17 35 10 27	1	1	Hungarian Welsh, Irish, German, Irish, American,	Laborer,	Midvale, Nottingham, Henry, No. 1Shaft, Nanticoke, Hillman Veln Breaker, No. 3, Plymouth,
8 7	26 27	William Hunt, . Jerry Lenahan,	43 20			English, Irish,	Co. laborer, Sinker,	Reynolds,
7	28	Joseph Prudhoe, .	29	1	2	American,	Mechanic,	Avondale Air-shaft,
17 28 28 29 30 May 12	29 30 31 32 33 34	Edward Keifer, Wm. D. Evans, Adam,, Charles Duffy, Daniel Price,, Joseph Knight,	18 19 85 45 70 27	1 1 1	5	American, Welsh, Polish, Irish, Welsh, American,	Driver,	Grand Tunnel,
18 14 15 16	35 36 37 38 39	John E. Watkins, . Dennis O'Brien, . William Wilson, . Henry Remelee, .	23 45 43 24 20	1 1	6 4	Swede, Welsh, Irish, Scotch,	Tracklayer,	Prospect Colliery,
16	40	William Hayes,	24	1		American, Irish,	Driver, Footman,	West End,
22	41	Taliesen Watters, .	32	1	1	Welsh, .	Timberman, .	No. 2 Slope, Nanticoke,
June 1 10 10	42 43 44	Rich'd M. Phillips, John B. Carey, John Quinn,	22 67 16	1		Welsh, lrish, American,	Miner, Miner, Loader,	Avondale,
13 13 14 16	45 46 47 48	Thomas Thomas, Frank Barton, John Phillips, Louis Hova,	28 20 47 24	1 1 1	1 4	Welsh, Polish, Welsh, Italian,	Laborer, Miner, Miner,	No. 4 Slope, Nanticoke, Dodson,
24 25 July 8	49 50 51	William Thomas, . Robert Schuitz, William Levitzkey, Timothy Kelly,	18 33 28	1 1	3 2	Welsh, German, .	Door-boy, Miner, Laborer,	Nottingham,
•				•		,	,	

zerne and Carbon counties, Pennsylvania, with remarks on the cause of each accing December 31, 1884.

	C.	ADB	E 8 O	F TE	IR A	CCII	DEN.	rs.	
Remarks on the Causes of the Accidents.	Explosion of CH4 gas.	Falling of roof and coal.	Falling down shaft.	Crushed by mine cars.	Explosions of powder	Miscellaneous under	On surface.	Total	No. of accidents.
Instantly killed by a stack falling on him at the boilers, Instantly killed by a thin flake of bone-coal falling on him, Killed by a fall of rock in face of a gangway, Was drawn into the No. 7 coal, in chute, and was suffocased, Spine severely injured by coal rolling upon him; died February	. :	1 1					1	1 1 1	1 2 2
24, at the hospital, Jammed between cars while coupling them; died almost instantly, Fataily injured by a fall of top coal; died shortly after reaching		1		.:			1	1	
home, Suffocated under a mass of fallen culm outside of mine, Instantly killed by a fall of rock, Instantly killed by a fall of top coal,	. :	1 1 1		٠.			1	1 1 1	10
Fatally injured by being crushed between cars. Died the same day, Fatally injured by a premature blast; died the following day, Skull fractured by coal flying from a blast; died February 25, Instantly killed; crushed between two cars. Fell off a mule's back, and broke his neck,		1		1	1 1	.	1	1 1 1 1 1 1	13 13 14 14 16 16 17
Instantly killed by a mass of rock failing into the shaft upon him, Ribs fractured by being thrown against a car while getting on it at head of slope, Instantly killed by a fall of coal in gangway, Instantly killed by a fail of top coal, Skull fractured while riding on front of car; died March 25,		1 1		1		1		1 1 1 1 1	15 20 21 21 22
Fatally injured by a fall of slate; idled in about two hours after, Instantly killed; caught by the main breaker screen, Killed by a fall of rock while working to assist a neighboring miner.		1					1	1	22 24 24
Fatally injured by being crushed between cars and rib or side, Attempted to descend the shaft by sliding down on the rope, and loosing his hold fell to the bottom, and was instantly killed, Fatally injured by attempting to slide down on rope to assist Lazahan, who had fallen down the shaft; he loosing his hold in			1	1		, ,		1	2
the same manner. Died April 8, 1884. Leg crushed under the railroad cars near breaker; died April 19, Leg crushed under cars; died at the hospital, April 30, Fatally hurt by a fall of rock, and died on the way out, Instantly killed by stepping off the cage, and failing down shaft, Instantly killed by cars on inside slope,		1	1	1			1	1 1 1 1 1	25 25 30 31 32
Caught by cage, and killed instantly. (See description of fatal accidents,) Seriously injured May 12, and died at the Wilkes-Barre hospital during the same mouth; the accident occurred by a fall of coal,		1				1		1	34 85
Instantly killed by a runaway car on main slope, Almost instantly killed by a fall of rock from top, Instantly killed by being caught between a car and rib, Fell under cars and had his thigh crushed; died under the sur-	::	1		1				1 1	3
geon's operation, Skull fractured by a small lump of coal which fell from the breaker tower, Instantly killed by falling, while having one end of a collar on	· ·			1			1	1	4(
his shoulder which fell on his neck, breaking it, Killed by a piece of rock which fell from the roof of breast, Fatally injured by a fall of rock; died the same day, Arm and shoulder crushed between railroad cars; died the same	::	1	::	.:	::	1		1 1 1	4
evening. Instantly killed by a fall of rock. Instantly killed by stepping off the cage, and falling down shaft, . Fatally injured by a premature blast; died the following day, Instantly killed; drill caught in bunton, and struck him down the		1	1	. :	 -;-		1	1 1 1	44
shaft while being holated up on the cage, Instantly killed by falling under a loaded car, Skull fractured by a premature blast, died July 2,		::	1	1	1	::		1 1 1	45 40 50
Fatally hurt by a lump of coal flying from a blast; died in two hours. Instantly killed by a fall of top coal,	::	₁			1		ļ	1	51

TABLE No. 5-

	1			-	<u> </u>			
DATE,	Number of accidents.	Names of persons killed.	Age.	Widows.	Orphans.	Nationality	Occupation.	Names of Collieries.
July 8 14 29 81 31 81	53 54 55 56 57 58	Sylv'r Losnefskey, William Bishop, Patrick Corcoran, Michael Mando, Thomas Kearns, William Spargo,	81 60	1 1 1	1 5 4	English, Irish, Hungarian	Door-boy, Sinker, Fireman, Loader, Miner, Miner,	Enterprise, No. 1 Breaker, Kingston.
Aug. 2 6 9 9 15 16 20 23	68	Moscow Pola, And. Madiefskey, Joseph Shiner, Edward Nelson, Auth'y Gallagher, Joseph Gutofskey, Euoch John, James Delucken,	13 48 24 14 32 85 42	1	5	Hungarian Hungarian Hungarian English, . Irish, . Polish, .	Slate-picker, Laborer,	No. 2, Kingston, No. 2 Breaker, Nanticoke Forty Fort, Black Diamond, Prospect, No. 3, West Nanticoke, Clear Spring, Exeter,
28 30 Sept. 9	67 68 69	Edward McGinty, Cas. Yokobofskie, Michael Connell,	36 45 85	1 1 1	5	Irish,	Miner, Laborer, Laborer,	Mineral Spring, Alden,
Oct. 8 9 10 11 13 13 21 23 28	70 71 72 78 74 75 76 77 78 79	Andrew Cree, Patrick Gallagher, George Hand, Stephen Heywood, Geo. E. Williams, John Marinofsky, Mike Okinga, John Castle, Andrew Johnson, Henry Bray,	24 35 37 19 80 17 30 45 42 36	1 1	4	English, . Hungarian Hungarian American.	Slate-picker, Miner, Miner, Miner,	No. 4 Slope, Nanticoke, No. 8 Breaker, Nanticoke No. 2, Kingston,
Nov. 7 10 13 22 22	80 : 81 82 83 84	Rich. P. Thomas, Benjamin Rodda, James Hoban, John Pomrinkey, Edward Smith,	20 44	1 1	2	English, Irish, German, .	Footman,	Nottingham, No. 4 Slope, Nanticoke, Midvale, No. 2 Slope, Nanticoke, Maffit Breaker,
24 24 25 Dec. 7	85 86 87 88	Thomas Barrett, Patrick Dailey, William Woods, William McCabe,	25	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · ;	Irish, Irish, Irish,	Miner,	Harry E.,
11	89 90	Thomas McDonald, Domi'k Uskavage,	37 · 35 :		2	Irish,	Miner,	Mineral Spring,
11 13 15 16	91 92 93 94	Jno. Filonosways, John Kane, James Mason, Ed. McLaughlin, .	26 35	1		Polish, Irish, Irish, Irish,	Miner,	Bennett,
16 19 19	96 96 97	Jacob Shafer, James Jones, Anthony Carling, .	20	1	1 6	German, . Welsh, Irish,	Miner, Miner, Miner,	No. 4 Shaft, Plymouth, . Mineral Spring, No. 10, Sugar Notch,
1	!	Totals,	• • !	48	112			

Continued.

	C	AU8	es ()F T	HE	Acc	IDE	rs.
Remarks on the Causes of the Accidents.	Explosion of CH4 gas	Falling of roofand coal.	Falling down shafts.	Crushed by mine cars.	Explosions of powder	Miscellaneous under-	On surface.	Total.
Cilled by cars while asleep lying on the track,	<u>.</u> .	·	Ī	1 1	1	٠.		1
nstantly killed by failing from a platform in the shaft,		i	1		٠.	1	٠.	1
atally scalded by steam escaping through a cracked boiler,) · •		į				1	1
rushed between railroad car and breaker-frame, [illed by a blast while returning to relight the match,	• •		!		1		7	i
stally injured by cars running upon him in slope; died the same	• •		1	١	•	•		•
day,		ļ	į.	1.	١			1
eg crushed in cog-wheels; died the same day at the hospital,		•		1	٠.		1	1
ell under cars by jumping off a train; died the next day,	•	• •	•	٠.	٠,	• •	1	1
kull fractured by coal flying from a blast; died August 11, everely burned by an explosion of gas; died August 16,	· 1				1 -	į.		i i
istantly killed by being caught between a car and prop,	١, ١			1 1		١		'n
istantly killed by a fall of bony coal.		1						1
atally injured by a fall of rock; died the same day,	٠	1		. • •	٠.			1
atally injured by a loaded car running upon him; died the same day.	i			٠,				. 1
illed by a fall of coal while cutting a prop away from under it, .	• •	1	٠	•	:		٠.	î
istantly killed by a fall of rock,		1	i	1.		١		1
illed by a fall of ''black rock;'' the miner was slightly hurt at		_		ļ	i			
the same time,		. 1	•		ļ			1
illed by being run over by a trip of cars on the gravity-plane, a stantly killed by a fall of bony coal,		1	1	1. *	•			i
Both were instantly killed by a fall of rock in the Red Ash ?		-	٠	ļ.,		٠.		
seam,		2						2
atally injured by a premature blast; died the same day,		٠.			1	• •	• :	1
uffocated by being drawn into the dirt-chute in the breaker, eg broken by a fall of coal; died shortly after from loss of blood,	٠.	1					•	. 1
eg broken by a fall of roof; died October 24,		i	::	1. 1				i
illed by a fall of rider coal in the Ross seam,	•	ī		1	٠			ī
rushed between a car and rib; died at the top of shaft while be-				1				
ing conveyed home.				1	٠. •			1
istantly killed by a fall of top coal,	• •	1	. •	٠			•	1
ead jammed between two cars; died instantly,	• •	•	•	. 1	. *			î.
atally injured by a premature blast; died November 28,					1			1
verely squeezed between a railroad car and wood-work of								
breaker; died November 24,				. • •			1	1
istantly killed by being knocked off the cage down the shaft, istantly killed by a fall of rider coal,	٠.	1	, 1	٠.	i			1
eg broken and otherwise injured by a fall of rock; died the same		•					•	
day,		1		i				1
stantly killed by falling down the shaft,			1		1			1
rm crushed and eyes severely injured by a premature blast; his arm was amputated at the hospital, and he died December 13,		1			1			1
The first was instantly killed and the second fatally injured by				,	•			•
an explosion of fire-damp; caused by stopping the fan with-	1	٠	• •	· ·		٠.	• •	I
out proper warning,)	1						• •	1
ace and hands burned by an explosion of gas; died December 17,	1			1	٠.			1
istantly killed by a fall of rock, atally injured by a blast; he was returning to replace the squib,				. •	i	٠.	٠.	
believing that the first had missed when the "shot" fired; died				1			1	
December 17,				,	1		1	1
istantly killed by a fall of rock,		1		1				1
nstantly killed by a fall of rider coal,	• •	1						I
	<u>. </u>		· <u> </u>	· <u>·</u>		:		1
Totals,	4	37	, 8	18	11	4	15	97
				1			-	1 -

TABLE No. 6.—A list of serious but non-fatal accidents in the Middle District of accident, for the year

							u ————————————————————————————————————	cciaent, for the year
DATE.	Number of accidents.	Names of Persons Injured.	Age.	Wife.	Children.	Nationality.	Occupation.	Names of the Collieries.
Jan. 4	1	Ignetz Voskavay.	40	1	8	Polish,	Miner, .	No. 2 Tunuel, Nanti-
8 9 9 15	2 3 4 5 6	Rodger Boyle,	88 40 50 20 80	1 1 1	 6	Welsh, Irish, Irish, Irish, Polish,	Miner,	coke, Franklin, Pine Ridge, Gaylord, Bennett, No.1 Shaft, Nanticoke,
21 21 22 24 31	7 8 9 10 11	John Smuggie, Pat. McAndrew, Martin Mutch, Ed. J. Edwards, P. C. Newman,	40 24 85 42 29	1 1	. 3 . 2	Polish, American, German, Weish, Swede,	Laborer, Loc.engineer, Laborer, Miner, Miner,	No.2 Shaft, Nanticoke, Baltimore Tunnel, Nottingham Breaker, Warrior Run, Prospect,
Feb. 1	12	John Casey,	40	1	6	Irish,	Laborer,	Empire Breaker,
1 4 6	13 14 15	Con. McCall, D. H. Williams, . Henry G. Kulp, .	36 15 17	1	. 4 :::	Irish, Welsh, American, .	Miner, Driver, Loader,	Dorrance,
6 18 14	16 17 18	Daniel Powell, . John Haley, Andrew Sweek, .	26 35 22	1	3 3	English, Irish, Hungarian,	Miner, Miner, Laborer,	Dorrance,
16	19	John Gonor,	23	• •	• • '	Hungarian,	Laborer,	Fuller Colliery,
19 20 20	20 21 22	Henry Perkins, . Joseph Tomasky, Thomas Rees,	14 35 18	1	::	English, Polish, American, .	Driver, Miner, Door-boy, .	Nottingham, No. 10 Sugar Notch, . Mineral Spring,
22	28	Albert Walkins, .	40		• •	English,	Miner,	No.1 Shaft, Nanticoke,
23 26 March 6	24 25 26	Peter Lawler, John McAndrew, John J. Martin,	16 17 45	::		English, lrish, Irish,	Driver,	No.1Slope, Nanticoke, No.1Slope, Nanticoke, Midvale,
11 15 21 22	27 28 29 30	Patrick Monahan, Patrick Hayes, William P. Rees, Robert Donaby,	35 43	1 1	1	Irish, Irish,	Laborer,	Diamond,
28 April 1 8 11	81 82 33 84	Jonah Willis, Thomas Allen, John Vivian, Wm. Chemjetz,	14 20 34 24	i 1		English, English, English, Pollsh,	Driver, Footman, Miner, Laborer,	No.2 Shaft, Nanticoke, Hollenback, Baltimore Tunnel, Mamt,
12	85	Thomas Gorman,	13	٠.		Irish,	Door-boy, .	Enterprise,
12 14 16	36 37 38	Joseph Botofskey, Jos. H. Sprague, Thomas Brown,		i		Polish, English, Irish,	Laborer, Engineer, Driver,	No. 1 Shaft, Nanticoke, Dodson, No. 1 Slope, Nanticoke,
17	89	Frank Bozinskey,	35	1		Polish,	Miner,	No. 2 Tunnel, Nanti-
22	40	Geo.McReynolds,	42	1	6	Scotch, .	Miner,	coke,
23 26 26 28 29	41 42 48 44 45	John Meehan, Ben. J. Lewis, Thomas Eaton, George Cabour, Alex. Vishnifskey	18 42 28	1 1	7	American, . Welsh, . Irlsh, . Hungarian, Polish, .	Driver,	Wyoming,
May 1	46	Charles Lynn, .	21				Runner,	Mineral Spring,
3 15 15 16 17	47 48 49 50 51	Charles Spittle, Mich. Copsaveage William McCarty, Mathias Mische, Mathew Tobin,	30 25	 	2	Polish,	Laborer,	Hillman Stope, Reynolds,

Luzerne and Carbon counties, Pennsylvania, with remarks on the cause of each ending December 31, 1884.

Remarks on Extent of Injury and Cause of Accidents.	Explosion of CH4 gas.	Falling of roof and coal.	Falling down shafts.	Crushed by mine cars.	Explosion of powder and blasts.	Miscellaneous.	On surface.	Totals.	Number of accidents.
		_		一		_		-	_
Arm broken by a piece of roof falling on it while he was using a bar to pry coal down. Leg broken and ankle sprained by a fall of coal, Hands and face burned by an explosion of gas, Arm crushed and had to be amputated, by falling under cars, Severely squeezed by falling under cars,	i	1 1 		1 1				1 1 1 1	1 2 3 4 5
Face severely bruised and cut by returning to a supposed missed shot, which exploded as he was approaching it,	١	١		١	1		١	1	6
Leg broken and flesh bruised by falling under cars, Foot crushed by locomotive wheel running over it,	٠.	• •		1	• •	1		1	7 8
Left leg broken by being knocked over the dump by a car,	· .			1::	::		i	1	9
Thigh broken by a fall of rock in air-way, Compound fracture of leg at ankle and collar-bone fractured	• •	1	• •			•		1	10
by coal falling on him,		1			-			1	11
Knee-cap fractured by a proprolling upon him while unloading props.				į.,			1	1	12
Face and hands burned by an explosion of fire-damp, Leg broken and the other foot squeezed by falling under ears,	1	::	::	1	l: .	::	::	1	13 14
Severely squeezed around his hips by being caught between					١	•	İ		
cars, Face and hands burned by an explosion of fire-damp,	'n		::		1::	: :	1	1	15 16
Leg broken and cuts on head by a fall of rider coal, Ankle severely injured by a car slipping off blocks while try-		1	• •		•	•		1	17
ing to place it on track.				1	 . .	١		1	18
Shoulder blade fractured by being squeezed between wagon and building.		١	١	, :	١	١.	1	1	19
Skull fractured by a kick from mule; recovered all right,	1					1		1	20
Face and hands burned by an explosion of fire-damp, Arm crushed, causing amputation, by being caught be-	*	٠.	١				• •	1	21
tween cars, Ankle fractured by a fall of roof coming upon him while	• •	• •		1		•		1	22
putting a prop up,		1		١			١	1	23
Face badly bruised by a kick from a mule,	l::	1	: .		1::	. 1	١٠.	1 1	24 25
Nose broken and cuts on arm and shoulder by a premature blast,	í				1	•		1	
Thigh severely bruised by falling under a car,	::	::		1	1.	::	:.	1	26 27
Face and hands burned by an explosion of fire-damp, Leg broken by a piece of rock falling on him,	1	i	· :		l: .	! • •	::	l l	28 29
Severely cut on face by returning to a supposed missed shot,		-	ļ		Ι΄.		١		
which exploded, Leg broken by being caught in trace-chain of mule team,	::	: •	::	::	1.1	1	::	1	30 31
Wrist broken by being jammed between a car and post, Leg broken and body severely injured by a fall of bony coal,	• •	٠,		1	• •	٠.		1 1	32 38
Leg broken by being caught between two lumps of coal on		•		١٠.		· .	٠.		
platform, Face and hands severely burned by crawling on top of a fall	• •	١٠٠		• •	ļ. ·	1		1	84
and firing a small quantity of fire-damp,	1	· 1	١.				٠.	1	35
Leg broken by falling off a platform in air-shaft,	::				:::	1	; ;	1	36 37
Leg broken; caught between a car and sheet-iron lying along the road,		١	١	1	١		١	1	38
Severe cuts on head and side, bruised by being blown by air escaping from a fall of rock,	ļ					1		1	1
Arm broken and side bruised by a blast bursting through	١٠.	٠.	١			*		_	3 9
pillar, Hips and knee bruised; caught between car and rib,	::	.:	::	٠,	1	: •	::	1	40 41
Arm fractured by being caught between cars, Arm fractured; caught between car and prop,				1	: `	. •		1	42
mead severely squeezed between cars,				1	::	: .	. 1		43 44
Hip dislocated by a fall of top coal,	• •	1			• •	٠.		1	45
Needle ran through his neck by falling down a pitching				1					40
breast, Leg broken by a fall of rider coal,	::	1	::	::	::		::	1	46 47
Head and face cut and bruised by putting his head under a car, Face and hands burned by an explosion of gas,				1			• •	1	48 49
Severe nesh wounds from a premature plant	1		I		1	::	::	1	50
Shoulder bone and three ribs fractured; crushed between cars,		• •	١٠.	1	١	•	i • •	1	51

TABLE No. 6 .-

[No. 10,

				_	-			
DATE.	Number of accidents.	Names of Persons Injured.	Age.	Wife.	Children.	Nationality.	Occupation.	Names of the Collieries.
May 19 20 20 20 20 20 21 21 21 26 27 28 30 30 31 June 2 4 5 10 12 24 28 27 July 1 7	52 58 54 55 56 67 68 64 65 66 67 68 89 70 71 72 78 74 75 77 78	Philip Hines, Peter Haines, Price Jones, Price Jones, Pat. McWilliams, Albert Perkins, Pat. Dailey, Chas. Anderson, John Evans, Herbert H. Powell John Coyle, Patrick Boyle, George Laffey, Michael Burns, John Shepandlok, Andrew Hahn, D. J. Humphrey, Simon Jones, Patrick Powers, Michael McGoff, Henry Bossard, Charles Bmith, William Adams, Albert Downs, Wm. Thornton, Mich. Tokarcik, Patrick Ryan, John Lake, John Lake,	22 85 18 26 28 48 13 56 44 21 45 25 45 20	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	22 2 3 3	Weish, English, Irish, Irish, Polish Hungarian, German, Weish, Irish, Irish, Irish, American, German, American, Hungarian, Irish, Irish, Irish, Irish, Irish, Irish, Irish, Irish, Irish, Irish, Irish, Irish, Irish, English, Irish,	Miner, Miner, Driver, Miner, Laborer, Laborer, Miner, Laborer, Miner, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Miner, Laborer, Miner, Laborer, Miner,	No. 9, Sugar Notch, Diamond, Henry, No.2 Slope, Nanticoke, Midvale, Prospect, No. 2 Slope, Nanticoke, Shaft 2, Nanticoke, Shaft 2, Nanticoke, No. 5, Plymouth, Gaylord, Dodson, No. 9, Sugar Notch, Bennett, No. 3, Plymouth, No. 2 Shaft, Nanticoke, Prospect, No. 1 Shaft, Nanticoke, No. 1 Shaft, Nanticoke, No. 2 Shaft, Nanticoke, Empire Breaker, East Boston, Exeter, Lance No. 11, Laurel Run, Laurel Run, Prospect,
9 9 10 11 17 19	80 81 82 83 84 85	Lewis Molitzkey, Martin Stopbanos, David Lloyd, John McVey, Joseph Hackett, .	25 22 80 48 48 20		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Folish,	Miner, Laborer, Laborer, Machinist, .	No.1 Shaft, Nanticoke, No.2 Shaft, Nanticoke, Forty Fort, Pettibone,
22 23 23 23 24 26 28	86 87 88 89 90 91	Michael Krotza, Michael Brennen, John G. Thomas, Evan Hughes, Wm. Mikewskie, Daniel K. Rees, Charles Donde, George Cavell,		1	5 3	Irish,		coke. Enterprise, No. 2, Plymouth, Hartford, Dodson, Dodson,
Aug. 4 9	98 94 95 96 97	Dennis Morrisey, A. Robertzkey, Aug. Nelson, Charles Drew, Henry Hauck,	14 35 80 30 15			American, . Polish, Swede, English, American, .	Slate-picker, Laborer, Miner, Miner,	Empire Breaker, Clear Spring, Black Diamond, No. 4 Slope, Nanticoke, No. 2 Shaft, Nanticoke,
12 14 18 23 25 27	98 99 100 101 102 108 104	Charles Morgan, Joseph Nick, John Bell, John Zelinskey, Wm. McGregor, Jere. Coleman, Willie Burk,	22 36 30 40 18 35 16	1 1 1	1 6	German, . Polish, . Polish, . Polish, . American, . English, . American, .	Laborer, Miner, Miner, Miner, Driver,	Clear Spring, No.1 Shaft, Nanticoke, Forty Fort, Reynolds, Conyngham, Lance, or No. 11, Baitimore Slope,
28 30 Sept. 8 8 9	105 106 107 108 109 110	William Tait, Joseph James, Patrick Lenahan, Michael Hilbert, . Lawrence Duffy, Hugh Johnson,	87 21 43 40 23 21	1 1 1 1	4 3 5	English, American,	Miner, Laborer, Laborer, Headman, . Sinker, Laborer,	No. 10, Sugar Notch, Stanton, or No. 7, No. 10, Sugar Notch, No. 10, Sugar Notch, Woodward, No. 1, Baltimore Slope,

Continued.

Remarks on Extent of Injury and Cause of Accidents.	Explosion of CH4 gas.	Falling of roof and coal.	Falling down shafts.	Crushed by mine cars.	Explosion of powder and blasts.	Miscellaneous.	On surface.	Totals.	Number of accidents.
Left leg fractured and hand crushed by a fail of coal, Leg broken by a fail of coal, Leg severely bruised by a fail of coal, Severely squeezed between a car and rib, Leg and arm fractured by a fail of coal, Face and hands burned by a fail of coal, Face and hands burned by a rall of coal; died at the hospital, Leg broken by a lump of coal rolling upon it, Hand cut off by loaded cars passing over it, Body badly injured by a fail of rock, Leg crushed by failing under cars; had to be amputated, Leg and arm broken by a fail of rock, Leg and arm broken by a fail of bony coal, Head and face severely cut by coal flying from a blast, Thigh broken by a fail of rock, Spine fractured by a fail of rock, Spine fractured by a fail of bony coal, Wrist fractured by being caught between a car and a prop, Skull fractured; struck by a plees of rock failing into shaft, Leg broken by a premature blast, Foot crushed; slipped under a car, Hlp dislocated by a fail of top coal, Skull fractured by a fail of top coal, New severely cut by coulder a car while playing with it, Body severely squeezed between a car and rib, Knee severely cut by failing under cars,	1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		1 1	1	1	1	111111111111111111111111111111111111111	522 533 544 555 566 577 60 61 61 62 63 64 66 67 70 71 72 72 73 74 75 77
Skull slightly fractured by a premature blast. Left thigh broken and body hurt by a fail of coal. Face, hands, and back severely burned. Went up to the face of breast knowing there was gas there and exploded it.	1	1		::	1		: <i>.</i>	1 1	78 79 80
Face and hands severely burned. Went up to the face of breast knowing there was gas there and exploded it, Severe bruises and cuts on his face, received by a premature	1			١				1	81
blast, Left arm broken by being caught between cars, Severe scalp wound; struck on the head by a falling flange,	::	::	: .	1	1:	 . 1		1 1 1	82 88 84
Cuts on face and breast by an explosion of powder which he was driving into a hole. Face and hand burned by an explosion of a small quantity of				١	1	· •		1	85
gas, Face and body bruised by a fail of coal, Severely bruised on body by a premature blast. Leg broken by a car tipping and striking him on his leg, Rib fractured by a kick from a mule, Arm fractured by a fail of coal,	1	1		1	1	1		1 1 1 1 1	86 87 88 89 90 91
Leg severely out and bruised by being run over by the mine locomotive; had to be amputated. Leg and head injured by falling down a chute,	::	1	::	1	::	::	1	1 1 1	92 98 94
Face and hands slightly burned by an explosion of gas. His brother, Edward Nelson, was fatally burned the same time, Foot badly bruised by a fall of rock,	1		. :	 ::	 ::	::		1 1	95 96
Leg broken by being struck by coal flying from a runaway car on the slope. Foot severely injured by a fall of rock, Leg broken in two places by a fall of coal. Face and hands burned by an explosion of powder, Severely cut on his leg by coal roiling upon it, Arm broken and bruised by a vicious mule jumping upon him,		1 1 			i	1 		1 1 1 1 1 1	97 98 99 100 101 102
Facial bone fractured by a kick from a mule, Small bone of leg broken and a slight cut on his head; struck his head against the top and fell under the cars, Face and hands burned by an explosion of gas,	1	 ::	::	1				1 1 1	103 104 105
Breast hone fractured; car jumped off the track against him, Back slightly hurt and face and hands slightly burned by an explosion of gas. Leg broken; caught between cars on the surface,	. 1	. :	.:	::		· · ·	· · ·	1 1 1	108 107 108
Leg broken; machine bar fell on it at the bottom of the shaft, Hand severely crushed and arm broken by a fall of state from roof,	l	1		· :		1		1	109

TABLE No. 6 .-

DATE.	Number of accidents.	Names of Persons Injured.	Age.	Wife.	Children.	Nationality.	Occupation.	Names of the Collieries.
Sept. 13 13 16	111 112 118	Patrick McGuire, John Evans, Owen Conway, .	60 48 15	1	::	Irish, Welsh, Irish,	Miner, Miner, Driver,	No.18lope, Nanticoke, Warrior Run, Exeter,
18 19 22 25 Oct. 4 7 7 8 9 9	114 115 116 117 118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125	Francis Frew, John Snyder, Wm. Scoopskie, Alva Williams, John Knefskey, John S. Williams, Charles Eshorn, Thomas R. Butler, John Vitskofskey, John Tucker, Robert McFadden Henry Fogel,	33 28 16 65 35 50 30 42 47 30	1 .1 1 1	6	Swede, German, Polish, Welsh, Polish, German, Welsh, Hungarian, English, Irish, German,	Miner, Runner, Miner, Driver, Laborer, Miner, Miner, Brattlee-man, Laborer, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner,	Enterprise, No. 2 Shaft, Nanticoke, No. 9, Sugar Notch, Clear Spring, No. 2 Shaft, Nanticoke, Reynolds, No. 1 Shaft, Nanticoke, Wyoming, Black Diamond, Hollenback, No. 2 Shaft, Nanticoke, Reynolds, No. 16,
14 15 17	126 127 128	August Barinskey John Haswell, . Henry Dwilin, .	20 16 25		2	Polish, English, English,	Laborer, Driver, Miner,	Black Diamond, No.1 Shaft, Nanticoke, No.5, Plymouth,
21 27 30	129 130 131	Con. McCall, William Purcel, . William Kamp, .	35 17 27	1	::	Irish, English, English,	Miner, Miner,	Dorrance,
Nov. 10	182	Ralph Turnbull, .	25	1	· ·	English,	Miner, .	No. 1 Shaft, Nanticoke
10 13 14 14 14 15 15 17 17 19 21 28 24 27 27 28	133 134 135 136 137 138 139 140 141 142 143 144 145 146 147 148	L. Lovindofskey, Michael McGuire, John Keogh, Michaelsikuliskey John Riley, Thomas J. Rees, Thomas McDowell John Farilicks, Martin Connors, Joseph Solomon, William O'Neal, Richard Jennings, Lewis Honney well Robert Smith, Evan E. Evans, David Butler,	23 23 28 35 14 15 26 35 36 18 32 27 14	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2 2 1	Polish, Irish, American, Polish, Irish, Welsh, Irish, Polish, Irish, Polish, Irish, English, English, Emglish, Welsh, Welsh,	Laborer, Headman,	Diamond, Baltimore Tunnel, No.2 Slope, Nanticoke, Susquehanna Coal Co. Lance, No. 11. Maltby, No. 2, Plymouth, Wyoming, Grand Tunnel, Forty Fort, No.1 Shaft, Nanticoke, Rennett, No.4 Slope, Nanticoke, Franklin, Wyoming,
Dec. 2 2 2 5 8	149 150 151 152 158	Charles Benjamin Richard Bowen, . Martin Welch, . Evan Thomas, . John Williams, .	34 40 44 15 43	1 1	4 5	American, . English, Irish, Welsh, English,	Miner, Miner, Miner, Driver, Miner,	Laurel Bun, Clear Spring,
8 11 11	154 155 156	John Kileen, Adam Lobnoskey, Stanley Woloskey	33 32 20	1 ::	4	Irish, Polish, Polish,	Miner, Miner, Laborer,	Black Diamond, No.10, Sugar Notch, }
12	157	John Waskoe,	38	1	3	German, .	Miner,	No.2 Shaft, Nanticoke,
16 17 19 20	158 159 160 161	Joseph Shema, . Alex'der Samuels George Moyer, . John Dorshaw, .	22 84	1	8	Hungarian, Welsh, American, . Polish,	Miner, Driver, Teamster, Laborer,	No.2Slope, Nanticoke, Grand Tunnel, . No. 2 Breaker, N'coke, Wyoming,
			• •	68	166			

One hundred and forty-one accidents were reported as only very slightly injured, which are not included in the above list; adding which increases the total number of non-fatal accidents to three hundred and one (301).

Continued.

Leg broken; caught between a car and a plank, Knee-cap fractured by a fall of rock, Handa burned and cut on face by an explosion of locomotive boiler cap. The engineer, Ed. Mackin, and his helper, Peter Weish, were also slightly burned at the same time, but only very slightly, The engineer Ed. Mackin, and his helper, Peter Weish, were also slightly burned at the same time, but only very slightly, The engineer Ed. Mackin, and his helper, Peter Weish, were also slightly burned at the same time, but only very slightly, The control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the contr	Remarks on Extent of Injury and Cause of Accidents.	Explosion of CH4 gas.	Falling of roof and coal.	Falling down shafts.	-	Explosion of powder and blasts.	Miscellaneous.	On surface.	Totals.	Number of accidents.
Peter Welsh, were also slightly burned at the same time, but only very slightly. Foot severely brock rolling upon it. Leg badly crushed by a car running over it. Back bruised and ankle sprained by a fall of coal. Leg broken by a fall of rock. Hip-bone fractured by a fall of rock. Hip-bone fractured by a fall of rock. Hip-bone fractured by a fall of rock. Leg broken by a blatt, maded by plane-rope and fell, Hand cut almost off by a stall of rock. Collar-bone fractured; squeezed between a car and rib. Spine fractured by a fall of top coal; ided in November. Thumb crushed and slight cuts on band and arm; caught in the cog-wheels. Small bone in his footbroken by a piece of falling alate. Three ribs fractured by falling under cars. Seriously injured about his head and shoulders by a fall of boney coal. Face and hands slightly burned by an explosion of gas. Thigh broken by falling under cars, Face and hands burned by an explosion of gas, Hile driving the needle into a charge of powder, in a hole with the hammer, the charge exploided, destroying Turnbull's left eye and seriously injuring the other eye, and bruised his arm; Lovindofskey was also injured, but not serious, Face and hands burned by a car running upon him. Hips injured by a fall of top coal, Leg broken by a fall gammed between cars. Leg and arm broken by a car running upon him. Hips injured by a fall ing rock; not supposed serious, Leg broken by a car running upon him. Hips injured by a fall of top coal, Face and arms slightly burned by a mexplosion of gas, Three ribs fractured and ankle disjointed by falling under cars, Leg broken by a fall of rock. 1 1 128 Severely kicked on his face by a male, The province of the coal from side of gangway, Face and ham a blasting-tube driven hirough his thigh by Arm to exercised by being run over by cars, Arm broken and a blasting-tube driven hirough his thigh by Lag broken by a fall of boney coal, Leg broken by a fall of boney coal, Leg broken by a fall of boney coal, Leg broken b	Knee-cap fractured by a fall of rock, Hands burned and cut on face by an explosion of locomotive boiler cap. The engineer, Ed. Mackin, and his helper,	:.	1		 		::	::		
Small bone in his foot broken by a piece of failing slate,	Peter Welsh, were also slightly burned at the same time, but only very slightly. Foot severely bruised by rock rolling upon it, Leg badly crushed by a car running over it, Back bruised and ankie sprained by a fail of coal, Leg broken by a fail of rock. Hip-bone fractured by a fail of rock, Cut on bead, back, and leg by a fail of coal, Leg broken by a blast; made the match too short. Three ribs fractured; tripped by plane-rope and fell, Hand cut almost off by a fail of rock, Collar-bone fractured; squeezed between a car and rib, Spine fractured by a fail of top coal; died in November,	_	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	::	::	1			1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	114 115 116 117 118 119 120 121 122 128
boney coal. Face and hands slightly burned by an explosion of gas, 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Thumb crushed and slight cuts on hand and arm; caught in the cog-wheels. Small bone in his foot broken by a piece of failing state, Three ribs fractured by failing under cars.	::	1	::	 1	:: 	: :	1	1	125 126
with the hammer, the charge exploded, destroying Turn-bull's left eye and seriously injuring the other eye, and bruised his arm; Lovindofskey was also injured, but not serious. Painfully bruised by falling under cars at top of inside slope, Foot crushed by being caught between cars. Leg broken by being caught between cars. Leg broken by being caught by a car on the surface, Ribs fractured by being jammed between cars, Leg and arm broken by a car running upon him, Hips injured by a falling rock; not supposed serious, Hips injured by a falling rock; not supposed serious, Foverely kicked on his face by a mule, Severely kicked on his face by a mule, Three ribs fractured and ankle disjointed by falling under cars, Leg broken by a car running upon him, Face and arms slightly burned by an explosion of gas, Thigh-joint dislocated by a fall of coal from side of gangway, Foot caught and threw him under a car, where his arm was severely crushed; it was thought that amputation of the arm would be necessary, Hip dislocated by a fall of boney coal, Leg broken by a fall of rock, Face, hands, and arms burned by an explosion of fire-damp, Two toes crushed by being run over by cars, Arm broken and a blasting-tube driven through his thigh by a blast, Arm crushed, so as to require amputation, by a fall of rock, Both were slightly burned on hands and faces by an explosion of gas, caused by the fan stopping; two others were fatally injured the same time, Leg broken by a fall of slate which he was in the act of prying down, In gown, Face and hands painfully burned by an explosion of gas, Leg broken by a fall of slate which he was in the act of prying down, Face and hands painfully burned by an explosion of gas, Leg broken by a fall of slate which he was in the act of prying down, Face and hands painfully burned by an explosion of gas, Leg broken by falling under cars when riding on the bumper, Hand crushed while coupling railroad cars, Leg broken by falling under cars when riding on the bumper, Hand crushed while coupling railroad	boney coal, These and hands slightly burned by an explosion of gas, Thigh broken by failing under cars, Face and hands burned by an explosion of gas,		::	١٠٠	1	:: -:	::	¦ • •	1	129 130
serious, Painfully bruised by falling under cars at top of inside slope, Foot crushed by being caught between cars. Severely injured by a blast; he cut the match too short, Leg broken by being caught by a car on the surface, I 1 138 Leg and arm broken by being jammed between cars, Leg and arm broken by a car running upon him, I 1 138 Leg and arm broken by a car running upon him, I 1 148 Severely cut on his arm by a fail of top coal, Severely kicked on his face by a male, I 1 142 Severely kicked on his face by a male, I 1 142 Severely kicked on his face by a male, I 1 142 Severely kicked on his face by a male, I 1 144 Leg broken by a car running upon him, I 1 145 Face and arms slightly burned by an explosion of gas, I 1 144 Thigh-joint dislocated by a fall of coal from side of gangway, Foot caught and threw him under a car, where his arm was severely crushed; it was thought that amputation of the arm would be necessary, I 1 146 Leg broken by a fall of boney coal, I 1 147 Face, hands, and arms burned by an explosion of fire-damp, I 1 157 Two toes crushed by being run over by cars, Arm broken and a blasting-tube driven through his thigh by a blast, Arm crushed, so as to require amputation, by a fall of rock, I 1 158 Arm crushed, so as to require amputation, by a fall of rock, I 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	with the hammer, the charge exploded, destroying Turn- bull's left eye and seriously injuring the other eye, and	}				1	٠.	i I	_	1
Leg broken by a car running upon him, Face and arms slightly burned by an explosion of gas, Thigh-joint dislocated by a fall of coal from side of gangway, Foot caught and threw him under a car, where his arm was severely crushed; it was thought that amputation of the arm would be necessary, Hip dislocated by a fall of boney coal, Leg broken by a fall of boney coal, Face, hands, and arms burned by an explosion of fire-damp, Two toes crushed by being run over by cars, Arm broken and a biasting-tube driven through his thigh by a blast, Arm crushed, so as to require amputation, by a fall of rock, Both were slightly burned on hands and faces by an explosion of gas, caused by the fan stopping; two others were fataily injured the same time, Leg broken by a fall of siste which he was in the act of prying down, Face and hands painfully burned by an explosion of gas, Leg broken by falling under cars when riding on the bumper, Hand crushed while coupling railroad cars, 1 1 44 144 145 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 146 1 1	serious, Painfully bruised by falling under cars at top of inside slope, Foot crushed by being caught between cars. Severely injured by a blast; he cut the match too short, Leg broken by being caught by a car on the surface, Ribs fractured by being jammed between cars, Leg and arm broken by a car running upon him, Hips injured by a failing rock; not supposed serious, Leg broken and body bruised by a fail of rider coal, Severely cut on his arm by a fail of top coal, Severely kicked ou his face by a mule,	::	1 1	٠.	1 1	1	•	1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	134 135 136 137 138 139 140 141 142 143
Leg broken by a fail of rock, Face, hands, and arms burned by an explosion of fire-damp, 1 1 150 Two toes crushed by being run over by cars, Arm broken and a biasting-tube driven through his thigh by a biast, Arm crushed, so as to require amputation, by a fail of rock, Both were slightly burned on hands and faces by an explosion of gas, caused by the fan stopping; two others were fatally injured the same time, Leg broken by a fail of slate which he was in the act of prying down, Face and hands painfully burned by an explosion of gas, Leg broken by failing under cars when riding on the bumper, Hand crushed while coupling railroad cars, 1 1 150 1 150 1 150 1 150 1 150 1 150 1 150 1 150 1 150 1 150 1 150	Leg broken by a car running upon him, Face and arms slightly burned by an explosion of gas, Thigh-joint dislocated by a fall of coal from side of gangway, Foot caught and threw him under a car, where his arm was severely crushed; it was thought that amputation of the	i			1 ::		: .		1 1	145 146 147
Arm crushed, so as to require amputation, by a fall of rock, Both were slightly burned on hands and faces by an explosion of gas, caused by the fan stopping; two others were fatally injured the same time, Leg broken by a fall of slate which he was in the act of prying down, Face and hands painfully burned by an explosion of gas, Leg broken by falling under cars when riding on the bumper, Hand crushed while coupling railroad cars,	Leg broken by a fail of rock, Face, hands, and arms burned by an explosion of fire-damp, Two toes crushed by being run over by cars, Arm broken and a biasting-tube driven through his thigh by	1		• •	• •		:::		1 1 1 1	149 150 151 152
ing down, Face and hands painfully burned by an explosion of gas, Leg broken by falling under cars when riding on the bumper, Hand crushed while coupling railroad cars, 1 1 1 158	Arm crushed, so as to require amputation, by a fall of rock, Both were slightly burned on hands and faces by an explo- sion of gas, caused by the fan stopping; two others were fatally injured the same time,	} ₂			•		: .		Ī	154 155
	ing down, Face and hands painfully burned by an explosion of gas, Leg broken by failing under cars when riding on the bumper,	_	::		1				1	158 159

TABLE No. 7.—Showing number of days worked by the breakers, average tons of coal mined per day, number of persons employed, tons of coal mined per employé, persons injured, persons killed, tons of coal mined per persons injured and killed, tons of coal mined per life lost, ratio of employés to the persons injured and killed, total tons of coal mined, kegs of powder used, and mules and horses employed during 1884.

LEHIGH VALLEY COAL COMPANY.

Names of the Collieries.	Number of days worked by breaker.	Average tons of coal mined per day.	Number of persons employed.	Tons of coal mined per employee.	Number of persons seriously injured.	Number of persons killed.	Tons of coal mined per person injured and killed.	Tons of coal mined per life lost.	Ratio of employees to each person in- jured and killed.	Total tons of coal mined during 1884.	Number of kegs of powder used for all purposes in the mines.	Number of mules and horses employed.
1. Exeter, 2. Prospect, 3. Mineral Spring, 4. Henry, 5. Midvale, 6. Malthy, 7. Dorrance,	198. 15 189. 20 177. 45 177. 60 180. 50 168. 55 131. 55	680, 29 1, 092, 97 407, 33 595, 15 331, 34 191, 14 89, 26	378 512 224 282 245 159 109	361.39 403.88 322.68 374.81 244.11 202.68 107.73	2 5 2 1 4 1 3	3 3 2 2	26, 960 25, 848 14, 456 35, 233 9, 968 3, 221, 8 3, 914	44, 933 88, 930 24, 094 52, 849 29, 904 No life lost. No life lost.	74.60 64.00 44.80 94.00 41.00 159.00 36.33	134,800.00 206,791.11 72,282.08 103,699.12 59,808.05 82,218.18 11,743.01	4,413 6,426 2,500 3,896 2,166 1,898 397	52 53 23 45 13 14 6
Totals Lehigh Valley Coal Company,	181, 91	3,426.66	1,904	827.38	18	13	20, 107.8	47,949	61.42	623, 343. 16	21,696	206

LEHIGH AND WILKES-BARRE COAL COMPANY.

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8. Diamond,	178.45	625.92	499	223.83	8	1	27,924	111,696	124.75	111.696.00	3,509	4
9. Hollenback,	176.60	904.31	557	290.29	2	1	53, 897	161,692	185.66	161,692.00	4,014	1 2
0. Emptre,	178.80	1,027.80	767	239.59	3	1	45,948	188,772	191.75	183,772.00	5, 618	1 4
I. Hartford,	123.25		430	157.16	1		6 7,580	No life lost.	480.00	67,580.00	2,340	1
2. Stanton,	160.65	727.05	578	202.07	1		116,802	No life lost.	578.00	118,802.00	2,875	i S
8. Sugar Notch Shaft,	178.05	776.58	534	258.93	4		84,567	No life lost.	133.50	188,271.00	4,148	4
4. Sugar Notch Slope,	166.50	716.60	629	189.69	6	4	11,981	29,828	62.90	119,815.00	4,485	1 4
5. Lance, No. 11,	173, 35	504.62	869	237.15	8	1	21,878	87,512	92, 25	87,512,00	3,018	. :
8. Nottingham,	177.55	1,980.09	1,232	278.15	2	4	57,114	85,672	205.88	342,688.00	7,962	1 4
7. Reynolds,	175.50	758.39	õ17	257.44	4	2	22, 183	66,549	86.16	133,098.00	8,431	
8. Wanamie,		762.80	497	274.27	. .	1	196,313	136,313	497.00	136, 313, 00	5, 101	1 4
9. South Wilkes-Barre,	No breaker.	1	84				No one injured	and no life	lost.		157	1
otals Lehigh and Wilkes-Barre Coal Co.	178.85	8,938.99	6,643	240.66	29	15	36, 335	106, 582	150.97	1,598,739.00	46,658	4

DELAWARE AND HUDSON CANAL COMPANY.

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21. 22. 23. 24. 25. 26. 27. 28.	Mill Creek, Pine Ridge, Laurel Run. Baltimore Slope, Baltimore Tunnel, Conyngham, No. 2 Plymouth, No. 3 Plymouth, No. 4 Plymouth, No. 5 Plymouth, Boston Mines, Totals D. and H. Canal Company.	202. 25 197. 75 196. 00 200. 00 193. 00 209. 25 188. 25 198. 00 174. 00 187. 75	804.75 602.90 559.74 877.44 630.49 467.84 594.89 854.16 636.16 851.94 758.08	389 360 352 216 353 269 392 425 270 383 302	418.40 331.17 311.67 349.48 344.71 326.75 337.03 397.93 409.97 417.62 473.14	2 3 3 4 1 2 1	1 	162,761 59,612 36,570 18,097 24,387 97,897 37,298 84,561 36,897 31,990 No one injured	162,761 No life lost. No life lost. 37,744 121,686 No life lost. 111,896 169,123 36,897 159,952 and no life	389.00 180.00 117.33 43.20 70.60 296.00 110.66 213.50 90.00 76.60 lost.	162,761.18 119,224.18 109,710.12 75,488.01 121,686.01 97,897.03 111,896.07 169,123.11 110,693.10 159,952.01 142,890.00	Not given. Not given. Not given. Not given. Not given. Not given. Not given. Not given. Not given. Not given. Not given.	87 46 46 24 36 27 44 57 34 58 34
_					l				1				
			SUS	QUEH	ANNA	COA	L COR	IPANY.					
==	Danks W. d	200 45	204 17	400	T		1	- . 					
82.	Breaker No. 1,	299.65 299.05	664.17 1,482.35	437 1,170	455.42 878.88	} 44	18	18,531	63,830	41.06	199,021.15 443,298.10	34,785	50 122
34.	Breaker No. 5,	296.15 279.70	1,710.72 537.61	939 408	589.54 868.55	2	4	25,062	37,593	68.00	(506,630.19 150,872.14		146
	Totals Susquehanna Coal Company,	293.68	4,425.08	2,954	489.85	46	22	19,108	59,060	43.44	1,299,323.18	34,785	361
_			WYON	AING '	VALLE	Y CC	AL C	OMPANY.					
36.	Wyoming,	190.00 179.00 177.50	1,187.35 547.31 501.20	512 412 338	422.06 287.79 263.20	5 8	2 1 1	30,871 24,492 88,963	108,049 97,970 88,963	73.14 103.00 333.00		Not given. Not given. Not given.	
	Totals Wyoming Valley Coal Co	†182.16	2, 212. 51	1,262	824.11	8	4	33,586	100,757	105.16	403,081.00	*18,485	120
_	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		MISC	ELLAI	TEOUS	COA	L CO	IPANTES.					
38.	Avondale	181.30	924.78	420	399.19		1	167, 663	167,663	420.00	167, 663, 00	*4,192	58
39.	No. 1 Shaft, Kington,	201.00	912.08	399	459.47	6 1	3	36,665	61,109	79.80	183, 329. 15	4,900	49
40.	No. 2 Shaft, Kingston,	207.00	1,287,15	688	417.61	1.	î	88,818	133,220	212.66	266,440.14	7,720	58
41.	Gaylord,	193.10 188.00	847.15 364.04	413 237	395.88 290.00	2 2		81,750 34,220	No life lost.	206.50 118.00	163,500.18 68,440.00	4,946 1,520	35 16
43.	Franklin,	193.00	716.87	518	269.51	2	2	34,565	69,130	128.25	188, 260.12	8,243	40
	Enterprise,	119.10 154.30	726.35 758.26	340 255	254.43 458.82	8 2	1	21,627 39,000	86,509 117,000	85.00 85.00	86,509.00 117,000.00	2,668 *5,318	30 25
	Black Diamond,	162.80	575.12	344	272.18	4	2	15,605	46,815	57.83	93,631.00	4,165	30

TABLE No. 7 .- Continued.

			75 4									
NAMES OF THE COLLIERIES.	Number of days worked by breaker.	Average tons of coal mined per day.	Number of persons employed.	Tons of coal mined per employee.	Number of persons seriously injured.	Number of persons killed.	Tons of coal mined per person injured and killed.	Tons of coal mined per life lost.	Ratio of employees to each person in- jured and killed.	Total tons of coal mined during 1884.	Number of kegs of powder used for all purposes in the mines.	Number of mules
47. Dodson, 48. Red Ash, No. 1, 49. Red Ash, No. 2, 50. Ranbville, 51. Bennett, 52. West End, 53. East End, 54. Salem, 55. Hillman, H. B., 56. Clear Spring, 57. Schooley, 58. Mafft, 57. Alden, 50. Hillman Vein, 51. Chauncey, 52. Fuller Colliery, 53. Parrish Colliery,	183.15 166.00 166.25 180.30 217.25 220.70 191.15 221.00 209.75 241.50 178.85 181.00 183.00 195.00	732.61 556.51 628.44 332.77 339.20 481.09 161.31 194.29 216.21 694.87 343.77 835.38 231.79 92.32	307 315 343 239 243 277 144 197 93 342 230 324 502 194 78 33	437.06 293.27 304.60 251.04 303.26 487.52 214.13 217.97 430.17 360.96 294.64 301.20 218.64 230.80	3 	1 1 2 2 2 2 1 1	22, 363 92, 381 34, 826 No person !njur 18, 423 67, 822 No person injur 40, 000 20, 821 41, 510 31, 822 50, 401 21, 219 No one injured	73,693 67,522 ed and no life	51.16 51.16 315.00 114.33 lost. 60.75 138.50 lost. lost. 93.00 48.85 115.00 108.00 167.33 97.00 killed.	124, 178.00 92, 381.09 104, 478.09 60,000.00 73, 693.18 135, 044.00 30, 385.00 42, 940.10 40,000.00 145, 750.19 88, 021.00 95, 466.00 151, 204.00 40, 629.04 1, 406.05	4, 985 3, 773 3, 547 1, 500 1, 287 4, 216 1, 213 1, 320 1, 451 1, 459 3, 531 4, 859 3, 531 4, 400 920 91, 354	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
Totals of Miscellaneous Coal Cos., .	†190.81	13,501.51	7,588	339.78	38	29	88,451	88,835		2,576,224.11	80,400	6
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			RE	CAPIT	TULA	TION	r.					
Lehigh Valley Coal Company, Lehigh and Wilkes-Barre Coal Company, Delaware and Hudson Canal Company, Susquebanna Coal Company, Wyoming Valley Coal Company, All Miscellaneous Coal Companies, New Shafts not producing coal,	181.91 178.85 194.06 293.63 182.16 190.81	3,426.66 8,988.99 7,118.01 4,425.08 2,212.16 13,501.51	1,904 6,643 3,651 2,954 1,262 7,583 360	327.38 240.66 378.34 439.85 324.11 339.73	18 29 30 46 8 88 2	18 15 10 22 4 29 4	20, 107.8 36, 335 46, 044 19, 108 33, 586 38, 451	47, 949 106, 582 138, 132 59,060 100, 787 88, 835	61.42 150.97 121.86 48.44 105.16 118.17	623, 343, 16 1,598, 739, 00 1,381, 322, 17 1,299, 323, 18 403, 031, 00 2,576, 224, 11	21,696 46,653 *46,044 34,735 *13,435 80,400}	2 4 4 3 1 6
Grand totals,	†203.57	38,718.79	24,357		161	97	30,550	81,257	94.41	7,881,985.02	242,963	2

*Estimated.

The fraction in the column giving total tons of coal mined are twentieths of a ton.

The total tons of coal mined include the coal sold at the mines for domestic use, coal shipped to market, and the coal consumed at the collieries for steam purposes,

but does not include the culm used for steam purposes at the collieries.

The Fuller colliery passed into the possession of the Delaware and Lackawanna Railroad Company in the latter part of the year, but the latter company did not mine any coal this year.

TABLE No. 8. The number of each class of employes at each colliery during the year 1884.

LEHIGH VALLEY COAL COMPANY.

	No	MBER (PER	ONS E	MPLOYE	D INSI	DE.	NU	MBER O	r Pere	ONS E	4PLOYE	D OUTS	IDE,	side
NAMES OF THE COLLIERIES.	Воявея.	Miners.	Laborers.	All company men.	Drivers and run- ners.	Door-boys.	Totals inside.	Bosses,	Mechanics.	Head and plate men.	All company men.	Drivers and run- ners.	Slate-pickers.	Totals outside.	Grand totals in and outside.
1. Exeter, 2. Prospect, 3. Mineral Spring, 4. Henry, 5. Midvale, 6. Maltby, 7. Dorrance,	2 8 1 1 2 1 1	89 112 56 65 55 40 15	70 120 28 50 60 80 20	40 40 18 21 8 15	51 69 28 45 18 10 4	15 20 8 25 6 4	267 364 139 207 149 100 58	2 2 1 1 2 1	14 28 5 6 10 3 7	5 9 9 6 2 8	31 39 19 35 18 19	7 3 5 2 2 2 3 2	44 67 46 25 62 30 22	108 148 85 75 96 59	273 512 224 282 245 189 109
Totals Lehigh Valley Coal Company,	11	432	378	157	225	81	1,284	10	78	41	176	24	296	620	1,904

LEHIGH AND WILKES-BARRE COAL COMPANY.

	,														
8. Diamond,	1	82	83	40	62	88	301	1 1	18	12	1 38	7	127	198	400
9. Hollenback,	1	97	122	57	38	29	344	1	18	18	40	6	121	213	537
10. Empire,	1	145	144	67	56	81	444	1	18	33	62	9	200	323	767
11. Hartford,	1	102	68	32	13	14	230	1	18	18	41		122	200	430
12. Stanton,	1	89	146	49	53	33	371	1	29	14	47	. 8	113	207	578
13. Sugar Notch Shaft,	1	116	112	48	80	21	328	1	17	18	34	. 9	127	206	534
14. Sugar Notch Slope,	1	143	124	73	31	25	397	1 1	19	13	47	10	142	232	629
15. Lance, No. 11,	1	95	49	28	22	7	197	1	10	4	32	4 .	121	172	369
ls. Nottingham,	2	242	271	168	81	38	802	1	19	24	62	2	322	420	1,232
17. Reynolds,	1	104	109	38	40	28	3220	1 1	8	10	37	6	135	197	517
18. Wanamie,	1	140	79	59	85	33	347	1	14	22	16	. 6	91	150	497
19. South Wilkes-Barre,	1	6	12	8	2	2	26	· · ·	2	4	2	1 1		8	34
Totals Lehigh and Wilkes-Barre Coal Company,	18	1, 361	1,819	657	463	294	4, 107	31	190	190	462	62	1,621	2,586	6,643

TABLE No. 8.-Continued. DELAWARE AND HUDSON CANAL COMPANY.

	NU	MBER C	F PER	BONS E	MPLOYE	D INSI	DE	NU	MBER O	P PERS	ons Ex	IPLOYE	D OUTS	IDE.	Insid	
NAMES OF THE COLLIERIES.	Bosses.	Miners.	Laborers.	All company men.	Drivers and run-	Door-boys.	Totals inside.	Bosses.	Mechanics.	Head and plate men.	All company men.	Drivers and run- ners.	Slate-pickers.	Totals outside.	Grand totals in and outside.	REPORTS
20. Mill Creek, 21. Pine Ridge, 22. Laurel Run, 23. Baitimore Slope, 24. Baitimore Tunnel, 25. Conyngham, 26. No. 2, Plymouth, 27. No. 3, Plymouth, 29. No. 4, Plymouth, 29. No. 5, Plymouth, 20. No. 5, Plymouth, 20. No. 5, Plymouth, 20. No. 5, Plymouth, 20. Bostou Mines,	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	77 60 65 30 69 50 75 103 65 96 64	80 64 65 30 64 50 70 91 45 50 64	22 40 24 45 26 40 49 39 34 57	54 45 44 19 30 30 33 47 30 50 22	15 12 11 5 6 12 9 26 15 33	249 222 210 130 196 183 237 307 190 287 193	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	8 2 6 3 5 6	5 6 8 6 5 8 12 7	33 37 32 28 32 25 39 32 17 29 46	7 8 4 4 8 1 2 4 4 4 4 2	82 86 90 45 110 45 47 76 44 44 44	140 138 142 86 157 86 95 118 80 96 109	389 380 362 216 353 209 382 425 270 383 302	RIS OF THE INSPECTORS
Totals Delaware and Hudson Canal Company,	11	754	678	408	404	154	2,404	11	50	84	260	38	714	1,247	3, 651	S'EON
	8	USQU	EHAN	INA C	DAL C	OMPA	NY.	Tu ia	=	21 2			, as - :8			OF
31. Breaker, No. 1, 32. Breaker, No. 2, 33. Breaker, No. 5, 34. Grand Tunnel, No. 3,	1 8 2 1	74 291 • 218 78	140 820 298 94	10 54 41 15	26 119 82 18	15 61 39 9	266 848 680 210	1 1 1	15 24 18 11	28 31 19 7	49 92 93 51	7 8 7 4	76 186 121 124	171 822 259 198	437 1,170 939 408	MINES.
Totals Susquehanna Coal Company,	7	656	852	120	245	124	2,004	. 4	68	80	. 285	26	487	950	2,954	
	WI	MIMO	G VA	LLEY	COAL	L COM	IPANY	r. 							==	
### ### ##############################	1 1 1	112 116 55	105 75 60	55 36 35	62 41 19	39 14 9	374 233 179	1 1 1	7 8 5	9 5 5	40 48 61	8 7 9	73 60 78	138 129 159	512 412 338	[No.
Totals Wyoming Valley Ceal Company,	8	288	240	126	122	62	836	8	20	19	149	24	211	426	1,282	10

MISCELLANEOUS COAL COMPANIES.

39 No. 1, Kingston, 1 99 92 24 40 18 274 1 4 35 8 82 125		. 1		1	1	1	1	11		1	1	1		i	il .
40. No. 2. Kingston,		2			48	10	292	1	11	7		2	88	128	4
No. 3, Kingston, 1 67 69 14 24 12 178 2 23 20 24 . 128 217		1						1		4	83	8	82	125	1 3
No. 3, Kingston, 1 67 69 14 24 12 178 178 179 14 28 1 110 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 17	No. 2, Kingston,	2						1 2	22	20	24	la constant	128	207	
1	No. 8, Kingston,	1	67 6	14				5 -			1000-1		,20	20.	d '
1	1. Gaylord,	1						1	19	14		1	110		11
H. Enterprise,	2. Warrior Ruu,	1						1	8	7		5	48		11
15. East Boston, 1 68 55 14 38 12 188 1 5 7 12 2 40 67 16. Biack Diamond, 1 90 90 21 38 7 247 1 7 7 22 60 97 17. Dodson, 1 70 85 29 85 14 214 1 5 9 31 3 44 93 18. Red Ash, No. 1, 1 110 40 10 20 10 191 1 3 10 50 4 56 124 19. Red Ash, No. 2, 1 100 80 7 22 12 222 1 3 14 52 3 47 120 10. Raubville, 2 63 60 4 13 2 222 1 3 14 52 3 47 120 10. Raubville, 1 5 4 15 5 65 95 11. Bennett, 1 54 57 19 28 6 163 1 5 7 14 1 52 80 12. West End, 2 76 57 20 19 4 178 1 5 6 38 2 49 99 13. Fast End, 1 32 24 6 9 72 1 2 5 19 1 14. Salem, 7 1 54 54 67 15. Hillman, H. B., 1 30 10 10 3 64 1 2 3 7 4 12 29 16. Clear Spring, 1 50 45 14 24 6 140 1 3 5 38 2 60 91 17. Schooley, 1 50 45 14 24 6 140 1 3 5 3 50 18. Maffitt, 1 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	3. Franklin,	8		54	29			1	20	17	110	11	71	230	1
1	4. Enterprise.	2	65 50	51	51	28	242	1	8	6	46	5	87	98	ч
77. Dodson, 1 1 70 85 29 35 14 214 1 5 9 81 3 44 93 18. Red Ash, No. 1, 1 110 40 10 20 10 191 1 3 10 50 4 56 124 124 1 9. Red Ash, No. 2, 1 100 80 7 22 12 222 1 3 14 52 3 47 120 10. Rauville, 1 5 4 15 5 65 95 11. Bennett, 2 63 60 4 13 2 144 1 5 4 15 5 65 95 11. Bennett, 3 1 54 57 19 26 6 163 1 5 7 14 1 52 80 12. West End, 2 76 57 20 19 4 178 1 5 6 36 22 49 99 12. Rast End, 3 1 5 6 36 22 49 99 12. Rast End, 4 12 22 24 6 9 6 180 1 2 2 4 14 5 40 67 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12		1	68 56	14	88	12	188	1		7	12	2	40	67	ıl.
7. Dodson, 1 1 70 85 29 35 14 214 1 5 9 81 3 44 93 96 18 96 1 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1		1	90 90	21	38	7	247	1	7	7	22		60		.1
8. Red Ash. No. 1. 1 110 40 10 20 10 191 1 3 10 50 4 56 124 9. Red Ash. No. 2, 1 100 80 7 22 12 222 1 3 14 52 3 47 120 9. Red Ash. No. 2, 2 68 60 4 13 2 144 1 5 4 15 5 65 95 1. Bennett. 2 76 87 19 28 6 163 1 5 7 14 1 5 65 95 2. West End. 2 76 87 20 19 4 178 1 5 6 38 2 49 99 3. East End. 1 52 24 6 9 72 1 2 5 19 4 5 72 1 2 5 19 4 45 72 1 1 2 5 19 4 5 2		1	70 65	29		14	214	1	5	9		8	44		1
Red Ash, No. 2,		i				10	191	1	3	10	50	4	56		d .
D. Raubville,		1	100 80	7				1	2			8	47		ıl –
Bennett 1 54 57 19 28 6 163 1 5 7 14 1 52 80		2					144	i	5	1 4		, B			d l
2. West End, 2 76 87 20 19 4 178 1 5 6 38 2 49 99 3. Fast End, 4 1 1 2 5 19 4 1 772 1 2 5 19 4 1 772 1 2 5 19 4 1 772 1 2 1 2 5 19 4 1 772 1 1 2 5 19 4 1 772 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1		ī				6		ī	5	7		ĭ			4
Rast End, 1 32 24 6 9 6 72 1 2 5 19 45 72 1 8 8 8 9 6 120 2 2 4 14 5 40 67 5 18 18 19 19 19 19 19 19		2				ı ă		i				2			d l
1 54 54 8 9 6 130 2 2 2 4 14 5 40 67 1 1 1 30 10 10 10 3 64 1 2 3 7 4 12 29 1 1 4 6 38 2 60 111 1 7 12 9 46 78 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		ī			0			i	2	5			45		4
5. Hillman, H. B., 1 80 10 10 10 3 84 1 2 3 7 4 12 29 8 6 Clear Spring, 1 70 75 38 35 12 231 1 4 6 88 2 60 111 7 8 6 6 7 8 6 7 7 8 6 7 8 6 7 8 6 7 8 6 7 8 6 7 8 6 7 8 6 7 8 6 7 8 6 7 8 6 7 8 6 7 8 8 7 8 8 7 8 8 7 8 8 7 8 8 7 8 8 7 8 8 7 8 8 7 8 8 7 8 8 7 8 8 7 8 8 7 8 8 7 8 8 7 8 8 7 8 8 7 8 8 7 8 8 7 8 8 7 8 8 7 8 8 8 7 8 8 8 7 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 9 8 9		- 1						2	2	1 4		K	40		1
Clear Spring, 1 70 75 38 35 12 231 1 4 6 38 2 60 111		1			10	2		1	2		7	1 4	12		1
7. Schooley,		- 1	70 75	99		12		1 0	1 7		90	3			d
3. Maffit, 1 80 70 7 9 9 176 1 18 20 10 6 98 148 0 148 0 148 0 10 157 0 150 100 45 40 9 345 1 14 19 20 3 100 157 0 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 1		-				12		1				1 5			4
9. Al·len, 1 150 100 45 40 9 345 1 14 19 20 8 100 157 0. Hillman Vein, 1 43 46 17 14 8 128 1 5 9 9 2 40 68 1. Chauncey, 1 19 17 4 9 2 52 1 3 2 4 1 15 28 2. Fuller Colliery, 1 12 14 1 28 1 5 9 9 2 40 68 1 15 9 9 9 2 40 68 1 15 9 9 9 2 40 68 1 15 9 9 9 2 40 68 1 15 9 9 9 2 40 68 1 15 9 9 9 2 40 68 1 15 9 9 9 2 40 68 1 1 15 28 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		- 1						1 1	19	90					
0. Hillman Vein, 1 42 45 17 14 8 128 1 5 9 9 2 40 68 1. Chauncey, 1 19 17 4 9 2 52 1 3 2 4 1 15 28 2. Fuller Colliery, 1 12 14 1 28 1 4					40			1		10		0			
1. Chauncey,		3			10			! :	12	10	20				
2. Fuller Colliery,		1			14			1 1	9	8	9	2	90	66	A .
8. Parrish Colliery,		4		7	9	Z		1 1	8	2	4	1	15	26	1
		1			1		28	1	4					5	
Tratale miscellaneous seel companies 94 1 009 1 50 840 950 4 019 99 175 910 800 90 1 79 9 871	8. Parrish Colliery,	1	25 81	21	6	8	87	1	1	7	12	9	46	76	
	Totals miscellaneous coal companies,	84 L	902 1 542	585	640	250	4.912	29	175	219	699	82	1,478	2, 671	7,

RECAPITULATION.

Lehigh Valley Coal Company, Lehigh and Wilkes-Barre Coal Company, Delaware and Hudson Canal Company, Susquehanna Coal Company, Wyoming Valley Coal Company, Miscellaneous coal companies,	11 13 11 7 8	432 1, 361 754 656 283 1,902	378 1 319 673 852 240 1,542	157 637 408 120 126 535	225 463 404 245 122 640	81 294 154 124 62 259	1 284 4 107 2, 404 2, 004 836 4, 912	10 11 11 4 8 28	78 190 50 69 20 175	41 190 81 80 19 219	176 462 850 285 149 639	24 62 88 26 24 82	296 1 621 714 437 211 1,478	620 2 536 1 247 950 426 2,671	1, 904 6, 648 3, 651 2, 964 1 262 7, 563
Grand totals,	79	5,888	5,004	2,008	2,099	974	15,547	67	576	683	2,111	256	4, 907	8, 450	23, 997

TABLE No. 9. - Showing number of Days worked by each Breaker at every Colliery, and for each month during 1884. LEHIGH VALLEY COAL COMPANY.

NAMES OF THE COLLIERIES.	Jan.	Feb.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Total.
Exeter,	11.90 12.50	11.70 11.00 12 00		19.95 17.90 20.00	17.70 17.30 16.60	12.00 11.50 11.80	16 00 14.80 13 90	24. 15 22 90 18. 10	16.20 16.60 14.60	19.25 17.90 16.20	19.25 18.80 17.40	18.05 16.69 12,35	198.12 189.20 177.40
Henry, Midvale, Multby,	11.75 11.40 8.00	12 00 11 00 9.65	11.90 11.90 11.80	19. 10 19. 30 12. 90	16.45 16.30 18.65	12.20 10.80 10.75	15.75 14.00 12.25	23 00 22.90 18.95	16.50 15.90 15.40	16.75 15.30 17.65	17.10 15.20 17.60	6.10 16.50 14.95	177.6 180.5 168.5
Maitby,						11.30	19.60	25. 10	13.65	15.85	23, 50	23,05	131.5

LEHIGH AND WILKES-BARRE COAL COMPANY.

8. Diamond,	12 95	12.00	12.00	17.80	16,40	11.30	14 30	17.30	18.40	16.20	18.40	16.40	178 45
9. Hollenbach,	11.75	11 00	11.90	18 10	15.25	11.50	14 50	16.60	13.20	17.10	19.10	16.60	176 60
10. Empire,		12.00	12.00	17.80	16.90	11.25	14.90	16 50	13.40	17.35	18 40	15.40	178.80
11. Jersey,					11.70	11.75	16.85	17.90	12.60	15.65	19. 15	17.65	123.25
12. Stanton,	11.90	10.40	11.00	7.10	18 00	18.50	15 00	16.40	13.70	19.80	14.80	14.55	160.65
18. Sugar Notch Shaft,	12 00	12.00	12.00	17.70	17.75	9.30	15.40	17.50	18.40	15.90	18 60	16.50	173.05
14. Sugar Notch Slope,		11.75	11.50	17.75	16.50	11 75	15,50	18.00	18.50	15.50	18.00	16.75	166 50
15. Lance, No. 11,	12.00	13.10	11.60	15.50	15.50	11.00	14.50	17.00	14.10	15.60	17 00	16.45	178.85
16. Nottingham,	12.75	12 00	11 05	18 40	16.10	11.00	14.40	18.00	14.20	16.40	17 80	15.45	177.55
17. Reynolds,	12.50	12 00	12.00	16.30	16.10	11.60	14 60	17.50	13.70	16 20	17.40	15.60	175 50
18. Wanamie,	12.05	11.70	12.00	17.80	16.60	11.65	15.00	17.85	13 65	16. 35	17.15	16.90	178.70
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1 1									1 1		

DELAWARE AND HUDSON CANAL COMPANY.

9. Mill Creek,	13.00	12.00	12.00	18.75	17.00	12.00	15 75	25.50	18 00	21.00	18.50	18.75	202 25
D. Pine Ridge,	11.75	12.00	12.00	17 00	16 00	11 75	16.00	24.50	18 00	21 00	19 00	18 75	197.75
L. Laurel Run,	13.50	12.00	12.00	17.00	14.75	12.00	16.00	23 50	17.00	21.00	19.00	18.25	196.00
2. Baltimore Slope,	11.75	12.00	12 00	18 75	16.75	11 00	16.00	25.50	18 00	20 75	19.00	18.50	200 00
B. Baltimore Tunnel,	12.25	12.00	12 CO	17 00 }	14 75	12.00	16 00	24. 25	17 00	18.75	13.25	18.75	193.00
4. Conyngham,	17.00	16.75	12 50	19.25	18 00	12 00	16 00	25 50	17.00	19.75	16 75	18.75	209.25
5. No. 2, Plymouth,	11.75	10.75	11.50	16 00	14.75	12.90	15 50	24 50	17.00	18. 25	18 25	18.00	188 2
S. No. 8, Plymouth,	18.25	10 75	12.00	15 50	17.75	12.00	16.00	25.73	16.75	20.75	18 75	13.75	198 00
7. No. 4, Plymouth,	10.75	10 75	11.50	16.75	13.25	10.75	14.50	20.75	12.75	17.00	17.50	17.78	174.00
8. No. 5, Plymouth,	11 75	10.00	12 00	16 00	17.25	11 25	15.50	24 25	14 75	19.50	17.00	18 50	187.78
9. Boston Mines,	11.78	10.75	11 50	16.25	15 00	12.00	15.50	24 00	15.00	20.00	18.25	18 50	183.50

SUSQUEHANNA COAL COMPANY.

0. Breaker, No. 1,	23. 40	24.25	26 00	25.00	25 50	25.00	25.00	25 00	26.00	27.00	22.50	24.00	299.6
	24 10	28.25	26.50	25.00	25 25	25.00	25.00	25 00	26.00	27 00	22.20	23 75	299.0
	23. 40	22.50	24 75	25.00	25 00	25.00	25.00	25 00	26.00	27.00	22.50	23.80	296.1
	20. 10	19.70	22.50	23.90	24 60	23.80	23.70	24 20	25.70	28.90	22.20	22.40	279.7
	w	YOMI	NG VA	LLEY	COAL C	OMPAN	Y.					1	
4. Wyoming,	12 70	11.80	11.80	18 60	17.00	11.20	15.20	23.70	10.90	20.00	18.80	19 80	190 0
	12.70	11.90	12.00	18 80	18.50	11.50	15.10	18 10	15.90	18 70	16 30	11.50	179 0
	18 75	12.00	12.00	17.60	13.75	11.40	14.20	18.50	15.00	17 06	15.45	16.80	177.5

7. Avondale,	12.60	11.90	12.00	18.00	16.70	12.00	16.00	20 70	16.80	17.40	14.00	18.70	181.30
8. No. 1, Kingston,		15 00	15,75	17.50	17 45	12.65	16.50	21.95	13.06	17.65	18.85	18.20	201.00
9. No. 2, Kingston,		14 90	16.35	18.05	17.05	13 30	16.40	24 10	15.85	19.20	18.00	17.25	207.00
O. Gaylord,		15.90	15.70	18 05	17.55	12 70	16.50	16.10	13 65	18.10	16.95	15.05	133.10
1. Warrior Run,		7.00	17.00	17.50	16.00	14.50	15 00	21.00	18 00	16.50	18.00	12.50	183 00
2. Franklin,		10.50	12 00	13.75	17.50	10.50	14 25	22.75	15.73	17.50	19.75	21.00	193 00
				18.70			14 30	23 00	10.75				
2. Enterprise,		11.70	11.90		15 60	11.00							119 10
4. East Boston,		12.00	10.00	18.80	13.50	11.00	15 00	14.00	12.00	14.00	15 00	13.40	154.80
5. Black Diamond,		12 35	11 78	15.56	14.25	11.25	14.05	12.60	12 20	15 90	15.45	14.15	162.80
8. Dodson,		12,00	12.50	17 60	16.00	11.10	16.00	16 55	14.40	2035	17.70	15.95	183 15
7. Red Ash, No. 1,		12.00	11 75	19.45	9 80	11.60	14 70	12.75	18 40	17.85	17.70	14.85	166.00
8. Red Ash, No. 2,	12.10	11.90	11 50	19.30	9.00	11.05	14.85	12.85	13.40	17.95	18.25	14.10	186.25
9. Raubville,	12 80	12.00	12 90	16 00	14.60	11.90	15 50	16 70	13.80	18 60	19.80	16.70	180.30
0. Bennett,	16.00	14 75	15.50	20.00	17.00	14 00	17 00	22 73	20.25	19.25	20,25	20.50	217.25
1. West End,	24.75	19.00	24.90	21.60	19.15	23 00	25.00	25.73	24 10	25.00	23.75	24.70	280 70
2, East Eud,		١.	15.90	21.90	13 00	19.75	18 75	19 50	21.40	22.55	18,75	20.65	191.1
3. Salem,	21 50	19.00	18.00	16 00	18.00	15.00	15.00	22,00	19 00	23 00	16.00	22 50	221.0
4. Hillman, H. B.,			1	l	1								185.0
5. Clear Spring,	13 25	18 25	12.75	18.00	19,25	12 75	17.75	24.50	17.25	20.25	20.50	20.25	209.7
8. Schooley,		21.00	20.00	21.00	23.00	17.00	16 00	24.50	17 50	20.75	20.75	21 25	241.5
7. Mamit,		14.30	12 50	17.10	16.25	11.90	15.90	19.40	8 90	17 70	17.90	18.00	178.8
B. Alden,		7 07	15.05	19.45	17 15	11.50	15 85	24.30	16 60	18 40	17.65	17.96	184 00
			15.00	16 00			12.00		17 00		16 00		
9. Hillman Vein,		16 00			18.00	10.00		17.00		18 00		19.00	183.00
D. Chauncey, ,	15.00	18 50	15.00	19.00	16 5C	14.00	16 50	23.50	9.50	15.00	18 00	19.50	195.00
. Fuller Colliery.	1	,	l	l	1	1	l	ĺ	l	1		l	1
R. Parrish Colliery,				• • • • •								6.75	6.75
	1	l	I	I		l	I	l	ļ	ı		•	4

PA Mine Inspection 1884

LUZERNE AND CARBON COUNTIES.

EASTERN DISTRICT.

OFFICE OF INSPECTOR OF MINES,
EASTERN DISTRICT OF LUZERNE AND CARBON COUNTIES,
SCHANTON, PA., April 4, 1885.

To His Excellency ROBERT E. PATTISON,

Governor of Pennsylvania:

Sin: In compliance with section twenty-two of the act of Assembly approved March 3, A. D. 1870, entitled "An act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about coal mines," I have the honor of herewith submitting my annual report as inspector of coal mines, &c., of the Eastern or Scranton district of Luzerne and Carbon counties, for the year ending December 31, A. D. 1884.

I have endeavored to collect all the information I possibly could, but inasmuch as the law does not provide nor specify at what time operators may give the required statistics necessary for a report of such importance to the mining public, the inspectors are compelled to wait for their will and pleasure. I have failed in several instances to collect the required information.

The mines in this district are in good healthy condition in regards to ventilation and safety, with a very few exceptions. The supervision of the mines is improving yearly, and if it were not for the recklessness and carelessness of the persons employed therein, a great many less accidents would occur. If the wisdom of the Legislature is properly directed to the passage of the bill recommended by the mine commission, it would be the cause of saving many valuable lives, and be the means of preventing many accidents.

I most respectfully refer you to the tabulated report hereto attached, which gives detailed statement of the condition of the several mines in this district for the year 1884:

Table No. 1 gives the name of each person fatally injured, resulting in death, and the nature and cause of accident.

Table No. 2 gives the name of each person seriously injured, not resulting fatally, and the nature and cause of the accident.

Table No. 3 gives the name of each person slightly injured, and the nature and cause of the accident.

Table No. 4 gives the number of persons employed at each colliery, and the number of tons of coal mined, &c.

Table No. 5 gives the name and location of each colliery, and by whom operated, &c.

Table No. 6 gives the mode and condition of ventilation, with amount of air passing through each mine.

Table No. 7 gives the mode of operating each mine, with length of iron tracks inside and outside of mines, nature of roof, local name, and thickness of each seam of coal worked. Also, gives a statement of how each mine operator complies with the requirements of law.

Table No. 8 gives the number of boilers at each colliery, the date of last examination, condition when last examined; also, the number of steamengines, and the horse-power of each.

	1883.	1884.	Decrease.
Amount of eval shipped, Amount of eval used and sold at mines,	8,345,044 tons. 500,702 tons.	8,091,216 tons. 485,478 tons.	
Total,	8,845,746 tons.	8,576,689 tons.	269,067 tons.

1883.	1884.	Increase.	Decrease.
184,027	105,885		28,142
25,419	27,814	1,895	
330 63		17.L	19
E00		10	
406	339		91 ₁ 5 67
239,074	818,951	74,877	
	184,027 25,419 330 68 596 406	134,027 105,885 25,419 27,314 330 63 80 % 596 504 % 406 339,074 313,951	184,027 105,885

It gives me pleasure to acknowledge courtesies received from persons with whom I have had official relations, especially the officers of the large mining companies, who are always willing to comply with the law.

Respectfully submitted.

PATRICK BLEWITT, Inspector of Mines, &c.

[No. 10,

COLLIERY IMPROVEMENTS FOR 1884.

All the improvements mentioned in the report of 1883 have been completed. There have been very few improvements made in the collieries of this district for year 1884, except to the mines and collieries in good running order.

New Butler Shaft.

PITTSTON, February 16, 1885.

PATRICK BLEWITT, Esq.,

Inspector of Mines:

DEAR SIR: In continuation of my last report of last year, duly published, would say: Our main shaft is $10' \times 23'$, and two hundred and ninety-five feet deep to Lower or Red Ash vein, which shows seven and a half $(7\frac{1}{2})$ feet of good coal. It is timbered and ready for development when accumulation of water is removed.

Air-shaft is located one hundred and sixty feet south of main shaft, and is $10'\times10'$, and two hundred and eighty feet deep to vein, showing eight and one half $(8\frac{1}{2})$ feet of good first-class coal. Sinking was done with air drills and dynamite, employing three men per shaft. We drove an average of fifty-six feet per month, and in September and October through very hard rock—seventy feet per month, or nearly a yard per day, a feat probably unequaled, considering all circumstances. Capacity of mines will be five hundred tons of coal per day. We touch four routes of shipment, and have not yet decided which is the most advantageous.

Yours, &c.,

S. B. BENNETT.

SCRANTON, PA., February 28, 1885.

PATRICK BLEWITT, Esq.,

Inspector of Mines:

DEAR SIB: The following improvements were made at the colliery of the Bridge Coal Company, (Limited,) during the year 1884: Have sunk shaft 11"×21" to "Clark vein," a depth of two hundred and eighty-five feet, and second opening completed according to law. Have erected a tower also, eighty feet. The shaft is in operation at present, hoisting about one hundred and seventy cars per day, with safety carriages containing the latest improvements. Also, a trestle, two hundred and twenty-five feet in length, has been erected across the Lackawanna river and the Delaware and Hudson railroad, the east end of which will be used for culm dump.

Respectfully submitted.

A. B. STEVENS, Superintendent. Ex. Doc.]

Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad Company.

Improvements made during 1884: Tripp shaft completed to Clark vein. New fan there, $14'\times4'$; also, second opening, now sinking, nearly completed, sunk from G vein, re-opened or enlarged from $12'\times12'$ to $12'\times24'$ to Clark vein. Intention is to put another fan here, $14'\times4'$. Bellevue shaft completed so as to hoist the coal direct up the breaker tower, and abandoned the trestling now between the old shaft and breaker.

Respectfully yours,

B. HUGHES.

TABLE NO. 1.—List of accidents resulting in death reported to the Inspector of now including all of Lackawanna and a portion of Wayne and Susquehanna coun year ending 31st day of December, A. D. 1884.

	==			_		
DAT	I.	No. killed.	Names.	Age.	Colliery where Accident Occurred.	Nationality.
Jan.	4	1 2	Archie McCarren, Thomas Wallace,	40 18	Tompkins Shaft, A. Tompkins, Pittston bor., Hillside Shaft, H. C. & I. Co., Pleasant Valley	Scotch-Irish American,
	10	8	Michael O'Hara,	82	borough. Twin Shaft, P. C. Co., Pittston borough,	Irish,
	22 22	4 5	Owen Malloy, Asron Bellis,	40 50	Green Ridge Slope, O.S.J. & Co., Dunmore bor., Green Ridge Slope, O.S.J. & Co., Dunmore bor.,	Irish, English,
	29 30	6 7	Chris. Schramski, James Reap,	25 16	Green Ridge Slope, O.S. J. & Co., Dunmore bor., Hillside Shaft, A. C. & I. Co., Pleasant Valley borough.	Polish, . American, .
Feb.	4	. 8	James Young,	69	Marvine Shaft, D. & H. C. Co., First ward, Scran-	English,
	6	9	Charles Owens, .	49	ton. Central Shaft, D. L. & W., Fifteenth ward,	Welsh,
	20	10	Marion W. Saxe,	22	Scranton. Amity Breaker, A. C. Co., Lackawanua twp., .	American, .
	21	11	James Jones,	40	Amity Shaft, A. C. Co., Lackawanua township,	Welsh,
Mch.	10 26	12 13	Edward Brennan, Pat. Leyden, jr.,	12 26	Powderly Slope, D. & H. C. Co., Carbondale City, Sibley Mines, P. A. C. Co., Old Forge twp.,	American, . Irish,
April	27 8	14 15	Evan Noggles, . John Gownly,	21 15	Oliphant No. 2, D. & H. C. Co., Oliphant bor., Slope No. 4, Penna. C. Co., Jenkins township,	Welsh, American, .
	8	16	Elisa Edwards, .	41	Dodge Shaft, D. L. & W, Lackawanna twp., .	Welsh,
	21	17 18	P. F. Donnelly, . James Kevlin, .	12 18	Jermyn No. 4, J. Jermyn, Dickson City bor., . Greenwood Mines, P. A. C. Co,, Lackawanna township.	American, . American, .
May	28 1	19 20	August Swanson, James Malia,	45 45	Jermyn No. 2, D. & H. C. Co., Jermyn bor., . No. 12 Shaft, Penna. C. Co., Pleasant Valley borough,	Swedish, . irish,
	9	21	Pat. Gallagher, .	25	No. 5 Shaft, Penna. C. Co., Dunmore borough,	Irish,
	22	22	John McNeeley, .	18	Capouse Shaft, L. I. & C. Co., Twenty-first word, Scranton.	Irish,
	28 30	23 24	Patrick Fox, . Thomas Higgins,	40 48	Powderly Slope, D. & H. C. Co., Carbondale City, Bellevue Slope, D. L. & W., Lackawanna twp.,	Irish, Irish
	30 31	25 26	Patrick Fee, Michael Daley, .	18	No. 1 Shaft, D. &. H. C. Co., Carbondale City, Barnum Mines, Penna. C. C., Marcy township,	American, . American, .
June	2	27	Michael Barrett,	25	Shaft No. 8, Penns. C. Co., Hughestown bor., . Mount Pleasant, W. T. S., Fourteenth ward,	Irish,
	23	28	Patrick Jordan, .	28	Mount Pleasant, W. T. S., Fourteenth ward, Scranton.	Irish,
	28	29	William Hughes,	15	Continental Shaft, D. L. & W., Lackawanna twp.,	Welsh,
	28	30	Patrick Walsh, .	20	Lackswanns C. Co. Mines, Blakely borough,	Irisb,
July	8	81 82	Owen McDonald, Daniel Hopkins,	23 11	Jermyn No. 4, J. J., Dickson City borough, Sloan Breaker, D. L. & W., Lackawanna twp.,	American, . Welsh,
	10	33	John M. Sullivan,	28	Mount Pleasant Mine, W. T. S., Fourteenth ward, Scranton,	American, .
	16	34	James Edwards, .	40	Fair Lawn Slope, F. L. C. Co., Seventh ward,	Welsh,
	22	35	Andres Newslk,	21	Scranton. Dodge Mines, D. L. &. W., Lackawanna twp.,	Hungarian,
	24 28 2	36 37 38	John B. Davis, . William Davis, . Mike Von Bergen,	52 25 65	Taylor Mines, D. L. & W., Lackawanna twp Spring Brook mines, W. E. C., Lackawanna twp., Amity Breaker, A. C. Co., Lackawanna twp., .	Welsh, American, . German, .
	4	39	Mike Dougherty,	17	Dodge Mines, D. L. & W.R.R.Co., Lackswanna	American, .
	5	40	William Hollow,	40	township. Gypsy Grove Mines, Penna. C. Co., Dunmore	English,
	5	41	John Horan,	25	borough. Cayuga Mines, D. L. & W., Third ward, Scran-	Irish,
	•	42	Pat. Coyne, 5th,	48	ton. Greenwood Mines, P. A. C. Co., Lackawanna	Irish,
	6	48 44	William McHale, Peter Stowe,	81 49	township. Pierce Mines, J. S. & Co., Archbald horough, . Mount Pleasant Mines, W. T. S., Fourteenth	American, . German, .
	9	45	Edward Smith, .	12	ward, Scranton. Dodge Breaker, D. L. & W., Lackawanna twp.,	American, .

the Eastern District of the Wyoming Coal Fields, Luzerne and Carbon counties, ties, State of Pennsylvania, and the causes as shown by his investigations, for the

		-			_
Occupation.	Killed.	Widows.	Orphans.	Nature or Cause of Death.	No. killed.
Miner, Laborer,	Died, . Died, .	::	::	Seriously injured; fall of coal; died same day, Seriously injured; shot by a blast through pillar; died four hours after,	1 2
Laborer,	Killed,			Killed; fall of roof,	a
Laborer, Miner,	Killed, Killed,	·i	::	Hoth these men killed; fired a blast which discharged some of the props. They were in the act of re-standing them, when the roof fell, killing them,	5
Laborer, Driver,	Killed, Died, .	::		Killed; was coming up slope; got hit by a runaway car, Leg fractived; caught under hoisting carriage in shaft; died two days after,	7
Laborer,	Died, .	٠.		Seriously injured; squeezed between car and door; died next day,	8
Miner,	Killed,	1	8	Killed; fall of rock roof,	8
Carpenter,	Died, .	•		Seriously injured; fell about seventy feet off new breaker; died next day.	10
Sinker,	Killed,			Killed: holsting bucket fell from surface to bottom, killing him instantly,	i
Door-boy, Miner,	Killed, Killed,	i	2	Killed; caught between loaded car and pillar, Killed; was undermining; a slip in coal caused a fall, kill- ing him,	12 13
Laborer, Driver,	Killed, Died, .		::	Killed; fall of coal, Seriously injured; caught between cars; died seven o'clock	14 18
Miner	Killed,	1	6	same night, Killed instantly; fall of bony coal,	16
Door-boy, Oriver,	Killed, Killed,	: :	::	Killed; caught in mud screens, Killed; feil off loaded coal train between mines and breaker,	17
Laborer, Miner,	Killed, Killed,	'n	. 4	Killed; fall of top coal,	19 20
Laborer,	Died, .	٠.		Seriously injured; fell down shaft, from Dunmore vein to No. 2 vein, a distance of forty feet; died two days after,	21
Laborer,	Killed,	• •		Killed instantly; fall of rock roof,	
Miner, Laborer,	Killed, Killed,	1	6	Killed; fall of top coal,	23 24
Driver,	Killed.			Killed; dragged to death by a mule outside in barn-yard, .	25 26
Laborer,	Killed, Killed,	::	::	Killed; hit on head by a piece of Black rock, Killed; head caught between two mine cars,	27
Laborer,	Killed,			Killed instantly; fall of roof,	28
Footman,	Died, .		• •	Seriously injured; caught between car and rib; died on way home. Seriously injured; caught between car and rib; died same	29
· ·		•	$ \cdot \cdot $	night,	
Laborer,	Died, . Killed,		::	Seriously injured; fall of roof; died same night, Killed; caught by screen and dragged under it; no person saw him at the time,	31 32
Miner,	Killed,	•	•	Killed; fall of top coal while in the act of re-standing a prop,	88
Miner,	Killed,	1	4	Killed while in the act of re-lighting the squib which he thought had missed fire,	84
Miner,	Died, . Killed,	1	1	Seriously injured; fall of roof hit him on back and leg; died same night. Killed fall of top coal,	35 36
Miner,	Killed,	1	8	Killed; fall of middle rock,	87
Carpenter, Drivers' helper,	Died,			Seriously injured; a hatchet fell from timbers of breaker frame and entered his brain; died same night, Killed; was riding on front bumper of car; fell in front,	38
Miner,	Died,	1	2	and the cars passed over him, Seriously injured; fall of rock roof; died same night,	40
Miner,	Killed,	1	2	Killed; fall of top coal,	41
Miner,	Died, .	1	10	Seriously injured; fall of roof; died four o'clock next morn-	42
Miner	Killed,	1	2	ing. Killed instantly; fall of top coal,	48
Laborer,	Died, .			Leg fractured, and both legs paralized below the hips; fall of roof; died in hospital a few days after the accident, Seriously injured; fell between screen and frame in	44
			,	Seriously injured; fell between screen and frame in breaker while playing with Paddy Hoban; died same night.	

^{*} Family in Wales.

TABLE No. 1.-

DATE.	No. killed.	Names.	Age.	Colliery where Accident Occurred.	Nationality.
Aug. 11	46	Daniel Mack,	16	Grassey Island Coal Co.'s Mines, Winton bor.,	American,
12 13	47 48	Joseph Evon, John Connelly, .	25 28	Brisbin Mines, D. L. & W., Third ward, Scranton, Erie Breaker, H. C. & I. Co., Glenwood bor.,	Bohemian, Irish,
18	49	Pat'ck McAlister,	22	Green Ridge Mines, O. S. J., Dunmore borough,	Irish,
16	50	Patrick Finn,	40	Central Mines, D. L. & W., Fifteenth ward,	Irish,
23	51	John Knott, .	22	Scranton. Bridge Mines, B. C. Co., Fourteenth ward,	Polish,
25	52	John McCool,	12	Scranton. Lucas Breaker, L. C. Co., Second ward, Scrauton.	American,
27	58	Patrick Connors,	15	Green Ridge Mines, O. S. J., Dunmore borough,	American,
Sept. 9 10 18	51 55 56	Martin Durkin, . Benjamin Jones, James Salter,	50 3 0	Winton Slope, Jones & Shutleff, Winton bor., . Lackawanna C. Co. Mines. Blakely borough, . Shaft No. 14, Penna. C. Co., Jenkins township,	Irish, Welsh, Irish,
1 6 16	57 58	Joseph Halla, Phillip Gallitz, .	22 38	White Oak Slope, D. & H., Archbald borough, National Mines, W. C. & Co., Twentieth ward, Scranton.	Bohemian, German, .
18	59	Thomas Flynn, .	22	Gypsey Grove Mines, Penns. C. Co., Dunmore borough.	American,
Oct. 7	60	John Joyce, 2d.,	45	Greenwood Mines, P. A. C. Co., Lackawanna township.	Irish,
8	61	John Evans,	12	Brisbin Breaker, D. L. &W., Third ward, Scranton,	American,
9 10 14	62 63 64	John Farrel, T. Shaughnessy, John Loftus,	27 20 19	Shaft No. 10, Penna. C. Co., Hughestown bor., Fairmount Mines. F. C. Co., Pittston twp., Shaft No. 2, Penna. C. Co., Duumore borough,	Irish, Irish, Irish,
14	65	James Thomas, .	14	Von Storch Mines, D. & H., Second ward, Scranton.	Welsh,
15	66	T. J. Henderson,	40	Jermyn No. 4, J. J., Dickson City borough,	English,
17 25	67 68	Patrick Mackin, . Joseph Williams,	42 17	Archbald Mines, D. L. & W., Lackawanna twp., Scranton C. Co. Mines, D. L. & W., Lacka- wanna township,	Irish Weish,
25	69	Peter Morton,	20	Stark Mines, Penna. Coal Co., Lackawanna township.	Scotch,
28	70	Wm. Reynolds, .	24	Green Ridge Mines, O. S. J., Dunmore borough,	Irish,
29	71	Thomas Parry, .	80	Leggett's Creek Mines, D. & H., First ward, Scranton.	Welsh,
Nov. 11	72	William Davis, .	27	Brisbin Mines, D. L. & W. B. R. Co., Third ward, Scranton.	Welsh,
18	78	Joseph Peneaut,	42	Forest City Mines, H. C. & I. Co., Cilfford township, Susquehanna county.	French,
20 22	74 75	John McDonough Thos. R. Thomas,	57 20	White Bridge Tunnel, D. & H., Carbondale city, Central Mines, D. L. & W., Fifth ward, Scran- ton.	English, . Weish,
Dec. 9	76 77	William Carter, . Thomas Mulien, .	43 54	Fairmount Mines, F. C. Co., Pittston township, Cayuga Mines, D. L. & W., Third ward, Scran- ton.	English, . Irish,
1 2 19	78 79	Peter Gibbons, . John Mulien,	15 42	Shaft No. 8, Penna. C. Co., Hughestown bor., Manville Mines, D. L. & W. and D. & H.,	American, Irish,
22 3 0	80 81	Patrick Egan, Thos. Robinson,	59 17	Barnum Mines, Penna. C. Co., Marcy twp., Shaft No. 6, Penna. C. Co., Jenkina township,	Irish, American,
19 22	79 80	John Mulien, Patrick Egan,	59	Manville Mines, D. L. & W. and D. & H., Thirteenth ward, Scranton. Barnum Mines, Penna. C. Co., Marcy twp.,	Iriel Iriel

NOTE.—There were 81 deaths in year 1884.

There were 27 widows in year 1884.

There were 96 orphans in year 1884.

There were 105, 885 tons of coal mined for each death.

There were 812, 951 tons of coal mined for each widow.

There were 89, 340 tons of coal mined for each orphan.

Continued.

Occupation.	Killed.	Widows.	Orphans.	Nature or Cause of Death.
river,	Killed,			Killed; caught between loaded cars in mines while in the act of trying to start them,
aborer, utside loader,	Died, . Killed,	::	::	Seriously injured; fall of roof; died same night,
aborer,	Killed,	.		guage; run over by large railroad cars under chutes, kiled; premature blast. He undertook to fire a shot, although he worked in the mines only a few days,
lner,	Killed,	1	8	Killed; fall of roof; was pulling back top coal when a piece of roof fell on him,
borer,	Killed,		• •	Killed; fall of roof,
ste-picker, .	Killed, Dled, .	• •		Killed; head almost taken off; hit by hoisting-carriage in shaft-tower, Seriously injured. He ran car against head-block; it
iner,	Kille1,	1	7	jumped the track and caught him. He died same night, Killed; fall of roof,
lner, ockman,	Killed,	ı	::	Neriously injured; fall of roof; died two hours after, Killed; brake ou drum broke, which caused the bucket to descent rapidly, striking and killing him,
iborer, iner,	Killed, Died, .	'n	6	Killed; fell of six-inch top coal, Seriously injured; premature explosion of cartridge before
iner,	Killed,			he got away from the hole,
iner,	Killed,	1	6	Killed; fall of roof. Wife and family in Ireland,
ste-picker, .	Killed,	• •	••	Killed; pulled into pony-rolls' cog-wheels,
borer,	Killed, Died, .	:	::	Killed; fall of coal from rib on side of gangway. Seriously injured; fall of coal; died two days after.
iborer,	Died, .		٠.	Seriously injured; tried to get on loaded trip of cars on slope, got knocked under trip; died same night, Seriously injured; fell under trip of light cars, which
lner,	Died, .	1		Seriously injured; fell under trip of light cars, which passed over him; died thirty—six hours after. Seriously injured; fall of top coal and roof; died two hours
iner,	Killed, Died, .	1	7	after, Killed; fall of roof, Leg fractured, afterwards amputated; knocked down;
borer,	Died, .			empty mine cars ran over him; died thirty hours after, Seriously injured internally; fall of top coal; died about
iner,	Killed,		 	forty-eight hours after, Killed instantly; run over by a trip of loaded cars on plane
iner,	Died, .	1		in mines, Seriously injured; shot missed fire. He was drilling out the hole again when it exploded; died November 8,
lner,	Killed,	1	1	Killed; fall of rock roof,
lner,	Killed,	•		Killed; went back to face of chamber before his blast went off,
lper, river,	Died, . Died, .			Seriously injured; fall of top coal; died four hours after. Seriously injured; kicked in bowels by a mule; died five days after.
lver, iner,	Killed, Killed,	1	1 4	days after, Killed instantly; fall of top coal, Killed; fall of top coal,
river, laer,	Killed, Died,	· i	٠,	Killed; caught between two loaded cars
ompany man, ,	Killed,	-	١	Killed; explosion of gas,
river,	Killed,	• •	• •	Killed; mine car rolled over and caught him under it; jammed his head,
There we There we There we There we There we	ere 22 deat ere 16 deat ere 6 death ere 4 death ere 2 death ere 2 death as 1 death	hs ca hs cau is cau is cau is cau is cau cause	used used used used used used b	by falls of coal, equal to,

Z	-There were 21 deaths caused by falls of coal, equal to,	25.92 per	cent.
	There were 22 deaths caused by falls of roof, equal to	27.16	
	There were 16 deaths caused by being crushed by mine cars, equal to,	19.75	
	There were 6 deaths caused by premature explosion of blast, equal to,	7.41	
	There were 4 deaths caused by being caught in machinery, equal to	4.94	
	There were 2 deaths caused by being caught by holsting carriage, equal to,		
	There were 2 deaths caused by being hit by hoisting-bucket in new shafts, equal to		4.6
	There was I death caused by an explosion of fire-damp, equal to,		
	There was I death caused by falling down a shaft, equal to,		
	There was I death caused by falling off new breaker, equal to,		6.4
	There was I death caused by a hatchet falling on his head entering skull equal to		4.6
	There was I death caused by being dragged by a mule in barn-yard, equal to, .	1.28	• •
	There was I death caused by heing kicked by a mule, equal to,		
	There were 2 deaths caused by being crushed by cars outside, equal to,		

100.00

TABLE No. 2.—List of serious and non-fatal accidents reported to the Inspector of now inc uding all of Lackawanna and a portion of Wayne and Susquehanna coun ending 31st day of December, A. D. 1884.

DATE.	. American, i, Irish. . American,
Scranton. 17 2 Stanley Blanchard, 28 3 John McLane, 29 4 Michael Nealon, 31 5 Edgar Williams, 5 Edgar Williams, 13 7 Charles Ready, 27 8 John Ealea, 28 1	. American, i, Irish. . American,
17 2 Stanley Blanchard, 17 25 3 John McLane, 21 29 4 Michael Neaton, 15 Edgar Williams, 21 5 Edgar Williams, 21 6 George Ray, 27 7 Charles Heady, 27 8 John Esles, 28 John Esles, 29 8 John Esles, 20 50 Mart, Blakely borough, 27 8 John Esles, 29 50 Mart, L. C. Co., Scond ward, Scranton, National Mines, W. C. & Co., Twentieth ward, Scranton, 19 Thomas Ryan, 24 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John Esles, 20 John E	i, Irish. ., American,
31 5 Edgar Williams, 40 Feb. 8 6 George Ray, 40 Lackawanna C. Co. Shaft, Blakely borough. No. 2 Shaft, Penna. C. Co., Pittston borough. Lucas Shaft, L. C. Co., Second ward, Scranton. National Mines, W. C. & Co., Twentieth ward, Scranton. 10 Jodge Shaft, D. L. & W., Lackawanna townshir.	,, Auterican,
31 5 Edgar Williams, 4 Feb. 8 6 George Ray, 40 Lackawanna C. Co. Shaft, Blakely borough. No. 2 Shaft, Penna. C. Co., Pittston borough. Lucas Shaft, L. C. Co., Second ward, Scranton. National Mines, W. C. & Co., Twentieth ward, Scranton. 1 1 9 Thomas Ryan. 24 Dodge Shaft, D. L. & W., Lackawanna townshir.	,, Auterican,
Feb. 8 6 George Ray, 13 7 Charles Heady, 27 8 John Eales,	
13 7 Charles Ready,	English,
Mar. 11 9 Thomas Ryan. 24 Dodge Shaft, D. L. & W., Lackawanna townshir	. Irish
Mar. 11 9 Thomas Ryan, 14 10 Patrick Cawley, 19 11 T W Williams 18 Hyde Park Shaft, D. L. & W., Lackawanna township 19 No. 10 Shaft, Penna. C. Co., Hughestown bor., 19 Hyde Park Shaft, D. T. & W.	l l
14 10 Patrick Cawley, . 16 No. 10 Shaft, Penna. C. Co., Hughestown bor.,	, Irish,
	. American, .
l l ton.	1
19 12 William Winn, 18 No. 5 Shaft, Penna, C. Co., Jenkins township, 19 13 James Leslie, 21 Jermyn, No. 2, D. & H. C. (Co., Jermyn borough 24 14 M. Spud,	American, .
19 13 James Leslie, 21 Jermyn, No. 2, 1). & H. C. Co., Jermyn borough	, American,
24 14 M. Spud, 61 Brisbin Shaft, D. L. & W., Third ward, Scranton 25 15 Edward Hatton, 40 Leggett's Creek Shaft, D. & H. C. Co., First ward	i. German, I, Irlah,
Scranton.	
25 16 David Reese, 18 Von Storch Mines, D. & H. C. Co., Second ward Scranton.	•
25 17 William Judge, Beaver Mines, Pittston borough,	Irish,
township.	i i
borough.	
April 8 20 Edward S. Jones, . 45 Bellevue Shaft, D. L. & W., Lackawanna twp.,	Welsh,
4 21 John Hailey, 50 Stetler Shaft, S. N. S. & Co., Marcy township, 22 22 Martin Duffy, 14 Dodge Shaft, D. L. & W., Lackawanna township.	Irish,
23 23 Capra Ambetsue, . 23 Erle Breaker, H. C. & I Co., Greenwood borough	Hungarian,
25 24 John Connors, 17 Tripp Slope, D. L. & W., Twenty-first ward,	
Scranton. 25 25 Patrick Conway, Lucas Shaft, L. C. Co., Second ward, Scranton.	. Irish,
29 28 Michael E. Riley, 10 Meadow Brook Breaker, W. C. & Co., Twentieth ward. Scrapton.	American,
May 2 2 John Clisham 16 Everhart Mines. Allen & Pool, Jenkins township	o, English, .
12 28 Andrew Yarro, 30 Stetler's Mines, S. & Co., Marcy township,	Hungarian,
15 29 James Heisser, 26 Archbald Mines, D. L. & W., Lackawanna twp. 26 30 Henry Spragler, . 45 Meadow Brook Shaft, W. C. & Co., Twentieth	, English, German,
ward. Scranton.	1
June 1 31 David J. Thomas, 13 Hampton Mines, D. L. & W., Lackawanna twp. 9 32 Frantz Shuman, 50 Stetler Shaft, S. N. Stetler & Co., Marcy twp.,	, Welsh,
9 32 Frantz Shuman, . 50 Stetler Shaft, S. N. Stetler & Co., Marcy twp., 9 33 Thomas Mackin 15 Barnum Mines, Penna, C. Co., Marcy township,	German,
9 83 Thomas Mackin, . 15 Barnum Mines, Penna. C. Co., Marcy township, 10 84 Henry McGinley, . 27 Stetler Shaft, S. N. S. & Co., Marcy township,	. Irish,
10 35 Jos. Duncannon. 25 Stetler Shaft, S. N. S. & Co., Marcy township.	Irish
27 36 John Marsden 35 Pancoast Mines, P. C. Co., Dickson City borough	L English,
27 37 Robert Black, . 24 Pancoast Mines, P. C. Co., Dickson City Corougn	I, AMERICAN, .
	r. American, . American, .
July 7 39 Michael Judge, 15 Bellevue Slope, D. L. & W., Lackawanna twp., 9 40 Joseph Tsatco, 45 Mt. Pleasant Breaker, W. T. S., Fourteenth ward	Hungarian,
Scranton.	!
10 41 Thomas Jenkins, . 40 Sioan Shaft, D. L. & W., Lackawanna township 11 42 Thomas Linnen, . 14 Shaft No. 9, Penna, C. Co., Pittston borough,	, Welsh, .
12 43 Bartley Walsh, 50 Capouse Shart, L. I. & C. Co., Fourteenth ward	American, . Lrish,
Scranton.	1
12 44 John Howley, 39 Tunnel No. 1, Penna. C. Co., Pittston township, 12 45 Patrick Ruane, 39 Tunnel No. 1, Penna. C. Co., Pittston township,	Irish, Irish,
12 45 Patrick Ruane, 39 Tunnel No. 1, Penna. C. Co., Pittston township, 15 46 James Rodgers,	English,
23 47 John Kispilitpsy, . 35 Eddy Creek Shaft, D. & H., Olyphant borough,	. Polish,
25 48 Neal Sturgeon, 16 Shaft No. 12. Penna. C. Co., Pleasant Valley bor. 29 49 William T. Reese, 48 Cayuga Shaft, D. L. & W., Third ward, Scranton	, American, .
	,
Aug. 1 50 Fred. Schmaltz, 53 Shaft No. 8, Penna. C. Co., Hughestown bor., 2 51 Mike Labschaensky 27 Dodge Mines, D. L. & W., Lackawauna twp.,	Polish,
4 52 Thomas Strobeck, 23 Mosler Mines, B. C. Co., Hughestown borough,	. German,
6 53 John Norton, . 30 Believue Mines, D. L. & W., Lackawanna twp.,	American,
14 54 John McDonnell, . 14 Barnum Breaker, Penna. C. Co., Marcy township	American,
16 56 William Eden, . 34 Pancoast Mines, P. C. Co., Dickson City bor., 19 57 Edward Saunders, 17 Marvine Mines, D. & H., First ward, Scranton,	. American.
19 58 William Edwards, 17 Brisbin Mines, D. L. & W., Third ward, Scranton	Welsh.
20 59 Patrick Connelly, Marvine Breaker, D. & H., First ward, Scranton	., American, .

the Eastern District of the Wyoming Coal Fields, Luzerne and Carbon counties, ties, State of Pennsylvania, and the cause as shown by his investigations, for the year

		red.
Occupation.	Nature of Accident.	No. injured
Miner,	Right leg fractured; slipped on coal; fell, breaking his leg,	1
Dumpman, Pumpman, Driver,	Leg fractured; caught between body and bumper of dump car, Seriously injured; fell down shaft a distance of forty-two feet, Right arm fractured; hit by mule's fore foot, Seriously injured; caught by hoisting carriage in shaft, Reverely injured on body; trip of cars run over him, Coliar-bone and two orlbs fractured; fail of roof, Leit leg fractured; fail of top coal,	2 3 4 5 6 7 8
Laborer, Pin-boy, Driver,	Leg fractured below the knee; fail of coal. Left arm fractured between elbow and wrist; caught between two cars, Leg fractured at ankle joint; caught between car and pillar,	8 10 11
Laborer, Wheelman, . Laborer, Miner,	Leg fractured between knee and ankle; coal rolled on it, breaking it, Three ribs fractured and internally injured; kicked by a mule, Compound fracture of leg; fall of rock, Leg fractured; fall of top coal,	12 18 14 15
Runner,	Leg fractured; lost his light and fell under trip of cars,	16
Miner,	Collar-bone fractured; hit by coal from blast, Collar-bone fractured; run-away of trip of cars on slope,	17 18
Driver,	Eye badly injured; kicked by a mule,	19
Miner, Laborer, Driver, State-picker, .	Leg fractured; fall of boney coal, Leg fractured; fall of rock, Seriously injured; caught between car and rib, Leg crushed in pony rolls; afterwards amputated; was standing in chute to pony rolls, and slipped in,	20 21 22 23
Driver, Laborer,	Right leg and shoulder-blade fractured by car jumping track and caught him he- tween car and pillar, Foreliead badly injured; fall of roof,	24 25
Laborer, Laborer, Miner, Miner,	Arm fractured; fell off hand-rall of steps outside screen-room while sliding down same; he was playing at the time, Leg fractured; fall of rock; not considered serious, Left leg fractured below knee; caught between body and frame of culm car, Seriousiy injured on head and hip; fall of blacksmith coal, Injured about hips; fall of top boney coal,	26 27 28 28 29 30
Door-boy, Laborer,	Leg fractured; fall of roof, Seriously injured; fall of roof. Seriously injured; skull crushed in: caught between two cars in mines. Both these men were seriously injured by coal flying from blast which was fired in the pillar between the two chambers and broke through into their chamber. These two men fired a blast and went into a cross entrance for safety; while there is a fall of rock came on them, injuring them severely. Arm fractured; fell under loaded car in mines. Arm cut off; caught under wheel of car in mines, Leg fractured; fell off timber in breaker.	31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40
Miner, Driver, Mluer,	Arm fractured; fall of roof, Leg fractured; caught between car and prop, Beriously injured; fall of coal,	41 42 48
Miner,	Rib fractured; fail of roof, Injured internally by same fail, Arm fractured; hit by piece of coal from blast, Beriously injured; squeezed between car and pillar, Beriously injured; mule stepped on his spine, Shoulder-blade fractured; lit a match, he thought it missed; went off as he got	41 45 48 47 48
Miner, Laborer, Miner, Laborer, Driver, Siate-boy, Miner, Laborer, Driver, Laborer, Laborer,	Dack, Left leg fractured; fall of top coal, Seriously injured; fall of roof, Leg fractured; fall of top coal, Leg fractured between ankle and knee; caught by cars jumping the track, Leg fractured pants caught in culm car while jumping off same, Foot mashed; caught in pony rolls of breaker, Left leg fractured; fall of top coal, Arm fractured between elbow and wrist; fall of coal, Thigh fractured; slipped and fell under loaded cars in mines.	49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58

TABLE No. 2-

DATI	£.	o. injured	Names.	Age.	Colliery where Accident Occurred.	Nationality
	_	*		4	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ļ
Aug.	23 25	60 61	Martin Kelly, John DeSilva,	36 25	Shaft No. 5, Penna. Coal Co., Jenkins township, Ontario Breaker, L. V. C. Co., Pleasant Valley	Irish, Italian, .
		۱.	TOUR DODAY	20	borough.	,
	26	62	Julius Knopp, .	28	Morier Mines, B. C. Co., Hughestown borough, .	German, .
	28	63	Patrick Gallagher,	18	No. 2, Diamond Breaker, D. L. & W., Twenty-	American,
	_				first ward, Beranton.	
	30	64	Miles Monahan,	57	Conl Brook Mines, D. & H. C. Co., Carbondale	Irish,
	30	65	Martin Haberman,	33	Stetler Mines, S. N. S. & Co., Marcy township, .	German, .
lept.		66	Michael Loftus.		Eddy Creek Mines, D. & H., Olyphant borough,	American,
e pe.	9	67	Edward McDonel,	15	Baruum Shaft, Penna. C. Co., Marcy township.	American.
	12	68	Matthew Coyle, .	28	Lucas Mines, L. C. Co., Second ward, Scranton,	Irish
	16	69	John Sladek,	21	Stetler Mines, S. N. S. & Co., Marcy township, .	German, .
	17	70	John Laville.	36	Taylor Mines, D. L. & W., Lackawanna twp., .	Irish, .
	27	71	Nosh Gordon,	68	Heidelberg Mines, L. V. C. Co., Pittston twp., .	American,
Oct.	18	72	Geo. Spanchard, .	89	Eddy Creek Mines, D. & H., Olyphant borough, .	American,
	22	73	George Cooper,	36	Jermyn, No. 4, J. J., Dickson City borough,	English, .
	22	74	Thomas Ryan,	24	Archbald Mines, D. L. & W., Lackawanna twp.,	Irish
	27	75	MikeShili,	18	Pyne Mines, D. L. & W., Lackawauna township,	German, .
	29	76	Thomas Griffiths, .	43	Leggett's Creek Mines, D. & H., First ward,	Welsh, .
	ا ⊶		Take Mattala		Scranton.	1,
Nov.	29	77 78	John McHale, John Mullanny,	17 25	Pierce Mines, P. C. Co., Archbald borough, Grassy Island Mines, D. & H., Olyphant borough,	lrish, lrish,
MUY,	8	79	Charles Hoban,	18	Grassy Island Mines, D. & H., Olyphant borough,	American,
	10	80	Michael Corcoran,	40	Shaft No. 4, Penna. C. Co., Pittston borough,	Irish,
	14	81	Patrick Berry,	15	Leggett's Creek Mines, D. & H., First ward	Irlsh
		٠.	2 400104 20127,		Scranton.	
	15	82	Jacob Robins, .	13	Pyne Mines, D. L. & W., Lackawanna township,	Welsh,
	15	83	Martin Kane,	24	Shaft No. 9, Penna. C. Co., Pittston borough, .	American,
	15	84	Joseph Sincarron,	87	Stetler Mines, S. N. S. & Co., Marcy township,	Italian,
	17	85	Thos. Leshofsky, .	24	Stetler Mines, S. N. S. & Co., Marcy township,	It lian,
	17	86	Joseph Fritsam, .	21	Stetler Mines, S. N. S. & Co., Marcy township,	German, .
	17	87	David J. Jones,	18	Mt. Pleasant Mines, W. T. S., Fourteenth ward,	Welsh,
	!	00	Mantin Stantor		Beranton.	Totals
	18	83	Martin Stanton,	85	Bellevue Shaft, D. L. & W., Lackawanna twp., .	Irisb,
Dec.	5	89 90	Frank McCarthy, . John McDonough,	15	Tunnel No. 1, Penns. C. Co., Pittston township,	American, Irish,
	8	91	John McNulty,	20	Filer's Slope, J. & S., Winton borough, Shaft No. 11, Penna. C. Co., Jenkins township,	American,
	å	92	Patrick Toole,	18	Greenwood Mines, P. A. C. Co., Lackswanns	Irish
	٠,				township.	
	9	98	John Mahon,	28	Diamond Mines, D. L. & W., Twenty-first ward, Scranton,	Irish,
	10	94	W.F.Macnamarra,	22	Grassy Island Mines, G. I. C. Co., Olyphant bor.,	American,
	ii	95	Daniel Finnigan, .	16	Tripp Mines, D. L. & W., Twenty-first ward,	Irish,
	23	96	Christian Maul	40	Scranton. White Oak Mines, D. & H., Archbald borough, .	German, .
	30	97	Walter Healy,		Filer's Slope, J. & S., Winton borough,	English.
			.,, , ,			

Occupation.	Nature of Accident.	No. injured.
Miner, Footman,	Three ribs fractured; fall of blacksmith slate, Arm fractured in two places; hit by coal which fell from top landing in shaft	60 61
Miner, Oiler,	tower, Leg fractured; hit by a piece of coal flying from blast, Leg fractured; Jumped on car at head of breaker, foot caught between car and post,	62 63
Miner,	Right leg fractured, and two ribs broken; fall of roof,	64
Miner, Driver, Pin-boy, Laborer, Laborer, Miner, Laborer, Miner, Laborer, Outside driver, Miner, Runner, Miner, Door boy, Miner, Driver,		70 71 72 78 74 75
Driver,	Right arm fractured; caught between car and rib, Leg fractured between knee and ankle, by a piece of coal rolling on it, Leg mashed, foot amputated afterwards; fall of rock roof, Skull fractured, pronounced serious; fall of rock roof, Leg fractured above the knee; mine car run over it, Arm fractured; caught between two cars,	82 83 84 85 86 87
Miner, Driver, Laborer, Laborer,	Leg fractured; fall of coal, Arm fractured; caught between top rail of car and roof, Hand crushed while in the act of lifting a car on track, Leg fractured and cuts on his head; fall of rock, Collar-bone fractured; squeezed between car and mule,	88 89 90 91 92
Laborer,	Collar-bone broken; fall of roof,	93
Miner, Driver,	Right leg and left arm fractured; fall of top coal,	94 95
Miner, Driver,		

Arms fractured by fa	lls of	COS	ıi,															2
Arms fractured by fa	lls of	roc	of,															1
Arms fractured by ca	rs in	mi	n es	١, .														6
Arms fractured by bl	asts,			٠.														1
Arms fractured from	misc	ella	nec	ous	C#	u	e	١,										5
Total,														•			•	15
Otherwise injured by	falls	of	60	ıl, .														4
Otherwise injured by	falls	of i	roo	f, .									٠					10
Otherwise injured by	CATS	in	mi	nes.								ŀ				٠		6
Otherwise injured by	CATE	out	aid	e, .														2
Otherwise injured by	blast	3,																7
Otherwise injured fro	m m	lsce	lla	neo	u s	c	a u	86	8,									8
Total,																		87

TABLE No. 3.—List of slight accidents reported to the Inspector of the Eastern all of Lackawanna and a portion of Wayne and Susquehanna counties, State of 31st day of De

DATE.	No accident.	Names.	Age.	Colliery where Accident Occurred.	Nationality
Jan. 2 3 3 3 7 7 8	1 2 3 4 5 6 7	John Coggins, John J. Hopkins, John C. Jones, William Morgan, Charles Lyons, Michael Hrady, Thomas S. Evans,	19 38 25 27 40 14 30	Scranton C. Co., D. L. & W., Lackawanna twp., Oxford Shaft, D. L. & W., Fifth ward, Scranton, Oxford Shaft, D. L. & W., Fifth ward, Scranton, Oxford Shaft, D. L. & W., Fifth ward, Scranton, Tompkins Mines A. T., Pittston borough. Shaft No. 7, Penna. C. Co., Jenkins township, Vn Storch Mines, D. & H. C. Co., Second ward,	Irish, Welsh, Welsh, Welsh, Sco'h-Irish, Americau, Welsh,
8 10 10 12	9 10 11	Mark Hannan, John Haley, Andrew Boyd, John George,	17 25 30 22	Scranton. Continental Mines, D. L. & W., Lackawanna township. Twin Shaft, P. C. Co., Pittston borough, Twin Shaft, P. C. Co., Pittston borough, Capouse Mines, L. I. & C. Co., Twenty-first ward,	Irish, Irish, Irish, . Hungarian,
16	12	John Buckley,	45	Scranton. National Mines, W. C. & Co., Twentieth ward,	Irish,
22	18	Patrick Heraghty,	53	Scranton. National Mines, W. C. & Co, Twentieth ward, Scranton.	Irish,
24 29 29	14 15	Thomas Harvey, . James McNish,	25 40 18	Believue Shaft, D. L. & W., Lackawanna twp., . Leggett's Creek Shaft, D. & H.C.Co., First ward, Scranton.	English, lrish,
Feb. 1 5	17 18	Owen Flannery, . Ludwig Dowardo, John A. Moran, .	45 18	Coal Brook Mines, D. & H. C. Co., Carbondale city. Florence Shaft, F. C. Co., Pittston township, Cayuga Shaft, D. L. & W., Third ward, Scranton, Capouse Shaft, L. I. & C. Co., Twenty-first ward,	American, Italian, Irish,
6 6	19	John Beck,	87	Capouse Shaft, L. I. & C. Co., Twenty-first ward, Scranton. Capouse Shaft, L. I. & C. Co., Twenty-first ward,	German, . German, .
6	21 22	Edward E. Davis, Rich, Newcomb, .	45 16	Scranton. Oxford Shaft, D. L. & W., Fifth ward, Scranton, Meadow Brook Shaft, W. C. & Co., Twentieth	Welsh, Irish,
8 8 11 11 19 20	28 24 25 28 27 28 29	John Moran,	40 21 35 49 23 34	ward, Scranton. No. 2 Shaft, Penna. C. Co., Pittston borough, Cayuga Shaft, D. L. & W., Third ward, Scrauton, Fairmount Shaft, A. M. & Co., Pittston twp., Eddy Creek Shaft, D. & H. C. Co., Olyphant bor., Dodge Shaft, D. L. & W., Lackawanna township, No. 2 Diamond Shaft, D. L. & W., Twenty-first ward, Scranton. Pine Brook Shaft, L. I. & C. Co., Seventh ward,	Irish, German, American, Welsh, Welsh, Welsh, Welsh,
27 27 27	30 31 32	William Barber, . John Lighthold, . John Jordan,	48 19 35	Scranton. Dunn Mines, P. A. C. Co., Old Forge township, Dunn Mines, P. A. C. Co., Old Forge township, Leggett's Creek Shaft, D. & H. C. Co., First ward, Scrantou.	English, . German, . Iri h,
27 28 March 3	38 34 35	John Flannelly, William Morgan, . Frank McGuire,	17 17 32	Gypsy Grove Shaft, Penna. C. Co., Dunmore burough. Archbald Shaft, D. L. & W., Lackawanna twp., No. 12 Shaft, Penna. C. Co., Pleasant Valley	American, American, Irish,
5	36	Thomas Williams,	13	liorough. Continental Shaft, D. L. & W., Lackawanna township.	Welsh,
7	87	John Walsh,	14	Coal Brook Mines, D. & H. C. Co., Carbondale city.	American,
11 14	33 39	Gregory Kane, John Munley,	24	Forest City Mines, H. C. & I. Co., Clifford town- ship, Susquehanna county.	Irish,
14 14 18 24 25 20 28 31	40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47	Reese Jones, Charles Buskirk, Zopher Pierce, Thomas Black, Charles Kelly, David Phillips, Thomas Jenkins, David S. Davis,	21 20 18 54 26 14 48 41	No. 6 Shaft, Penna. C. Co., Jenkins township, Taylor Mines, D. L. & W., Lackawanna twp Sibley Mines, P. A. C. Co., Old Forge township, Brisbin Shaft, B. C. Co., Hughestown borough, Mosier Shaft, B. C. Co., Hughestown borough, Sloan Mines, D. L. & W., Lackawanna township, Lackawanna C. Co. Shaft, Blakely borough, Hyde Park Shaft, D. L. & W., Fifth ward, Scran-	American, American, Scotch, Irish, Welsh, Welsh, Welsh,
April 2 4 4 4	48 49 50 51 52	Thomas Hughes, John Muhhearn, John Barrett, Martin Tighe, John Reese, Thomas J. Powell,	50 23 21 22 59	ton. Taylor Mines, D. L. & W., Lackawanna twp., Everhart Mines, A. & Poble, Jenkins township, Esgle Shaft, Penna. C. Co., Pittston borough, Eagle Shaft, Penna. C. Co., Pittston borough, Continental Mines, D. L. & W., Lackawanna township. Von Storch Mines, D. & H. C. Co., Second ward,	Welsh, American, American, Welsh,

District of the Wyoming coal fields, Luzerne and Carbon counties, now including Pennsylvania, and the cause as shown by his investigations, for the year ending cember, A. D. 1884.

Occupation.	Nature or Cause of Accident.	No. accident.
Laborer, Miner,	Slightly injured; explosion of gas, These three men were slightly injured; explosion of gas, Slightly injured; fall of coal and black rock, Injured slightly; a car of rock dumped on him, Slightly injured; fall of top coal,	1 2 3 4 5 6 7
Driver,	Slightly injured; kicked by a mule,	9 10 11
Miner, Laborer, Rockman, .	Shoulder dislocated; fall of top coal,	12 18 14
Miner, Laborer, Black'h helper	Face slightly burned; explosion of gas,	15 16 17 18
Miner,	Both these men were slightly injured by a blast blowing through a pillar from next chamber; George Williams, who fired the blast, falled to notify them; he thought he was not so near through,	19 20 21 22
Miner,	Slightly injured by boards falling on him in shaft, Fell through hole in barn floor, Slightly injured; squeezed between hoisting-carriage and buntons, Severely cut on body; premature blast, Slightly injured on foot; fall of coal, Slightly injured; fall of rock from middle of coal,	28 24 25 26 27 28
Miner, Water bailer, Miner,	Hand slightly burned; explosion of gas, Slightly injured; fall of roof, Injured slightly; fall of roof, Right leg slightly injured; a collar fell on it,	29 30 81 82
Driver, Runner, Laborer,	Slightly injured; kicked by a mule, Injured slightly; coupling cars, Knce-joint dislocated; fall of rock,	33 34 35
Door-boy, Driver,	Slightly injured; kicked in the face by a mule,	36 37
Miner,	Slightly injured; fall of top coal, Slightly injured; fall of coal, Injured slightly; caught under holsting-carriage,	39 39
Slope headman Driver, Driver, Miner, Outside driv'r, Miner, Miner,	Slightly injured; that on side of head by top rail of car, Injured slightly; kleked on head by mule, Slightly injured; fall of rock, Injured slightly; fell in running from blast; cut his arm, Head badly cut; caught between breaker-chules and culm car, Slightly injured; shot himself by blast, Injured slightly; fall of top coal,	40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47
Driver boss, . Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer,	Slightly injured; caught between car and pillar, Knee dislocated; hand and arm slightly injured; fall of rock, Both these men slightly injured; explosion of gas, Slightly injured; fall of roof, Slightly injured; a car ran against him, and knocked him against a pillar,	48 49 50 51 52 53

TABLE No. 3-

DATE.	No. accident	Names.	Age.	Colliery where Accident Occurred.	Nationality
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April 11 12	54 55	George Davis, John Nicholm,	21 88	Cayuga Shaft, D. L. & W., Third ward, Scranton, White Oak Mines, D. & H. C. Co., Archbald boro.,	Weish, Polish,
14	56	John McNally,	15	Stark Mines, Penns. C. Co., Lackawanna twp., .	American.
15	57	Wm. M. Lewis, .		Belmont Mines, B. C. Co., Carbondale City, .	Welsh,
15	58	Henry Kneebone,	36	No. 12 Shaft, Penna. C. Co., Old Forge township,	English,
15 21	59 60	James Graham, Thomas Rodgers,	14 42	No. 12 Shaft, Penna. C. Co., Old Forge township, Taylor Mines, D. L. & W., Lackawanna twp.,	Melsh,
28	61	Patrick Craig,	-	Barnum Shaft, Penna. C. Co., Marcy township	Irish,
24	62	Martin Moran,	22	Hampton Shaft, D. L. & W., Lackawanna twp.,	Irish,
25	63 64	Joseph Cera,	26	Coal Brook Brk T, D. & H. C. Co., Carbondale City,	Italian, .
25 May 1	65	Phillip Seymour, James Kello,	16 58	Lackawanna Coal Co's Shaft, Blakely borough, Shaft No. 8, Penna, C. Co., Hughestown boro.,	English, . English,
1	86	G. Darett,	40	Eaton Ridge Shaft, J., S. & Co., Archbald boro.,	Hungarian
2	67	Thomas Burns,	16	Marvine Shaft, D.& H.C.Co., First ward, Scranton,	American,
2 '	68	William Hartman,	14	Jermyn, No. 3, D. & H., and D. L. & W., Thirteenth ward, Scranton.	German,
8 ;	69	Frank Scisco,	16	Lucas Breaker, L. C. Co., Second ward, Scranton,	
13	70	Grant Maxey,	18	Dodge Shaft, D. L. & W., Lackawanna twp.,	American,
15	71 72	James McGoff,	50	Hampton Shaft, D. L. & W., Lackawanna twp., Winton Slope, W. & W., Winton borough,	Irish,
16 ' 16	78	Michael Sweeney, John Black,	30 50	Shaft No. 5. Penna. C. Co., Jenkins township,	Irish, English,
19	74	Jacob Murphy,		Lucas Shaft, L. C. Co., Second ward, Scranton, .	
20	75	James Barr,		Leggett's Creek Shaft, D. & H., 1st ward, Scranton,	Irish,
22 28 !	76 77	John Coleman, Wm. D. Thomas,	15 56	Shaft No. 10, Penna. C. Co., Hughestown boro., Archbald Shaft, D. L. & W., Lackawanna twp.,	American, Welsh,
27	78	Patrick Curley	16	Law Shaft. Penna. C. Co., Pittston township,	Irish,
28	79	Herman Mosier, .	16	Capouse Shaft, L., I. & C. Co., Twenty-first ward,	German,
••	en.	Charles Warmen	48	Scranton.	Fralish
June 2	80 81	Charles Harrup, . W. John Morgan,	43 21	Barnum Shaft, Penna. C. Co., Marcy township, Hyde Park Shaft, D. L. & W., Fifth ward, Scranton,	English,
7	82	David W. Davis, .	66	Bellevue Shaft, D. L. & W., Lackawanna twp.,	Welsh, .
9	83	Michael Cassidy, .	38	Sibley Mines, P. A. C. Co., Old Forge township,	Irlsh,
18 13	84 85	Wm. Gaughan, . William Ruane, .	14	Dodge Shaft, D. L. & W., Lackawanna township, Lucas Shaft, L. C. Co., Second ward, Scranton, .	Irish,
18	86	John Holmes,	24	Brisbin Shaft, D. L. & W., Third ward, Scranton,	Irlah,
16	87	Owen Reddy,	30	Shaft No. 9, Penna. C. Co., Pittaton borough,	American,
17 23	88 89	William Kestell, Richard Prethero,	44	Shaft No. 5, Penna. C. Co., Dunmore borough, .	English, . Welsh, .
25	90	Evan Jenkins,	27 36	Central Shaft, D. L. & W., Fifteenth ward, Scranton, Brisbin Shaft, D. L. & W., Third ward, Scranton,	Weish,
25	91	John Kelly,	17	Filer's Slope, W. & W., Winton borough,	Irish
27	92	Edward Watkins,	28	Powderly Slope, D. & H., Carbondale City,	Welsh,
27 i 28	98 94	Martin Sweeney, Thomas Williams,	15 22	Manville Shaft, D. & H., Thirteenth ward, Scranton Brisbin Shaft, D. L. & W., Third ward, Scranton,	Irish, Welsh,
28	95	Allen Wark,	44	Eddy Creek Shaft, D. & H., First ward, Scranton,	
July 7	96	Watkin Davis,		Grassey Island Shaft, D. & H., Olyphant boro., .	Welsh, .
9	97 98	John Bowen John Mulderig	48	Manville Shaft, D.& H., Thirteenth ward, Scranton Shaft No. 6, Penna. C. Co., Jenkins township,	English,
12	29	Martin Waish,	40 50	Capouse Shaft, L., I. & C. Co , Twenty-first ward,	Irish,
12	100	Thomas Sheridan,		Scranton. Eddy Creek Shaft, D. & H., Olyphant borough, .	Irish, .
12	101	Michael Kerby,	55 24	White Oak Mines, D. & H., Archbald borough, .	Hungarian
12	102	Martin Peel, .		Marvine Shaft, D. & H., First ward, Scranton, .	American,
21	103	Peter Job,	19	Capouse Shaft, D.&H., Twenty-first ward, Scranton	
22 25	104 105	Dennis Donnovan, Patrick Kelly,	19 38	Taylor Mines, D. L. & W., Lackawanna twp., Shaft No. 6, Penna. C. Co., Jenkina township,	Irish, Irish,
26	106	John Griffith,	41	National Mines, W., C. & Co., Twentieth ward,	Welsh,
28	107	Michael Walsh, .	81	Scranton. National Mines, W., C. & Co., Twentieth ward,	Irish, .
28	108	Patrick Waters,	27	Scranton. National Mines, W., C. & Co., Twentieth ward,	Irish,
28	109	Michael Ford,	14	Scranton. Coal Brook Mines, D. & H. C. Co., Carbondale City,	American,
Aug. 2	110	George Houk,	22	Brisbin Mines, D.L. & W., Third ward, Scranton,	German,
4	111	Martin Walsh,	20	Dunn Mines, P. A. C. Co., Old Forge township,	Irish,
4	112	William Davis, .	15	Tompkins Mines, A. Tompkins, Pittston boro.,	American,
5	113	Robert McLesn, .	35 35	Jermyn, No. 4, J. Jermyn, Dickson City boro., . Pierce Mines, P. C. Co., Archbald borough,	Scotch, .
6	114 115	Daniel Farrell, John McGlynn, .	25 40	Scranton C. Co., D. L. & W Lackawauna twn.	Irish,
6	116	John Brown,	32	Scranton C. Co., D. L. & W., Lackawanna twp., Scranton C. Co., D. L. & W., Lackawanna twp.,	Welsh, .
7	117	John J. Morgan, .	38	Von Storch Mines, D. & H. C. Co., Second ward, Scranton.	Welsh
7	118	Henry Jenkins, .	22	Von Storch Mines, D. & H. C. Co., Second ward, Scranton.	Welsh, .
7	119	James Griffiths, .	45	Brisbin Mines, D. L. & W. Third ward, Scranton,	Welsh, .

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Occupation.	Nature or Cause of Accident.	No. accident.
Laborer, Miner, Driver, Miner, Miner, Driver, Miner, Laborer, Siate-picker, Door boy, Campany man, Miner, Driver, Driver, Driver helper,	Injured slightly in instep; fall of roof, Leg slightly injured; hit by a piece of coal flying from blast, Slightly injured; caught between prop and mine car, Slightly hurr by blast; cut his match too short and could not get away far enough, Slightly burned; explosion of gas. Slightly hurred; knocked by concussion caused by same explosion, Legs slightly injured; fall of rook, Slightly injured; hit by a piece of coal flying from blast, Leg slightly cut by a piece of coal flying from blast, Leg injured; bit by wire rope on head of culm dump plane, Slightly injured; squeezed between car and prop, Slightly injured; twised about the back and shoulders; car run on to him, Injured slightly; fall of top coal, Injured on head; kicked by a mule, Severely injured on head; side of head crushed; kicked by a mule,	54 56 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68
Outside driver, Driver, Laborer, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner, Driver, Miner, Driver, Driver,	Slightly injured on leg; caught between car and rail, Slightly injured on side and hips; caught between car and rib, Badiy squeezed between a trip of empty cars and rib, Slightly injured by a runaway car, Injured slightly; explosion of gas, Injured slightly; fail of coal, Slightly burned by an explosion of gas, Head slightly injured; caught between top of coal car and roof, Baok severely bruised; fail of top coal, Slightly injured; kicked by a mule, Finger squeezed; caught between two cars while in the act of coupling them,	70 71 72 78 74 76 76 77 78
Miner, Laborer, Brattice man, Miner, Driver, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner, Driver, Miner, Driver, Laborer, Miner, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer,	Silghtly injured; fall of black rock, Injured silghtly; premature blast, Silghtly injured; fall of slate from rib while repairing track, Injured silghtly; premature explosion of cartridge while cleaning out hole, Fingers slightly injured; car ran over them, Blightly injured; fall of bony coal, Silghtly injured by a piece of coal rolling on him, Burned silghtly by an explosion of a powder cartridge, Silghtly burned on face; explosion of gas, Silghtly injured about face; fall of rock, Little finger mashed; caught between two cars, Slightly injured; fall of rock roof, Three fingers mashed; caught under car wheel, Injured about back and hip; fall of top coal, Slightly burned; explosion of gas, Slightly injured; caught by hoisting carriage, Slightly burned; caught by hoisting carriage, Slightly burned on arm and back; explosion of gas, Fingers crushed badly; empty car run over them, Slightly injured; fall of coal,	88 89 90 91 92 93
Laborer,	Slightly injured; caught between two empty cars,	100 101 102 103 104 105
Miner,	Injured slightly; explosion of gas,	107
Laborer,		108
Driver, Laborer, Driver, Miner, Laborer, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner,	Finger taken off while in the act of taking a block from under wheel of loaded car in mines, Slightly injured; hit by coal from blast, Slightly injured; hit by coal from blast, Burned on back; explosion of gas, Slightly injured; fall of top coal, Burned slightly; explosion of gas; tapped a gas-feeder by blast,	109 110 111 112 113 114 115 116 117 118
Miner,	Foot slightly injured; piece of coal fell on it,	119
Miner, Miner,	His leg slightly hurt; fall of rock,	120 121

TABLE No. 3 -

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DATE.	-	Names.	Ag e.	Colliery where Accident Occurred.	Nationality.
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ug. 11	121	Thos. W. Jenkins,	49	Pine Brook Mines, L. I. & C. Co., Seventh ward,	Welsh,
12	122	Pat. McLoughlin,	27	Scranton. Leggett's Creek Mines, D. & H. C. Co., First	Irish,
12	123	John Douger,	16	ward, Scranton. Filer's Siope, J. & Shutliffe, Winton borough, .	Irish,
12	124	Pat'k Kerrigan, .	18	Manville Mines, D. & H., and D. L. & W., Thirteenth ward, Scranton.	Irish,
13	125	Pat'k Mangan, ist,	48	Greenwood Mines, P. A. C. Co., Lackswanna township.	[Irish,
15	126	David Davis,	46	Pine Brook Mines, L. I. & C. Co., Seventh ward, Scranton.	Welsh,
15		Richard Kealty, . Anthony Toner, .	17	Eaton Mines, J. S. & Co., Archbald borough, Marvine Mines, D. & H., First ward, Scranton,	American, .
16 1 6		Rich'd Maugan, .	42	Von Storch Mines, D. & H., Second ward, Scranton,	Irish,
18	120	John H. Evans.	42	Von Storch Mines, D. & H., Second ward, Scranton, Cayuga Mines, D. L. &. W., Third ward, Scranton, Dodge Breaker, D. L. & W., Lackswanna twp.,	Welsh,
18		Charles Miller,	28	Dodge Breaker, D. L. & W., Lackawanna twp.,	
18		Albert Cleave, Linden McGuire,	28 14	Lackawanna C. Co. Mines, Blakely borough, Ontario Breaker, L. V. C. Co., Pleasant Valley	English,
20				borough,	American, .
20		John Burns,	50	Leggett's Creek Mines, D. & H., First ward, Scranton.	Irish,
25		John Butland,	22	Von Storch Mines, D. & H., Second ward, Scranton, Heidelberg Mines, L. V. C. Co., Pittston twp.,.	English, .
26 29	187	Jerry Alger, Patrick Riley,	18	Capouse Mines, L. I. & C. Co., Theston twp., .	English, . American, .
29	138	John Hanihan,	25	Scranton. Brisbin Mines, D. L. & W., Third ward, Scran-	Irish,
	189	William Roberts,	40	ton.	
Sept. 9	140	William Guest, .	40	Eddy Creek Mines, D. & H., Olyphant borough, . Jermyn, No. 4, J. Jermyn, Dickson City bor., .	Welsh, English,
11 12	141 142	Ebenezer Lloyd, . James Gibbons,	88 21	Oxford Mines, D. L. & W., Fifth ward, Scranton, Central Mines, D. L. & W., Fifteenth ward,	Welsh, Irish,
12	143	Pat'k Maugan, 2d,	45	Scranton. Greenwood Mines, P. A. C. Co., Lackawanna	Irish,
12	1	Edward Jones,	45	township. Leggett's Creek Mines, D. & H., First ward,	Welsh,
12	1	John Murtough,	41	Scranton. Leggett's Creek Mines, D. & H., First ward,	Irish,
13	146	William Salter, .		Scranton. Shaft No. 14, Penna. C. Co., Jenkins township, .	Irish,
18	147	Walter Fink,	16	Meadow Brook Mines, W. C. & Co., Twentieth	German, .
18	148	John Morris,	40	ward, Scranton. Hyde Park Mines, D. L. & W., Fifth ward, Scranton.	Welsh,
15	149	William Fanning,	58	Heidelberg Mines, L. V. C. Co., Pittston twp., .	Irish,
15		Patrick Hines,	18	Shaft No. 10, Penna. C. Co., Hughestown bor., .	American, .
16	151	James Moran,	48	Dodge Mines, D. L. & W., Lackawanna twp.,	Irish
16	152 153	Albert Laisnix, . Ebeu Hughes,	24	Stetler Mines, S. N. S. & Co., Marcy township, . No. 2 Diamond Mines, D. L. & W., Twenty-first	German,
17	100	mace tragines!	49	ward, Scranton.	Weish,
19 19		William Forsythe, William Lynn,	30 45	Lucas Mines, L. C. Co., Second ward, Scranton, . Von Storch Mines, D. & H. C. Co., Second ward, Scranton.	Irish, English,
20	158	Tim'y McAndrew,	16	Slope No. 4. Penns. C. Co., Jenkins township.	American, .
24	1.57	John Gordan,	42	Powderly Mines, D. & H., Carbondale City, Keystone Mines, H. C. & I. Co., Carbondale City,	Irish.
24	1.58	John Burke,	35	Keystone Mines, H. C. & I. Co., Carbondale City,	American
27	159 160	Wm. Griffiths, David McDonald,	16	Taylor Mines, D. L. & W., Lackawanna twp., Shaft No. 10, Penna. C. Co., Hughestown bor.,	Welsh, American,
27 27	161	Patrick Malia,	184 12	Lucas Mines, L. C. Co., Second ward, Scranton.	American, .
Oct. 8	1	John Lyden, 8d,.	30	Lucas Mines, L. C. Co., Second ward, Scranton, Meadow Brook Sheft, W. C. & Co., Twentieth ward, Scranton.	Irish,
8	168	MartiniM. Cannon,	17	Meadow Brook Shaft, W. C. & Co., Twentieth ward, Scranton.	American, .
6		Thomas Woods, .	19	National Mines, W. C. & Co, Twentieth ward, Scranton.	American, .
8		Wm. McAndrew,	18	Brisbin Breaker, D. L. & W., Third ward, Scranton	American, .
9		John Heffron, James Nyland,	12 30	Eddy Creek Mines, D. & H., Olyphant borough,	American, . English,
10 11		Thomas Coggins,	17	Sloan Mines, D. L. & W., Lackawanna twp.,	Irish,
18		Domi'ck McCarty,	28	Fairmount Mines, F. C. Co., Pittaton township, Sloan Mines, D. L. & W., Lackawanna twp., Manville Mines, D. L. & W., and D. & H., Thirteenth ward, Scrauton.	
16		George Fannen, .	13	Pancoast Mines, P. C. Co., Dickson City bor.,	American, .
16	171	Thomas Boberts, .	26	Scranton C. C. Mines, D. L. & W., Lackawanna township.	** CLOLL,
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Occupation.	Nature or Cause of Accident.	No. injured.
Miner,	Hands and face slightly injured; blast set fire to a gas-blower; he was burned by it,	121
Miner,	Slightly injured by an explosion of powder in his tool box,	122
Driver, Plane runner,	Injured slightly; kicked by a mule,	128 124
Miner,	Slightly injured; fall of roof,	125
Miner,	Slightly injured; shot missed fire, went back too soon, and got caught,	126
Driver,	Burned; a spark from his lamp fell into some loose powder he was handling, Severely injured on calf of leg while in the act of stealing a ride on trip of cars,	127 128 129 130 181 182
Miner,	between breaker and shaft. Slightly burned; explosion of gas,	184
Laborer, Miner, Driver,	Finger broken; a piece of coal fell on it while in the act of drilling a hole, Slightly injured on hand; fall of top coal,	135 138 137
Laborer,	Slightly injured about head and hip; fall of rock,	138
Miner, Engineer,	Slightly burned on his arm; explosion of gas, Severely burned in engine room, while in the act of filling a lighted kerosene	139 140
Miner, Laborer,	lamp with oil, Burned slightly; explosion of gas, Slightly injured; fall of roof,	141
Footman,	"Slightly injured; hit by car while coming out of chamber,	148
Miner,	Ankle slightly injured; fall of roof,	144
Miner,	Ankle sprained slightly; alipped on piece of coal in chamber,	145
Rockman, Driver,	Slightly injured; hoisting bucket fell down shaft, and in getting out of way, he hurt himself, Injured slightly; kicked by a mule,	146 147
Miner,	Slightly injured; fall of roof,	148
Miner, Wheelman, Miner, Laborer, Miner,	Injured slightly; fall of rock, Finger cut off; caught under wheel of loaded mine car in mines, Very slightly injured; fall of roof; (was only two days idle,) Slightly hurt on hip; fall of rock roof, Slightly injured; fall of rock between top and bottom coal,	149 150 151 152 158
Miner, Laborer, Driver,	Foot slightly injured; fall of roof, Right ankle dislocated; fall of top rock while in the act of restanding a prop,	154 155
Miner, Miner, Driver, Outside driver, Door-boy, Miner,	Slightly injured; squeezed between loaded mine cars, Injured slightly; premature blast, Slightly injured; hit by coal from blast through rib, from next chamber, Slightly injured; hit by a mule in barn, Left hand crushed; car ran over it, Slightly injured; hook of stretcher caught him in the groin, Slightly injured; explosion of gas,	156 157 158 159 160 161 162
Runner,	Injured slightly; same explosion,	163
Runner,	Slightly injured; loaded car ran over his foot,	164
Driver, Driver, Miner, Driver, Laborer,	Severe flesh wound; car ran on him on the culm dump, Slightly injured on outside plane by cars, Injured slightly; fall of top coal, Slightly injured over eyes; kicked by a mule, Slightly injured by coal from blast,	165 166 167 168 169
Door-boy, Miner,	Flesh wound on arm; car ran on it, Bruised on hip and head; fail of bony coal,	170 171

TABLE NO. 3 -

DAT	3 .	No. accident	Names.	Age.	Colliery where Accident Occurred.	Nationality
Oct.		172	Jonathan Owens,	15	Podge Mines, D. L. & W., Lackawanua twp.,	Welsh,
	18	178	Michael Houston,	12	Ontario Colliery, L. V. C. Co., Pleasant Valley bor.	Irish,
	22	174	John McDonough,	54	Filer's Slope, Jones & Shutliff, Winton borough,	Irish,
	22 27	175 176	A. Williams, Wm. D. Thomas,	16 56	Lucas Mines, L. C. Co., Second ward, Scranton,	American, Welsh.
	27	177	S. Gallagher,	16	Archbald Mine, D. L. & W., Lackawanna twp Leggett's Creek Mines, D. & H., First ward, Scranton.	American,
	28	178	Patrick Gleason, .	17	Capouse Mines, L. I & C. Co., Twenty-first ward, Seranton.	Irish,
	28	179	Patrick Narey,	٠,	Marvine Mines, D. & H. C. Co., First ward, Scranton.	American,
	29	180	Richard Jones,	45	Bellevue Slope Mines, D. L. & W., Lackawanna township.	Welsh,
	29	181	Thomas O'Brien,	22	Green Ridge Slope, O. S. J., Dunmore borough, .	Irish
N	90	182	Michael McGuire,	22	Phonix Mines, P. C. Co., Marcy township,	American,
Nov.	. 7	188	Jos. Canterberry,	24	Capouse Mines, L. I. & C. Co., Twenty-first ward, Scranton.	American,
	8	184	Daniel Neville.	17		Irish
	11	185	Richard Davis	43	Brisbin Mines, L. & W., Third ward, Scranton, . Brisbin Mines, L. & W., Third ward, Scranton, .	Welsh,
	11	188	James Gorman, .	33	Shaft No. 5, Penna. C. Co., Jenkins township,	Irish,
	11	187	William Armson,	23	Lucas Shaft, L. C. Co., Second ward, Scranton, .	Irish,
	12	188	Ebenezer Powell,	28	National Mines, W. C. & Co., Twentieth ward, Scranton.	Welsh,
	12	189	Vincent Niper, .	25	Sibley Mines, P. A. C. Co., Old Forge township,	American,
	14	190	Reese Price,	25	Green Ridge Slope, O. S. J., Dunmore borough,	Welsh,
	20	191	Daniel Price,	15	Leggett's Creek Mines, D. & H., First ward, Scranton.	Welsh,
	21	192	James Frowen.	23	Oxford Mines, D. L. & W., Fifth ward, Scranton,	Welsh,
	21 21	193 194	Cassw'n Morgan, D. Nottingham,	18 20	Sloan Mines, D. L. & W., Lackawanna township, Dodge Mines, D. L. & W., Lackawanna township,	Welsh,
	22	195	William Jenkins,	28	Pancoast Mines, P. C. Co., Dickson City borough,	Irish, American,
	24	196	Michael Carey,	35	Olyphant, No. 2, D. & H., Olyphant borough,	Irisb
	24	197	Frank Eynon,	26	Brisbin Mines, D. L. & W., Third ward, Scranton,	Welsh,
	25	198	Edward Narey, .	41	Von Storch Mines, D. & H., Second ward, Scranton,	Irish,
Dec.		199	Martin Murphy, .	12	Pierce Mines, P. C. Co., Archbald borough,	American,
	1	200	Robert Orchard, .	12	Capouse Breaker, L. I. & C. Co., Twenty-first ward, Scranton.	English,
	1 2	201 202	Michael Laffey, John Cook,	18 27	Greenwood Mines, P. A. C. Co., Lackswanns twp.	Irish,
	3	203	Patrick Gillard,	88	Erle Mines, H. C. & I. Co., Greenwood borough, Dodge Mines, D. L. & W., Lackswanns township,	American, Irish,
	5	204	John Barrett,	16	Shaft No. 13, Penna. C. Co., Lackawanna twp., .	Irish,
	ğί	205	Anthony Toner, .		Marvine Shaft, D. & H., First ward, Scranton,	Irish,
	8	206	John McGlynn, .	40	Scranton C. Co. Mines, D. L. & W., Lackawanna township.	Irish
	10	207	Pat O'Boyle,	40	Bellevue Slope Mines, D. L. & W., Lackawanna township.	Irish,
	12	208	Mike Powell,	26	Eddy Creek Mines, D. & H., Olyphant borough, .	Polish,
	15	209	Bartley Mahon, .	19	Taylor Mines, D. L. & W., Lackawanna township,	Irlsh,
	18	210 211	Daniel James,	15 14	Sloan Mines, D. L. & W., Lackawanna township,	
	19	212	Jacob Grosswait,	16	White Oak Mines, D. & H., Archbald borough, Shaft No. 5, Penna. C. Co., Dunmore borough,	American, German, .
	22	713	Barney Doyle,	14	Oxford Mines, D. L. & W., Fifth ward, Scranton.	Irish,
	26	214	Frank Lewis,	14	Capouse Mines, L. I. & C. Co., Twenty-first ward, Scranton.	American,
	30	215	William Evans, .	15	Taylor Mines, D. L. & W., Lackawanna township,	Welsh,
	30 30	216 217	Evan Lewis,	45	Brisbin Mines, D. L. & W., Third ward, Scranton,	Welsh,
			Mathew Jones,	20	Brisbin Mines, D. L. & W., Third ward, Scranton,	

NOTE-There were 217 slight accidents.

Occupation.	Nature and Cause of Accident.	No. accident.
Driver, Door-boy, Miner,	Two fingers on right hand cut off while in the act of spragging a car, Slightly injured by a slab of rock falling on him, Injured slightly; a piece of coal fell down the shaft and hit him, Injured; fall of rock,	172 178 174 176 176 177
Driver,	Finger slightly injured while uncoupling cars which were in motion,	178
Door-boy,	Breast slightly bruised; knocked down by passing mine car,	179
Miner,	Slightly injured; fall of top coal,	180
Miner, Miner, Runner,	Slightly injured: explosion of gas.	
Driver, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner,	Injured slightly on head and legs; fail of roof,	185
Footman, Miner, Driver,	Burned by gas while brushing it out of his working place, Little finger crushed: amputated afterwards: the accident occurred while in the	189 190
Miner,	act of spragging cars. Slightly injured; explosion of gas. Leg slightly injured; caught between car and floor of mine. Arm slightly injured; fall of rock roof, Back slightly injured; fall of roof, Small bone of left leg fractured; a piece of coal rolled on it, Slightly cut on leg; fall of fop coal,	191 192 193 194 195 196 197
Door-boy,	Injured; went from his door into his father's chamber, and hit by flying coal from blast, Hip dislocated and one rib broken; was sliding down guard-rail of stairway and	199
Driver, Miner, Miner, Outside driver, Miner, Miner,	Slightly injured; squeezed between car and pillar, Injured slightly while in the act of barring down buck coal, Slightly injured on shoulder; fall of roof, Injured slightly; squeezed between car and ground outside, Severely injured by falling of a wooden horse in mines,	200 201 202 204 204 206 206
Miner,	Hand and body bruised; fall of roof,	207
Laborer, Driver, Door-boy, Door-boy,	Slightly injured; squeezed by cars, Injured slightly; kicked by a mule, Two fingers cut off; wheel of mine car ran over them, Bad flesh wound on leg; run-away car caught him, Slightly burned on face and hands by gas-blower taking fire,	206 206 210 211 213 213 214
Driver, Co. laborer, Driver,	Slightly injured; fall of top coal,	21 21 21

TABLE No. 4.—The number of each class of employes at each colliery in the and a portion of Wayne and Susquehanna counties

MISCELLANEOUS

[No. 10,

NAMES OF COLLIERIES. 1. *Everhart Mines,	Bosses.	Miners.	Laborers.	Drivers and runners.	Door-boys.	All company men.	Total Inside.	3	Mechanics.	Head and plate men
2. Tompkins Shaft,	1	200	1		-	₹	Tot	Воввея.	Mech	Head a
5. Twin Shaft. 6. Butler Shaft and Slope, 7. Moster Shaft and Slope, 8. Heidelberg Shaft and Ontario Breaker, 9. Florence Shaft, 0. Phoenix Shaft, 1. Stetler Shaft, 2. Hillside and Consolidated Shafts, 2. Spring Brook Mines, 4. Glendale Mines, 5. Dunn Shaft and Slope, 6. Sibley Shaft, 7. Greenwood Shaft, Slope, and Tunnel, 8. National Shaft and Slope and Meadow Brook Tunnel, 9. Meadow Brook Shaft, 1. Bridge Shaft and Slope, 2. Capouse Shaft, 4. Pine Brook Shaft, 6. Fair Lawn Slope, 8. Green Ridge Slope, 7. Spencer Shaft, 8. Lucas Shaft, 9. Richmond Shaft and Tunnel, 0. Pancoast Shaft, 1. Jermyn No. 4 Shaft, 1. Jermyn No. 4 Shaft, 1. Jermyn No. 4 Shaft, 1. Jermyn No. 4 Shaft, 1. Jernyn No. 4 Shaft, 1. Firer Slope, 3. Crassy Island Shaft, 4. Filer's Slope, 5. Poiph Mines, 6. Pierce Mines, 7. Eaton Shaft, 8. Edgerton Mines, 9. Erie Shaft and Keystone Tunnel, 1. Felemont Tunnel, 1. ‡ Belmont Tunnel, 1. ‡ Belmont Tunnel, 1. ‡ Belmont Tunnel, 1. ‡ Brennan's Mines, 1. Totals,		400 8 48 28 3 42 2 40 41 110 62 80 110 105 82 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 10 12 10 12 10 12 10 12 10 12 10 12 10 12 10 12 10 12 10 12 10 10 12 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	20 5 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26	8 17 7 120 144 286 22 22 155 22 240 40 19 12 224 226 119 1,058	1 4 9 9 1 4 8 8 8 4 4 5 5 1 1 6 8 8 9 1 1 2 1 1 1 9 9 6 6 2 1 1 1 8 8 10 0 10 2 2 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	42 10 2 11 16 9 75 10 10 10 23 38 6 4 420 6 85 85 14 4 4 4 20 18 8 5 5 12 9 6 6 26 15 15 15 15 12 9 6 6 26 15 15 15 15 12 12 15 15 12 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	86 107 14 127 201 108 113 288 115 113 285 116 202 246 226 112 227 128 228 227 121 124 227 128 228 227 121 124 227 128 228 227 128 228 227 129 129 129 129 129 129 129 129 129 129	11188882121181111111111112111221	4 5 4 2 2 3 7 8 8 8 4 4 8 4 4 4 4 4 5 4 6 8 9 11 5 14 5 5 5 9 8 8 8 10 10	1
						PI	ennsi	r L 1	7AN	IIA
Shaft No. 1, Shaft No. 8, Slope No. 6, 4. Shaft No. 4, Marcy vein, Shaft No. 5, † Shaft No. 6, Shaft No. 6, Shaft No. 6, Shaft No. 6,	1 1 1 1	36 46 10 78 39 42	86 46 6 10 44 40	7 18 8 12 16 20	2 2 4 5 5	5 9 10 16	20 118 115 124	1 1 1 1	1 3 4 5	 -

^{*} No report; amount of coal estimated; not working at present. †Abandoned April 1. # No report, except coal tonnage; not working at present.

Eastern district of Luzerne and Carbon counties, now including all of Lackawanna for year ending 31st day of December, A. D. 1884.

COAL COMPANIES.

OUTS.	ons E De.	MPLOY	ED		pus	rder	coal	q la	led.	ıred.	per life	өвср	ach	
Slate-pickers.	Drivers and runners.	All company men.	Total outside.	Total inside and out.	Number of horses mules.	Number of kegs of powder used in 1884.	Number of tons of mined in 1884.	Number of days worked 1884.	Number of persons killed.	Number of persons injured	Tons of cosl mined per	Tons of coal mined for e person injured,	Tons of cost mined for each employee.	Mumber
255 444 1 1 50 82 244 50 85 547 45 54 46 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86	2 3 3 1 2 2 2 3 3 2 1 3 3 9 6 4 3 3 2 10 7 8 8 1 4 4 5 4 6 6 8 2 2 7 7 4 4 1 6 8 3 2 2 10 2 2 2 3 3 8 8 5 8	2 6 1 8 9 12 200 18 10 503 24 3 10 22 58 32 8 8 40 47 26 4 30 47 25 38 36 17 25 38 315	38- 66 5 72 54 83 105 69 49 130 88 65 54 47 77 72 152 103 111 78 128 129 109 116 91 32 96 131 94 115 70 64 78 98 75 115 159	124 173 199 139 139 2230 306 177 162 251 178 252 178 252 189 262 262 262 263 375 608 160 183 366 775 389 194 444 256 376 377 389 194 414 414 414 415 416 416 416 416 416 416 416 416 416 416	9 15 28 18 18 24 24 25 26 28 14 25 26 28 14 25 26 28 28 26 26 27 27 27 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28	700 2, 443 1, 277 2, 463 1, 277 3, 997 2, 727 5, 400 1, 165 2, 206 2, 206 6, 822 2, 237 5, 668 6, 822 2, 237 3, 200 1, 1550 1,	28 000 16, 247 47, 592 2, 975 46, 989 82, 086 89, 662 -85, 000 21, 759 46 714 177, 924 60, 387 88, 700 9, 811 59, 818 47, 818 120, 985 119, 627 143, 283 11, 911 64, 560 107, 000 375, 307 43, 587 12, 090 55, 070 58, 932 98, 746 126, 000 127, 649 98 028 81, 749 22, 276 18, 331 7, 200	125 141 192 204 101 192 121 184 101 195 1170 1175 185 181 185 185 181 185 198 209 101 101 198 198 198 198 198 198 198 198 198 19	1 1 2 2 2 2 1 1 5 5	2 3 3 5 3 3 5 3 3 5 3 3 5 3 3 5 5 3 3 5 5 3 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	47, 592 85,000 88,700 47,818 28,191 119,627 32,280 187,658 12,090 27,800 31,915 63,000 107,629 98,028	23, 796 28, 333 46, 714 60, 387 38, 700 29, 909 15, 939 42, 651 23, 925 47, 754 31, 275 43, 587 12, 090 34, 750 12, 701 42, 000 53, 814 81, 749 11, 638 77, 736 72, 696		11 11 11 11 11 11 12 22 22 22 22 22 22 2
,720	152	902	3, 824	10,257	1,075	111,482	8,010,017		_		i——			<u> </u>

COAL COMPANY.

19 22 2 32 32 12	5 6 5 3	6 8 6 7 9	37 47 21 55 56 23	123 189 154 170 180 73	13 18 4 12 25 22 14		49, 817 60, 317 2, 137 56, 595 65, 911 49, 498 27, 348	211 211 89 205 205 210 210 210 209	2	2 30,158 1	56,596 16,478 16,499	465 357 368 368 275 374
4		8	27	160	20	::::	77,588	204		î .	77, 533	458 46

TABLE No. 4 -PENNSYLVANIA COAL

	N	UMBE	E OF	PERSO	NS E	MPLO	YED		No.	01
NAMES OF COLLIBRIES.	Bosses.	Miners.	Laborers.	Drivers and runners.	Door-boys.	Alt company men.	Total Inside.	Bosses.	Mechanics.	Head and niste men.
(Shaft No. 9. Shaft No. 10, 7-ft. vein, Shaft No. 10, 14-ft. vein, Shaft No. 10, 14-ft. vein, Shaft No. 10, 14-ft. vein, Shaft No. 12, Shaft No. 12, Shaft No. 13, Law Shaft, Slope No. 2, Slope No. 4, Tunnel No. 1, Stark Shaft and Breaker, No. 1, 7-ft. vein, No. 1, Marcy vein, No. 1, Marcy vein, No. 1, 14-ft. vein, No. 2, 14-ft. vein, No. 2, 14-ft. vein, Shaft No. 14, (sinking,) Shaft No. 2, Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 2, Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 2, Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 2, Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Shaft No. 3,† Sha	1 1 Tem 17 Ab 1	48 6 6 70 30 30 45 44 20 20 65 ando 24 21	48 7 8 68 200 80 652 28 8 46 220 86 7 rity 785 ned. 5 5	301	77 14 6 6 1 2 3 emb 5 6 4 8 4 done	200	2,240 31 27 58	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	3 1 1 4 7 5 4 7 5 4 3 3 8 8 8 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	-
Total Pittston Division,	19	910	796	301	72	200	2,298	17	149 M O I	11 - R 1
4. Shaft No. 2. Dunmore, 6. Shaft No. 3. Dunmore, 6. Shaft No. 4. Dunmore, 7. Shaft No. 5. Dunmore, 8. Dunmore Breaker, Dunmore, 9. No. 64 Breaker, Dunmore, Grand total,	} 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	39 44 42 43	40 38 38 50	9 18 18 10	6 7 11 3	8 6 6 48	108 114 115 155 2,785	1 3 1 3 3	1 2 1 1 1 1	10
		DI	CLA	WAR	E, L	ACH	AWA			N
70. Pyne Mines, shaft, 71. Taylor Mines, shaft and drift, 72. Archbald Mines, shaft and slope, 73. Sloan Mines, shaft and slope, 74. Continental Mines, shaft, 75. Hampton Mines, shaft, 76. Hyde Fark Mines, shaft, 77. Central Mines, shaft, 78. Dodge Mines, shaft, 78. Dodge Mines, shaft, 79. Seranton Coal Company Mines, slope, 70. Bellevue Mines, shaft, 71. Bellevue Mines, shaft, 72. Oxford Mines, shaft, 73. Coxford Mines, shaft,	1 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1	97 39 85 92 88 110 97 109 81 62 58 40	89 94 86 92 88 75 97 113 80 62 58 38	50 51 27 38 43 45 38 42 24 17 14 20	10 12 5 7 8 12 7 15 8	17 81 17 20 24 39 28 32 10 17 10	284 278 220 245 252 282 288 313 216 162 183	111111111111111111111111111111111111111	8 5 8 7 8 10 8 9 7 7 14 7	1

^{*}Used for pumping water occasionally.

[†] Used for pumping water.

Continued.
COMPANY-Continued.

PERS OUTS	ons E Id e .	MPLO	YED		pus	powder	1400 1400	ad In	led.	ured.	per life	each	esch	
Slate-pickers.	Drivers and runners.	All company men.	Total outside.	Total inside and out.	Number of horses mules.	Number of kegs of povused in 1884.	Number of tons of mined in 1884.	Number of days worked in 1884.	Number of persons killed.	Number of persons injured	Tons of coal mined per	Tons of cost mined for person injured	Tons of coal mined for each employee.	Number
28 2 2 80 18 15 28 1 1 1 15 15 8 7 40	4 1 1 4 2 8 9 6 1 6 4 6 8 6	11 2 2 16 9 5 13 8 6 5 12 3	54 7 8 62 39 89 62 18 27 17 17 2 30 31 31 31 31 31 32	29 82 244 119	24 7 6 25 10 27 27 27 17 82 14 18 1 1 19 8 8		83, 187 \$25, 687 90, 185 49, 496 33, 845 72, 991 39, 237 62, 911 40, 333 39, 490 \$109, 977 34, 846 \$73, 902 14, 923 18, 325	212 212 212 211 207 210 208 208 205 149 211 205 149 212 212 212 212 214 215	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	3 1 1 3 1 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1	90, 185 49, 496 62, 911 39, 490 54, 986 73, 902	27 712 12 833 45 082 12 374 11 282 72, 991 62, 911 13, 464 39, 490 56 559 34, 846 26, 951	457 421 365 423 243 380 388 414 878 688 229 477 60	4 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5
48 382	82 2 4 86	179 · 2 · · · 3 12 63 113 180	811 12 67 63 113 263	3,051 43 1 34 67 63 118 321 3,372	384 2 		1, 178, 461		10 1	2 2				8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8
1 82 81 29 31	1810 4 2 1 4 2	6 20	14 72 3 57 51 64	117 186 118 212 51 64 4,120	9 16 17 10 4 2 514		51,834 49,047 55,189 51,982	212 218 218 218 228 212 200	13	1 2				
58 80 55 86 54 80 65 67 22 39	4 6 8 8 4 4 4 6 9 8 13	29 38 32 28 35 40 31 23 28 32	108 138 111 138 96 146 125 120 82 90 178	OAD C 372 373 416 418 418 418 418 427 393 423 423 232 232 232 331 108	53 68 38 50 70 60 60 42 45 22	ANY.	148, 193 124, 118 114, 576 124, 588 136, 594 146, 696 138, 681 173, 395 113, 240 76, 525 74, 553 68, 164	1801 1754 170.4 178.1 180.1 177.4 180.1 171.6 180.1 171.6						

‡ Coal goes to Shaft Breaker.

TABLE No. 4 --DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA AND WEST

	N	UMBE	B OF	PERSO INSID		MPLO	YED		No	. 0
Names of Collieries.	Bosses.	Miners.	Laborers.	Drivers and runners.	Door-boys.	All company men.	Total inside.	Bosses.	Mechanics.	Hond on the contract
13. Diamond Shaft, No. 2, 14. Tripp Slope Mine, 15. Tripp Shaft Mine, 16. Diamond Slope, No. 2, 17. Manville Mine, shaft, 18. Brisbin Mine, shaft, 19. Cayuga Mine, shaft, 10. Storr's Shaft,	1 1 1 1 1	51 40 14 95 97 81 8	51 40 14 96 85 84 2	83 26 8 8 57 36 36	6 3 2 22 10 9	18 28 5 4 28 28 25 23 3	160 133 28 4 296 254 224 8	}1 1 1 1	8 8 2 4 7 7 2	i -
	19	1, 451	1, 401	628	145	412	4 056		136	14
				DE	LAW	ARI	AND	H	U DS	(O)
11. Racket Brook, 12. Coal Brook, 13. No. 1 Shaft, 14. No. 3 Shaft, 15. Powderly, 16. Jermyn, No. 1, 17. Jermyn, No. 2, 18. White Oak, 19. Grassy Island, 10. Olyphant, No. 2, 11. Eddy Creek, 12. Marvine, 13. Leggitt's Creek, 14. Von Storch, 16. Manville, 16. Miscellaneous,	2 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	181 143 50 96 142 42 114 139 70 73 98 102 120	85 19 12 6 25 20 47 40 42 42 82 87 130	59 47 14 30 28 14 82 31 29 32 68 101	10 8 6 8 5 5 12 3 4 4 8 21 17 18	399 211 116 222 100 144 222 200 211 410 70	886 224 95 152 223 87 220 237 166 172 310 295 451	11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	11 2 3 8 11 8 7 10 10 10 10 10 11 10	111111111111111111111111111111111111111
	<u> </u>	<u>·</u>	·	·	·		R	EC.	API	T
77. Miscellaneous Coal Companies, 8. Pennsylvania Coal Company, 9. Delaware, Lackawanns and Western Rail- road Company, 10. Delaware and Hudson Canal Company, 11. Local coal sale mines, 2. Miscellaneous employees not reported, Grand total,	19 17 3	2,638 1,078 1,451 1,380 82	962	1,058 356 628 562 4	295 99 145 105 55	749 268 412 847	6, 938 2, 785 4, 056 8, 028 198	28 16	284 155 136 104	26 16 14 11

*Worked out.

ERN RAILROAD COMPANY-Continued.

PERS	ONS E	MPLOY	BD		pus sud	powder	la co	u pa	killed.	Injured.	per life	qo	each	
Slate-pickers.	Drivers and runners.	All company men.	Total outside.	Total inside and out.	Number of horses mules.	Number of kegs of po- used in 1884.	Number of tons of mined in 1884.	Number of days worked in	Number of persons kil	Number of persons in	Tons of coal mined pe-	Tons of cost mined for person injured.	Tons of coal mined for employee.	Number.
91 56 46 64 72	7 8 7 6 5	36 25 6 	151 104 8 100 108 116 5	811 242 46 4 898 362 850 18	63 63 46 50 42 	{ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	100.505 65.347 4,146 21,789 84,107 120,601 118,218	178.6 176.6 92.2 145.1 92.2 1781 173.1						88 84 85 86 87 88 89 90

CANAL COMPANY.

			85	85	•	<u> </u> :	:	86,	780.13	941					•		:	::	. :	
46	4	46	122	578	77	٠.			450.00	203				-		1			١.	
56	8	38	117	412	54			123,	531.14	198				ĺ						
12	8	31	96	408	56	l			833.07	205			ļ	1	•	1	•	: :	١	
	2	21	98	270	25		• •		277.12	206	1	: .		١.		i	•		١٠:	•
6	2	20	81	247	84	١.			145.06	204		•	•		• •	ı	•	•	١.,	•
13	9 8	23 26	100 104	829 841	35 42	٠.			353.00 582.15	207± 206±		• -	٠ ا	1.	•	1.	٠.	•	١.	•
4	2	8	23	110	18	٠.	• •		021.00	195		•	٠.	1.	• •	1				
16	7	27	88	821	33				092.09	2064		• .			•	1			١.	
4	1	11	25	177	21	١.			922.15	206			١.	1		١.				
2	2 ,	. 8	20	115	10	.			001 19	1911				Ι.		.				
5	- <u></u>	14	82	266	32	١			955.08	204	1	•	i	1:	:	1	• •	•	ł	
55	22 22	14 44	75 176	75 562	82	١.	•		797.06 698.18	206 209		•		١.	. •		• •			

LATION.

1,720 508	152 99	902 281	8, 824 1, 835	10, 257 4, 120	1,075 514	111,482	8,010,017 1,386,513	•	: -	: ·	:		10 10
1, 122 531	112 77 6	504 881 58	2,080 1,258 64 200	6 066 4 291 262 200	919 523 46	 :	2 025, 580 1,624, 444 44, 712	-	. .	:			10 11 11 11
3, 879	446	2,171	8, 206	25,216	8.077	111, 483	8, 091, 216 485, 478	-	i		 		I
• • •	• • •						8,576,689						

TABLE No. 5.—Giving the names and locality of Collieries, also names of land Luzerne and Carbon counties, now including all of Lackawanna, and a portion December 31, A. D. 1884.

MISCELLANEOUS

NAME OF COAL MINE OR COLLIERY.	Where Located.	' By Whom Operated.
1. Everhart Mines. 2. Tompkins Shaft, 3. Fairmount Shaft, 4. Beaver Blope, 5. Twin Shaft, 6. Butler Shaft and Slope, 7. Mosier thaft and Slope, 8. Heidelberg Shaft, 10. Phœnix Shaft, 11. Stetter Shaft, 12. Hillside Shaft, 13. Spring Brook Mines, 14. Glendale Mines, 15. Dunn Shaft and Slope, 16. Sibley Shaft and Slope, 17. Greenwood Shaft, Slope, & Tunnel 18. National Shaft, Slope, and Meadow Brook Shaft, 19. Meadow Brook Shaft, 21. Bridge Shaft and Slope, 22. Capouse Shaft, 23. Capouse Shaft, 24. Pine Brook Shaft, 25. Fair Lawn Slope, 26. Green Ridge Slope, 27. Spencer Shaft, 28. Lucas Shaft, 29. Hichmond Mines, 30. Pancoast Shaft, 31. Jermyn, No. 4, Shaft, 32. Lackawanna Coal Co. Shaft, 33. Grassey Island Coal Co. Shaft, 34. Filer's Slope, 35. Dolph Mines, 36. Fierce Mines, 37. Eaton Shaft, Slope, and Tunnel, 38. Edgerton Mines, 39. Erles Shaft and Keystone Tunnel,	Jenkins township, Pittston borough, township, Hughestown borough, Pittston township, Marcy township, Pleasant Valley borough, Lackawanna township, Cold Forge township, Lackawanna township, Lackawanna township, Lackawanna township, Active of Scranton, 14th ward, city of Scranton, 14th Unmore borough, Dickson City borough, Blakely borough, Winton Archbald Glenwood borough,	Not working. No report Alva Tompkins, Fairmount Coal Company, Waterman & Beaver, Pitiston Coal Company, Butler Coal Company, Lehigh Valley Coal Company, Florence Coal Company, S. N. Stetler & Co., Hillside Coal and Iron Company, William E. Colbourn, Glendale Coal Company, Pennsylvania Anthracite Coal Company, John Jermyn, General Manager, William Connell & Co., Amity Coal Company, Bridge Coal Cou pany, William T. Smith, Lackawanna Iron and Coal Co., Fair Lawn Coal Company, O. S. Johnson. A. D. & L. M. Spencer, Union Coal Company, William H. Bichmond, Pancoast Coal Company, William H. Sichmond, Lackawanna Coal Company, John Jermyn, Lackawanna Coal Company, Grassey Island Coal Company, Grassey Island Coal Company, Grassey Island Coal Company, Grassey Island Coal Company, Grassey Island Coal Company, Grassey Island Coal Company, Grassey Island Coal Company, Grassey Island Coal Company, Grassey Island Coal Company, Grassey Island Coal Company, Grassey Island Coal Company, Grassey Island Coal Company, Grassey Island Coal Company, Grassey Island Coal Company, Grassey Island Coal Company, Grassey Island Coal Company, Grassey Island Coal Company, Grassey Island Coal Company, Grassey Island Coal Company, Grassey Island Coal Company, Grassey Island Coal Company, Grassey Island Coal Company, Grassey Island Coal Company, Grassey Island Coal Company, Grassey Island Coal Company, Grassey Island Coal Company, Grassey Island Coal Company, Grassey Island Coal Company, Grassey Island Coal Company, Grassey Island Company, Grassey Island Company, Grassey Island Company, Grassey Island Company, Grassey Island Company, Grassey Island Company, Grassey Island Company, Grassey Island Company, Grassey Island Company, Grassey Island Company, Grassey Island Company, Grassey Island Company, Grassey Island Company, Grassey Island Company, Grassey Island Company, Grassey Island Company, Grassey Island Company, Grassey Island Company, Grassey Island Company, Grassey Island Company, Grassey Island Company, Grassey Island Company, Grassey Islan
40. Forest City Shaft,	Clifford twp., Susqueh's co., Carbondale City, Fell township,	Butler Coal Company, Watkins & Williams,

PENNSYLVANIA

	Shaft No. 1,			٠, وا		١.	Pennsylvania		Company
43. No. 8 Breaker,			••			٠١	**	• •	**
	Slope No. 6,			•		١.	**	• •	• •
44. Bhaft No. 4		Pittston bord	ough, .			-1	**		
	Shaft No. 5, .	Jenkins town	aship, .			١.	* *	* *	* *
45. No. 6 Breaker,	Shaft No. 6	4.4				. І	* *	1.4	4.6
	Shaft No. 11.						4.4	4.6	
6. Shaft No. 7,			٠.			. 1	**		
	Shaft No. 9	Pittaton bord					**		
	Shaft No. 10, 7-			-	-	1			
	foot vein.	Hughestown	borough			١.	4.4		4.4
7. No.10 Breaker,				•		1			
210120 22 000001	foot vein,	46	6.6			Ы	4.6		
	Shaft No. 10,			•	•	٦,			
	Marcy,	6.6				J			
	Shaft No. 12,	Pleasant Val	lev boron	øh.		٦,			
8. Central Breaker							44		
is, Central Dicardi	Law Shaft,						4.4		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
o Slove No ?								• • •	
9. Slope No. 2,			·	• •	•	٠١	**		
30. Slope No. 4,				• •	• •	١٠	::		::
51. Tunnel No. 1	_ · . · · · · · ·	Littleton row	asnip, .	• •	•	٠١			
52. Stark Shaft and	Breaker	LECKEWBRIDE	LOWDEDI	р,		• 1	• •		4.6

175

owners, operators, and officers in the Eastern District of the Wyoming Coal Fields, of Wayne and Susquehanna counties, State of Pennsylvania, for the year ending

COAL COMPANIES.

Name of General Mine Super- intendents and Assistants.	Name of Mining Boss.	Name of Outside Foreman.	Number
sent to Inspector's office. Alva Tompkins, R. Morris, Daniel Edwards, F. C. Dinninny, Jr., Fred Mercur, Austin Moore, R. T. Blisse, S. N. Stetler, W. A. May, William E. Colbourn, F. A. Beamish, O. D. Shepherd, Superintendent and Engineer,	David W. Evans, J. Hablett, Frederick Burkert, Thomas Watkins, James O'Neil, William O'Neil, A. Reese, Burned down in August, 1884. Thomas Bmiles, John F. O'Hara, M. M. Walsh, Eben Frew, Timothy Paffrey, Samuel Baker, F. W. Courtwright, T. W. Phillips and Martin Ryan,	W. S. Tompkins, George R. Smith, John J. Poweli, G. H. Tench, F. E. Reed, Jesse Weaver, A. G. Masou, R. T. Bliss, James A. O'Hara, J. H. Snyder and J. D. Caryl, Edward Newlin, John M. Coyne, Joseph J. Curt, James J. Coyne, M. L. Coyne,	22 88 44 55 66 77 88 90 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 16 17
William Connell, S. N. Stetler, A. B. Stevens. William T. Smith, Reese G. Brooks, John H. Hosie, O. S. Johnson, A. D. Spencer, S. N. Stetler, William H. Richmond, George Griffin, J. J. Jermyn, O. S. Johnson, C. D. Simpson, William S. Jones, Edward Jolph, Jr., Edward Jones, M. A. May, F. C. Dinninny, Jr., D. W. Williams.	Thomas L. Jones, Samuel T. Jones, Evan J. Evans, J. H. Powell, James R. James, John Lovering, Reese R. Griffiths, John Probet, Martin Gallagher, P. H. Mongom, John Morris, Patrick Riley, Patrick Riley, Phillip H. Bohner, John Van Bergen, Richard D. Roberts, Michael Grimes, George Gleason, Alexander Frew, Thomas S. Thomas, James M. Eaton, Andrew Clarkson, Andrew Clarkson, Peter McEhbenny, J. Grady, a'st Benjamin Maxey, D. W. Williams,	Robert Pennman, Patrick Judge, H. R. Stetler, D. P. Brooks, Thomas D. Bevan, Walter F. Hussey, Henry Hess, M. B. Boyd, Charles Engle, Jacob Bowman, William H. Richmond, Richard Williamson, John Biglin, William Harper, David E. Stearns, John Cummings, Eugene Taylor, John W. Eaton, W. A. Wheeler, William Walker, A. L. Reed, Paul Burton,	188 199 200 211 222 288 244 255 257 288 368 368 368 368 400 411 428 4428 4428 4428 4428 4428 4428 4

COAL COMPANY.

Andrew	Bryden,									Alexander Thompson, Dathan Morse,)	
• •	• • •									Hugh Ferguson.	4
					i					Dathau Morse.	-
4.6	6.6									Philip McCabe, James Delaney,	4
William	Law, .		:	:		- 1	-	:		Benjamin Harding, Loftus Campbell,	•
4.6		Ī	·	Ī	•	-	-			William Reynolds.	4
warhnA	Bryden,	•	•	•	٠	•	•	•	•	William Reynolds,	-
William	Law,	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	William Reid, John Porteous,	4
Andrew										Adam Harkness, Cuthbert Snowdon,)	•
Audien	Di) ueu,	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Transfer of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of th	
4.4			_	_		_				William Abbott, " " "	
										1	4
		_	_						_	" Henry Searle,	•
		٠	•	٠	•	٠	•	•	•	and the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of t	
	* *						_			John M. Lewis,	
	Law, .										
44		•	•	•	•	•	-	•	•	Thomas Weir, George M. Snyder,	4
	•• :	•	٠	٠	•	•	•	•	•	John Allen,	•
	:	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Henry Jopling, John Glenn,	4
Andrew	Burden	•	٠	•	•	٠	•	•		Heury Jopling, John Glenn, James Watson, Samuel McDowell,	2
Mules	t	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Samuel Bennett, Thomas Hastle,	
A TITIETT	Law,	•	٠	٠	٠	٠	•	٠	•	Samuel Bennett, Thomas Hastle, Alexander Laird, Richard Howard,	5
• • •		•		•						Alexander Lairu Kichard Howard	5

TABLE No. 5-PENNSYLVANIA COAL

			PENNSY	LVANIA CO.
Name of Coal Mine	OR COLLIERY.	Where Located.	By Who	om Operated.
	(No. 1, 7-foot		<u> </u>	
	vein, No. 1, Marcy	Marcy township,	Pennsylvania	Coal Company
	vein,			44
3. Barnum Breaker,	No. 1, 14-foot			
·	vein, No. 2, 7-foot		1	
	vein,	" "	,	
	No. 2, 14-foot vein,			
4. Old Forge Shaft a	nd Breaker,	Old Forge township,	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	46 44
5. Eagle Shaft, 6. Carbon Hill,		Jenkins township, Old Forge township,	::	** **
7. Shaft No. 14,		Jenkins township,		** **
8. No. 2 Breaker, .	• • • • • •	Pittston township,	1 **	
		!	·	DUNMOR
9. Shaft No. 2, Duni	nore,	Dunmore borough,	Pennsylvania	Coal Company
0. Shaft No. 3, Duni	nore	46 46		
1. Shaft No. 4, Dunz	nore,			** **
2. Shaft No. 5, Dunr	nore,		**	••
		DELAW	ARE, LACK	AWANNA AD
3. Diamond Tripp 81	one.	21st ward, city of Scranton,	Del. Lack, an	d Western R.R.
i. Diamond Tripp St	mft,			**
5. Diamond No. 28h	an,	Lackswanns township, .	**	11 11
8. Hampton Shaft, . 7. Bellevue Shaft, .		Lacaswanus township, .	1	
s. Bellevae Slope, .			1 44	11 11
9. Scranton Slope, . Continental Shaft		" ::	1	
i.Taylor Shaft,	,	" "		**
2. Oxford Shaft,	.	5th ward, city of Scranton, .	::	
B. Hyde Park Shaft,				
I. Central Shaft,				
5. Dodge Shaft,		Lackawanna township,	::	
. Sioan Shart,			•••	**
B. Cayuga Shaft,	• • • • • • •	8d ward, city of Scranton, .	::	**
D. Brisbin Shaft,		Lackswanns township,		
l. Storrs Shaft,		Dickson City borough	1	16 16
2. Manville Shaft, .		18th ward, city of Scranton,	D.L.&W.and	D.& H.C.C.1es
			DELAWARE	AND HUDSO
B. Racket Brook, .	• • • • • • • •	Carbondale township,	Delaware and	Hudson Canal Co
. Coal Brook,		Carbondale City,	••	
5. No. 1 Shaft,			**	**
•		44		**
Powderley,		Carbondale township,		
3. Jermyn, No. 1, . 3. Jermyn, No. 2, .	• • • • • • •	Jermyn,	::	
White Oak,		Archbald,		
l. Grassy Island,		Olyphant,	**	**
		44		
l. Olyphant. No. 2.				
. Eddy Creek,				
I. Eddy Creek, I. Marvine,		Scranton, 1st ward,		** **
2. Olyphant, No. 2, 5. Eddy Creek,	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	ist ward,		**
I. Eddy Creek, I. Marvine,		Scranton, 1st ward,	I .	

COMPANY-Continued.

Name of General Mine Super- intendents and Assistants.	Name of Mining Boss.	Name of Outside Foreman,
Andrew Bryden,	. Henry McMillan,	Anthony Horan,]
	James A. Bryden,	'
	Henry McMillan,	William Anderson,
16 16	James A. Bryden,	
William Law,	Charles Aikman,	Richard Howard,
	" " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "	Frederick Renn.
John B. Law,	Robert Vivian,	Robert Vivian, John Walsh,
		Vol. 17 (18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 1
DIVISION.		
John B. Smith. James Young	T. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S.	,
assistant,	John Moffatt,	John W. Marshall,
44 44	John Moffatt,	James Masters,
	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	
WESTERN RAILROAD	COMPANY.	
W. R. Storrs, genl. coal agent	Joseph D. Lloyd,	Daniel Langstaff,
W. R. Storrs, genl, coal agent B. Hughes, genl, inside supt	Rees T. Evans,	! !!
W. H. Storrs, genl. outside supt. Thomas D. Davis, assi	. Thomas Carson,	B. C. Green.
inside genl. supt.	John Hale,	John M. Acker,
	Thomas Eynon,	John H. Hoffman
	William Douse,	James F. Green,
	Morgan Harris, James A. Evans,	J. P. Cooper,
	. David W. Moser	Bobert Ruthven,
	Lewis Roberts,	John A. Mears,
	John W. Davies, assistant,	E. E. Thomas,
	Elijah Dagger, John T. Williams,	John Fern,
	Thomas Watkins.	G. S. Decker,
	. Frank Zimmerman,	Edward Evans.
	John L. Lewis,	Adam Rheinhart,
	Thomas W. Phillips,	J. L. Atherton,
CANAL COMPANY.		1
A 77 77 - 111		
A. H. Vandling, general supt	•	
A. Nicol, supt. A. B. Nicol	•	William D. W. Mann
asst. supt.,	William McMyne,	William P. E. Morss,
asst. supt.,	William McMyne,	William Bowers,
### ##################################	William McMyne, } Patrick McCabe, } John Waterfield,	William Bowers,
###	William McMyne,	William Bowers,
asst. supt.,	William McMyne, } Patrick McCabe, } John Waterfield, John Hughes, William Dunstan, } A. P. Patten,	William Bowers,
asst. supt.,	William McMyne, } Patrick McCabe, } John Waterfield, } John Hughes, } William Dunstan, } A. P. Patten, } Joseph Tennis,	William Bowers, James P. Loftus, Thomas Coogan, Robert Carter, T. C. Griffin, Thomas Hunter,
asst. supt.,	William McMyne, Patrick McCabe, John Waterfeld, John Hughes, William Dunstan, A. P. Patten, Joseph Tennis, J. J. Kearney, James Nicol,	William Bowers, James P. Loftus, Thomas Coogan, Robert Carter, T. C. Griffin,
asst. supt.,	William McMyne, Patrick McCabe, John Waterfeld, John Hughes, William Dunstan, A. P. Patten, Joseph Tennis, J. J. Kearney, James Nicol, Andrew Patten, James Vessie,	William Bowers, James P. Loftus, Thomas Coogan, Robert Carter, T. C. Griffin, Thomas Hunter,
asst. supt.,	William McMyne, Patrick McCabe, John Waterfeld, John Hughes, William Dunstan, A. P. Patten, Joseph Tennis, J. J. Kearney, James Nicol, Andrew Patten, James Vessle, Richard Mason,	William Bowers, James P. Loftus, Thomas Coogan, Robert Carter, T. C. Griffin, Thomas Hunter, Thomas Law, J. G. Bell, William Bell,
asst. supt.,	William McMyne, Patrick McCahe, John Waterfield, John Hughes, William Dunstan, A. P. Patten, Joseph Tennis, J. J. Kearney, James Nicol, Andrew Patten, James Vessie, Richard Mason, John W. Jones,	William Bowers, James P. Loftus, Thomas Coogan, Robert Carter, T. C. Griffin, Thomas Hunter, Thomas Law, J. G. Bell, William Bell, S. S. Gritman,
asst. supt.,	William McMyne, Patrick McCabe, John Waterfield, John Hughes, William Dunstan, A. P. Patten, Joseph Tennis, J. J. Kearney, James Nicol, Andrew Patten, James Vessie, Richard Mason, John W. Jones, Joseph V. Birtley, Finlay Ross,	William Bowers, James P. Loftus, Thomas Coogan, Robert Carter, T. C. Griffin, Thomas Hunter, Thomas Law, J. G. Bell, William Bell, S. S. Gritman, B. B. Atherion,
### ### ### #### #####################	William McMyne, Patrick McCabe, John Waterfield, John Hughes, William Dunstan, A. P. Patten, Joseph Tennis, J. J. Kearney, James Nicol, Andrew Patten, James Vessie, Bichard Mason, John W. Jones, Joseph V. Birtley,	William Bowers, James P. Loftus, Thomas Coogan, Robert Carter, T. C. Griffin, Thomas Hunter, Thomas Law, J. G. Bell, William Bell, S. S. Gritman, B. B. Atherion,

TABLE No. 6.—Showing the condition of ventilation in all the collieries in the Eastern (or Scranton) District of Luzerne and Carbon counties, now including all of Lackawanna and a portion of Wayne and Susquehanna counties, Pennsylvania, for year ending 31st day of December, A. D. 1884.

MISCELLANEOUS COAL COMPANIES.

			DIME: OF I	PAN.	per	far-	columns	water-	AMOUN	T OF VE PER MIN	NTILA-
NAME OF COLLIERIES.	Local name, number, or letter of each split of air.	Mode of ventilation.	Diameter in feet.	Width of face in feet.	Revolutions of fan minute.	Dimensions or area of nace gratein feet.	Height of heated coll of air in feet.	Pressure as shown by w	At intake.	At face of workings.	At outlet or upcast.
Everhart Mines, Tompkins Mines, Do. Do. Fairmount Mines.	Dip gangway, Top and bottom,	Natural, Fan,	6 12	2½ 34	100				19, 520 7, 820 5, 140 4, 230 14, 300	9,840 5,860 8,680 4,020	19,655
Do. Do. Do. Beaver Slope Mines,	Tunnel intake, Shaft gangway, Tunnel gangway,	Natural,							11,240	12,560 9,240 2,540	26,820 7,350
Twin Shaft Mines, Do. Butler Shaft Mines, Do. Mosier Shaft Mines.	Split No. 1,	Fan,			75				60,120 32,000 48,000 16,800	18,700 28,840 Cave 15,600	66, 120 holes. 19, 200
Moster Shaft Mines, Do. Heidelberg Shaft Mines, Do.	Split No. 1, Split No. 2, Marcy vein, east, Marcy vein, west, Red Ash vein.	Fan,	18	6	45				43,650 21,600 34,560 21,650 36,000	21, 600 21, 150 28, 360 19, 040 30, 000	44, 400 82, 670 24, 000 36, 900
Florence Shaft Mine, Do. Phœnix Shaft Mines, Do.	East heading, West heading, Split No. 1, Split No. 2,	Fan,	15	5	65 60				33,000 19,200 31,780 11,600	27, 440 16, 400 29, 650 10, 400	59,860
Do. Stetler's Shaft Mine, Do. Do. Do.	Split No. 3, South gangway, North sangway, Bowen's gangway, Williams' gangway,	Fan,	12	34	110				11,780 21,100 18,050 17,150 17,525	9,480 19,650 15,420 15,080 16,300	21,115 17,780 16,080 19,040

Do Jordan's gangway, ''	18, 420 12, 820 15, 725
-	87,245 79,250 88,940
Consolidated, formerly Hillside, East gangway, Fan,	
Spring Brook Mine,	
Do. do. South-east heading, '4'	. 15 4 90
Do. do. Slope No. 1, Furnace,	
National Shaft Mines,	34,682 12,650 71,280 8,128 14,580
Do. Meadow Brook Tunnel Mine, Do. Meadow Brook Shaft Mines, Upper counter, Lower gangway, Two L. gangw's, east, Fan, Fan,	8x8 60
Do. do. Main gangway & country ter, east, Counters, h'd of plane,	14,880 65,680
Amity Shaft Mines,	12,600
Do. East side of shaft, but Fair, we went side of shaft,	25 8 40 2,555 5 38,100
Bridge Shaft and Slope Mines, G. veln,	14 34 76
Do. Rock tunnel,	
Capouse Mines, B, C, C, Do. C, Do. E, G, Fan, Do. G, Fan, Fan, Fan, Fan, Fan, Fan, Fan, Fan	20 4 1 75 1 1 21,000 18,720 21,600
Do. K,	14,400 14,220 28,800 33 600 35,910 29,980 28,800 34,780 (88,200 49,920 94,640 35,520 35,420 35,640 35,520 35,420 35,640 35,520 36,420 35,5420 35,640 35,5420 35,640 35,5420 35,640 35,5420 35,640 35,5420 35,640 35,5420 35,640 35,5420 35,640 35,5420 35,640 35,5420 35,640 35,5420 35,640 35,5420 35,640 35,5420 35,640 35,5420 35,640 35,5420 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 35,640 3

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REPORTS OF THE INSPECTORS OF MINES.

TABLE No. 6—Continued.

MISCELLANEOUS COAL COMPANIES—Continued.

			DIME:	NBIONB FAN	Der	Ė	9ugn	ater-	AMOUN	TOF VE	NTILA- IUTB.
NAME OF COLLIERIES.	Local name, number, or letter of each split of air.	Mode of ventilation.	Diameter in feet.	Width of face in feet.	Revolutions of fan minute.	Dimensions or area of nace grate in feet.	Height of heated colu	Pressure as shown by w gauge in inches.	At intake.	At face of workings.	At outlet or upcast.
air Lawn Slope Mines,	Clark vein,	Fan,	14	4	65	1	Ī	<u></u>	42,600	5 38, 420	45,600
Do. reen Ridge Slope Mine,	Lower vein,	1,		-					8,140	20,280 7,225	8,240
Ďo	No. 28. heading.					1	1] []	9, 655	7,940	9,820
Do	No. 3 N. heading, . }	Fan,	12	8	117		• • • • •	1••• 11	10,110	8 950	10, 240
Do	No. 38. heading, No. 3 E, heading.							1 !!	11,440	9,835 8,450	11,560 11,040
pencer Shaft Mine	Main gangway.	Fan.	14	4	75		1	1	22,980	22,380	23, 240
ucas Shaft Mine,	East side of shaft, .)	,				1	1	• • • •		(17,622)
Do	East side of slope, . }	Fan,	12	4	110				80,000	18,400	85,672
Do	West side of slope, .)	 _		l i						(16,520)
lichmond Mine,	One current, Diamond vein,	Fan,	· · · · ·				• • • • •	• • •	9,750	2,600 21,891	10,500
Do.	Slope Clark vein.	_								16,990	
Do	Clark vein.	Fan,	15	5	60		1		59, 387	8,440	> 60, 172
Do	Split No. 4,			1 1				l i	1	6.560	j
ermyn No. 4 Shaft,	William Clark,	Fan,	20	5	64				40, 880	16,720	
Do	John Houke,				• • • •		• • • •		55, 380	14 790 12, 890	
Do	John Nicholson.					1	1	1)	• • •	7,843	100, 120
ackawanna Coal Company Shafts.	North heading, No. 1,	Fan.	20		. KA		1:::::	1:::::	15,260	12,358	15,000
Do, do,	South heading, No. 2,					1	1		14,760	11,600	14,760
Do. do	West heading, No. 3,						1		13,800	10, 122	18,990
Francy Island Shaft,	North split,	Fan,	15	34	90		j -	1 1	42,000	18,000	
Do. 'iller's Slope Minc	South split, North-east heading,	Tan	14		90		1	• • • •	43,000	15,000 16,420	42, 300
Do.	West heading,	Fan.		78	80				10,000	17,200	42, 470
Oolph Mine.	One current,	Furnace				5x 6	45	1:::: 1	10,800	7.640	10, 960
lerce Mines,	Tunnel split,	Fan.	16	4.	75		1		55 980	31,680	•
Do	Shaft split							1		18, 440	85,500
Laton Mines,	No. 1 drift,	Fan,	14	湖	70		1	1	17,720	12,980	20,880

Edgerton Mines, Do. Do. Do. Erie Shaft Mines, Do. Keystone Tunnel Mines, Forest City Shaft Mines, Do. Belmont Mines, Brennan's Mines,	Nealon's heading, Honeg's heading, No. 2 heading, Plane, Slope, Main current, North split, South split, Main current, Main current,	Furnace, Fan,	17½ 4 	62 6x10 280 4x 6	140	7, 200 25, 170 6, 100 12, 000 12, 000 13, 440 78, 250 155, 190 25, 620 120 8 8 856 15, 190 10, 580 16, 6940 18 320
No. 8 Breaker, Shaft No. 1,	West heading,	Fan, Fan, Fan, Fan, Fan, Fan, Fan, Fan,	171 5	80	4,1 16,2 16,9	225 14,000 21,000 250 15,000 27 000
t Eagle Shaft,		Fan,	18 4		n.7	780 10,920 14,700
Shaft No. 4, Marcy Vein,	Kast,	Fan. } Fau, } Fan, }	17 44	the residence of the second of	11,8	810 12,000 13,320 29,120
Shaft No. 5,	East plain,	‡ Fan,	171 5		28,0 14,0 6,0 10,5	000 8,000 8,856 000 5,000 6,400 500 8,000 17,500
No. 6 Breaker, Shaft No. 6,	Bottom lift,	Steam,			9,3 12,0 6,6	000 10,800 300 3,500 6,000 000 15,000 28,000
Shaft No. 11,	East plane,	Fan,	17a 5	84	11,0 10,7 12,2 21,5	710 7, 200 10, 920 220 10, 864 7 42, 420
Shaft No. 9,	\begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \		171 5	60		700 14,100 67,820
Shaft No. 10, 7-foot vein, . Shaft No. 10, 14-foot vein, .		§ Fan, Fan.			12,2	060 6,000 15,300 220 11,340
Shaft No. 10, Marcy vein, .	Walsh's heading, East heading, East plane heading,	Fan,	174 5	71	16,1	100 14,525 82,320

INSPECTORS OF MINIS.

TABLE No. 6-Continued. MISCELLANEOUS COAL COMPANIES-Continued.

				DIME	SIONS	per	f fur-		rater-	AMOUN	TOF VER	TILA- UTE.
Nami	e of Collieries.	Local name, number, or letter of each split of air.	Mode of ventilation.	Diameter in feet.	Width of face in feet.	Revolutions of fan minute.	Dimensions or area of nace grate in feet.	Height of heated column of air in feet.	Pressure as shown by v	At intake.	At face of workings.	At outlet or upcast.
	Shaft No. 12,	West side,	Natural, Fan,	171	5					14, 100 15, 540 29, 120	14,100 9 780 18,655	15,600 { 54,864
Central Breaker,	Law Shaft,	East level,	Fan,		5		• • • •		:	14.000 19.600 10,000	9 600 12 240 8,200	64, 800
• •	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	West slope, A,	Steam, Natural, Fan,	 						10 800 10 260 13, 125 7, 238 12, 960	9,600 10,160 9,945 7,640 9 945	30 090 14.784 18.800
Cunnel No. 1,		North-west heading, . South-west heading, .	Fan, Steam, Steam,							19.390	12, 300 15,000	21,000
	No. 1, 7-foot vein,	East. West, East. West, Fast.	Fan,	174	5	50	• • • • •			18, 400 19,750 14,800 13,440 15,700	18, 400 18, 900 13 680 12, 870 14, 000	28,700
Barnum Breaker,	No. 1, 14-foot vein, No. 2, 7-foot vein,	West,		37 <u>1</u>	5	50				19 500 12 000 15, 800	18,900 12 000 15,800	\$7,000 \$3,000
ld Forge Shaft,	No. 2, 14-foot vein,	East,	Fan,	171	5	40				12.800 20,000 80,190 20,495	12, 800 20, 000 27, 000 11, 235	34,930 31,780 21,800
]	DUNMORE D	IVISIO	N.	1		<u> </u>		1	<u> </u>	
		Top vein,					44 x 6	150	[·:::	20.748 8.960	14.580 6.500	21, 700 8 960

shaft No. 3, shaft No. 3,				Top vein, Middle vein, . Bottom vein, S. W. Bottom vein, N. E. First vein, N. E. Second vein, S. W. Second vein, N. E.	side side, side, side,	Fan,	171		55			10,200 13 986 10,740	13,300 18,900 9,600 9,050 7,700 0 8,400	10, 200 15, 000 20 300 10, 500 23, 120 21, 000
			 	DELAWA	RE,	LACKAWA	NNA AN	D WE	STERN	T.				
Do. Do. Tripp Slope, E.	do do vein,		 	John Meredith, David Richards, Stephen Evans, Morgan Morgans, John D. Jones, David Hughes,		Fan,	14		100			.8 85,844 .8 .8 .8 .8	27, 755 17, 982 23, 844 10, 140	89, 480 22, 750
		· • • • •		South-east, North-west,				4	60	. : : : :		108,64 .2 83,000	42,720	112, 210 85, 538
									1			83,000	83 164	95 536
Hampton Shaft, Do. Do. Do. Do.	i, E. and F. do. do. do. do.	•		William Hughes, Isaac Griffith, Rock, west,				: : : : :				.9 45, 92 .9 19,54 .9 20,08 .9	15,576 9,768 12,480	78, 164 28, 980
										ł		85,50		102, 144
Bellevue Shaft, Do. Do. Do. Do. Do.				A, B, V,								.6 83,300 .6 50,383 .6	16, 285 15, 117 8, 550 14, 220 8, 610	91, 105
												88,68	68,632	91, 105
ell ev ue Slop e, Do. Do.			 						[.3 51,200 .3	. 21, 490	60, 300
							- 1	li li			i	51,200	47,900	60,800

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REPORTS OF THE INSPECTORS OF MINES.

DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA AND WESTERN RAILROAD COMPANY-Continued.

			Dimensi OF FA	IONS N.	per	Ę.	ame	water-	AMOUN TION	T OF VER	NTILA- UTE.
NAME OF COLLIERIES.	Local name, number, or letter of each split of air.	Mode of ventilation.	Diameter in feet.	Width of face in feet.	Revolutions of fan minute.	Dimensions of area of nace grate in feet.	Height of heated colt of air in feet.	Pressure as shown by gauge in inches.	At intake.	At face of workings.	At outlet or apeast.
Scranton Shaft, Clark vein,	A,	Fan,		4	130			.9 .9 .9	75,980	12, 699 15, 582 15, 600 20, 016 3, 330	76, 206
				i,			l		75,980	67,227	76, 206
Continental Shaft, Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do.	Pat. Hogan,	Fan,		84	128			1	50,610 53,550	19, 290 15, 471 18, 978 18, 200 19, 080 18, 515	107,926
						ļ			104, 160	99.524	107, 926
Oxford Shaft,	A, F,	Fan,		.	100			.8	124,820	28,200 30,240 28,800 36,630	125, 590
									124, 820	123, 870	125, 580
Taylor Shaft, Do. Do. Do. Do.	J,	Two fans, .	. 14	4	120		:::::		22, 560 26, 775 22, 560 19, 360	22,080 21,120 21 120 18,920	

TABLE No. 6-Continued.

Do	H, Bottom vein,				15,000 15,000	156 400 15 000
Taylor Drift.	v	Fan 12	34 85		125, 935 116,090 35, 100 28, 900	171, 400 38, 505
,	М,	,	of 02	1		
Dodge Shaft, Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do.	B,	Two furnaces,			23 249 17, 352 26, 970 19, 803 15, 500 18, 990 22, 680 16, 368 15, 974	73,500 29,232 13,520 24,632
					118,789 122,347	140,934
Hyde Park Shaft,	Henry Jones, R. T. Edwards, Lewis Mosier, William Carpender, Henry Thomas,	Two furnaces,			6,885	84,875
•		•	1	1 1	88,992 60,730	84, 375
Central Shaft, Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do	West Side, Pat. Hart, Frank Manghan, William Beddow, Anth. Timlin, Morgan Edwards, Locomotive, John Lanahan, Rock vein, Bock vein,	Two fans,	4 120 8'8'' 115	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	15,840 13,960 81,684 13,484 17,570 11,222 17,866 6,965 17,340 19,680 	36, 540 53, 369 58, 254 20, 080
			1		150,270 129,539	168,243
Archbald Shaft,	Rock vein,	**			35, 491 19, 488 19, 412 16, 725	20, 020 84, 528
		1			99,574 94,054	104,548
Cayuga Shaft,	George Burch, John Stanton, Diamond vein,	** • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	3g 134	.	43,776 25,410 33,496 13,923	45, 988 33, 880
					77,271 62,613	79,816

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REPORTS OF THE INSPECTORS OF MINES.

TABLE No. 6—Continued.

DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA AND WESTERN RAILROAD COMPANY—Continued.

																												I	DIM 01		BIO		į	Der		į			nmn			water-	AMOUN	TOF VE	NTILA- IUTB.
	NA	ME	O.F	o	OL	L		RII	88					I	:0e:	r le	nai ette lit	er e) t	68	ch	er,	▼	M(ode llat				Diameter in feet.			Width of 1806 in 1861.		Revolutions of fan minute.		Dimensions or area of	nace grate in feet.		Height of heated colu	of air in feet.		Pressure as shown by v gauge in inches.	At intake.	At face of workings.	At outlet or upcast.
oan Shaft, Do. Do. Do. Do.		• •	• •		:	:	:	:			:	:		H A B C	,	 	:	•	•	:	:			n,	:	:		::	15		:	· ·	•	15				. 1	•			.7 .7 .7 .7	41,815	12, 6:0 10, 575 18, 890 15, 912 9, 371 18, 710	88, 71
Do.	• •	• •	•	• •	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	E	•	• •	•	•		•	•	•	'	•	•	•		•	• •	1	•		•	•	-	• •	• •		•	• •		.7	57, 924 99, 289	86,138	101,65
yne Shaft, Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do.		-	• •				•	•			:		• •	JV	rai Vili am Vili	ik lia: es lia: ld	Ha n I La n I Da	rei Rid Wid	dle ess vd	e, er,	•		4	11, 6 6	:			•					:	12					•			.5 .5 .5 .5 .5	18 252 32 580 47,520 12,012 8,580	19, 818 9, 090 13, 608 20, 280 21, 616 8 420 5, 880	112,77 15,22 8,71
																											ļ			ļ								1			-		118,914	98,722	136, 6
risbin Shaf Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do.	T., .	• •				: : :	: : : :	:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::			: : : :	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :		TJJJ	en ho oh oh	jan ma n X n R	in s C	W on oav	11) 218, 18,	di	me ne	, . , .		n,				•			:	4	:	15		:						1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1	24, 300 14, 140 58, 380	12,660 13,440 13,280 12,120 15,470 11,410 9,100	83, 52 15, 36
																											ļ			İ					-			1			Ì		96, 820	87,460	98,88
anville Sha Do.	ın,						:								oll eil						:		Ta	в,					20			5			8		ing			• • •		.9 .9	17,290 53,460	18 860 5, 820	89,85

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REPORT OF THE INSPECTORS OF MINES.

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Do. Do. Do. Do. Do.		 Straight, Matthews, Burns, Fiery Hill,	"	15 5 15 5	76	.9 11,390	
Do.	• • • • • •	 Powells,	" · · · ·	15 5	76	91, 566 78, 822	89 8

DELAWARE AND HUDSON CANAL COMPANY.

	West, No. 1,	Fan,	17	4	100			.8	18,600	9,500	
	West, No. 2,			!	!			I	27, 800	15,600 }	100.20
Do	Cast, No. 1,				1				36,000	20,000 (100, 20.
	East, No. 2,							<u> </u>	20,500	13,000	
To. 1 Shaft,	No. 1 Shaft,	Fan,	17	4 1	76			.5	28 320	14.200	***
Do	do		.			!			18, 400	9.880 (74,5
0.3 Shaft	No. 2 Shaft,	Fan	17	4	100			.9		15,000 }	28.7
hite Bridge Tunnel	White Bridge Tunnel,	. " !			ا . ما			1	84,500	21,280 (59.0
	Cast,	Fan	17	4	67			.4	44,800	16,200	
Do	West,	1				!			1	§ 14,200 }	
	Vorth,								48,000	18,100	98,6
гтуп, No. 1,	Cest	Fan.	17	4	72			.5	15,000	9,000	
Do	lope,								31,000		107. 5
	Vest.	` ; ; ; ; ; .							53,000	23,400	
	llope,	Natural		111 1				1	27.000	′	81.0
hite Oak.	unnel					64	117		28.480	16,000	33.0
	lope,	Fan,	17		36			.8	59, 400	21,900	62.
assy Island	outh.	Fan.	20	š	65	!		.7	22 250	11,700	02,
	lope No. 1.		-~	- i					85, 080	17.800	
	lope No. 2.		:::						10,140		106.
	North, No. 1,			- 1		• • • • •		· • · · ·	. .	12,330	100,
		!		• • • • •					34,760	7,000	
		Fan.	20		80	• • •		.55	15.972	14.565	
		,	20	•					14.066	12, 194	
	outh, No. 2,			• •			• • • •				
	Last,	• • • • • • •	• • • •				• • • •		17,770	14,990	
	West,			• • • •					8,000	8,000	
	lope No. 1,	Fan,	• • • • •			• • • • •			8,500	6.550	
	lope No. 2,						• • •		9, 240	7,140	192
	lope No. 8,								12, 490	12.2/2	
	West,						, .		9,639	8 100	
	Yorth, No. 1,								12.870	10,736	
	North, No. 2,								13, 365	11,935	
	Cast,								17,600	13,500	
	Diamond,	Fan,	20	5	80			.7	17,000	14,500	
Do. 14-foot vein, E	Cast,								22, 540	18,500	
	Vest		l		1 <i>.</i> 1		. 	l 	22 400	18,210	
Do	lane		1	. .	ا ا			l	22, 800	19,000	-154, (
	lope No. 1,	1			1. 1 1 1 1 1				17,800	15,000	
	lone No. 2		:::''		[16, 490	15.750	

[No. 10

TABLE No. 6-Continued.

DELAWARE AND HUDSON CANAL COMPANY-Continued.

			Dimer of I	BIONS	D D	Į.	8	water-	AMOUNT OF VENTIL TION PER MINUTE		
NAME OF COLLIERIES.	Local name, number, or letter of each split of air.	Mode of ventilation.	Diameter in feet.	Width of face in feet.	Revolutions of fan minute.	Dimensions of area of nace grate in feet.	Height of heated Colu	Pressure as shown by gauge in inches.	At intake.	At face of workings.	At outlet or upcast.
Leggitt's Creek, Diamond vein,	North,		20	5	81	l		.65	12,300 12,400	12, 200 12, 800	j
Leggitt's Creek, 14-foot vein,	East, No. 1, southside, East, No. 2, southside, South, south side, River, south side, East, north side, West, north side, North, north side,		*						10, 935 12, 600 13,400 8, 200 12, 220 11, 640	10,600 12,420 13,220 8,200 12,000 11,502 12,900	}163, 100
Von Storch, Diamond vein,	Plane, Rock heading,	Fan,	17	4	100			.75	11,500 7,800	9.700 6 900	} 50, 3 00
Von Storch, 14-foot vein,	Foot heading, No. 1, . Foot heading, No. 2, .						: :		88,500	11.700 16,700) w, ax
Von Storch, Clark vein,	North heading, North, No. 1,	Fan,	20	. 5	. 80	:::::	· · · · ·	.8	13,700 43,700	11,200 10.400	74,200
L	North, No. 2, South,					:::::			25,600	20,600 20,600]

NOTE.—There are 83 fans, 17 furnaces, 3 steam jets, and 10 mines ventilated by natural means.

TABLE No. 6-Continued.

MISCELLANEOUS COAL COMPANIES-Continued.

				<u> </u>				bo I	2	-	_	
Name of Collieries.	Dimensions of place where air was measured at in- take in feet,	Dimensions of place where air was measured at face of workings in feet.	Dimensions of place where air was measured at out-	Condition of ventilation.	Velocity of air at intake in feet per minute.	Velocity of air at face of workings in feet per min.	Velocity of air at outcast in feet per minute	Number of persons working in each split.	Number of horses and mules in each split.	Dimensions of intake in feet,	Dimensions of outcast in feet.	Remarks.
verhart Mines,	96 60 42 48	64 40 38 38	90	Good, Fair, { '' } '' Good,	204 130 223 298	154 146 5 97 112	218	107	::.	96 60 156	90	Quit work in October.
Do. Do. Do. eaver Slope Mines, Do.	108 	42 38 30 36 42	60 36	Fair, Good,	104 142 334	299 243 85 519 687	447 204 784	23 14 48 50	 	48 180	60 36 90	Abandoned in March.
utler Shaft Mines, Do. osier Shaft Mines, Do.	Nomess 48 90 90		72 90 66	4 6 4 6 4 6	850 485 240	278 240 235	286	41 50 62 50	8	120 } 48 { 120	Not known	Cave holes.
(eidelberg Shaft Mines	360		144	6 6 6 6 6 6	256 165		650	68 52 39 30	14 8 2	360	144	Breaker burned down in Au
Do. hœnix Shaft Mines,	90	60 72		16	612	494 144	499	88 78 6	5 10 1	. 100	120.	gust.
Do. etler's Shaft Mine, Do	150	68 91 70 68	80	44	581	144 218 220 230	755	12 50 48 50	2 8 6 7	70 70	80	
Do		66 60	110	"	:	246 214	809	48 50	4 8		90	

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TABLE No. 6-Continued.

MISCELLANEOUS COAL COMPANIES-Continued.

NAME OF COLLIERIES.	Dimensions of place where at was measured at intake in feet.	Dimensions of piace where all was measured at face of workings in feet.	Dimensions of place where air was measured at outcast.	Condition of ventilation.	Velocity of air at intake in feet per minute.	Velocity of air at face of workings in feet per min.	Velocity of air at outcast in feet per minute.	Number of persons working in each split.	Number of horses and mules in each split.	Dimensions of intake in feet.	Dimensions of outcast in feet.	Remarks.
Consolidated, formerly Hillside, Do. do. Do. Slope Mine, Glendale Mines, Do. Dunn Shaft and Slope Mines, Do. do. Sibley Shaft Mines, Greenwood Shaft, Slope, and Tunnel, Do. do. do.	96 77 48 36 38 38 98 90 65 70	72 40 36 56 80 38 96 96 42 36	96 77 60 42 40 100 70 70 60	Good, Fair, Good, Fair,	420 180 296 450 410 228 196 359 150 237	240 100 251 251 205 196 160 332 196 142	440 200 280 407 421 487 481 280 273	75 48 62 59 60 40 75 73 130 68 58	3 5 4 9 5 3 6 5 12 5	120 77 48 40 70 70 90 65 70	100 777 80 42 50 50 70 70	Outlet in cave holes. Air controlled by cave holes
Do. do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. D	112 60 60 117 198 48 72 63 168 80 96	60 40 40 50 72 72 72 72 80 80 80	84 	Good,	134 353 433 298 175 435 310 510 170 218	192 212 380 198 258 213 243 256 270 280 196 186 227 102	272 243 810 630 630	80 35 31 17 68 30 21 18 30 62 50 66 80 31 24 43	15 2 3 2 11 3 2 1 6 11 4 10 12 4 6	112 80 80 117 198 48 72 63 168	84 108 108 83 36 36 70	to surface.
Do	140 174 174	}	96		801		450	12		140	100	

19	
œ	_
	Œ

Bridge Shaft and f	Blope Mines,		()	66	.) .(Good,	(881)	46 8		98
Do.	do		\$ 80	₹ 64	 } 98 }	887	395 768	48 14	} 80	95
Do.	do)	(36) (_`` \}	(824)	(41) 2	112	81
Mt. Pleasant Mine	8,		112	. 60	81	Fair, 227	187 421	35 26	112	91
Do.	·			64		- " -	218	153 5	!!!	{
Capouse Mines			70	88	84	Good, 220	180 200	44 2	ו וו	1
Do.			128	105	72	150	200 840	50 10	∤I I	İ
Do.			70	70	70	270	260 275	50 12	! !	
Do.			70	84	192	11 280	200 100	50 11	} 280	170
Do.			210	78	54	100	240 400	50 10	11 i	!
Do.			70	96	84	11 200	150 170	50 11	!!!!	i
Do.			72	. 84	189	46 400	400 190	50 12	ا ليا	1
Pine Brook Mines			86	91	150	11 849	817 232	46 2	n I	- 1
Do.			100	90	110	44 882	555 880	46 8	- 140	140
Do.			112	112	110	** 317	217 223	4 1		1
Do.					90	44 .	567		ا ــ ا	1
Fair Lawn Slope	Mines		72			Fair, 592	l. I	100	72	
Do.			[36		1	563 524	46		87
Green Ridge Slop	e Mine.		72	66	55	44 118	110 150	51 7	n I	l
Do.			66	72	98	146	110 100	76 6	(1 l	
Do.			Ì 75	80	60	" 135	149 170	68 7	} 84	80
Do.			84	88	68	128	112 183	58 9	}	
Do.			66	74	58	186	114 190	56 7	()	
Spencer Shaft Mir	٠		80	45	72	Good. 383	497 325	156 17	152	80
Lucas Shaft Mine.			1	90		1	195	70 6	1 1	İ
Do.			120	48	80	11 667	283 1,071	74 8	120	80
Do.		• • • • • •		56		46	296	66 6	42	ľ
Richmond Mine.			42			** 232	105	57 4	l	100
Pancoast Shaft M		• • • • • •		36		11	608 .	60 8	1	
Do.	ше,		171	34	124	44 847	499 485	30 1	100	80
Do.				36		44	234	10 6	1 1	ı
Do.		• • • • • •		35	1	44	187	13 8	1 1	l
		• • • • • •	51	80		44 792	278	42 5	100	1 /
Jermyn, No. 4, 8h	MID,		128	l ñ		433	780	45 6	ı l	i
Do.			1245	62			208	45 6	ı i	i
Do.			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	70	96	1	112 1,048	12 2	i. I	100
Do.	a		140	84	100	109	147 150	78 8	140	
Lackawanna Coal	Company snam	13,	72	80	72	205	193 205	76 8		
Do.	do.		70	77	100	197	182 140	73 7	1	100
Do	do.		128	60	100	283	300	154 15	126	
Grassy Island Sha	π,		126	80	96		250 441	79 9		96
Do.		• • • • •		42	1	Fair. 494	891	100 11	87	72
Filer's Slope Mine		• • • • •	87	80	72	Fair, was	286 604			
Do.			[••••	86	64	Good, 257	212 171	56 6	42	64
Dolph Mine,			42	46	04		698	170 18	50	••
Pierce Mines			50	38	· · · · ·	1,119	510 1,336	-10 10	50	64
Do.			50		64	246	180 : 290	64 20	72	100
Eaton Mines,	· · · · · · · ·		72	72	72 72	450	385 460	17 2	180	100
Do			72			1 320	200 500	82 6	84	144
			72	· 72	72	1 1000	1 200		142	241
Edgerton Mines, .			140	• • • • •		174			174	ŀ
Do.			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	90		1 1 1	80	63 6 81 2	1 1	
Do				154	1	1 1	52	er! Z	, ,	

TABLE No. 6-Continued.
MISCELLANEOUS COAL COMPANIES-Continued.

		30 Manage			MAR INA		07404700				
Dimensions of place where take in feet. Dimensions of place where all was measured at face of workings in feet. Condition of ventilation. Velocity of air at intake in feet per minute. Velocity of air at outcast in feet per minute. Velocity of air at outcast in feet per minute. Velocity of air at outcast in feet per minute. Velocity of air at outcast in feet per minute. Velocity of air at outcast in feet per minute. Velocity of air at outcast in feet per minute. Velocity of air at outcast in feet per minute. Velocity of air at intake in feet per minute. Velocity of air at outcast in feet per minute. Velocity of air at face at working in each spilit. Number of persons working in each spilit. Dimensions of outcast in feet.											Remarks.
Edgerton Mines, Erie Shaft Mines, Do. Keystone Tunnel, Forest City Shaft Mines, Do. Belmont Mines, Brennan's Mines,	120 98 60 96 102 90 42	77 120 84 49 54 54 34 36	- 96 - 50 - 42 } 60 - 64 - 36	Good,	450	80 263 100 1,565 310 610 164 762 204 296 117 180	163	2 11 25 16 6 14 12 4	130 72 210 112 42	102 100 100 100 5 100 64 36	
	PENNSYLVANIA COAL COMPANY.										
Shaft No. 1,	5½ x 6 6 x10½ 6½ x12 6 x10 7 x12 6 x13 7 x16	5½ x 6 8 x 8½ 7 x 10 6 x 10 7 x 12 6 x 10 6 x 12	8.4 x10 8.4 x10 7 x14 7 x13	Good,	180 250 228 802 140 145 130	130 257 206 214 451 280 150 200 320 185	72 64 56 19 45 57	1 6 8 6 4 5	10x12 9ax14a 7 x12 6 x13 7 x16	6 x10 6 x10 7 x14 5 x10	
Shaft No. 5,	6 x12 5 x11 7 x10 7 x10 6 x12 6 x10 6 x10	56 x11 } (5 x 8 5 6 x 6 4 x 10 8 x 10 4 x 10 8 x 10	5 x 7 5 x 9 7 x 5 5x10 & 4x10 9 x12 6 x10		254 85 150 130 200 110	242 864 226 255 125 142 100 500 100 100 100 100	25 22 20 87 20 25 26	5 7 2 8 6 4 5	6 x 12 94 x 104 94 x 104 7 x 10 6 x 12 6 x 10 6 x 10	5 x 7 5 x 9 5 x 7 5x 10 & 4x 10 9 x 12 6 x 10	
Shaft No. 11,	6 x10 6 x 7 7 x 9 6 x16 7 x12;	6 x11 5 x 8 6 x10 7 x18 5 x12	6 x12 4 x 8 6 x 7 10 x14	**	350 262 170 130 250	227 390 175 312 120 280 194 380 }	21 18 5	4 8 1 7 14	6 x 10 6 x 7 9 x 10 i 10 x 10. 4	6 x12 21 x 91 21 x 91 10 x14	

Slope No. 4,	Shaft No. 10, Marcy vein, Shaft No. 12, Shaft No. 12, Shaft No. 13 Law Shaft, .' No. 1, 7-foot vein, No. 1, Marcy vein, No. 1, 14-foot vein, No. 2, 7-foot vein, No. 2, 14-foot vein,	8 x12 6 x x13 6 x x13 6 x x10 7 x x10 7 x x 8 6 x x10 7 x x 8 6 x x10 7 x x 10 7 x x 10 8 x x 10 7 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10 1 x x 10	84 x10 84 x12 x18 x18 5 x 8 6 x x 8 5 x 8 5 x 8 5 x 8 5 x 8 5 x 10 6 x 10 6 x 10 6 x 10 6 x 10 6 x 10 6 x 10 6 x 10 6 x 10 7 x 12 6 x 12 6 x 12 7 x 12 6 x 12 7 x 12 6 x 12 7 x 12 7 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8 x 12 8	3 x11 3 x 4 6 x10 7 x12 9 x10 9 x12 9 x10 6 x11 4 x 6 5 x10 7 x10 8 x124 7 x12 6 x12,4 6 x14 6 x124 8 x124 6 x124		08 185 23 186 28 187 193 28 189 107 1193 200 140 115 125 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 2	960 20 255 24 960 36 195 56 608 46 720 16	7 0 2 4 4 4 4 2 2 5 4 3 7 7 1 5 3 3 5 5 6 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8	6 x 6 10 x 10 10 x 10 10 x 10 10 x 10 10 x 10 10 x 10 10 x 10 12 x 12 x	8 x12 6 x12 8 x10 6 x12 54 x12	•
			I.	UNMORE	DIVISI	on.					
Shaft No. 2, Shaft No. 2, Shaft No. 3, Shaft No. 4, Shaft No. 4, Shaft No. 5, Shaft No. 5, Shaft No. 5, Shaft No. 5, Shaft No. 5, Shaft No. 5, Shaft No. 5, Shaft No. 5,		84 50 72 60 60 60 60 60 60	60 50 60 70 70 80 50 50 60	62 50 60 60 70 70 40	Good, 2	79 130 10 155 10 190 10 270 70 120 13 181 19 154 14 140	250 95 179 9 170 48 250 68 290 102 150 12 578 57 8 18 420 8	1 4 12 14 2 4 2	80 100 72 60 60 156	100 144 60 60 60	

TABLE No. 6—Continued.

DELAWARE LACKAWANNA AND WESTREN RAILROAD COMPANY.

Names of Collieries.	Dimensions of place where air was measured at in- take in feet.	Dimensions of place where air was measured at face of workings in feet.	Dimensions of place where air was measured at out-	Condition of ventilation.	Velocity of air at intake in feet per minute.	Velocity of air at face of workings in feet per min.	Velocity of air at outcast in feet per minute.	Number of persons working in each split.	Number of horses and mules in each split.	Dimensions of intake in feet.	Dimensions of outcast in feet,	itemarks.
fo. 2 Shaft, Diamond,	6 x18	4 x 6 5 x 7		Good,	793	396 798	1,065	39 40	5 8	10x14	10x11	
Do. do		6 x 9 8 x 4	7 x12	1 ::		333 1987	• •	40 38	8			
ripp Slope, E. vein,	6 x10	6 x 6.6		١	350	280	350	50	7 15	6x10		
Do. do	10 x20	8 x 6.6 8 x 12		1 ::	415	200 445	• • •	50 8	14			
Do, do,		8 x18	184 ×16	٠٠.		386	396	8	1 1			
Impton Shaft, E. and F. veins,	8 x14	6 x10 6 x11	• • • • • •	::	410	313	• • •	86	15	9x 16	6x 10	
Do. do	6 X 9	6 x11	: • : • • •	1 ::	362 371	236 148	$[\cdot,\cdot,\cdot]$	84 41	11			
Do. do		64 ×10	7 x12		".	192	871	24	8		į	
Do. do	6.3 x12	6 x 9	6 x10	**	414	265 27.5	468	46	5	'		
Do	6.2 x18	6 x11	18 x 6.8		622	217	1,088	44 20	! :	10×18	10x10	
Do.		6 x 5]	285]]	12 20	9			
Do.		6 x10		1 ::	• • •	237	$ \cdot \cdot \cdot $	20	4			
Do	.	24 - 3 8				287 780	1	14 13	7		i	
ellevue Slope,	8 x10	7 x 8	6.9 x 10	61	640	840	900	40	4	7x13	7x10	
Do.		7 x10 7 x10	J	::] • •	807]	40	7			
cranton Shaft, Clark vein,	5.4 x19	7 X X 3	6 x18	::	623	110 1411	977	18 20	3	7x14	12x 12	
Do. Do.		7 x 6		••		371		45	6	1441	14212	
Do		6 x 64		::	· • ·	100	• •	45	5		1	
Do.	1:::::	8 x 8		::		1112 370	• • •	40 8	, 8]		ļ	
ontinental Shaft,	21 x10	8 x10	7 x13	44	241	241		40	5	10x18	10×10	
Do.	21 ×10	6 x18		::	255	191 241	1: : 1	22	ž		10	

Do. Do.						•		•				١٠			٠.	-					:1:					41	١٠.	.	280 285	::	:1	38 36	5 6		1	
Do.		•	•	•	•	•		•	• •		•	Ι.	٠.	•	•		١.	• •	•	• • •	1:	•	• •	•	: :	44		- 1	265		١.	22 I	6		1	
Oxford Shaft													8	x	14	•	١,	5	x1	0		7	. x	12		**	1110	.	470	1,49	s	40	7	\$ 10×14 2 10× 9		10 x 13
Do.												١.					1	8	x1	2	١.				!	44	1	.		١	. l	12	2		١,	
Do.												1.	: :				1	B	X1	0	1.				1		1 .					44	7	ļ	1	
Do.												!					1			8.8	١.				. 1	6.6	1			Ι.	- 1	48	4	l	1 -	
Taylor Shaft.												1	7.5	×	13			B	X1	2	1				. !	6.6	235	1	230	1	. I	47	8		1	
Do.													5 · ·	×			1	Ř	xl	2	1				. 1		595		220	١		30	7	Į	l l	
Do.												13	7. F	ī			1	R	x1	2	١.				.	* *	235		220			47	6		ŀ	
Do.		٠.											8		11			Ř	x1	1	1				.	4.4	220	1	215	1		18	1	6x 9	i	
Do.													Ř		12		1		XI		1				1	64	205		210	1,70	ı i	27 İ	2	10x16	1	8 x 12
Taylor Drift,													Ř		9				X1		1	5	x	7	- 1	4.6	650	1	340	1 10		46	6	6x 7	i i	8x 9
Dodge Shart,														0×			1		x		Ι.			•	.	4.6	410		280	-,		27	7		1	
Do.	'												9		7.	R	ī		x		- 1				. 1	4.6	847	٠	241		1	27	8		l	
Do.															5.					4.8	1					44	485		287		- 1	26 I	4	İ	1	
Do.									٠.					×		-	٦		<u>x</u> 1		1	14 3	101	6.	9	4.4	250	1	211	73	5	18	4		1	
Do.												1			7		l 1	8	x	6.8	1	7		6.		44	216	. 1	188	601	3	32 I	8		1	
Do.												1.7			٠.		1		×		-	8	x	5		4.4			163	831	1	42	6		i	
Do.												1.					1 -	ē	x	4	1	12.4	ı x	7		66	1	ı	435	28	7	14	3	10x21	i i	13x18
Hyde Park 8	haft.											Τ'n	6	×	13	-	li	Ř	I	5	1	22.0	8 3	10	- 1	64	710	1	395		. I	50 I	6		1	
Do.													8		12		l		x		1	-		•	. 1		297		310	l	1	38	3		Į.	
1)0.												Ι. Ί	٠.		Ξ.			9	x	3	1				- 1	6.4	1	Į	435	Ι.	i	34	. 4	i	1	
Do.												1.			: :	-	1		1		Ι.				. 1	4.4	1	- 1	450	١.		19	2		1	
Do.												1.		•				7	x	9					. 1		1	- 1	260			56	6	10×14	1	10×12
Central Shaft												1	5.9	×	7		li	59	<u> </u>	9	١.,				. 1	6.6	396	1	165	١.	1	20	8		1	
Do.	" :	: :	٠.											ī				B. 7	x	6					. 1	4.6	633	H	264	١	-	34	6		i	
Do.													ž		5			D. 4			1				. 1	4.4	502		181	١.	-	7 İ	1	1	1	
Do.									٠.			10	Ö. 9					8	x	8 2	1				.	6.4	279		107	1		29	5		1	
Do.		- :										1		×			1	7. 8							. 1		239		328	. .	.	82	4	i	1	
Do.												١. ً			٠.			8.6							ł	* 6	1	- 1	317	1	ł	46	7		1	
Do.											٠.	1.	: :							6.2		7.1	101	9	ı	44	1	- 1	221	52	2	5				
Do.												١.								8.9	ŀ	9.	5 3	8.	. 10	4.6	1	ì	187	64	3	46	4		1	
Do.										٠.							1	8	x1	0		13.4	4 1	5.	6		1	- {	90	79	3	17	8	10×14		10x 9
Do.															•			9.4				8 1			- 1	44	1	1	187	32		17	2	10x10		10x 9
Archbald Sha	בת.											1:	8. 2	2 x	7	8				4.8				6.	8		341	. 1	624	1,54	1	38	4	!	1	
Do.	,														7.		1	2	x	8	Ι.				1	46	390	1	203			49	4			
Do.							٠.								8.		-	6 8	x1	2					l		211	.	228	1		27	3		1	
Do.												1.						7	x	6					.	41	1	.	341		.	3 0]	5	ļ	1	
Do.												1.					1	8.8	x	6						**	1	Ì	292		-	29	3	i	1	
Do.												ì					1 :	8	x	9		10	3	7.	2	44	1.	. :	1027	1, 17		20	4	10x14	ł	10 x 10
Cayuga Shaft												1 :	8	x	16			7 .	x1	0	Ι.				- 1	6.4	342	:	363	1		50	9	ĺ	1	
Do.												1 :	7	x	11			7	x1	0		8	2	9	í	44	435	,	221	63	3	50	8		1	
Do.												1			٠.			В	x1	0	1	7	3	10	- 1	61	1	.	888	48		50	5	10x14	1	8x10
Sloan Shaft,									٠.			١.					li	5	x	8	١.			٠		6.4	1	.]	317	 	.	20	3		1	
Do.												1					1	B. 3	x	8	١.				.	• •			211.5			22	4	1	1	
Do.												١.					1	7.6	x	9	1.				.	**	1	.	282			50	8	ĺ	i	
Ďo.												1					Ιį		x 1		1				l	4.4	1	- 1	198.9		. [48	6		1	
Do.		. :										1	9	x	10		1		x1		1	7	1	10	- 1	6.6	459	1	144			21	2		1	
Do.												10		3					x.		1	10		10	ŀ	4.6	482	7	874.2		.	50	6	10x15	1	10x10
									•			_	-	_							- 1			-			1	1	367	1	ı				i	
I yne Shaft,												1.						,	x									- 1	<i>6</i> 0/			47	8			

TABLE No. 6—Continued.

DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA AND WESTERN RAILROAD COMPANY—Continued.

Names of Collieries.	Dimensions of pisce where air was measured at in- take in feet.	Dimensions of place where air was measured at face of workings in feet.	Dimensions of place where all was measured at out-	Condition of ventilation.	Velocity of air at intake in feet per minute.	Velocity of air at face of workings in feet per min.	Velocity of air at outcast in feet per minute.	Number of persons working in each split	Number of horses and mules in each split.	Dimensions of intake in feet	Dimensions of outcast in feet,	Remarks.
Pyne Shaft,	6 x 6 6 x 15 10 x 12 5 9 x 9 6 x 15	6 x 10 6 x 13 6 3x 9 5 x 6 7 x 8	7½ x14 7.4x12 3½ x 3	Good,	507 362 396 231 95	216 280 386 281 106	1,084 173 871	45 46 44 29 21	6 8 6 5 2	10x14 6x14	10×10	
risbin Shaft, Do. Do. Do. Do. Do.	9 x10 7 x10 7 x15	6 x 10 7 x 10 6 x 10 6 x 10 7 x 10		**	270 202 555	211 192 221 202 221	:	47 86 39 27 80	7 7 8 2	oxi4	10410	
Do. Do. Mai ville Shaft, Do. Lo. Do.	6 x 9 6 x22 6 x13	7 x10 5 x10 64 x13 7 x 8 7 x12 54 x12	10 x12 8 x10 71 x12	**	820 405 267	163 182 165 95 100 180	696 192 998	28 18 46 28 50 49	3 1 3 2 8 8	10x14	9×10	
Do. Do. Do.	:::::	5 x13 5 x13 6 x12	::::::	::		180 170 228	::'	50 29 44	6 4 6	7x10 10x14	7x10	

DELAWARE AND HUDSON CANAL COMPANY.

			,							
Coal Brook,	36	40	Good.	373	287	50	5	- 1		
Do	90	40 8	4 "	373 309	390 1 300	75	20	126	84	
Do	80	50		720	400	75	14			
Do	63	48			271	50	4	- i	200	
No. 1 Shaft,	46	40 4	6 "	615 510	356 1, 620 273	50	6	100	66	
Do	36 1	38	.1 1	510	273	25	2 1	1	1	

[No. 10,

o. 3 Shaft,	40 12	1 ** ;	375 2,390	60 9	48 12	1
hite Bridge Tunnel,	84 72	472	258 820	120 18	78 72	
owderly Mines,	58 }	** 800	280	60 8	i	
Do	47 52	1 842	600 1,900	40 4		
Do	60	44	300	40 5		
ermyn, No. 1,	60 120	812	150 859		225 125	
Do. 72	72	11 480	298	50 8		1
Do	70	757	884	70 10		
ermyn, No. 2	60 100	450	810	80 13	60 100	
			286 600		60 81	
	60 55			75 18		
Do 50	54 56	Goud, 1, 188	405 1,114	100 6	50 100	
rassy Island, 65	62	844	133	62 7	j ,	1
Do 70	49	11 500	363	55 7		
Do 39	40 84	14 2/60	182 1,271		140 120	1
Do	39	** 644	316	30 3	l	1
Do	40	**	175	17 2	ı	1
lyphant, No. 2, 44	41	44 363	855 .	44 7	1	(
Do 58	45	** 242	272 .	34 4	ı	1
Do 64	58	277	258	80 9	i	1
Do 40	40	14 75	75			1
ddy Creek,	27	11 243	246	20 2		1
Do. 20	40 100	11 481	173 1,928		240 100	1
		11 300	280 .		240 100	1
	48			22 2	ļ	
Do	27	0.00	800	7 2	- 1	1
Do 41	40		268 .	5 1	ŧ	i .
Do	26	** 297	459 .	14 2		i
Do. 64	40	275	337 .	65 7	1	
arvine Shaft, Diamond vein, 61	66	278	220 .	38 8		
Do. 14-foot vein	75	44 875	246 .	84 4		
Do	80	44 378	227 .	40 8		
Do 68	78	" 345	243	42 8		1
Do. 42	72 105	423	208 1,472		210 100	1
Do 58	70	11 284	227	88 6		}
eggitt's Creek, Diamond vein, 39	2.2	11 315		26 6	1	
Do. 14-foot vein,		318	الشفدا	23 8	1	1
	22	1 135	المحما	23 0		1
	81	161	100			1
Do 78	78			30 6		1
Do	60		220	16 5		1
Do 6	65 140	1,388	128 1,165		140 90	1
Do	80	** 313	150	22 5	1	1
Do	75	** 814	153	22 4	1	1
Do	76	44 338	170 .	22 5	l .	l .
on Storch, Diamond vein,	60	** 191	161	50 8		i
Do. 14-foot vein	58 49	44 159	119 1,026	30 4	100 29	
Do. 72	65	465	180	48 8		
Do	70		239	81 4		
Do. 60		" 228	149	49 8		
Do. Clark vein, 82	75 65 80	533	160 927		140 70	· ·
		44 000	438	40 6	130 10	1
Do	72	I I			1	
Do 68	70	** 406	3:27	50 8	1	
I L	T .	1	1 1	1 1 1	ı	1

Ex. Doc.]

REPORTS OF THE INSPECTORS OF MINES.

TABLE No. 7.—Statistics connected with the working of Coal Mines and Collieries in the E istern district of Luzerne and Carbon counties, now including all of Lackawanna and a portion of Wayne and Susquehanna counties, Pennsylvania, for year ending 31st day of December, A. D. 1884.

MISCELLANEOUS COAL COMPANIES.

												<u> </u>					_
NAMES OF COLLIERIES.	Dimensions of shaft in feet.	Depth of shaft in feet.	Dimensions of slope in feet.	Length of slope in feet.	Angle of slope in de- grees.	Length of plane out-	Angle of plane outside in degrees.	Length of plane inside in feet.	Angle of plane inside in degrees.	Dimensions of tunnels in feet.	Length of tunnel to	umber of bre	chute	is the av	What is the average width of What is the width of	headings in feet?	r-ways in f
Everhart Slope Mines,	14 x10	180	8 x12 54x12	131 230	30 14		25		: : : :		:::	1		24 24	15	10 1 12 1	
Fairmount Shaft Mines,	12 x10 10 x 8	330 330	5€x18	880	10					6x 6	275	1	• .	24	16	18 1	
Beaver Slope Mines, Twin Shaft Mines, air-shaft,	10 x16	235 235	7 x 8 6 x 15	200 170	20 28	:::	::::	. : : :	:::.	::::	:	i		30 22		12 1: 15 1:	
Mosier Shaft Mines,	10 x16	164 124		825	20			525	30			1	$\cdot \cdot $	25	16 .	12 1	8
Butler Shaft Mines,	10 x16	100 124		675	25	l:::	: : · :	200		6x 8	200	1		24 25		12 1 12 1	
Ontario Slope Mines,	12 x26	350	7 x12 7 x12	500 500	10 10	500	10	500	18			1		25 No		12 1 De n.	
Florence Shaft Mines	22 x 10	127 350							::::			i	: 1	26 24	15	14 1 12 1	4
Phoenix Shaft Mines, Phoenix Shaft Mines, air-shaft,	10 x18 8 x 8	348					• • • •					- I	· ·			_ _	
Stetler Shaft Mines,	10 x28	231 228	7 x12	1,800	24 & 5	275	19		• • • •	• • • •		1	$\cdot \cdot $	27	15	12 1	١.
Hillside Shaft, now Consolidated Mines,	22 x11 20 x10	147 202	8 x 9	850	5	166	20					1		26 26		14 1. 14 1.	
Hillside Shaft, now Cousolidated Mines, air-shaft, .	10 x 10	170		-								ו דון	, . l			1	`
Spring Brook Tunnei Mines,	8 x 11 8 x 8	165 65	: : : :	: ::	::::	200 400	19 15	580	4	6x 10	20 50			30 28		12 1: 12 1:	
Dunn Shaft Mines,	10 x24	80	7 x14	120	12					7x 9	70			28		11 1	
Sibley Shaft Mines,	10 x26	195 185	7 x18 7 x18	270 1,200	15 9	:::	l · : . :	: : . :	::::	7x16	100	1		30 30	9	12 13 12 13	2
Greenwood Mines, National Mines, shaft and slope,		225	6 x1%	760 600	9 18 26	120	18 28	700		6x10	250	• •	1	28 27		12 1: 16 1:	
name and an analog and a state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state				-	1 -5 -50	1	1 20	500	, ,	ı · · ·	1	•		1		"	1

Totals,	84	10,922	81	18,526		8,495	28	12,510	20	19	2,900	42	ī				
rennan's Tunnel Mines,	· · : : :	<u>::::</u>	<u> . : : :</u>		· : : :	1				6x 6	40 60	1		28	15	10	10
			:::						1	6x 6	45	•		~	10		"
rest City Shaft Mines, air-shaft,	10 x10	82	· : : :	1::::	1: ::	196	287		l::	6x 6	50	1			12 15	14 8	14
rest City Shaft Mines	10 x 20	86	1		1	ŀ	1				1	-					
ystone Tunnel Mines, air-shaft.	10 x10	40		1	1	l		950	8	6x10	140	1	١	80	12	12	12
ie Shaft Mines, air-shaft,	10 x30 10 x10	170 140		1		1	• • • •	500	6		1	1		80	12	12	12
igerton Tunnel Mines,						690	22			6x10	25	1		28	12	12	12
	10 x14	60				842	12	1		6x12		1	١.	~	**	**	**
aton Shaft Slope and Tunnel Mines,	10 x84	156	6 x12		12	516	7			7x10 5x10	555	1		30	14	12 12	12 12
olph Tunnel Mines. (New works—no report made.) erce Coal Company's Tunnel Mines,		1	7 x12	900	14	300	15	1		7-10		١.		00	ا ا		ا 🚛 ا
ler's Slope Mine, air-shaft,	8 x 8	100	7 x 9		30	250	80	600	15		1	1		80	12	12	12
· .	10 x22	110	::::		l .	90	28	000	10			•	• •	~	10	18	1.0
assey Island C. Co. Shaft Mine,	10 X 16	175	l . .	1	١	224	22	600	12			1	l	30	15	12	14
ckawanua Coal Co. Shaft Mine, ckawanna Coal Co. Shaft Mines, supply-shaft,	10 x84 10 x16	200			• • •			500	7						15	14	14
miyn No. 4, Throop Shaft, supply-shaft	10 x 18	422	6 x12	500	6] .		450	10		1	1	۱	30	15	12	15
rmyn No. 4, Throop Shaft,	11 x24	466	6 X12	700	20	1									(I	1	
ncoast Shaft Mines, air-shaft,	10 x20 10 x20	238	12 x 7	1,000	20	l	1	1] .		1	1	l		1 1	l	
ncoast Shaft Mines,	10 x34	240	12 x 8	600	8							1		28	18	12	12
chmond Shaft and Slope Mine. (No report.)			1	1							1]		1	
n Comp Cittors Drings att.ong 154	10 X30	150 144	7 x12	1,000	6	• •		• • •				1		25	15	12	12
cas Shaft Mines, air-shaft,	10 x30	150	7 -10		١.	1						١.	1	1 1		16	
encer's Shaft Mines,	94×16	290	44×20	560		2,250	5	800							15	12	12
reen Ridge Slope Mines, air-shaft	8 cir.	125	7 x12	600	19	825	16	525	7		1	1	١.	30	15	14	14
air Lawn Slope Mines, air-shaft,	8 x 8	175	7 x10		19	780	19					1		80	15	15	20
	18 cir.	287	1			1	'	•••		7210	•••	•		**	20	12	10
ne Brook Shaft Mines,	10 x 22	287		i	<i>.</i> .	١	.	500	15	7x16	500	1	١	24	20	12	18
spouse Shaft Mines,	10 x 26	855 855		• • •		261	30	1,500	5			1		80	18	12	12
ount Pleasant Slope Mine, air-shaft,	7 x10	175	8 x 9	1,200	20	800	12	300	10	7x14	300	î			21	11	12
ridge Shaft and Slope Mines.	11 x21	285	64x12		12	75	18	750				1 1	l::	30 27	15	16	16
mity Shaft Mines,	10 x34	250	i	1		175	19	900				١.	İ				
													١٠٠			16	16 [

No. 8 Breaker.	Shaft No. 8.		10 x20 94x144	480 206	::::	::::	::::	. : .	:::-	500		::::	::-	· i 4	25 25	15 10 15 11	74 14 14
	1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				doned	i .	l	 	388	94						

TABLE No. 7-Continued.

PENNSYLVANIA COAL COMPANY-Continued.

Nam	ES OF COLLIERIES.	Dimensions of shaft in feet.	Depth of shaft in feet.	Dimensions of slope in feet.	Length of slope in feet.	Angle of slope in de-	Length of plane out-	Angle of plane outside in degrees.	Length of plane inside in fect.	Angle of plane inside in degrees.	Dimensions of tunnels in feet.	Length of tunnel to coal in feet.	Number of breakers.	Number of screens and chutes.	What is the average width of chambers?	th of	What is the width of headings in feet?	What is the width of
Shaft No. 4,	{ 14-foot vein,	9}x16} 9}x16} 9}x16} 9}x15}	191 232 256	7x11	742	51	::		875 429 500 450	8 6 9		:::	::	: ::	22 23 24	20 20 16	11 11 10	15 15 15
No. 6 Breaker,	Shaft No. 6,	94x16 94x14 94x16	312 288 811	8x16 6x10	850 500	. 7	950	8	275 250 196	7† 9 6	::::		1	6	22 24 24	18 16 18	10 10 12	14 15 15
	Shaft No. 9,	10 x19	140		• • • •	 I			350 150 375 240 150	8 11 6 8							10	15
No. 10 Breaker, .	Shaft No. 10, 14-foot vein, Shaft No. 10, Marcy vein,	12 x271 12 x811	159 255				441	12	315 400 487 830	9 9 10 9	::::		1	20		1	12 12	15
	Shaft No. 12,	10 x184	136	7x12	275	5	280	8	850 220 800	10 10 10	. .	ļ		1	80	15	10	18
Central Breaker, . Slope No. 2	Shaft No. 13,	12 x311 12 x241	140 2 07	7x12 7x12 6x10	325 525 1,010	4½ 4½ 25	.::		235 120	6 1 8	: · · ·	::.		20	27	16 16 16	12 12 10	15 15 15
Blope No. 4,	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	10 x12	77	7x10 7x10 7x10	840 805 678	7 9 17	520 	7	342	10	6x 7	92		1		16	11	15
Stark Shaft and Bro	eaker. (Abandoned Nov. 1, 1884,) No. 1, 7-foot vein, No. 1, Marcy veiu,	12 x47	 127 270	· • • •		: • : :	:::	::	230 245	9.	. : : .		1		28	14	12 18	15 15
Barnum Breaker,	No. 1, Marcy vein	12 x47 12 x47 10 x21 10 x21	178 154 202	8x12	700	5	: :	::	825 254 176	7 6 9			1	22		16 14 16	12 12 12	15 15 15
Old Forge Shaft an		12 x 82	189				164 286	12 10				:::	1	16		16	12	15

Eagle Shaft. (Temporarily abandoned, Oct. 11, 1884,) Carbon Hill. (Abandoned.) Shaft No. 14. (Sinking,) No. 2 Breaker. (At head of No. 2 Plane, and pre- pares coal from mines having no breakers,)	10 x16 12 x52	151 385						· 				1						Ex Doc.j
		1	DUNMO	RE D	VISIO	N.												
Shaft No. 2, top vein. Shaft No. 3, top vein. Shaft No. 3, middle vein, Shaft No. 3, middle vein, Shaft No. 3, bottom vein, Shaft No. 4, top vein, Shaft No. 4, top vein, Shaft No. 5, top or Clark vein, Shaft No. 5, top or Clark vein, Shaft No. 5, 2d Dunmore vein, Shaft No. 5, 2d Dunmore vein, Shaft No. 5, 3d Dunmore vein, Shaft No. 5, 3d Dunmore vein, Shaft No. 5, 3d Dunmore vein, Shaft No. 6, 3d Dunmore vein, Shaft No. 6, 3d Dunmore vein, Shaft No. 6, 3d Dunmore vein, Shaft No. 6, 3d Dunmore vein, Shaft No. 6, 3d Dunmore vein, Shaft No. 6, 3d Dunmore vein,	12 x16 12 x16 12 x18 12 x18 12 x18 12 x18 12 x17 12 x17 12 x27 12 x32 12 x32 12 x32	53 1364 60 102 167 50 100 128 210 250 300	5x12 5x12 5x12 5x12 	1,900 1,000 975 450	3 t 3 t 3 t 3 t 3 t 3 t 3 t 3 t 3 t 3 t	875	12	762	31			1	i	30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30	15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	12 12 12 12 12 12 12 15 15	15 15 15 15 15 15 16 16 16	REPORTS OF THE
Total Pennsylvania Coal Company,	24	5,080	15	11,872		2,916	7	10, 159	31	1	92	18	7		<u> </u>		•	
DELAWAR	E, LACE	KAWA	NNA A	ND W	ESTE	RN R	AIL	ROAD	COMP	ANY.	·	•			<u>'</u>	!	<u>' </u>	18PE
Diamond, No. 2 Shaft,	10x36 10x17	228 385 325 350	} 15x 6 7x11	148 32 5	6 9	187	19			6x 9	67	1	4 & 7 6 & 8	27 27 30	21 15 18	12 12 12	15 15 15	INSPECTORS OF
air-shaft, Hampton Shaft, air-shaft, Believue Shaft,	10x14 9x17 6x10 10x18	156 108 221	} 7x14 7x14	810 265	6 5 <u>1</u>	120 79	19 19			7x14 7x15	256 600	1	9 & 30 10	30	18 15	12 12	15 15	MINES
Bellevue Slope,	9x10 10x21	221 290	7x12 7x18	1,000 671	5 11			557 950	7	7x16	210			30 27	15 18	12	18 15	50
air-shaft,	18 cir. 12x12	873	8x12	1,601	4—11	\$30	12					1	6	27	18	12	15	
Oxford Shaft, air-shaft, Taylor Shaft, air-shaft,	10x28 10x24 10x18 12x16	881 854 162 180	6x 8	230	22	280 140	14	800	10			1	18 5	27 80	18 18	12	15 15	
drift,	12x12 10x21 13 cir.	70 294 254				262	22	350	15			1	5	27	18	12	15	201

8 & 18 27

4 1,188 17

15

12 15

Central Shaft,

Sloan Shaft,

Dimensions of shaft in feet. Length of plane inside in feet. tunnele of screens and chutes. alope in å of breakers. Length of tunnel coal in feet. Length of slope in shaft in Length of planof slope grees. Angle of plane in degrees Angle of plane in degrees. Dimensions of feet. Dimensions of in feet. NAMES OF COLLIERIES. 70 Number Number Angle Depth 10x21 265 7x12 350 240 9 30 18 12 15 804 160 19 714 288 320 400 13×12 10x34 8.6x12 900 280 28 17 12 15 2 4 1 11 10x21 354 350 41 12 15 15 10x26 7x12 115 30 368 800 11 30 21 12 10x32 250 30 30 27 15 10 x 35 300 7x12 800 22 15 12 10x34 819 7×14 772 23 600 1 18 12 15 775 10 21 12 15 Brisbin Shaft 10x37 378 355 1 589 239 12 10×44 416

845

330

7,598

12

17

TABLE No. 7-Continued. DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA AND WESTERN RAILROAD COMPANY-Continued.

DELAWARE AND HUDSON CANAL COMPANY.

482

528

10x18

10x23

80

185

165

8,410

6x16

6x16

Racket Brook,	10x18 40		200 14½	7½ 7x10 250 9½ 6x 9 300 11½ 7x10 800	1 30 15 10 14
No. 1 Shaft,	9 9 9 90	6x 8 300 8	81 600 91 250 400	61 82 7x11 800 .	. 1 30 15 8 8 36 15 10 14
No. 3 Shaft,	10x12 20 10x27 90				1 80 15 8 8

TAR A LA BOOM	Z	

REPORTS OF THE INSPECTORS OF

Ex. Doc.]

Powderly,	. 9x 28	80 7x10 90 7x12 1	700 7 1 1,800 4 1	500 91 200 91		6x 9 300	1	36 15 36 14	10 14 12 14
Jermyn, No. 2,			200 111	200 11	600 4		1	36 14	13 14
White Oak,	9x 9	81 .	1,200 4	500 111 400 8	450 54 450 7 500 7	7x10 150	1	36 14	10 14
Grassy Island,	. 7x14 2 10x27 8		500 44	200 14			1	30 15	10 14
Olyphant, No. 2,	. 10x30 4	252 408	600 4	250 9 250 11	450 51 600 111 700 52	:::: :::			
Marvine,	. 10x30 8	7x12 824 7x10	550 42 150 62	300 11 700 11	600 6	7x13 200	1	30 18 30 18	
Von Storch,	. 10x30 5		1,000 9à 550 4à	280 144 425 114	600 8i 600 4i 400 4i	7x10 750	1	30 18	10 14
Total,	. 21 4,0	068 11 7	7,250	5,405 16	- <u>-</u>	8 3,550	11 3		

TABLE No. 7-Continued. MISCELLANEOUS COAL COMPANIES.

	Do you work airways along all gangways and headings?	feet.	Length of T iron track laid in mines.	Length of strap-iron track laid in mines.	Length of T or S' = strap iron isid outside.	What is the nature of the roof?	What is the name of the seam of coal worked?	What is the average thickness of the seam worked, in feet?
Everhart Slope Mines, Tompkins Shaft Mines, Fairmount Shaft Mines, Beaver Slope Mines, Twin Shaft Mines, Mosier Shaft Mines, Butler Shaft Mines, Heidelburg Shaft Mines, Heidelburg Shaft Mines, Florence Shaft Mines, Florence Shaft Mines, Stetler Shaft Mines, Stetler Shaft Mines, Stetler Shaft Mines, Stetler Shaft Mines, Stetler Shaft Mines, Stetler Shaft Mines, Stetler Shaft Mines, Stetler Shaft Mines, Stetler Shaft Mines, Stetler Shaft Mines, Stetler Shaft Mines, Stetler Shaft Mines, Stetler Shaft Mines, Hillside Shaft, now Consolidated Mines, Spring Brook Tunnel Mines, Glendale Tunnel Mines, Spring Brook Tunnel Mines, Greenwood Mines, Sibley Shaft Mines, Greenwood Mines, National Mines, shaft and slope, Meadow Brook Shaft and Tunnel, Amity Shaft Mines, Bridge Shaft and Slope Mines, Mount Pleasant Slope Mines, Mount Pleasant Slope Mines, Fair Lawn Slope Mines, Fair Lawn Slope Mines, Fair Lawn Slope Mines, Green Ridge Slope Mines, alr-shaft, Spencer's Shaft Mines, Fair Lawn Slope Mines, alr-shaft, Spencer's Shaft Mines, Fair Lawn Slope Mines, alr-shaft, Spencer's Shaft Mines, alr-shaft,	Yes, 1. Yes, 1. Yes, 1. Yes, 1. Yes, 1. Yes, 1. Yes, 1. Yes, 1. Yes, 1. Yes, 1. Yes, 2. Yes, 1. Yes, 1. Yes, 2. Yes, 2. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. Yes, 4. 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Yes, 4	,300 1,280 ,110 1,980 ,500 Aban ,100 2,100 ,880 1,880 ,300 2,500 ,600 1,600 ,000 2,000 ,500 2,000 ,500 9,500 ,500 3,500 ,500 1,850 ,500 1,850 ,500 2,500 ,500 41,100 ,170 1,110 ,170 1,110 ,170 1,110 ,170 1,110 ,170 1,110 ,170 1,100 ,160 4,200 ,160 2,200 ,500 2,000 ,500 2,000 ,500 4,200 ,160 2,200 ,500 2,000 ,500 br>3,740 7,500 doned 2,400 1,400 2,500 2,500 13,100 1,675 7,350 2,690 20,261 5,650 21,090 20,261 5,650 21,090 2,500 1,600 20,261 6,650 21,090 2,500 1,600 20,261 8,500 6,500 8,000 8,000 8,000 8,200 7,850 8,200 7,850 8,200 7,850 8,200 7,850 8,200 7,850 8,200 7,850 8,200 7,850 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,200 8,20	750 A pril 2,800 200 150 600 1,500 45 400 1,950 1,820 2,982 250 1,000 7,900 6,700	2,640 T 2,700 T 1,450 1,1884. 300 400 T 5,000 T 1,500 1,785 9,700 2,100 S 1,400 6,100 1,300 S 12,700 T 1,325 T 2,000 S 12,700 T 1,325 T 2,000 T 3,800 T 1,000 T 2,000 T 3,800 T 1,755 S 16,000 T 2,000 T 3,800 T 1,775 T 5,775 T 5,775 T 5,705 S	Hard rock, Rock, Good hard rock, Hard rock, Hard rock, Hard rock, Good, Slate, Good, Fair, Rock and fire-clay, Top vein, black rock, Bottom vein, sandatone, Slate, Sandatone, Slate, Sand rock, Slate and rock, Slate and rock, Slate and rock, Slate, Black and sand rock, Hard sandstone, Hard sandstone, Slate and sand rock, Hard sandstone, Hard sandstone, Hard sandstone, Hard sandstone, Hard sandstone, Hard sandstone, Hard sandstone, Hard sandstone, Slate and bony, Hard rock, rock & bony, Rock, buny, & fire-clay, Rock and bony coal, Rock, solute, Slate,	Bottom, 14-foot and Clark, Marcy and Red Ash, Marcy, Marcy, Marcy, Marcy, Marcy, Marcy, Marcy, Clark, 4th and 6th veins, Red Ash, Brown, Brown & Stark, Stark, or B vein, New County, New County, New County, New County and Clark, Clark vein, No. 5 vein, No. 5 vein, No. 5 vein, No. 5 vein, Clark veins, E and G veins, E and G veins, E and G veins, Clark and No. 4, Clark and No. 4, Clark and Ist & 2d Dunmore, Upper Dunmore, C, or 14-foot vein,	4 t , 9	

	3,850 7,200 6,500 14,960 3,200 23,820 5,533 6,158 5,080	3,850 7,200 6,500 14,760 2,000 21,820 4,401 4,671 4,900	8,600 3,800 4,200 3,600 18,348 7,850 8,976 7,500 			Slate and rock, Rock, Sandstone, Sandstone, Good, Hard sandstone, Bone and slate, Slate, Slate,	Grassey Island vein, Archbald vein, Archbald vein, Archbald vein, Not known, Carbondale vein, Carbondale vein, Forest City vein, Nos. 2 and 3, Carbondale, Carbondale,	10k 9 10 7 1k 7k 7k 5 6 and 5k
		0.79310.00000-0.774			or organic	NY.		
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Yes, Yes, Yes, Yes, Yes, Yes, Yes, Yes,	4,500 22,600 1,000 12,000 16,175 16,600 16,175 8,250 2,100 9,180 15,641 3,000 10,700 13,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 1	4,500 22,600 12,000 16,700 15,175 16,602 9,690 1,900 8,900 27,370 8,000 18,000 17,800 20,205 11,320 11,320 11,320 11,400 12,400 12,800 4,800	6,000 17,600 9,685 6,050 15,050 10,800 12,000 3,142 13,111 2,600 9,700 11,450 10,700 12,400 10,863 5,700 5,800 5,800 5,275	1,000 2,500 6,450 14,860 8,100 8,300 6,350 3,200 6,350 8,000 9,000 3,500 9,000 3,500 9,000 3,500	1,000 2,300 1,530 T 850 S 3,400 5,420 1,925 843 2,000 2,100 2,100 2,100 2,351 1,938 5,220 5,100 2,500 2,700 2,700 2,700 8,704	Sandstone, sandstone, Slate, Slate, Slate, Rider coal and rock, Rider coal and rock, Rider coal and slate, Rider coal and slate, Rider coal and slate, Rider coal and slate, Rider coal and slate, Rider coal and slate, Rider coal and slate, Rider coal and slate, Rider coal and slate, Rider coal and slate, Rock and slate, Rock and slate, Rock, Slate, Rock, Slate, Rider and black rock, Slate, Rider and black rock, Rider and black rock, Rider and black rock, Rider and black rock, Rider and black rock, Rider and black rock, Rider and black rock, Rider and black rock, Rider and black rock, Rider and black rock, Rider and black rock, Rider and black rock, Rider and black rock, Rider and black rock, Rider and black rock, Rider and black rock, Rider and black rock, Rock,	Marcy vein, Marcy vein, Marcy vein, Pittston 14-foot vein, Pittston 14-foot vein, Pittston 14-foot vein, Pittston 14-foot vein, Pittston 14-foot vein, Pittston 14-foot vein, Pittston 14-foot vein, Pittston 14-foot vein, Pittston 14-foot vein, Powder-mill vein, Powder-mill vein, Powder-mill vein, Powder-mill vein, Pittston 14-foot vein, Pittston 14-foot vein, Pittston 14-foot vein, Pittston 14-foot vein, Marcy vein, Pittston 14-foot vein, Marcy vein, Pittston 14-foot vein, Pittston 14-foot vein, Pittston 14-foot vein, Pittston 14-foot vein, Pittston 14-foot vein, Pittston 14-foot vein, Pittston 14-foot vein, Pittston 14-foot vein, Pittston 14-foot vein, Pittston 14-foot vein, Pittston 14-foot vein, Pittston 14-foot vein, Pittston 14-foot vein,	9 13 5 10 10 and 3 114 8 8 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 17 8 9 7 9 5 and 9
		DUN	MORE	DIVI	SION.			
The same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the 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of the same of the same of the same of the sa	Yes, Yes, Yes, Yes, Yes, Yes, Yes, Yes,	Yes, 14,980 Yes, 3,200 Yes, 5,533 Yes, 6,158 Yes, 6,158 Yes, 6,158 Yes, 7,200 Yes, 16,100 Yes, 16,200 Yes, 16,200 Yes, 16,200 Yes, 16,200 Yes, 16,200 Yes, 16,200 Yes, 16,200 Yes, 16,200 Yes, 16,200 Yes, 16,200 Yes, 16,200 Yes, 16,200 Yes, 16,200 Yes, 16,200 Yes, 16,200 Yes, 16,200 Yes, 16,200 Yes, 16,200 Yes, 16,200 Yes, 18,250 Yes, 18,250 Yes, 18,250 Yes, 18,250 Yes, 18,000 Yes, 18,000 Yes, 18,000 Yes, 10,205 Yes, 10,205 Yes, 10,205 Yes, 10,205 Yes, 10,205 Yes, 10,205 Yes, 10,205 Yes, 10,205 Yes, 10,205 Yes, 10,205 Yes, 10,205 Yes, 10,205 Yes, 10,205 Yes, 10,205 Yes, 10,205 Yes, 10,205 Yes, 10,205 Yes, 10,205 Yes, 10,205 Yes, 10,205 Yes, 10,205 Yes, 10,205 Yes, 10,205	Yes, 7,200 7,200 Yes, 6,500 6,500 Yes, 14,960 14,760 Yes, 3,200 2,000 Yes, 5,533 4,401 Yes, 6,188 4,671 Yes, 6,188 4,671 Yes, 5,080 4,900 Yes, 22,600 22,600 Yes, 1,000 12,000 Yes, 12,000 12,000 Yes, 16,175 15,175 Yes, 16,600 16,700 Yes, 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TABLE No. 7 - Continued. DUNMORE DIVISION-Continued.

	Do you work airways along all gangways and headings?	Length of headings in feet.	Length of airways in feet.	Length of T fron track laid in mines.	Length of strap-iron track laid in mines.	Length of T or 8' == strap iron laid outside.	What is the nature of the roof?	What is the name of the seam of coal worked?	What is the average thickness of the seam worked, in feet?
Shaft No. 3, middle vein, Shaft No. 3, bottom vein, Shaft No. 4, top vein, Shaft No. 4, bottom vein, Shaft No. 5, top or Clark vein, Shaft No. 5, tat Duumore vein, Shaft No. 5, 2d Dunmore vein, Shaft No. 5, 2d Dunmore vein, Total Pennsylvania Coal Company,	Yes, Yes, Yes, Yes, Yes, Yes, Yes, Yes,			2,200 2,300 5,050 7,338 4,399 500 60 225,186	800 500	58, 253	Slate, Slate, Slate, Slate, Slate, Slate, Slate, Slate, Slate, Slate, Slate,	Dunmore middle veln,	44 44 44 44 44 44 44
DELAWA Diamond, No. 2, Shaft, Fripp Slope, Fripp Shaft, Hampton Shaft, Bellevue Shaft, Sellevue Slope, Ontinentai Shaft, Icranton Slope, Dxford Shaft, Laylor Shaft, Dodge Shaft, Hyde Park Shaft, Zentrai Shaft, Zentrai Shaft, Archbald Shaft, Ayuga Shaft, Ayuga Shaft,	Yes, Yes, Yes, Yes, Yes, Yes, Yes, Yes,	ACKA	WANN	A ANE 20, 854 14, 412 1,000 60,000 22, 041 18, 451 14,000 11,550 40,050 31,908 25,860 44,562 19,980 22,020	532 	3,940 1,500 800 2,745 7,000 200 650 3,300 4,685 7,575 3,231 4,650 4,636 4,636	Slate, Slate, Slate, Slate, Slate, Bone and slate, Slate, Bony, Rock, Bony, Slate, Slate, Slate, Slate, Slate, Slate, Slate, Slate, Slate, Slate, Slate, Slate, Slate, Slate, Slate, Slate, Slate, Slate,	G, or Big vein, Diamond vein, Clark vein, Diamond and rock, Clark and G veins, Rock, Clark,	12 74 8 54 & 7 64 & 14 74 66 & 8 7 & 5 12 & 7 14 & 7,1 7 & 7 9 & 7

TABLE No. 7—Continued. DELAWARE AND HUDSON CANAL COMPANY.

Coal Brook,	No,	.	 	Rock,	
No. 3 Shaft,	No.	.		State	Bottom, 6
Jermyn, No. 1, Jermyn, No. 2, White Oak, Grassy Island, Olyphant, No. 2, Eddy Creek,	Yes, Yes, Yes,			Rock,	Archbald, 10 Archbald, 10 Archbald, 10 Grazzy veln, 6 to 11 Graszy ven, 6 to 9
Marvine,	Yes,			Fire-clay,	Diamond,
Von Storch,	.	_		Bock,	Diamond,

[No. 10

TABLE No. 7. - Continued.

RECAPITULATION.

NAMES OF COLLIERIES.	Number of shafts.	Depth of shaft in feet.	Number of slopes.	Length of slope in feet.	Length of planes outside in feet.	Number of planes outside.	Length of plane inside in feet.	Number of planes inside.	Number of tunnels.	Length of tunnels to cost in feet.	Number of breakers.	Number of screens and chates.	Length of T fron track laid in mines.	Length of strap-iron track laid in mines.	Length of T or S'-strap iron laid ontside.
Miscellaneous coal companies,	54 24	10,922 5,080	31 15	18,526 11,372	8,495 2,916	28 7	12,510 10,159	20 31	19 1	2,906 92	42 18	1 7	290,510 225,186	78,077 77,633	176, 965 58, 253
Company, Delaware and Hudson Canal Company,	30 21	8,410 4,068	15 11	9,445 7,250	2,448 5,405	12 16	7,598 9,987	17 21	4 8	1,188 3,550	17 11		490,199 275,000	26,990 120,000	72,104 50,000
Totals,	129	28, 475	72	46,593	19,264	58	40, 254	89	82	7,675	83	11	1,280,895	302,700	357, 322

There are 129 shafts, with a total depth of 28,475 feet.
There are 72 slopes, with a total length of 46,593 feet.
There are 88 outside planes, with a total length of 19,264 feet.
There are 89 inside planes, with a total length of 40,254 feet.
There are 82 tunnels, with a total length of 7,675 feet.
There are 83 breakers for preparing coal for market.
There are 11 buildings with chutes for the purpose of loading coal.
There are 7 small breakers connected with local coal sale mines.
There are 2 new breakers which have not shipped coal yet.
There are 242.4 miles of Tiron track laid inside in mines.
There are 67.33 miles of strap-iron track laid inside in mines.
There are 67.7 miles of track laid outside in connection with mines.

TABLE No. 1 - Continued.

MISCELLANEOUS COMPANIES.

The control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the co		
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128 OF COLLIERIES. 168, 168, 168, 168, 168, 17, 17, 18, 18, 18, 18, 19, 19, 19, 19, 19, 19, 19, 19, 19, 19		ā:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
128 OF COLLIERI 128, 138, 14, 14 (abandoned Ap 15, 15, 16, 16, 17, 18, 18, 18, 18, 18, 18, 18, 18, 18, 18	and stretchers at your	Stretcher, Ambulance, Stretchers, (,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
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TABLE No. 7-Continued.

MISCELLANEOUS COMPANIES-Continued.

Names of Collieries.	Have you got an ambulance and stretchers at your mines?	Is the breaker machinery fenced and boxed off?	Are the shaft landings pro- tected by safety-gates?	Is there a metal speaking- tube in the shaft or slope?	Is there a safety-carriage or cage with all modern im- provements?	Is there a safety-carriage or cage furnished whenever ten men are waiting to come out of the mines?	Are persons allowed to ride on loaded cars in shafts or slopes or planes?	Are there more than ten persons allowed to ride on safety-carriage or cage at one time?	Are the engineers experi- enced, competent, and sober men?	Have they reported the condition of bollers according to law? Are they in a safe condition?	Have they furnished a map or plan of mine workings?
Richmond Shaft and Slope Mines. (No report made.) Pancoast Shaft Mines, Jermyn, No. 4, Throup Shaft Mines, Lackawanua Coal Company Shaft Mines, Grassey Island Shaft Mines, Filer's Slope Mines. Dolph Tunnel Mines. (No report.) Pierce Coal Company Tunnel Mines, Eaton Shaft, Slope, and Tunnel Mines, Edgerton Tunnel Mines, Erie Shaft Mines, Keystone Tunnel Mines, Forest City Shaft Mines, Belmont Tunnel Mines, Belmont Tunnel Mines, Belmont Tunnel Mines,	Ambulance, Stretchers, Ambulance, Stretchers, Ambulance,	:: '::	Yes,	Yes,	Yes,	Yes,	No	No,	Yes,	Yes,	Yes,
	PE	INSYLV	ANIA CO	AL CO	APANY.						
No. 8 Breaker, Shaft No. 1, Shaft No. 6, Slope No. 6. (Abandoned April 1, 1884.) Shaft No. 4, Shaft No. 5, Shaft No. 5,	:::::	None, . Yes,	Yes,	Yes,	:::	Yes,	No	No,	Yes,	# · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	:: ::
No. 6 Breaker,	:: :::::				:: ::			**		::::	:: :

(Shaft No. 9,

Shaft No. 10, 7-foot vein, . . .

Shaft No. 10, 14-foot vein, . . . Shaft No. 10, Marcy vein, . . .

Shaft No. 12,

(No. 1, 7-foot vein,

No. 1, Marcy vein,

No. 2, 7-foot vein,

No. 2, 14-foot vein,

Central Breaker, Shaft No. 13,

Stark Shaft and Breaker. (Abandoned Nov. 1, 1884)

Eagle Shaft. (Temporarily abandoned Oct. 11,1884.) Carbon Hill. (Temporarily abandoned June, 1884.) Shaft No. 14, (now sinking; depth Jan. 1, 1885, 385

No. 2 Breaker, (this breaker is situated at the head

of No. 2 Plane, and prepares coal from collieries having no breakers,)

Old Forge Shaft and Breaker, . . .

Shaft No. 2. Dunmore vein. .

No. 10 Breaker,

Tunnel No. 1.

Barnum Breaker,

feet.) . . .

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REPORTS

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vde Park Shaft.	_										6.6	_			٠.		6.0		.	"	٠.	**					6.6	!	**			

DUNMORE DIVISION.

TABLE No. 7—Continued.
DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA AND WESTERN RAILROAD COMPANY-Continued.

NAMES OF COLLIERIES.	Have you got an ambulance and stretchers at your mines?	Is the breaker machinery fenced and boxed off?	Are the shaft landings pro- tected by safety-gates?	Is there a metal speaking- tube in the shaft or slope?	Is there a safety-carriage or cage with all modern im- provements?	Is there a safety-carriage or cage furnished whenever ten men are waiting to come out of the mines?	Are persons allowed to ride on loaded cars in shafts or slopes or planes?	Are there more than ten persons allowed to ride on a fety-carriage or uage at one time?	Are the engineers experienced, competent, and sober men?	Have they reported the condition of bollers according to law? Are they in a safe condition?	Have they furnished a map or plan of mine workings?
Central Shaft, Archbald Shaft, Cayuga Shaft, Sloan Shaft, Pyne Shaft, Pyne Shaft, Manville Shaft, Storra Shaft,	Yes,	Yes,	Yes,	Yes	Yes,	Yes,	No,	No,	Yes,	Yes,	Yes.
Racket Brook, Coal Brook, No. 18 Brook, No. 18 Braft, Powderly, Jermyn, No. 1, Jermyn, No. 2, White Oak. Grassey Island, Olyphant, No. 2, Eddy Creek, Marvine, Leggitt's Creek, Von Storch,	Yes,	Yes,	Yes,	No,	Yes, No,	Yes, No, Yes,	No,	No,	Yes,	Yes.	Yes.

TABLE No. 7 - Continued.

MISCELLANEOUS COAL COMPANIES-Continued.

NAMES OF COLLIERIES.	Do the parties having charge know their duties in case of death or serious accidents?	Is the mining boss a competent and practical man?	Has the mining boss an assistant or fire boss?	Is the mine examined every morn- ing before persons are allowed to enter to work?	Is the mine examined every even- ing to see that the main doors are all closed?	Are there attendants at all main doors?	Are the doors hung on main roads so as to close of their own accord?	Are there double doors on main traveled roads?	Is there an extra door in case of an accident to any of the other doors?	Is there any noxious or inflam- mable gas evolved in the mines?	Are you working towards where there is any standing water or gas?	Are you familiar with the mine law of 1870, and its supplements?	Have you established a code of mine laws for the better protection of life and property?	Have you got a second opening yet?
Everhart Slope Mines, Tompkins Shaft Mines, Fairmount Shaft Mines, Twin Shaft Mines, Mosler Shaft Mines, Butler Shaft Mines, Heidelberg Shaft Mines, Heidelberg Shaft Mines, Ontario Shaft Mines, Phœnix Shaft Mines, Stetler Shaft Mines, Stetler Shaft Mines, Spring Brook Tunnel Mines, Glendale Tunnel Mines, Unun Shaft Mines, Sibley Shaft Mines, Sibley Shaft Mines, Greenwood Shaft and Tunnel, National Shaft and Slope Mines, Meadow Brook Shaft and Tunnel, Amity Shaft Mines, Bridge Shaft and Slope Mines, Mount Pleasant Slope Mines, Capouse Shaft Mines, Pine Brook Shaft Mines, Fair Lawn Slope Mines, Green Ridge Slope Mines, Spencer Shaft Mines, Fair Lawn Slope Mines, Spencer Shaft Mines, Lucas Shaft Mines, Pancoast Shaft Mines, Pancoast Shaft Mines, Pancoast Shaft Mines,	Yes,	Yes,	No, Yes, No, Yes, No, Yes, No, Yes, No, Yes, No, Yes, No, Yes, No, Yes, No, Yes, No, No, No, No, No, No, No, No, No, No	Yes,	Yes, No, Yes, Yes, No, Yes, Yes, No, Yes,	Yes,	Yes,	No, Yes, No, Yes, No, Yes, No, Yes, No, Yes, No, No, No, No, No, No, No, No, No, No	No. Yes,	No, Yes, No, Yes, Yes, No, No, Yes, No, Yes, No, Yes,	No, Yes, No, 11	Yes,	Yes,	Yes. 11 12 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14

TABLE No. 7—Continued.

MISCELLANEOUS COMPANIES.-Continued.

Have you got a second opening yeth	,
Have you established a code of mine rules for the better protec- tion of life and property?	ğ::::::::
Areyou familiar with the minelaw of 1870, and its supplements?	Yes
Are you working towards where the your attact or the standing water or fars.	ģ::::::::
Is there any noxious or inflamma- ble gas evolved in the mines?	N Yes,
Is there an extra door in case of an accident to any of the other doors?	No.
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Are the doors hung on main roads so as to close of their own accord?	Yes:::::::::
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Is the mine examined every even- ing to see that the main doors are all closed?	Yes, Nos, Nos,
Is the mine examined every morn- ing before persons are allowed to enter it to work?	Yes
Tase the mining bose an assistant of free bose?	N N o
fresegmon a seed galalar ed. s.f. s.f. seem faciliosid bas	Yes::::::::
Do the parties having charge know their duties in case of death or serious scoldent?	ğ:::::::::
NAMES OF COLLIERIES.	Jermyn, No. 4. Throop Shaft Mines, Lackawanna Coal Company Shaft Mines, Grasey Bland Shaft Mines, Filer's Nupe Mines, Filer's Sub Company Tunnel Mines, Eaton Nath Company Tunnel Mines, Edgerton Tunnel Mines, Edgerton Tunnel Mines, Keystone Tunnel Mines, Forest City Shaft Mines,

Yes, Yes, No, Yes, Yes, Yes, Yes, Yes, Yes, Yes, Yes
No. 8 Breaker, Shaft No. 1, Shaft No. 4, Shaft No. 5, No. 6 Breaker, Shaft No. 1, Shaft No. 1, Shaft No. 1, Shaft No. 1, Shaft No. 1, Shaft No. 1, Shaft No. 1, Shaft No. 1, Shaft No. 1, Shaft No. 10, No. 10 Breaker, Shaft No. 10, No. 10 Greaker, Shaft No. 10, No. 10 Greaker, Shaft No. 10, No. 10 Greaker, Shaft No. 10, No. 10 Greaker, Shaft No. 10, No. 10 Greaker, Shaft No. 10, No. 10 Greaker, Shaft No. 10, No. 10 Greaker, Shaft No. 10, No. 10 Greaker, Shaft No. 10, No. 10 Greaker, Shaft No. 10, No. 10 Greaker, Shaft No. 10, No. 10 Greaker, Shaft No. 10, No. 10 Greaker, Shaft No. 10, No. 10 Greaker, Shaft No. 10, No. 10 Greaker, Shaft No. 10, No. 10 Greaker, Shaft No. 10, No. 10 Greaker, Shaft No. 10, No. 10 Greaker, Shaft No. 10, No. 10 Greaker, Shaft No. 10, No. 10 Greaker, Shaft No. 10, No. 10 Greaker, Shaft No. 10, No. 10 Greaker, Shaft No. 10, No. 10 Greaker, Shaft No. 10, No. 10 Greaker, Shaft No. 10, No. 10 Greaker, Shaft No. 10, No. 10 Greaker, Shaft No. 10, No. 10 Greaker, Shaft No. 10, No. 10 Greaker, Shaft No. 10, No. 10 Greaker, Shaft No. 10, No. 10 Greaker, Shaft No. 10, No. 10 Greaker, Shaft No. 10, No. 10 Greaker, Shaft No. 10, No. 10 Greaker, Shaft No. 10 Greaker, Shaft No. 10 Greaker, Shaft No. 10 Greaker, Shaft No. 10 Greaker, Shaft No. 10 Greaker, Shaft No. 10 Greaker, Shaft No. 10 Greaker, Shaft No. 10 Greaker, Shaft No. 10 Greaker, Shaft No. 10 Greaker, Shaft No. 10 Greaker, Shaft No. 10 Greaker, Shaft No. 10 Greaker, Shaft No. 10 Greaker, Shaft No. 10 Greaker, Shaft No. 10 Greaker, Shaft No. 10 Greaker, Shaft No. 10 Greaker, Shaft No. 10 Greaker, Shaft No. 10 Greaker, Shaft No. 10 Greaker, Shaft No. 10 Greaker, Shaft No. 10 Greaker, Shaft No. 10 Greaker, Shaft No. 10 Greaker, Shaft No. 10 Greaker, Shaft No. 10 Greaker, Shaft No. 10 Greaker, Shaft No. 10 Greaker, Shaft No. 10 Greaker, Shaft No. 10 Greaker, Shaft No. 10 Greaker, Shaft No. 10 Greaker, Shaft No. 10 Greaker, Shaft No. 10 Greaker, Shaft No. 10 Greaker, Shaft No. 10 Greaker, Shaft No. 10 Greaker, Shaft No. 10 Greaker, Shaft No. 10

PENNSYLVANIA COAL COMPANY.

Shaft No. 12, Shaft No. 13, Shaft No. 13, Shaft No. 13, Shaft No. 13, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 1, Shaft No. 1, Shaft No. 1, Shaft No. 1, Shaft No. 1, Shaft No. 1, Shaft No. 1, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Shaft No. 14, Sha	No,	No, No, Yes, Yes, Yes, Yes, Yes, Yes, Yes, Yes	Yes, Yes,		Yes, Yes, Yes, Ex. Doc.]
	DUN	MORE DIVISIO	on.		Per Von Von Von
Shaft No. 2, Dunmore vein,	Yes, Yes, No,	No, . No, .	Yes, . Yes, . No, .	Yes, . Yes, . No, .	Yes, Yes, Yes, O
LACKA	WANNA AND WE	STERN RAILI	ROAD COMPANY.		I
Diamond, No. 2, Shaft, Tripp Slope, Tripp Shaft, Hampton Shaft, Bellevue Shaft, Bellevue Slope, Continental Shaft, Beranton Slope, Oxford Shaft, Taylor Shaft, Taylor Shaft, Hyde Park Shaft, Central Shaft, Archbaid Shaft, Cayuga Shaft, Sloan Shaft, Pyne Shaft, Pyne Shaft, Brisbin khaft, Brisbin khaft, Manville Shaft, Storrs Shaft,	Yes, Yes, Yes, No, 1	No, No, Yes, Yes, No, No, Yes, Yes, Yes, Yes, Yes, Yes, Yes, Yes	Yes, Yes, Yes, No, 14	No, Yes, No, No, No, No, No, No, Yes, Wes, Wes, Wes, Wes, Wes, Wes, Wes, W	Yes, Yes, Yes, Was, Wes, Was, Was, Was, Was, Was, Was, Was, Wa

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	NAMES OF COLLIERIES
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	Do the parties having charge know
	their duties in case of death or serious accidents?
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	Table miles are stand and are standing
	Is the mine examined every morn- ing before persons are allowed to enter it to work?
	Is the mine examined every even- ing to see that the main doors are all closed?
	Are there attendants at all main doors?
::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	Are the doors hung on main roads so as to close of their own accord?
::::::::X	Are there double doors on main traveled roads?
	Is there an extra door in case of an accident to any of the other doors?
	Is there any noxious or inflamma- ble gas evolved in the mines?
::::::::;	Are you working towards where there is any standing water or gas?
Yes,	Are you familiar with the mine laws of 1870 and its settlements?
::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	Have you established a code of mine rules for the better protec- tion of life and property?
:::::::X	Have you got a second opening yet?

TABLE No. 8.—Machinery and steam-power used at each colliery in the Eastern District of Luzerne and Carbon counties, now including all of Lackawanna and a portion of Wayne and Susquehanna counties, Pennsylvania, for year ending 31st day of December, A. D. 1884.

MISCELLANEOUS COAL COMPANIES.

NAME OF COLLIERIES.	Number of bollers.	Length in feet.	Diameter in inches.	Pressure per square inch.		Steam-gauge or safety-	Date of last examination.	Condition when last exam-	Number of main rolls.	Number of pony rolls.	Number of main screens.	Number of pony screens.
* Everhart, * Tompkins, Fairmount, Beaver, Twin, Butler, Moster, Heldelberg, Ontario Breaker,	5 6 6 2 10 3 4 6 9	30 30 22 34 30 39 29 34 30 30	34 30 34 30 30 30 30 30 36 30	70 60 70 40 60 75 60 60	Both,		September 1, 1884	Good,	1 1 1 1 4	2 2 1	1 1 2 1	2 1 2 1
t Florence. Hillside, now Consolidated, Hillside, now Consolidated, Breaker, Phomix, Stetler, Spring Brook, Glendale, Dunn, Bibley, Greenwood Shaft, Greenwood Slope,	6 3 7 15 6 3 6 12	36 40 30 30 36 30 36 30	30 34 34 34 30 34 36 30 34 36	75 70 60 80 60 60 50 70	*** *** *** *** *** *** *** ***		December 30, 1884, August, 1884, December, 1884, January, 1885, January, 1885, January, 1885, January, 1885,	# # # #	1 2 2 1 1 2	1 2 2 2 1 1 2	4 1 2 3 3 4 6	1 1 2 1 2 2 3
Phinney Breaker, National, Meadow Brook, Meadow Brook Breaker, Amity,	8 8 6 12	30 32 32 36 30	30 32 32 30 34	65 70 65 60 80	**		July, 1884,		1 2 2 2	1 2 2 2	4 4	2 2 2 .

^{*} Idle last four months of year 1884.

[†] Breaker burned down.

TABLE No. 8-Continued. MISCELLANEOUS COAL COMPANIES-Continued.

		DIMEN	SIONS.	Inch.			É			98.	
NAME OF COLLIERIES.	Number of bollers.	Length in feet.	Diameter in inches.	Pressure per square in	Steam-gauge or safe	*Date of last examination.	Condition when last ex	Number of main rolls.	Number of pony rolls.	Number of main screens	Number of ponyscreen
Bridge,	5 2 1	80 32 20 80	30 34 49 84	75	Both,	September 3 and 5, 1884,	Good,	1	1	4	2
Mount Pleasant,	8 2 2 15 6	36 30 15 30	30 30 43 36 86	80 70 70		April 30, 1884, Examined since, but not re-{ ported, October 1, 1884,	} :: ::::	2 2	2 2	8 2 2	2 2
Fair Lawn,	4	24 80	86 80	70 70 70		October 1, 1884,		1	2	1	8
Green Ridge,	12 12 12	40 86 41	34 34 34	75 70 85		September, 1894, January 1, 1885, July 10, 1884, November 4, 1834, New in September, 1884,		2 2 2	2 1 2	2 5 2	2 4 4
Pancoast, Jermyn, No. 4, Lackawanna Coal Company,	12 18 9	88 86 86 20	34 34 34 30	75 75 75	64	October 4, 1884,	::::::	1 2 2	1 2 2	8 6 2	2 2 2
Grassy Island Coal Company,	6	34 30 30	34 30 30	70 70 70 80	**	January 2, 1885, January 2, 1885, Examined, but not reported (according to law,	**	2	1	4	3
Pierce,	6 3 3	80 40 88	30 81 84	80	: :::::	July, 1884,	:: :::::	2 2	. 4	8 2	8 2
Eaton Slope, Edgerton, Rrie, Erie Pump Shaft,	3 4 15 6	36 36 30 30 & 36	84 30 34 35	60 100 100		New in September, 1884, October 24, 1884,	::::::	1 1	2	2	2 4

S	
=	

Totals,	12,066						
		PENNSYI	LVAN	IA C	DAT C	OMPANY.	
No. 8 Breaker, Shaft No. 1,	36 36 36	34 30	60 75		· · · ·	October 8 and 4, 1884,	2 2
Shaft No. 5,	36 36 35 36	80 80	75 6 80 6 75 6		• • • • • • • • • • • •	October 3, 1884,	8
haft No. 7,	36 36 36	80	75 75 75	:		October I and 2, 1884,	
Shaft No. 10, 14-foot, 6	36 36 35 36	3 0 3 6	75 ° 75 ° 75 ° 75 ° 75 ° 75 ° 75 ° 75 °		 	October 1 and 2, 1884,	16
Shaft No. 13, 10	36	30 30	80 175 175 175 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180		· · · ·	October 2 and 3, 1994,	12 16
	two 20 six 36	20	80 ' 75 .	•		October 6 and 8, 1884,	-
Yunnel No. 1,	36 36	30 30	75 75 90	: :	:::.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	2
Barnum Breaker, { No. 1, 14-foot vein, } No. 2, 7-foot vein, }	36	30	75	٠.	 	October 3 and 4, 1884,	1 18
Shaft, 5 Shaft, 5 Shaft, 5 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Shaft, 6 Sha	36 60 28 Porta	30 30 ble,	75 90 75 60			Not in use,	12
Shaft No. 2,	36 36 36	80	70		• • • •	Not in use, Good, Good,	
Eagle Shaft,	Tub'r	1 3 1	65 4	٠.	• • • •	1 1 1 1	2
162	5,826						87

TABLE 8-Continued.

DUNMORE DIVISION.

DIMENSIONS.

Name of Collibries.	Number of Boilers.	Length in feet.	Diameter in inches.	Pressure per square inc	Steam - gauge or safe	Date of last examination.	Condition when last ex	Number of main rolls.	Number of pony rolls.	Number of main screen	Number of pony screen
Shaft No. 2, Dunmore, Dunmore Screens, Dunmore, No. 3 Shaft, Gypsey Grove, No. 4 Shaft, Gypsey Grove, No. 5 Shaft, Dunmore, Dunmore Breaker, Dunmore,	8 3 7 3 5 3 24	36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36	30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30	80 80 80 80 80 80	**	September 8, 1834,	64 64	2 2 2	4 2 4 2	4 2 8 4	12 2
*Diamond Locomotives, No. 2 Shaft, Breaker, Tripp Slope, Do. Tripp Shaft Diamond Air-Shaft, Do. do.	3 10 4 4 8 6 9	2 40 28 80 40 40 40 84 40	34 20 30 30 34 34 34	75 85 85 65 65 85	Boston, Boston, Asheroft, Asheroft, Utica, Utica, Utica,	September 21, 1884, November 12, 1884, December 13, 1884, December 13, 1884, August 1, 1884, August 1, 1884, November 13, 1884,	Good,		2	2 2	2
Hampton Shaft, Hampton Locomotive Boilers, Bellevue Shaft, Bellevue Slope, Continental Shaft, Continental Locomotive Boilers, Scranton Slope, Do. Oxford Shaft.	18 8 12 12 15 1 4 8	36 38 40 30 82 40	84 84 84 84 84 84	80 85 85 85 75 75 75 75 75	Boston, Boston, Ashcroft, Ashcroft, Ashcroft, Utica, Utica, Utica.	November 12, 1884, November 12, 1884, July 24, 1884, October 16, 1884, October 16, 1884, October 16, 1884, October 16, 1894, November 1, 1894, November 18, 1884,		2 2 2 2 2 2	2 2 2	4 2 2	8 4 2

Cocomotive Airway,	Do. Dodge Shaft, Do. Hyde Park Shaft, Do. Central, Do. One Locomotive inside,	4 9 8 6 12 4	40 36 30 36 40 30	84 84 84 84 84 84	75 80 80 75 75 86 86	Boston, Boston,	December 1, 1884, December 1, 1884, July 8, 1884, July 8, 1884, August 27, 1884, August 27, 1884,	46 46 46 46 46 46	- '	2 2 2 6	2 2 5
Delicomotive outside, 12 30 34 85 Boston, November 5, 1884, 10 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Locomotive Airway, Archbald, Do, Cayuga, Sioan, Do, Pyne,	4 6 12 12 6 12	30 30 30 40 36	34 34 34 34 34 34	75 75 80 85 85	Utica,	July 14, 1884, August 1, 1884, August 1, 1884, October 13, 1884, September 6, 1884, September 6, 1884, September 1, 1884,	66 66 66 66 66 66	2 2	4 2	4 2 2 2
Rackett Brook,	One Locomotive outside,	12 3 18 6	30 40 36 40	34 84 84	85 85 85	Boston, Boston, Utica,	November 5, 1884, November 5, 1884, October 21, 1884,	66 46 46 46		"	2
Toal Brook											
No. 1, Jermyn, 17 35 34 80 "November 13, 1884, "1 1 2 2 November 13, 1884, "1 1 1 2 2 No. 2, Jermyn, 184 86 34 80 "November 13, 1884, "1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		1	DELA	WARI	C AND	HUDSON CA	NAL COMPANY.				
Manyille Shaft	No. 3 Shaft, Carbondale,	5 7	- 36 - 36 - 36 - 36	84 84 84 84	75 75 60	Steam-gauge, .	November 1, 1884,	44	1 2	4 6	2 8

^{*} Outside and one inside.

TABLE No. 8—Continued.

MISCELLANEOUS COAL COMPANIES—Continued.

	HOISTIN	NG EN- E8.	BREAK	ER EN-	Engi	NES.		NG EN-	DONKE Engi	T PUMP		NG En-	englues.	
Name of Collieries.	Number.	Horse-power.	Number.	Horse-power.	Number.	Ногве-роwег.	Number.	Horse-power.	Number.	Horse-power.	Number,	Ногае-роwег,	Total number of eng	Total horse-power.
dirmount,	1	30	1 1	18	1	8	1		4	86	1	6	8	96
vin.	1 1	60 85	1 1	45 45	1	40	i ¹ *	140	1	8	1	45 I	8	338 96
osler	i	60	i	85	1	40	1	80	1	6	1 1	25	6	26
eldelberg,	3 pair.	265			2	40			8	80			11	33
ntario Breaker,	2 2	50 - 80	1	40		25	(75	• • • •	45	8	9
illside, now Consolidated, Breaker,	2	80 ·	1	75	l	20				l		40	12	22 15
(- 1	•			(i	30	` . · · ·	• • • • •	11		1	····	.]	10
ncentx,	1	90	1	80	} 1	20	} :::		1 1	80			7	26
etler,	4	500	1	60	(1	5	,		7	500	2	so	15	1 18
oring Brook,	2	100	i	35	l		ı. 		2	15	î	20	6	17
endale,	1	40	1 1	40							1	l	2	8
unn,	1	120	1	60	1	40			5.	50	1	10	9	28
bley,	2	80	1	40	1	40	i		8	80		<u></u>	9	24
reenwood Shaft,	2	120 S				40				• • • •	ļ . 2	40	5	20
hinney Breaker.	l [•] l		i	60						· · · · ·			. îl	ě
ational	` ` ` 2	206	ī	45	1	40	1	1	2	140		1:::: 1	8	42
endow Brook,	1	100			1	26			2	90	8	87	7	28
eadow Brook Breaker,			1	78									1	7
mity,	2	800	1	90	1	90] 2	110			6	79
dge,	5 2	185 100	1 1	40 40	2	20 25			7	85 60	3	25	18	80 22
ount riemant,	4	225	1	40	2	80	1	135	' 2	40		: : : :	10	62
ne Brook,	2	70	1	eo	ī	80	î	70	. 2	45			7	30
ir Lawn,	1	120	1	30	1	16			1	10	2	30	5	20
	1	30							$\parallel \cdots \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \mid$	• • • • [1	a
reen Bidge,	2 4	180 150	1 2	195	1	25		80	8	90 12	2	80 80	9 14	41 55

60
63

REPORTS OF THE INSPECTURS OF MINES.

Ex. Doc.]

ucas,	 - :1	2	450	1. 1	80	1	80			4	350	2	160	10	1,120
ancoast,	 . }	1 2	70 1 120	`{ 1	70	1	70			6	143	2	60	13	583
ermyn, No. 4,	 . }	2	120 160	1	75	1	75			6	75	2	50	14	55
ackawanna Coal Company,	 . '	2	200	, 1	75	1	75			2	100	2	50	8	500
rassy Island Coal Company,	 	4	140	1	60	1	- 65			3	45			9	310
ller's Slope,	 • •	2	80	1	80					4	80			7	20
ler's Slope, (fan,)	 					1								1	
erce,		2	°80	1	40	1	20			1	5	1	30	6	1
ton Breaker,	 	2	54	1	25				N 81 1000 - 01 140					8	
ton Ridge,	 • • •	2	70			¥	40] .	9			0	1
ton Slope,	 • •	- 1	25		76	1		1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1						2	1
gerton,		9	50	1 1	95		30			1 2	50		95	10	2
le Pump Shaft,		9	90	^		1		1		1 6			-	8	7
ystone Tunnel,	 : :I	" .	1	1	20				1	II			1::::1	il	
rest City,	 	2	80	ī	35	1	25			1				5	1
lmont,	 	- -		1	40	1	25					I I		2	
Totals,	 	88	5, 500	87	1,968	88	1,400	8	565	102	2,449	36	928	309	12, 8

PENNSYLVANIA COAL COMPANY.

(Shaft No. 1,	2 60		1 20				80
No. 8 Breaker, . Shaft No. 8		1 25					2 65
/ Slope No. 6,							1 30
Shaft No. 4,	1 1 40			14 1000	1 71 77	2 20	7 150 3 70
Shaft No. 5,			20		2 70	1 20	4 180
No. 6 Breaker, Shaft No. 11,		1			1 10		8 70
Breaker,	1						1 30
Shaft No. 7,	1 40			1 120	8 90	2 40	7 290
			1 20				1 20
(Shaft No. 9, Shaft No. 10, 7-foot,)		1 40	1 20		1 60		8 120 4 100
No. 10 Breaker, Shaft No. 10, 14-foot,				1 80	A 10 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 MAY 100 M		1 30
Shaft No. 10, Marcy, .					3 50		7 170
Shaft No. 12,	1 40			'		2 20	8 60
Shaft No. 18,	1 40			2 80			7 220
Central Broaker, Law Shaft,	1 40	40		1 40	3 160	2 20	8 280
Breaker, }		1 40	{ 				2 80
Slope No. 2,			11.2		8 190		4 230
Slope No. 4	5 80	F 200 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100					7 140
Tunnel No. 1,					8 60		5 100
Stark Shaft and Breaker,	1 1 40	1 1 80	ll l	11	1 1 10	11 41 501	7 1.30

TABLE No. 8—Continued.
PENNSYLVANIA COAL COMPANY—Continued.

			NG EN- NES.	BREAT	ER EN-	FAR E	KG1M#8	PUMPI	NG EN-	DONKE ENG	Y PUMP	HOISTI GINES I	NG En- N MINES		
NAME OF	COLLIBRING.	Number.	Horse-power.	Namber.	Horse-power.	Number.	Horse-power.	Number.	Horse-power.	Namber.	Horse-power.	Number.	Horse-power.	Total number of engines	Total horse-power.
Barnum Breaker,	No. 1, 7-foot vein, No. 1, Marcy vein, No. 1, 14-foot vein, No. 2, 7-foot vein, No. 2, 14-foot vein,	1	40	1	40	1	25	1	40	1 1 1	10 10 10 10	2 2	20 20	1 1 7 8	46 10 175 30 78
Old Forge, Carbon Hill,	Shaft, Breaker,	2 4 2	80 80 70	1	40	i	25	1	40 45	î 1	10 10	•	•	5 6 3	13: 11: 11:
Shaft No. 2,		2	20 40	{···				1	40	1	25			1 1	0 2 4
No. 2 Breaker, Eagle Shaft,	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1	40	1 1	40 30	1	20	· · · · ·		3	45	· · · · i	25	7	180
		4	1,220	10	365	13	275	11	515	36	990	20	255	183	3,610
					DUN	MORE	DIVISI	DN.							
Shaft No. 2, Dunm Dunmore Screens,		1			90	:	:::			<u> </u>		1	40	2 1	180
No. 3 Shaft, Gypse No. 4 Shaft, Gypse		1	70	1	70	1		2	} 70	Š 1	9	1	40	6 2	34 10
No. 5 Shaft, Dunm Dunmore Breaker,	ore,	i	140	1	90 30		. 35				9		: :	1 1	27-
		4	270	4	280	2	70	2	160	2	18	3	80	16	971

^{*}Two locomotives hauling coal from shaft to breaker.

DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA AND WESTERN RAILROAD COMPANY.

No 08hadi		100				1		00	1 100	1			
No. 2 Shaft,		180	1	60			1	90 4	160	1	•	11	474
Tripp Slope,	2	60	1	00					80	11		5	180
Tripp Shaft,	2	150			1		!	.	30			1 1	220
Diamond Air-Shaft,					1) 1	40	. ,8					1	40
Hampton Shaft,	2	80	1	60	1	40	1	90 1	8	9	40	7	, 813
Bellevue Shaft,	6	800	1	60	1	40	1	90 5	105	2	100	16	698
Bellevue Slope,								8	82	1	40	4	122
Continental Shaft,	2	120	1	60	1	40	1	90 5	120			10	430
Scranton Slope,	2	80	1	60	1	40		. 2	40			6	220
Do			1		4			. 1	80			1	30
Oxford Shaft,	4	180	1	60	2	80	1			11		11	
Taylor Shaft,	5	190	1	60	2	80	1	90 2	28	1	40	12	488
Dodge Shaft,	2	90	1	60			1	90				4	240
Hyde Park Shaft,	4	100	1	60		1				1	30	6	190
Central,	4	180	1	60	2	80		200 7	100	1	30	17	750
Archbald,	2	90	1	60	1	40		2	40			6	230
Cayuga,	2	120	1	60	1	40	2	240	20			7	490
Sloan,	2	120	i	80	ī	40		. 6	110	all the same of		10	230
Pyne,	2	200	ī	80	1	40	1	150 1	10	1	20	7	560
Brisbin,	2	120	i	80	1	40			800	. 1	۱ ۲	10	520
Manville,	- A	206	1 1	60	1 2	00		- 1	90		50	18	476
Storrs,	1	80		00		80		11	90	7	30	10	310
Devise,								·					
	54	2,686	17	1,020	19	780	11 L	230 56	1 348	13	354	170	7, 89
	01	A, 000	11	1,020	1	100	A4 4,	200 00	1,090	10	90%	170	7,000

DELAWARE AND HUDSON CANAL COMPANY.

ackett Brook,			1	77			.	 	1000	10								1	77
oal Brook,		56	1	77	[] 1		86	 		4.4	II.	8	82			١.		6	201
o. 3 Shaft, Carbondale,						1	42	2	1	130		0.00						5	259
o. 1 Shaft, Carbondale,					1		88	1	1	-60								2	96
owderly Slope,	2	117			2	1	32		100	7	1	2	177			١		6	326
o. 1, Jermyn,	8	148	1	56	1		59	7	1	191		7	191	1	1		88	13	487
o. 2, Jermyn,	2	72	1	36			.	 		2 - 1		1						8	108
hite Oak,	2	205	1	61	1		49	 100				2	70					6	885
rassy Island,	2	72	1	61	2	1	17	1		77		5	156		2		10	13	493
o. 2, Olyphant,	8	150	1	88			- 11	1	1	77	II.	8	141			١		8	404
ddy Creek,	2	117	1	61	2	1	17			6.5		1	6		2		10	8	311
arvine Shaft,	3	200	1	61	1	1	69	1		120	1	2 '	22		2		10	10	462
eggett's Creek,	2	200	1	61	1 1		49 :	1	1	77	1	1	10		2		10	9	407
on Storch Slope,	5	296	1	61	1 2	1	20	 	50	1.7	1	8	150	1	2		10	12	637
anville Shaft,	4	250	1	61	9		32					4	90		4		20	15	503
							-11	 -	-							_			
	23	2,000	12	709	12	1 7	88	7		511	1 2	3	1, 045		15		103	117	5, 156

[No. 10

TABLE No. 8—Continued.

RECAPITULATION.

				STING INES.		INES.		AN INES.		MPING	Pt	NEEY UMP INES.	ENGI	STING NES IN NES.	nes.	
NAME OF COLLIERIES.	Number of bollers.	Length in feet.	Number.	Horse-power.	Namber.	Horse-power.	Number.	Horse-power.	Number.	Horse-power.	Number.	Horse-power.	Number.	Horse-power.	Total number of engi	Total horse-power.
Miscellaneous Coal Companies,	365 186 269 174	12,086 6,690 9,480 6,264	88 47 54 33	5,500 1,590 2,686 2,000	87 14 17 12	1,968 685 1,020 709	38 15 19 17	1,400 345 760 788	8 13 11 7	565 675 1,230 511	102 38 56 38	2,449 1,008 1,348 1,045	36 22 13 15	928 835 854 108	309 149 170 117	12,800 4,580 7,390 5,150
	994	84,500	222	11,776	80	4,882	59	3,293	89	2,981	229	5,850	86	1,715	745	29,9

NOTE.—There has been an increase of 42 boilers, 47 steam engines, and 419 horse-power over the year 1883.

In addition to the above, there are working at the collieries of this district twenty-one (21) mine locomotives.

LUZERNE AND CARBON COUNTIES.

SOUTH DISTRICT.

To His Excellency Robert E. PATTISON,

Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Sin: In accordance with the requirements of the twenty-second section of the act of Assembly, entitled "An act providing for the health and safety of persons employed in and about coal mines," I have the honor to submit for your perusal my annual report as inspector of coal mines for the South district of Luzerne and Carbon counties for the year ending December 31, 1884.

I have carefully prepared tables enumerating all the accidents in and about the coal mines of this district, marking in tabular form all accidents resulting in death and injuries to persons employed, and have also endeavored to set forth the results of my labor generally.

In reviewing the work of the past year, I feel grateful that I can any that not a single person lost his life through the explosion of carbureted hydrogen gas, and also that the number of persons killed by falls has been greatly decreased; but am sorry to have to write that accidents due to mine cars have materially increased. Justice prompts me to say that the increase in fatal accidents due to mine cars may be attributed generally to the negligence and carelessness of the victims themselves. Some of these accidents, however, could have been avoided with better discipline on the part of the men in charge, and I hope the section on transportation in the proposed new mine law will be the means of enforcing a more strict discipline among this class of employés.

There were two hundred and fifty-seven accidents reported in this district during the year 1884, through which forty persons lost their lives.

Of the forty fatal accidents, ten, or twenty-five per cent., were caused by falls; seventeen, or forty-two and one half per cent., by cars; six, or fifteen per cent., by premature blasts and miscellaneous causes inside of the mines;

and seven, or seventeen and one half per cent., were due to miscellaneous causes outside of the mines. If the same care had been taken by foremen and employés in transportation as in the mining of coal, we would be enabled to present a more satisfactory report.

Fatal accidents through falls in this district in the preceding years ranged from fifty to seventy-five per cent. of the total number.

The total production of this district for the year 1884 was 5,274,227 tons, a decrease of 892,540 tons from the previous year. The average number of days worked was 184.5 against 221.9 during the year 1883, showing that this district was idle 37 + days more in 1884 than in 1883.

For every fatal accident in this district, 131,885 tons of coal were produced, which is a good record for a district where so much robbing of pillars is done. The number of employés was 14,299, making the ratio employed per fatal accident 357+, or, in other words, about 2.8 lost their lives for every 1,000 persons employed, showing that the mining of coal in this country is nearing the standard of the older countries of Europe.

I hope that in future years more attention will be paid to the science of mining, as undoubtedly the more we know of this science the more economical and safe we can mine coal.

I have again called attention to the great need of a miners' hospital for this district, and have also referred at some length to the beneficial fund of the Lehigh Coal and Navigation Company of Lansford, with the hope that more of our companies will imitate or follow in the footsteps of this philanthropic company.

Respectfully submitted by

JAMES E. RODERICK, Inspector of Coal Mines.

HAZLETON, April, 1884.

TABLE of comparison showing the number of fatal accidents per thousand persons employed in and about the mines of this district for the years 1881, 1882, 1883, and 1884.

	Year.	Number of employes.	Number of deaths.	Ratio em- ployed per death.	Number of deaths per 1000.
1881, 1882, 1883, 1884,		11,386 12,298 13,598 14,299	47 40 38 40	242.25 807.45 857.84	4. 127 8. 252 2. 794 2. 797
1004,	Averages,	12,895	41. 25	857.47 816.25	8. 240

TABLE of comparison showing the different causes of fatal accidents in this district for the years 1881, 1882, 1893, and 1884.

	1881.	1882.	1883.	1884.
Explosion of carbureted hydrogen gas,	8	1		
By falls of coal, roof, and sides,	24	24	18	10
By cars, inside and outside,	11	. 8	11	17
By premature blasts,	1 1	1	1	3
By machinery inside	1	j		
By machinery outside,	8	1 1	2	2
Miscellaneous inside,	2	2	2	3
Miscellaneous inside,	2	8	4	5.
	47	40	38	40

General Condition of the Mines.

I am happy to be able to state that the ventilation and sanitary condition of our mines are much better than they were three years ago, and are gradually improving. This radical change resulted from the large number of fans erected, the enlargement of airways, of cross-cuts, the erection of additional doors, the division of the air into separate splits, and the constant attention that is given these matters by the mine foremen.

There are a large number of mine foremen in this district that take pride in keeping the places under their charge in good condition; who never rest easy unless all the places are properly ventilated; yet we have a few left of the old "pattern," that care for nothing if the coal can only be sent out. But as experience is a good teacher, this class of foremen can see, or ought to see, that the mines that are best ventilated and conducted are the mines that are sending out the most coal; and when these parties are satisfied that they can send out more coal when their mines are properly ventilated, I have hopes that they will get out of the old rut.

There is no longer a doubt that the division of the air currents largely increases the volume, besides taking pure air into the different places, so that men, even when employed in the bowels of the earth, can breathe of the pure air, the great free gift of the Almighty.

Drainage is somewhat neglected in several mines, and through this neglect the amount of coal that should be taken out cannot be gotten.

As it does not materially interfere with the health and safety of the persons employed, I have been a little delicate in enforcing better drainage, as I don't know that our present law requires any such action; but I have always spoken to the foremen in charge of the importance of having good drainage, if only for the additional work that the mules could perform. In the majority of mines in this district, however, we have good drainage.

Remarks on Accidents and their Causes.

Accidents in and about the mines are numerous, and are the results of various causes. Danger lurks in all the dark places inside of the mines, and hundreds of victims are caught each year.

Accidents in and about the mines can be divided into two classes' namely: the unforeseen and unavoidable accidents, and the accidents that can be foreseen and guarded against, but the number of unavoidable accidents are only a small percentage of the whole number of accidents every year.

The accidents that can be guarded against can be divided again into two classes, and called accidents through omissions and accidents through commissions.

Some of the accidents from omission on the part of the miner result from his failure to examine his working-place with a safety-lamp and otherwise every morning before he commences to work; his failure to examine his place after every blast is fired; his failure to keep a supply of timber on hand; his failure to stand a prop when he knows that it is needed; his failure to take down a dangerous piece of coal; his failure to give the blasts time to explode before going back; his failure to give himself enough time to go away from a blast; his failure to construct a safe and available manway; his failure to make a safety-hole for himself; his failure to construct a safe battery, and his failure to make an available place to escape after starting the battery, &c.

The accidents from commission are also numerous, a few of which we will here enumerate.

He often goes to the face of his working-place with a naked lamp; he takes his naked lamp on his head while examining after firing a blast; he goes right back after firing a blast before the place is settled; he knocks in one end of the powder keg; he leaves his box open; he makes a cartridge with his lamp on his head; he makes a cartridge with a lighted pipe in his mouth; he carries the cartridge back with one end of it open; he rams a tight cartridge into the hole with the butt end of his drill; he cuts off half of the match before he lights it; he lights the match before seeing that the place is free from fire-damp; he drills out a hole that has misfired; he sits and smokes under a dangerous piece of coal; he stands in front of an empty battery; he goes inside of the battery to start the coal; he will fire a blast on the top of his manway, then go up through the same one, and he will go to the face of his breast when it is working, &c.

I think that the foregoing enumeration should satisfy the miners that they can take much better care of themselves and others than they have been doing in the past. By taking proper care of themselves, they will also care for their laborers, and make mining coal much safer to their fellow-workmen in general. Especially is this true about the accidents caused by explosion of fire-damp, as often one foolhardy miner is the means of burning a large number. The above enumeration is not imaginary on my part, but based on facts that have been brought to my notice within the last three years, and there are many more accidents through omission and commission than I have been able to call to mind.

The car-runner also takes many unnecessary risks as he rides in front of

the cars, on the sides of the cars, couples them while running, does not put in the necessary number of sprags, therefore fails to control his trip, and in the excitement often falls a victim to his neglect and recklessness.

The driver starts his team on a run, then attempts to jump on; rides on the sides of the cars in narrow places; rides between them; couples and uncouples the cars while in motion; allows other persons to ride on the front end with him, in which way a large number have been killed in this district in the last three years.

The footman does not go into the safety-hole, but looks up the slope when coal is being hoisted to see how quick he can jump when he hears the coal rolling down; allows his safety-hole to get filled with rubbish; often rides up on the rear end of a car, insists on going up to turn the latches when a loaded car is being hoisted.

If we so desired, we could continue to enumerate a large number of unnecessary risks that are taken by every class of employés inside and outside the mine, but the above will suffice at present.

The inside foreman is indirectly responsible for a large number of accidents which would not have occurred had be done his whole duty. First, for not enforcing a regular system of propping; for not seeing that the miners keep a supply of timber convenient; for allowing men to construct poor manways; for allowing men to work under dangerous pieces of coal and roof when the same are known to be dangerous; for not visiting the working-places as often as practicable; for giving chambers to men that cannot take care of themselves; for giving green miners chambers in gaseous places; for not seeing that the roads and sides of roads are kept free from obstructions; for not having width enough by sides of tracks; for allowing door-boys to do the work of drivers; for allowing drivers to do the work of runners; and generally for not enforcing good discipline.

The outside foreman is responsible for allowing boys to run through all parts of the breaker; for allowing boys to climb over guard and fence-railings; for allowing boys to jump on cars and to meddle with the machinery; for removing fence and guard-rails without replacing them; for not fencing off all dangerous places; for putting green hands to shovel coal in pockets without seeing that they come out before any coal is loaded, &c.

By what I have written, the reader can see that the accidents in and about the coal mines can be greatly reduced if the parties interested would only make the proper effort.

After thus taking a general view of the different causes of accidents, we will explain the different causes of the fatal accidents in this district during the year 1884. The most prolific source of accidents this year was mine cars. Of the seventeen lives that were lost through that agency, only six can be classified with the unavoidable accidents. The others were caused by disobedience to general rules and recklessness on the part of the victims.

Next to cars come falls of all kinds, through which ten persons lost their lives, and out of that number only five could be called unforeseen or un-

avoidable accidents. The others, with a little care and forethought, could have been avoided, but I am sorry to have it to say, that several of these came to their death through their own ignorance in language and practice, having failed to follow the instructions given them by the mine foremen. It is gratifying to have to record the great falling off in the number of fatal accidents through falls, which is largely due to the mine foremen, and perhaps somewhat to the miners themselves. I hope that this good result will be the means of stimulating all parties concerned to take more care than ever of all dangerous pieces of top and sides.

Three persons lost their lives at strippings, but with a little foresight on the part of the victims themselves, two of the three accidents would have been avoided.

Two were killed by machinery on the surface, and if these two persons had been attending to their own duties, they would not have suffered as they did.

Two lost their lives by runaway cars on slopes, caused by the breaking of ropes, yet these two could have escaped, as did all the other persons that were with them, had they understood the danger or been gifted with ordinary intelligence. The bad place in one of the ropes that broke could not have been detected, as it was inside of the cone; in the other, it was criminal negligence on the part of the outside foreman, who should have been punished for his neglect. Yet the coroner's jury exonerated him and brought in a verdict of "accidental death."

Of the remaining six fatal accidents, two only could be termed as unavoidable or unforeseen accidents, the other four having come to their death as if they were hurrying to meet it.

To prevent these suicidal accidents, persons must be schooled to care for themselves, and to do this the standard of intelligence must be raised among our mining population. Then, and not before, can we hope to lessen the number of these accidents.

The "night school bill" was a step in the right direction, and it is gratifying to all persons that have the welfare of working classes at heart to witness the great interest that is taken, generally, by parents and children in this matter. Yet many parents and children do not seem to appreciate this great advantage, and for the sake of these careless parties, compulsory education should be enforced, so that boys that are compelled to work every day would have to attend the night schools. This neglect of attending school on the part of the children can be generally attributed to the ignorance of the parents who did not have these advantages in their young days, and who think that their children can get along as they have done.

TABLE No. 1.—Exhibits the number of deaths in the different classes of employes inside and outside of the mines, and the causes thereof, for the year 1884.

Causes of Draths Inside of Mines.	Miners.	Miners' laborers.	Drivers and run- ners.	Company men.	Helpers or patch- ers.	Total.	Total from all causes.
By falls of coal sides and roof, By mine cars, By blasts and powder explosions, Miscellaneous inside,		2 · · · ·	3	1 7 · · · 1		10 13 8 3	
Total inside,	12	2	8	9	3	29	29
•							
Causes of Deaths Outside of t	ене М	ines.		Laborers.	Slate-ptokers.	Total.	
CAUSES OF DEATHS OUTSIDE OF TO THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE C				Laborers.	Slate-ptokers.	Total.	
By machinery, By falls at strippings, By mine and railroad cars,	• • • •		:::	 8 4		2 3 4	11

TABLE No. 2.—Gives the total number of each class of employés, the number of deutes in each class, and the ratio of each class employed per life lost inside and outside the mines of this district during the year 1884.

CLASSES OF EMPLOYEES INSIDE OF THE MINES.	Number of each class employed.	Number of deaths in each class.	Ratio employed per death.
Miners, Miners' laborers, Runners and drivers, Patchers or helpers and door-boys, Company hands otherwise employed,	3,286 2,006 826 265 1,441	12 2 8 8 9	273. 83 1,003 275. 33 88. 33 134. 77
	7,824	29	269.79
Classes of employes outside of the mines: Laborers,	1,986 2,879 1,610	9 2	220.66 1,489
	6,475	11	588.68

TABLE No. 3.—Gives the total number of each class of employes, the number of injuries in each class, and the ratio of each class employed per injury inside and outside of the mines of this district for the year 1884.

CLASSES OF EMPLOYEES INSIDE OF THE MINES.	Number of each class employed.	Number injured in each class.	Ratio employed per injury.
Miners. Miners' laborers, Runners and drivers, Patchers or helpers and door-boys, Company hands otherwise employed,	3,286 2,006 826 265 1,441	89 80 29 9 27	36. 92 66. 86 28. 5 29. 44 160
Classes of employés outside of the mines:	7,824	184	42.53
Laborera,	1,986 2,879 1,610	28 7 8	86.34 411.2 536.66
	6,475	88	196. 22

TABLE No. 4. - Gives the number of accidents, the number of each class, and the causes thereof during the year 1884.

) 	
ElatoT	888042v4	217
Arms dislocated.		-
Shoulders dislocated,	:: :.	-
Ankles dislocated.	-	-
Hip dislocated.	= : ·	-
Arm cut off.	H : 1 : 1 : 1	-
.berurearl enod-wal	-	-
Ribs fractured.	0101 01 1101	G.
Fingers fractured.	61 00 64	13
Hands fractured.	63 - 63	2
Arms fractured.	4.5 80	13
Квеев fractured.	::	-
Toes fractured.	c/ 20	9
Feet fractured.	⊣ ∞	4
Ankle fractured.	:- :	•
Legs fractured.	11 0 11 0	22
Thighs fractured.	HH HH	#
Shoulder-blade fractured.	1	7
Collar-bone fractured.	-	-
Back fractured,	• • • • • •	-
Accidents, but no bones fractured.	22 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 2	127
CAUSES OF ACCIDENTS.	By falls of all kind, By cars, By cars, By explosion of gas, By premature blasts, By explosion of powder, By machinery, At strippings, Miscellaneous,	

A Hospital Needed at Hazleton.

This is the third time for me to call the attention of the public and the philanthropist in our midst to the great need of a miners' hospital at this mining center, but so far no person has taken any initiatory step in the matter.

Several of the present members from Luzerne promised, in case of their election, to bring a bill before this Assembly, asking State aid for the erection of a hospital in this town or its immediate vicinity; but so far they have done nothing, showing me that they gave nothing more than a political promise. I don't want to find fault with any appropriation made by the present Assembly to the Scranton, Wilkes-Barre, and Ashland hospitals, as undoubtedly they needed all that was given, and, in some cases, much more; yet I venture to say that this region stands in need of such help as much as the afore-named more fortunate places.

Ashland is entirely an out-of-the-way place for this district, as an injured person can be conveyed to Philadelphia as soon, and with less discomfort than he can be conveyed to Ashland. Wilkes-Barre is nearly seventy miles away from us by rail, and with the facilities we have to go there, if it was desirable to send a patient there, the chances are that he would have to wait from two to four hours for the trains. Sending any injured person to Scranton is out of the question. The majority of the injured from this district are sent to the Pennsylvania Hospital, Philadelphia, and a few to St. Luke's Hospital at South Bethlehem. Some of the companies on the North Side send their injured to Coxe Bros. & Co.'s hospital at Drifton.

This private hospital has already done a great deal of good in saving many an unfortunate with crushed limbs hours of torture and agony, which could not be avoided if they had to be sent to distant hospitals. It has, I think, saved the lives of several that could not have endured the tedious ride to Philadelphia or elsewhere.

Herewith, I present a brief statement of the Drifton Hospital for the year 1884:

J									
Number of patients in hospital January	1,	18	884	١,				8	
Number of patients admitted during the	y	eai	r,					69	
								—	77
The number of discharged cured was,								50	
The number of discharged improved,								6	
The number of discharged unimproved,								1	
The number of discharged by request,								2	
The number died during year,								12	
									71
								-	
The number in hospital December 31, 18	84	,							6
								=	

Nativity of Patients.

Hungary,				29	Germany,					1
Ireland,				13	Austria,					6
United States,				10	Poland, .					1
Wales,										
Italy,										69

Of the above 69, 52 were employed by Coxe Bros. & Co., and 17 were employed by other companies.

Rules for Establishing and Administering the Beneficial Fund of the Lehigh Coal and Navigation Company, Lansford.

This fund shall be created and maintained by the following contributions, to be made monthly:

The Lehigh Coal and Navigation Company will pay into it one cent for every ton of coal produced at its mines. The inside workingmen employed on its property will pay into it one per cent. of their earnings, and the outside workingmen will pay into it one half of one per cent. of their earnings, but no one shall pay more than one dollar in any one month.

All contributing workmen who may be accidentally injured when actually engaged in the service of the company shall be entitled to the following benefits, to be paid out of the fund:

In case of an accident so received which shall cause disability lasting more than one week, the person injured shall receive a sum equal to one half the weekly wages of the class of workmen to which he belonged for each week of such disability, but no one so injured shall receive from this fund such benefits for longer period than six months for any one accident.

In case of accident so received which shall result in death, \$30 will be paid for funeral expenses, and a sum equal to one half the weekly wages, as in the case of injury, will be paid the legal heirs of deceased for one year from the date of the accident.

These benefits will be paid only on the statements of the proper foreman, that the injury was received while in the service of the company, and on the certificate from the physician of the fund, in case of accident, that the accident was a disabling one, and in the case of death, that the death resulted from the accident and not from disease. In case of accident, the certificate of disability must be renewed every two weeks. * * * * The fund thus established is believed to be ample to meet all claims arising from accidents to the contributors, and if, as is hoped, there shall be more than is required under this plan, the benefits will be increased, as from time to time the trustees may think prudent.

The Lehigh Coal and Navigation Company, in making this contribution and establishing this fund, desires to relieve the suffering which accidents cause among its workingmen, and to render unnecessary the collections which make a heavy tax on the benevolent, and also to promote the growth of the kindly feeling which now exists between the company and the men engaged in its service.

This fund commenced January, 1884, and herewith is a monthly statement of receipts, benefits, and expenses for each month during the year:

Months.	Contributed em- ployés.	By company.	Total contribu- tion.	Benefits paid.	Ех репяся.	Total benefits and expenses.	Cash balance.
1884. January, February, March,	\$423 45 505 75 497 84	496 29 565 95	\$1,025 70 1,002 04 1,063 79	\$104 57 249 42 663 68	\$99 75 25 00	\$104 57 349 17 688 88	\$921 18 1,574 00 1,948 91
April, May, June, July,	578 61 788 07 723 70 602 08	1,011 40 838 03	1,184 25 1,799 47 1,561 73 1,240 25	850 81 1,011 88 693 15 651 63	28 25 25 00 25 00 25 00	879 06 1,036 88 718 15 676 63	2,254 10 3,016 69 3,860 27 4,423 89
August, September, October,	742 00 898 10 768 24	853 58 1,092 29 826 27	1,595 58 1,990 39 1,595 11	878 81 879 12 883 54	25 00 25 00 25 00	903 81 904 12 958 54	5,115 66 6,201 93 6,938 50
November, December, . Totals,	887 78 837 99	827 74	1,881 56 1,665 73 \$17,605 60	1,147 11 1,302 30 \$9,266 22	40 00 54 46 \$397 46	1,187 11 1,356 76 \$9,663 68	7,632 95 7,941 92 \$7,941 92

This statement speaks for itself, and is well worthy of the perusal of all parties interested in mining, employers as well as employés, and it is to be hoped that this is only the beginning of the era of good feeling between capital and labor. It is also to be hoped that this fund will gradually increase until the trustees will think it prudent to increase the benefits or modify the rules in some way that the widows and orphans of deceased members will have the benefit for a longer term than one year, unless provided for otherwise.

By looking over the reports of the inspectors for the year 1883, it will be seen that only three persons lost their lives in and about the mines of this company, and the average number of fatal accidents during the last six years (exclusive of 1884) is only a fraction over five, yet during the past year eleven persons lost their lives through accidents in and about the same mines or collieries, and the year 1884 will be remembered by this company and its employés as a very unlucky period in the history of years. The curious may ask the reason for such an increase in the fatal accidents in and about the mines of this company. I am not prepared to say that I can explain it, yet I do know that the officials of this company have taken as much care of their employés as they have done during any of the last four years, and I can also testify that the mines of this company will compare favorably with any in the anthracite regions. But whatever was the

cause of the increase in fatal accidents, the beneficial fund has demonstrated its ability to do even more than was required of it in the most unlucky year for this company in the last decade.

We cannot estimate the amount of good this fund accomplished in one year of its existence, and only in operation under one company; but what is that compared with the good results that would be derived if the companies and their employés in the anthracite coal regions would adopt a similar system!

A shipment of thirty million tons would mean three hundred thousand dollars from the companies; then the men would pay at the same ratio some two hundred and sixty thousand dollars, making an annual fund of five hundred and sixty thousand dollars, a sum equal to the need of all the unfortunates about our coal mines. I hardly think there is a single company that would refuse to donate one cent for every ton of coal sent to market towards helping their unlucky employés to tide over the dark days (which unluckily come upon a large number of our mining population every year) if the employés would only get at it in a business-like manner, and also show a willingness themselves to do their share.

Coxe Bros. & Co. have been doing even more than this to their employés, which is explained in my last year's report. In answer to an inquiry that company wrote, they did not want to publish the amount paid out of their beneficial fund as it was purely a private matter.

But my impression is that the proper way is for the companies and the men to pay in about an equal share, as certainly it cannot be any great hard-ship for any employé to pay one per cent. of his earnings; then, when he needs help, he will feel that he has a claim for help, as he has been paying his money in support of said fund.

I hope before another year rolls by we shall have the necessary number of these beneficial funds in successful operation throughout all of our districts. I think that nothing better can be done by companies and men to keep and foster good feeling and generosity between employer and employé.

I think the companies will derive more benefits from these funds than the one cent per ton donated; but to the workingman it would be a perpetual source of relief, knowing if he is injured his dear ones will be cared for.

Mine Inspectors' Reports.

It is very discouraging for the inspectors to ask for any information about coal shipments, number of employés, or for any matter that the law does not state definitely the companies must furnish, as the number of yearly reports generally sent each inspector is not sufficient to give one to each official that takes the trouble to give the inspectors the desired information. The reports have been generally scarce, but never to my knowledge have they been as scarce as for the year 1884. I am informed that the inspectors had each two copies sent them through the courtesy of Mr. McCamant, therefore had no copies for distribution as usual.

I have been also informed that twenty-five hundred copies of said reports were printed instead of five thousand, as has been the custom heretofore. But where did the twenty-five hundred copies go? is often asked. I will here state, on the authority of one of the members, that they were divided among the members of the House and Senate, thus cutting off the inspectors' small quota of about eighty copies each, which have been generally sent them in the years gone by. If the inspectors had received their usual number, the members would still have two thousand copies to be divided among themselves.

From the demand for these reports among the officials and workmen, I think that each inspector should have at least five hundred copies for distribution. Five hundred copies for each inspector would be only three thousand copies for the several coal counties in this great Commonwealth.

If the State cannot afford to give this number away, then they should be printed and sold at cost, so that every person that desired a copy could be supplied.

In my humble opinion, the State of Pennsylvania receive revenues enough from the coal mines and railroads in these coal counties to compensate her for the trifling expense of printing the reports of its inspectors of mines in such quantities that the men connected with the mines can be supplied with copies.

If these reports have any value whatever, except for their statistical information, they are certainly valuable to the persons who are employed in and about the mines.

Boiler Explosions.

There is a great deal of excitement these days over boiler explosions, and the law is severely condemned (by designing ones) for not being stringent enough. Let us look into the matter, especially as connected with the district, which has the largest number of steam-boilers in use of any of the anthracite districts as far as published in the reports of the inspectors.

In the report for the year 1882, we can see that the Lackawanna or Eastern district had 908; the Wilkes-Barre or the Middle district, 884, and the Hazieton or South district, 1,215, which number has increased by this time to about 1,300.

Of this large number of boilers in this district, only two exploded since the year 1880, and there was no life lost in either case.

Attending these boilers there are about three hundred persons, including firemen and helpers, and of that number there was not a life lost during the last four years, which I think is a remarkable showing; and if I am not greatly mistaken it is a better showing than can be found in any manufacturing interest in the State, when the number of men and boilers are compared. Generally speaking, the present system of examining boilers is a good one, as few men could be found who would take an oath that a boiler is safe when they know to the contrary, but the greatest danger comes

from incompetent examiners, "who swear that they are competent," and also swear "that the boilers are safe," possibly when not safe, and from these incompetent examiners the most danger is apprehended. All the boilers in and about the coal mines of this district are invariably examined twice a year at least, and their condition reported to the inspector, as required by the law, and said reports are kept with the records of the office.

The danger from incompetent examiners is generally feared from individual operators, who, to save a few dollars, have one of their own men, who is not a boiler-maker, and perhaps not very competent, to do the work. In the absence of a practical boiler-maker (whom the larger companies generally have around their works) the more judicious and safe way would be to get a regular boiler-maker to do the examination, then reliance could be put on the sworn statement, and the lives of employés and the property of the company would be under no risk, that is, no extra risk, as all who have had practical experience with steam-boilers know that there is some mystery in connection with some boiler explosions which cannot be accounted for even by experts.

The part of section thirteen, in the law of 1870, relating to steam-boilers, is very brief, and reads thus: "All boilers used for generating steam in and about coal mines or collieries shall be kept in good order, and the owner or the agent thereof shall have them examined and inspected by a competent boiler-maker, or other qualified person, as often as once in six months, and oftener if needed, and the result of every such examination under oath shall be certified in writing to the inspector of the district."

The oath sworn to by the examiners in this district reads as follows:

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carefully examined the above boilers, internally and externally, and that he is competent and fully qualified to perform the duties as is required by section thirteen of the ventilation law, and that the foregoing statement is correct according to the best of his knowledge and belief.

The proposed new mine law relating to boilers reads nearly the same as the old, but furthermore provides: "That every fireman in charge of boiler or boilers for the generation of steam shall keep a constant watch over the same. He shall see that the steam pressure does not, at any time, exceed the limit allowed by the outside foreman or superintendent. He shall frequently try the safety-valves, and shall not increase the weights on the same. He shall maintain a proper depth of water in each boiler, and if anything should happen to prevent this he shall report the same without delay to the foreman, for the time being in charge, and take such action as

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may, under the particular circumstances, be necessary for the protection of life and the preservation of property."

It can be seen that the proposed new mine law provides in detail for the care of steam-boilers by the employe as well as by the employer, and if both will only do their duty there will be no reason for boiler explosions in and about the anthracite coal mines of Pennsylvania.

IMPROVEMENTS MADE AT THE VARIOUS COLLIERIES DURING THE YEAR 1884.

The improvements in this district during the past year were not as extensive as usual, owing undoubtedly to the small margin of profit made by the companies, resulting from the small number of days worked, a less average number than in any of the districts.

A. Pardes & Co.

The Cranberry breaker had an additional wing put to it, thus doubling its capacity. A new engine-house was built on the north side of the breaker; a new pair of $18'' \times 36''$ engines, with a twelve-foot drum; four $33'' \times 30'$ cylindrical boilers were erected, and a new $11'' \times 20'' \times 36''$ steampump was put in place to throw water on the breaker. With this additional plant, Cranberry breaker and machinery can be considered in the front rank. A new plane was made to take the coal down from the old Mammoth workings, and other improvements are being carried on which will largely increase the production of this colliery.

Hazleton mine generally has been improved during the year, and a new Allison pump, $16'' \times 36'' \times 72''$, was put in place in the lower lift.

A new plane was driven through a rock fault at Sugar Loaf, through which a large area of the best of coal is made available.

Coxe Bros. & Co.

Beaver Meadow is one of the oldest mining towns in this district, if not in the State; therefore, it may not be ill-timed to write a few notes about it.

These collieries have been idle since 1877 until a few years ago, when the present company took hold of them. It can be said to their credit, that they have completely revolutionized the old system of working by sinking new slopes, driving new tunnels, stripping a large area, and developing the place generally, showing beyond a doubt the existence of a large amount of coal remaining in the old workings, and also the existence of other veins unknown here before. I think I can safely say that the mines of Beaver Meadow will produce in the future much more coal than they have in the past.

The Parlor vein, in slope No. 1, which has hitherto appeared to be a part of the Mammoth vein, separated from it by only a few inches of slate, now has been found to separate from it more and more as it is proved north and west. It is at present a distinct bed from five to five feet six inches in thickness, covered by a sand rock ranging from six to eight feet in thickness.

The main hoisting slope in the Wharton, which was graded diagonally across the pitch in the basin slope of No. 2, is nearly completed. It has

been timbered and graded as well as any slope in the State, which reflects great credit on the inside foreman.

The coal from all the workings below the level of the stripping will be brought to this slope, which will also be a convenient outlet for the Mammoth coal from the old Greenfield. Quakake, and Temperauce. When this slope is completed, and the proposed addition to the breaker made, this colliery will produce a large amount of coal annually, quite as much, if not more, than any colliery in this district.

CROSS CREEK, No. 1.—Considerable work has been done in the faulty part of the Buck Mountain vein west of the slope, where a good bench of three to four feet of bottom coal is separated by from four to six feet of refuse from a good top bench varying from four and one half to six feet in thickness. Midway between the B and Mammoth, a fine vein of coal four and one half to six feet in thickness has been developed by a tunnel. It seems too good to be a split of the Gamma, although its close proximity to it for a long distance (proven half a mile west by a diamond drill-hole) would justify its being so considered.

Cross Creek, No. 2.—There have been no new developments in this basin. The workings towards the east have been extended to the boundary pillar between this mine and Highland, No. 1. This pillar, one hundred feet in width, will extend across the basin, and is calculated to withstand the pressure caused by the robbings along the line. This pillar was located by mutual agreement between the adjoining landowners to the best advantage to both parties, regard being paid to the waves and faults in the strata, so that the loss of coal left standing for protection may be considered a minimum. This, undoubtedly, is a move in the right direction, and other landowners and operators would do well to follow.

Gowan.—No new developments have been made. The gangways east and west have been continued during the year, and, according to present appearances, this colliery promises to repay all the trouble and expense it cost during the first years of its operation. The production at present is limited by the capacity of the breaker; therefore, a surface railroad about two miles in length is being constructed to take the surplus coal from this mine to the new breaker which is being built at Derringer; the capacity of which has been increased with a view to this.

Lehigh Coal and Navigation Company.

No. 3.—Extensive improvements have been made at this place, which will largely increase its production the coming years. The old No. 1 tunnel has been re-opened, the length of which to the north dip of the Mammoth is three thousand three hundred feet. The west gangway in same vein and dip has been re-opened and enlarged for six hundred feet, and the east gangway on same dip and vein was also re-opened a distance of seven hundred feet.

A proving-hole, (with the necessary bore-holes in advance,) four hundred

and twenty-three feet in length, was driven eastward towards the old Hacklebernnie workings, through which it is intended to drain the major part of the water from this old mine. An opening five hundred feet in length, whose area is fifty feet, was made to the surface through the Red Ash in the west gangway south of the shaft for the purpose of ventilation, which will act as an inlet to this part of the mine.

A six-inch diameter hole was bored from the surface through the overlap to the Mammoth on the west side of the shaft, which will act as an intake, and is supposed will be the means of clearing out all the standing gas from this part of the mine. The length of the hole is three hundred and twenty-four feet.

The managers of this company deserve great credit for their endeavor in clearing this section of the mine of carbureted hydrogen gas, and, indeed, it was a problem hard to solve, as the place had been worked in such a way as to make it impossible to carry any quantity of air up to this overlap. The standing gas here was a constant danger to all persons going down this shaft, and I must admit that it is a great relief to my mind, as it must be to the officials in charge, and also a great safety to the men.

A locomotive road from breaker to No. 1 tunnel was graded and laid with forty-pound rails, with a gauge of forty-two inches, and the length about two thousand feet.

No. 5.—The mining of coal was commenced in the Red Ash during the past year, to ventilate which a twelve-foot diameter fan, driven by a hotair engine, was erected at the outcrop. This fan gives ample ventilation when driven at the proper speed.

No. 6.—A new shaft was commenced at this place in the month of March, which was sunk to the depth of one hundred and fifty-four yards by the end of December. The inside dimensions of this shaft are eleven by twenty-three feet.

The intention at present is to sink the shaft down to the Red Ash, and from that point to tunnel to the Mammoth. A second outlet for this shaft is being sunk in the Red Ash on the north side, the size of which is sixteen by nine feet, and was down December 31, 1884, to a depth of one hundred and sixty-three yards.

A waterway one hundred and twenty-five yards in length was opened into the shaft through one of the top seams of coal, which will relieve the pumps of about one hundred feet of a lift.

G. B. Markle & Co.

During the past year, this company has put in steam heaters through all their breakers, which adds greatly to their safety from fires from stoves.

No. 2 breaker was burned down on the 24th day of March from some unknown cause. A new breaker was immediately started and constructed with all the modern improvements. This breaker will compare favorably with any in the district, although small in size compared with several. There were about three hundred and twenty thousand feet of lumber used

in its building. Ten-inch main steam pipes were placed over the boilers, and an eight-inch steam pipe was laid down the pumpway to the first lift.

This company is prepared, if supplied with cars, to largely increase their shipments the coming year.

Upper Lehigh Coal Co.

No. 2.—A new breaker was completed and put in operation March 10, 1884, to replace the breaker that was burned down September 11, 1883, by a spark from a locomotive.

This is a mammoth concern, where over seven hundred thousand feet of lumber was used in its construction, and can be called a model breaker, being complete in all its details. It was built on the most approved plan, with oak sills and pine framing. The capacity of this breaker is about fifteen hundred tons per day. There are nine jigs with engine attached, eight screens, one shaker, four sets of rolls, and one set of crushers placed in this breaker. A new pair of hoisting engines, $18'' \times 30''$, and an $18'' \times 30''$ engine was put in place to run the breaker.

A new duplex steam pump was put in No. 2 slope, size $12'' \times 26'' \times 48''$, having a capacity of about fifteen hundred gallons per minute. To convey this water to the surface, six hundred feet of twelve-inch pipe were put in.

The subterranean slope is down about six hundred feet on an average pitch of five degrees, and is still being sunk.

Linderman, Skeer & Co.

During the past year, West, No. 1, was continued to the bottom of the second lift, a distance of about one hundred yards, and the east and the west gangways advanced sufficiently to open thirty-five breasts.

A new improved pump, $30'' \times 12'' \times 36''$, with a capa ity of twelve hundred gallons per minute, was put in this slope.

East, No. 3.—A new sixteen-foot diameter fan was erected and driven by a 14"×20" engine, which has a capacity of 60,000 cubic feet per minute.

Humboldt.—A rock slope was driven to the surface north-west of the office, at which there is a sixty horse-power engine and four 33"×30" cylindrical boilers placed, with engine and boiler-house complete.

M. S. Kemmerer & Co., Sandy Run.

No. 3.—An inside slope was sunk about twenty-seven hundred feet west of this place for fifty-five yards, on an average pitch of twelve degrees, when the vein suddenly took a pitch of eighty degrees; therefore, the gangways east and west turned, and in good coal.

The coal from this slope is hoisted by a pair of twelve-foot engines, placed on the surface. The rope from the drum goes down through a sixinch diameter bore hole, and the steam is furnished to the pump through another bore hole, the length of each being about one hundred and thirty feet. The steam is furnished by two new 36"×36' cylindrical boilers.

No. 4.—A new eight-foot diameter iron fan, driven by a ten-inch engine

was placed at the second opening, on the surface. Although the fan is small, yet it gives good results, and gives ample ventilation. The workings of this company are in good condition throughout.

M. S. Kemmerer, Pond Creek.

The improvements here consist of a subterranean slope sunk on the north dip of the vein, which reached the basin at eighty-three yards, on an average pitch of sixteen degrees, and the second opening was driven on the south dip into the west gangway of slope No. 1. This subterranean slope was extended to the surface, a distance of two hundred and eleven yards, at the top of which a 20"×18" engine was placed. It is proposed to hoist all the coal up this slope, and then convey it to the Sandy Run breaker over a narrow guage roilroad, a distance of about two miles.

By present indication, more coal will be shipped from this mine the coming year than in any previous year.

Harleigh, Kemmerer & Co.

The improvements at this place have been very extensive during the past year, which add to the production and also to the safety of the men.

No. 2 breaker was entirely overhauled and greatly improved, making it a good breaker with a capacity of between six and seven hundred tons per day.

A tunnel was driven from the Mammoth to the Wharton from a point near Gartnell's Hole on the south side of the basin, whose length is two hundred and twelve feet. A tunnel was driven from the Mammoth to the Wharton near No. 4 slope. A rock gangway, following a six-inch leader of coal, was driven eastward for a long distance on the north side near the basin in the Wharton, and, at a convenient point, a tunnel of one hundred and twenty-six feet in length was driven to the Mammoth.

As is well known, the extensive caving in of the Mammoth vein at this place in 1877 partly destroyed the mine, and few mining men had any hopes that it could ever be re-opened successfully, but the pluck, energy, and forethought of this company have demonstrated that most any caved-in mine can be re-opened if handled by judicious and competent superintendent and foreman.

The driving of these three tunnels has given the company a great advantage by reducing the transportation expenses. By one of them they have been enabled to abandon No. 4 slope and blow out sixteen old boilers, and the coal from the robbing and stripping from the west end of the basin can be conveyed inside instead of on the surface as formerly. The other two tunnels have enabled them to do away with counter-chutes and runs, and by the three tunnels combined they can bring all the coal back to the foot of No. 1 slope, when it can be hoisted directly to the breaker.

But above all the pecuniary gains to the company, they have opened avenues of escape for the employés in case of a general caving in of the old workings, which may take place at most any time, as the place has been robbed for the last seven or eight years.

A new 36"×16"×72" Allison pump was put in at the bottom of the Wharton, with a capacity of about twelve hundred gallons per minute, and, to convey this water to the surface, a line of 16" column pipe was laid.

A new boiler-house was built near No. 1, in which are placed twelve 36"×36' new cylindrical boilers of the most approved pattern. These new boilers are doing the work of twenty-six old boilers, and are fired with the • fine coal dirt. using strong blowers, which is also a great saving to the company.

A new boiler and engine house was erected at No. 3. A 20"×36" engine and six 36"×36' new cylindrical boilers were put in place. This old slope has been re-opened for about six hundred feet.

About thirty thousand tons of Mammoth coal have been uncovered, part of which is being taken to No. 1 at present. A large amount of coal can be made available by stripping on this property. A slope was sunk on the south side of the main basin in the Buck Mountain vein a distance of about two hundred and ten feet. The average thickness is about four feet. This is the first slope sunk on this vein west of Jeddo, which is about five miles east of it, leaving a large area of coal land unexplored, which will be improved if the vein proves workable here, and at present the prospects are encouraging.

It may be worthy of note to say that the mine-houses have undergone great repairs during the past year.

Tresckow, Lehigh and Wilkes-Barre Coal Company.

No. 7. A new pump $18'' \times 9'' \times 38''$, with a capacity of about eight hundred gallons per minute, was put in place. A pair of $12'' \times 24''$ engines were erected on the surface to sink a subterranean slope, the rope running down through a hole made for the purpose. A twelve-foot diameter fan was put up at No. 9, which, at fifty revolutions per minute, produces twenty-five thousand cubic feet of air, which is ample for the persons employed here.

Coleraine.

A tunnel was driven north in slope No. 1, from the Wharton to the Buck Mountain, which was pierced at four hundred and fifty feet. When the tunnel cut the vein it was only about two feet in thickness, but in opening the gangways it was found in good condition, ranging from five to seven feet.

The finding of this vein of excellent coal here, was very opportune for this colliery, as great doubts existed of its being workable here, and if the vein continues good it will add greatly to the value of the Jeansville collieries on the west, and Beaver Meadow on the east.

The Stout Coal Company, Milnesville.

The water was pumped out of the old No. 1 basin, and a large quantity of the Mammoth coal has been made available.

The intention at present is to strip or uncover the coal all through the basin.

It is estimated that nearly two thirds of the coal was left in this mine, which could not have been removed on account of the shallow covering.

Black Ridge. J. S. Wentz & Co.

This company leased this colliery during the past year, during which time they have made extensive explorations, including a slope on the south side of the north basin, which was sunk about one hundred and twenty feet and abandoned.

At present a trial slope is being sunk on the north side of the same basin, in a vein about seven and one half feet in thickness, having a pitch of 48°.

There is a large area of coal land here, but so far has not proved a good investment for the operators.

Fatal Accidents from Falls.

ACCIDENT No. 72.—Michael Bruchick, Hungarian labor, was fatally injured by a fall of rock in the Wharton seam, at Humboldt, on the 10th day of April, and died at the hospital on the 13th.

In the investigation, I found that the mine foreman called the miner's attention to a bad piece of roof, and instructed the miner how to make it safe. Instead of following these instructions, the Hungarian miner drilled and fired another hole, and then went back to eat his dinner, taking the laborer along.

After his meal, the laborer went away from the miner, and for some unknown reason went back to the breast, and while there alone the rock fell on him as stated.

The miner testified that the deceased had no right to go back to the breast before he went with him, as he had told him that the rock was dangerous. The miner was right, yet had he followed the foreman's instructions, the accident could not have happened, and I came to the conclusion that this man lost his life through the gross neglect of the miner.

ACCIDENT No. 86.—Henry Marshman, English miner, aged forty-six years, was instantly killed by a fall of top coal in the B seam, at No. 2, Drifton, on the 25th day of April.

This is one of those unfortunate and unforeseen accidents that cannot always be guarded against. Deceased was mining coal for a contractor named Thomas J. Watters, who had been in this breast with the deceased the day of the accident, and ordered him not to blast any more of the top coal down, as the place was nearing the surface. He also ordered him to prop the top coal when the bottom was blasted out.

In the investigation, Hugh Coleman, the laborer, testified that, after loading a car, he went up to the breast, and near the face of it, and just as he sat down a little dirt fell on him. He got up and asked deceased how the top coal was. The deceased took his drill and sounded it, and pronounced it "all right," but just as he had said "all right," the top coal gave a crack; Coleman made a jump back and deceased made a jump for the props, but was caught by the falling coal and crushed terribly.

In looking over this place, I had to say that I considered deceased a good, careful miner, as the appearance of the breast so indicated. There were three rows of props put in, although the breast was only twenty-six feet wide, and the last props were within three feet of the top coal that fell, and there were props ready to be put under the top coal that fell as soon as the cut in the bottom coal was blasted out.

The reason for this sudden fall of coal was a rotten slip running parallel with the breast close to the pillar and another coming in at right angle with it near the face.

ACCIDENT No. 95.—John Hanlow, Irish, laborer, twenty-five years of age, was instantly killed by a fall of slate at Tresckow, No. 7, on the 7th day of May.

Deceased was engaged as a company laborer, and was sent this day with a miner to do some rock-blasting where a gangway was to be widened. As the rock was not considered very hard, it was thought it could be bored with a drilling-machine. A hole had to be made to fasten the machine, which was then put in place, and a hole bored to the depth of six inches, when hard rock was reached, requiring great power to penetrate, which, being applied, brought such back pressure against the slate when the machine was fastened that it caused it to part from the rock. A few minutes prior to the accident, the mine foreman came to the place and stood right under the piece of slate that fell. A trip of cars came along and the foreman, deceased, the miner, and two other men that happened to be there stepped aside to let the trip pass. Suddenly a large piece of slate fell, knocking deceased to the ground and killing him instantly. The piece measured about twelve feet square, and ranged from three to six inches in thickness.

In the examination, I found that the mine foreman and the miner had examined the place the day previous to the accident and found the slate solid. My version of the accident is that the back pressure from the machine caused the slate to break away, and the crack was not heard by deceased or miner on account of the noise made by the cars passing. The jury brought in a verdict of accidental death.

ACCIDENT No. 118.—Michael Maddle, Austrian, miner, aged twenty-seven years, was instantly killed by a fall of rock in the B seam, at Derringer, on the 16th day of June.

Deceased was one of two miners working a breast, and had fired two blasts in the top coal that morning, which started the top to work and crack. The deceased was notified by the timberman that he should not go into his breast until the rock fell. His partner also requested him not to go, but, not heeding any warning, he went back and commenced to make a hole for a prop, when the rock fell on him, with result as stated. In making place for the prop deceased was engaged at work that did not belong to him, as all the propping is done under this company by men specially hired for that purpose. The timberman who warned deceased not to

go in was the person to do the propping, but as he didn't consider the place. safe he did not go in. He wanted to give the place time to settle. This man lost his life through sheer recklessness.

ACCIDENT No. 128.—Thomas McDonald, Irish, loader, forty-eight years of age, was fatally injured by a rush of coal from a battery at Nesquehoning, on the 10th day of July.

Deceased was engaged as a loader and starter, and while starting a battery was caught by the rushing coal. His right arm was crushed up to the shoulder, and he was injured about the breast. He was sent to the Pennsylvania hospital, Philadelphia, where he died the next day while undergoing an operation.

ACCIDENT No. 140.—Robert Fox, German, miner, thirty-three years of age, was fatally injured by a fall of coal at Upper Lehigh, No. 6, on the 26th day of July.

Deceased was engaged working a breast in very free coal in the B seam. The bottom tier was worked out first, and on account of the very free coal the breast was worked only sixteen feet wide. Deceased had worked the breast up about fifty feet from the gangway, and was engaged at taking down the top coal, which was about seven feet high, when the accident occurred.

In the investigation, I found that a miner named Lewis had been up with deceased a few minutes prior to the accident, and found him barring at a piece of coal that he considered very dangerous. He called the attention of the deceased to the great risk he was taking, who made the usual reply, "it will not fall for a while yet." Lewis had only reached his breast when he heard the noise from the fall, went right back and found that deceased was covered with coal, about thirty tons having fallen.

It is likely that deceased was deceived by a large water crack through the top coal near the face, which, if he understood the danger he was in, he could have detected easily, especially after being warned by Lewis. I do not hesitate to say that he lost his life through carelessness or ignorance, and perhaps both.

Accident No. 169.—Frederick Munder, German, miner, twenty-seven years of age, was fatally injured at Eckley, No. 5, on the 27th day of August, and died at his home on the 29th.

Deceased and an old miner by the name of James were working together. They had finished their breast, and were taking out the coal-The day of the accident they failed to start the battery, and after several efforts gave it up, thinking to load the loose coal in the chute, then put a dynamite cartridge on one of the lumps, which is the usual way of starting blocked batteries these days, and a safe way compared with the old way of blasting with gunpowder. When the accident happened, deceased and James were on the platform near the gangway breaking a piece of slate, when suddenly a piece of coal about one hundred pounds fell out from the draw-hole and rolled down and struck deceased, knocking him off the

• platform to the gangway, which was a fall of about seven feet, from which he was taken up insensible. The doctor found that a splinter of wood had entered the brain. The immediate cause of this accident was the removal of the laggings from the check-battery, for if they were in place, the downward course of this lump of coal would have been stopped.

The mine foreman testified that he was with these men the day previous to the accident, and ordered them to repair the check-battery. Their answer was that the coal that came down was so fine that it would hardly run, and that it did not need the check-battery, which was very true as long as the chute was nearly full of coal, but when the chute was nearly empty, as it was the day of the accident, the check-battery would be a great safeguard.

In investigating this accident, I failed to find any great neglect, therefore do not blame any party in particular, as the place was considered safe, and, indeed, it was a very safe place compared with the majority of places on steep pitches.

ACCIDENT No. 202.—August Concinini, Austrian, miner, aged twenty-six years, was fatally injured by a fall of clod in the Wharton seam at Lattimer, No. 3, on the 18th day of October, and died the afternoon of the same day at his home.

Deceased and another Austrian were working this breast together, which was considered a very safe place. It was given to these men on account of its safety, as they were new miners in coal. The mine foreman went through this place twice on the day previous to the accident, and ordered the men to take down the piece of clod that afterwards fell on deceased, as it was not safe for them to work under it. Both times they promised to do it. The last time the mine foreman was there was about five o'clock in the afternoon. He then told them if they didn't take the clod down he would stop their cars. The next time he went there was at ten o'clock on the morning of accident, when he found that the bad piece had fallen on deceased, and found his partner trying to lift the clod off him instead of giving the slarm for heip. It required three men to lift the piece off him.

By the evidence given by his partner, deceased, this morning, delayed taking the bad piece down, as he had a piece of bottom coal to take up, and wanted the clod to fill in under the road, instead of leaving the coal there. This man lost his life through not knowing the risk he was taking under this treacherous roof, and by also refusing to listen to the command of the man that was supposed to know, who gave him the proper instructions and gave them also in time for him to save his life.

ACCIDENT No. 208.—Adam Bachman, German, miner, aged sixty years, was killed on the 25th day of October, at Hazleton, No. 3.

Deceased was engaged at the dangerous work of robbing pillars. He was considered one of the most competent miners under the company, as he had worked for them for about thirty years. The mode of robbing, here, was by opening a narrow chute in the pillar and turning into the old

chambers at stated distances, and through these openings to get the coal down.

These places had been worked some thirty years ago, at a time when coal was not considered as valuable as now, consequently, large pillars were encountered here and there, and some other places were found nearly full of coal that had rolled in from pillars. Deceased happened to get one of the last-named breasts, and had been very successful in getting out a large quantity of coal. While running coal into the chute this day, the pillar, on one side, gave away, and the coal rushed down, entirely covering deceased. He was taken out as speedily as possible, but when found he was dead. He must have been smothered by the fine coal, as there was not a bone broken and not a mark on his body but a few slight scratches. This is one of those accidents connected with coal-mining that no human thought or ingenuity can always guard against.

ACCIDENT No. 231.—James Ashworth, English, miner, aged fifty-four years, was instantly killed by a fall of coal in Oakdale, No. 1, on the 22d day of November.

Deceased and another miner were engaged working a breast in the Mammoth seam, which has very free coal at this point. A week previous to the accident, deceased and partner were ordered by the mine foreman to leave the bottom coal behind, and to open in the Seven-foot, as he considered the benches very unsafe to work under; but by opening in the Seven-foot, which is only about six feet thick at this place, they could take the benches down with ease and safety. When the accident happened, they had undermined the benches about eight feet for nearly half the width of the breast, and were engaged this day in blasting the Seven-foot out on the other side, when suddenly a fall of the lower bench occurred, which killed deceased instantly, and which came nearly killing two other men.

The piece that fell measured twelve feet in length and eight feet in width at the one end, about a foot at the other end, and about twenty inches in thickness. This accident I attribute to the recklessness of deceased and partner, for certainly, if they had taken the care they should, they would not have gone as far under this treacherous bench.

Their heads, when standing, nearly touched it, and it would have been no trouble for them to examine it after every blast to find out its condition. When I examined the place after the accident, I found large pieces of this lower bench ready to drop, and certainly it was not safe to work under.

This accident again makes it self-evident to me that the foreman, or some qualified person, should inspect each working-place once each working day, if possible. I have no doubt, had the mine foreman visited this place the day previous to the accident even, he would have ordered the men to take the bad pieces down, as he had shown good judgment and care in directing the men to open in the Seven-foot.

Fatal Ascidents by Cars.

ACCIDENT No. 8.—Willie Hancock, American, door-boy, aged fifteen years, was killed by falling under mine cars at No. 3, Nesquehoning, on the 21st day of January.

Deceased was engaged attending a door about fifteen hundred feet from the top of the plane and had been in the habit of riding out with the driver. Several days before the accident occurred, he was notified by the driver-boss that he should stay at his door, and under no circumstances * * * ride out with the driver. The boy obeyed orders for a few days, as he knew that disobedience would cause his discharge. The day of the accident the boy left his dinner at the top of the plane, and rode out on the rear end of the noon trip to get it. When within about seventy-five feet of the branch at the plane, he jumped off and endeavored to run past the last two cars, so he could jump on the brake. While running, he slipped and fell under the cars, with result as stated. Even after riding, if the boy had stayed on the cars he was safe enough, but in attempting to do the work of another he lost his life.

No. 13.—John W. Thomas, Welsh. roadman, aged sixty-four years, was fatally injured by mine cars at Lansford, No. 5, on the 24th day of January, and died the following day.

Deceased was engaged repairing the road near the bottom of the slope, and, while crossing the track, a loaded car, which was running down the grade, struck him and threw him against the empty cars, breaking his leg and crushing the knee-joint. He never recovered from the shock, and died as stated.

No. 50.—August Gross, Italian, company man, aged twenty-one years, was fatally injured by a locomotive at No. 1, Cross Creek, while coming from his work on the morning of March 4, and died at the Drifton hospital in the afternoon of the same day.

Deceased was working on the night shift, and, instead of coming from his work the usual way, endeavored to come out the nearest way, and to accomplish that he had to come through the locomotive road. He had been warned several times by the mine foreman not to come out that way. The morning of the accident a door-boy also told him of his danger, but, regardless of all warnings, he thought he knew best, and, when about one hundred and fifty feet from the mouth of the drift, he was struck by the locomotive and squeezed between the tender-box and a prop. He was horribly mangled, but still alive, and was immediately taken to the hospital, where he died from loss of blood.

No. 52.—Richard Walker, American, driver, aged eighteen years, was fatally injured by mine car at Sugar Loaf on the 8th day of March, and died the following day.

This was indeed a sad accident, as this young man came to his death by sheer carelessness. He was engaged driving in one of the safest gangways

in this district, the road being nearly level, plenty of height and width, as the place was comparatively new.

The footman testified that deceased brought down that morning an old seat made out of a shovel. The footman told him that he should not use that seat, as he had nearly lost his life by falling from it some months previous, and that it was a very unsafe thing. The answer that deceased made was that he would try it once. Deceased took a car into the gangway, and, when it was loaded, fastened the seat on the front end and sat on it, and when about half-way out fell, and when found his head was between the two wheels. He spoke, but not intelligently, and died, as stated, without regaining consciousness.

No. 53.—George Gorelick, Hungarian, loader, twenty-one years of age, was fatally injured by railroad cars near No. 2 breaker, Upper Lehigh, on the 11th day of March, and died the following day at the Drifton hospital.

Deceased was running down two loaded cars, when his brake iron slipped, and he fell in front of the cars. Before he had time to escape, he was caught by the wheels receiving injuries on his pelvis and hip-joint, from the effect of which he died, as stated.

No. 159.—Joseph Fitzgo, Hungarian, loader, aged twenty-two years, was fatally injured at South Sugar Loaf breaker on the 20th day of August.

Deceased was engaged loading railroad cars, and somehow in coupling them his hand was caught between the bumpers and mashed terribly. He was sent to St. Luke's Hospital, South Bethlehem, where he died from the effect of said injury on the 30th day of the same month.

No. 174.—Andrew Nametz, Hungarian, laborer, twenty-four years of age, was instantly killed by a runaway car, near the foot of No. 6 slope, Ebervale, on the 10th day of September.

This slope was sunk to get at a piece of crop coal, the water running to the lower workings; therefore, no pump was put in. A few weeks before the accident occurred, a fall of surface took place which closed the waterway, consequently, the water had to be hoisted through No. 6 slope.

Deceased, the day of the accident, was engaged bailing water into a water-car, which was standing in line with the slope, about thirty feet from the bottom. While engaged at this work, the slope was hoisting coal, and, when a car was near the apex, the rope broke inside the cone, and the car dashed down, striking deceased.

Another Hungarian was engaged in bailing water, and, when he heard the noise in the slope, he called to deceased to get out of the way. He also jumped across the track and endeavored to grab him, but failed, and that instant deceased was struck with the car.

Deceased could have escaped if he had ordinary intelligence, or knew anything of the danger from a runaway car on the slope.

By the evidence, I found that a new rope was put in this slope the 16th day of August; therefore, the rope had only been used twenty-one days.

Charles Johnson, the topman, testified that he had examined the rope the day previous to the accident, but found nothing wrong with it. I examined the rope and found it good, but the effect of the acid water had made it brittle inside of the cone, which is the only reason that I could give for a new rope breaking.

I also found out from the men that had been bailing water that the mine foreman had always given instructions for them to keep out of the way when coal was being hoisted.

As there were only about fifty cars of coal a day hoisted, and about fifteen cars of water, there was plenty of time for these men to do their work when the slope was not hoisting coal. A Hungarian, who could speak the English language, testified at the inquest that the mine foreman requested him to give deceased and the other Hungarian the same instructions, and he was confident that deceased and his partner understood him.

After looking carefully through all the evidence, I found that the company and mine foreman had done all they could for the safety of these men; yet the coroner's jury censured the company for hiring such men for such a dangerous place; a verdict, I think, not in accordance with the evidence in the case.

ACCIDENT No. 180.—John Marshman, English, a driver's helper, aged seventeen years, was fatally injured by mine cars at the foot of a run at Drifton, No. 1, on the 18th day of September, and died at the Drifton hospital the following day.

Marshman was engaged as a helper, and with three others, was running down a trip of fifteen loaded cars, which was accomplished successfully. The deceased then should have gone about thirty yards further on to the top of another run, and there put sprags in the last car, but instead of that he waited until the trip started, and endeavored to jump on the side of the first car. He slipped and fell under the cars, and was dragged about twenty feet.

In the investigation, I found that the driver-boss, Benton Sheafer, had given the deceased positive instructions a few days prior to the accident, that if he was caught riding on the cars he would be discharged—he having slipped once before, nearly losing his life.

Accident No. 183.—Michael Boshtor, Hungarian, laborer, aged twenty-six years, was instantly killed by a runaway truck at No. 6 slope, Tresckow, caused by the breaking of the rope, on the 20th day of September.

Deceased, with several other men, was engaged in loading rock and timbering near the botton of said slope, which had been idle for some time, and was being repaired. It seems that the foreman of the shift had given instructions to all the men that they should get out of the way when the loaded truck was being hoisted, as he didn't consider it very safe. This day the loaded truck was hoisted, the foreman and the men going as usual into a place of safety until they thought the truck was landed on top. The foreman and deceased returned to their work shortly, when suddenly the

foreman heard a strange noise in the slope, and called out to all hands to look out, and so saying, he jumped into a place of safety.

The Hungarian, in the excitement of the moment, jumped the other way, and was instantly killed by a prop which was knocked out by the descending truck.

In my investigation, I found that the rope was unfit for use, being worn out and rusted through and through.

The outside foreman had been afraid of the rope, and had procured another rope, and kept it on hand for any emergency, but as they had hoisted a pump, weighing about two tons, with the old rope four days previous to the accident, he thought it was good enough to hoist about a ton of rock at the time, therefore he concluded not to change the rope. This foreman should be held criminally neglectful for the death of this man; yet the coroner's jury brought in a verdict of accidental death caused by disobeying instructions.

ACCIDENT No. 212.—James Day, Irishman, oiler, aged sixty-four years, was fatally injured by mine cars at No. 9 breaker, Lansford, on the 6th day of November.

Deceased was engaged oiling cars near said breaker, when somehow his knee was crushed between the bumpers. He was conveyed to his home, where he died the next day from nervous prostration.

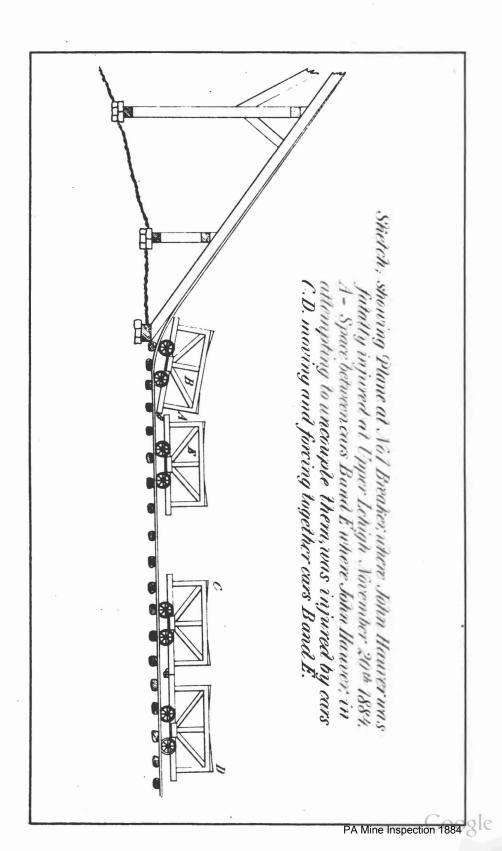
ACCIDENTS Nos. 217, 218.—Burton McKeever, locomotive engineer, and Hugh Gallagher, his fireman, aged respectively — years, were fatally injured at No. 5, Lansford, on the 13th day of November. Gallagher died from his injuries the next day, and McKeever on the 17th day of the same month.

This accident, is, indeed, sad to think about, as the two young men undoubtedly lost their lives through the recklessness of the engineer.

They were engaged hauling coal to breaker from the top of the inside slope, a distance of about one mile through gangway and tunnel. The number of cars they were running in each trip was fifteen, and the total number of cars they had to take out was about two hundred, necessitating thirteen or fourteen trips each day.

Therefore, it can be seen that the work could be done with safety, as they only averaged about three trips every two hours. The engineer also depended on his accuracy in counting the empty cars as they were taken in, and up to this date had been successful in his figures. But this fatal day he gave orders for fourteen cars, and by his own testimony he counted them himself and started in.

The topman testified that he took in fourteen cars to the top of the inside slope. Deceased then started out with his loaded trip of fourteen cars, and when nearing the tunnel his locomotive struck an empty car which he had lost on the road going in, knocking it off the track, driving it ahead, crushing timbers for nearly one hundred feet. In the collision, it seems the safety-valve was broken, and the two men were being scalded alive for that distance, when the cars stopped. Both jumped off the engine, Gal-



lagher making his way out through the débris, and McKeever wending his way back to the top of the slope, where he told the terrible story of the collision. Both men were able to walk home, as they were not injured otherwise than by the scalding.

It seems, by the evidence, that some of the miners had made complaint of McKeever's wild running to the contractor, who cautioned him against running so fast, as there was no need of it at any time. He promised to run slower, and did run slower while taking the men in and out, but by the appearance of the wreck, the advice was lost on him while running the coal out. The road and timber were in good condition, but for his two mistakes, the miscounting and fast running, the accident would not have happened.

The jury brought in a verdict of accidental death caused by a collision. The counting of cars has been done away with at No. 6, and a ticket is put on the last car, as they had been doing prior to the accident at the No. 5 colliery, under the same company. About nine days before the accident, Contractor Davis asked McKeever to adopt the ticket system, but he preferred his own system, and was allowed his own way; but the contractor should have insisted on the change, as he knew there was danger attached to McKeever's way, and that the ticket system would be entirely safe.

No. 229.—William Hanver, Hungarian, oiler, aged twenty-one years, was fatally injured by cars near No. 1 breaker, Upper Lehigh, on the 20th day of November, and died at his home the next day.

Deceased was engaged oiling cars near the bottom of the breaker plane, and while uncoupling a car, work which did not belong to him, the cars were bumped down, and his head was caught between the bodies of the cars. If he had pulled his head out, when he heard the cars being bumped, he could have escaped; but, instead of that, he raised his head, and was caught while the first car ascended the pitch, as can be seen by sketch. To uncouple these cars, there is no need for a man to put his head between them. On level road there is plenty of room, as there is a space of at least twenty inches between the bodies of the cars.

No. 234.—Edward Cannon, Irish, laborer, aged seven years, was fatally injured by mine cars at No. 5, Lansford, on the 26th day of November, and died at his home on the 28th day of the same month.

This young man was engaged driving this day, and, while taking out a trip of loaded cars, slipped and fell under the cars, and had his leg and hand badly crushed, from the effects of which he died, as stated.

Fatal Accidents from Blasts.

ACCIDENT No. 171.—Patrick Dever, Irish, miner, aged twenty-four years, was killed by a blast in the Red Ash gangway, at No. 9, Lansford, on the 19th day of August.

Deceased was engaged driving a gangway, a very safe and dry one, too. For this reason there was no excuse for any undue haste on his part. He had prepared a blast and had sent the laborers back, then fired the match and ran back himself about fifty feet and hid behind some timbers. By

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the testimony of the laborers, he became uneasy, and said that he was afraid that the hole had missed, but one of them told him not to go back for a while as he might be caught. He waited a little while, and went back towards the face, and when within twenty feet the blast exploded, killing him instantly.

The laborers thought that he had waited about two minutes before he started back, but when I tested their ability to compute two minutes both failed—they averaging forty-nine seconds for two minutes. From the evidence of these two men, I came to the conclusion that deceased stayed in his hiding-place less than one minute; therefore it is wrong to blame the squibs for this accident.

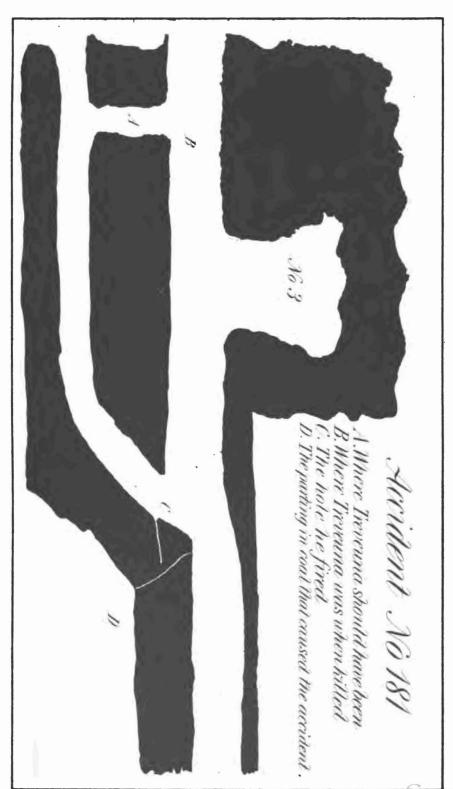
I timed several of the same make of squibs, and found that they vary but a little in their time, taking generally about two minutes to burn if lighted at the extreme end, as they should be.

ACCIDENT No. 181.—Thomas Trevenna, English, miner, thirty-nine years of age, was instantly killed by a piece of coal from a blast, at Coleraine, No. 2, on the 8th day of September.

Deceased was engaged driving a gangway and airway, but the airway was stopped on account of a roll of rock that was encountered when half of the coal was cut out, necessitating conducting the air to the face of the gangway by a brattice. To have enough room for this brattice, deceased had to blast out all the coal to water-level, and had done this wo: k satisfactorily to the foreman all but at one place, which is marked on the sketch by No. 1. The foreman told the deceased to take off a few more shots there, so as to ease the curve, so the air could pass through with less friction. On this fatal day, deceased went back to this objectionable point, and put in a hole that is marked No. 2 on the sketch, and, when ready to fire, applied the match and went back to a place of safety, a distance of one hundred feet from the hole.

By the evidence of John Cole, a laborer, who was the only person on the gangway when deceased came running back calling "fire," after waiting a short time, deceased said he was afraid the hole had missed, as it was very wet, or that the air that was sweeping around the curve had blown out the match. Cole cautioned him not to go back too soon, but deceased could not rest, and started back, and when he had opened the door, which I found to be sixty-six feet from the hole, the blast exploded, and a large piece of coal came back like a cannon ball, which struck deceased in the head, killing him instantly. Witness, on being asked how long deceased had waited before going back, answered by saying that he thought he waited about three minutes. I pulled out my watch and asked him to time three minutes; he looked very wise, and in fifty-nine seconds said that the three minutes were up. In my opinion, a person waiting for a blast to go off is totally unable to compute the time, as one minute often seems to be five minutes to him.

In my investigation, I found that the hole deceased had drilled and fired



had not done its work. I measured the hole, from which the blasting barrel had not been taken out, and found it about four and one half feet long, and that it was charged with twenty inches of powder. By looking at the way the hole was drilled, no person would think that it could throw the coal so far back into the gangway, but the reason of this was that a slip was cut at the end of the hole, and the force of the powder came out with that, and forced ahead of it the piece of coal that killed deceased. Deceased was considered a good, practical miner, of long experience, but his judgment failed him this time, or he would not have gone back so soon to see about the blast.

Fatal Accident by an Explosion of Powder.

Accident No. 36.—Charles Oswald, German, miner, thirty-eight years of age, was fatally burned by an explosion of powder on the 25th day of February.

Deceased, while preparing a cartridge, had his lamp in his hat on his head or hung near the powder-box, and while thus preparing his cartridge, a spark from his lamp fell or was blown into the powder keg, which exploded with terrific effect, burning deceased severely on the face, breast, and hands.

The injuries, although very severe, were not considered fatal, yet he died from their effects on the twenty-ninth day after, suffering untold agonies.

These miners that keep their lamps on their heads or near the powder-box seem to me to be devoid of all sense of danger and extremely reckless; but if all the miners that take these unnecessary risks paid the penalty with their lives, as this poor victim did, the list of deaths in coal mines would be largely augmented. I hope that the article on explosives in the new law will be the means of forcing these persons to be more careful of their lives.

Miscellaneous Fatal Accidents.

Accident No. 51.—John M. Jones, Welsh, roadman, aged fifty-five years, was fatally injured by falling part way down the lower lift in the No. 2 slope at Stockton, on the 15th day of March.

Deceased when at his regular work was a roadman, but since the lower lift of this slope had been drowned out, on the 13th day of February, he, with others, was engaged getting the water out. The work of the deceased was to see that the slack-rope at the water car would not get entangled while coal was being hoisted from the upper lift, and another man was stationed at the bell-wire to signal the engineer when requested by deceased, otherwise the engineer, while hoisting coal from the upper lift, would take up the empty water car without a signal.

The day of the accident, deceased was engaged at this work, but it seems to me that he did not keep as careful a watch over the rope as usual, as he called excitedly to the man to signal the engineer to stop, which signal was given as quick as possible. But the engineer had put on all the head of

steam before receiving the signal, therefore could not stop at once, and the empty car, which was off the track, was pulled up the slope a considerable distance, when the bridle chains broke, and the car came dashing back into the battery below. The car did not strike deceased, as he was on the other track, but in the excitement he must have slipped and rolled down the slope a distance of about sixty-five feet into the water. He was immediately taken out of the water, and was found to be seriously injured. He was taken to his home, where he died the following night. If deceased had watched the rope as he should have done, he could have had the car stopped before it had full headway, as he had often done before, as there was about sixty feet of slack-rope to be taken up before the car would start, and by the evidence of the men at work at the place, the engineer always hoisted very slowly until this slack-rope was taken in.

It seems to me that all the slack-rope was taken up this time before deceased's attention was called to it, and the first thing he heard was the noise of the car off the track and under full head of steam. It was shown by the witnesses that the company had taken every precaution to make this place safe, and the jury brought in a verdict of "accidental death."

ACCIDENT No. 194.—Joseph Jglar, Hungarian, miner, aged about thirty-four years, was killed by falling down a manway, at Mt. Pleasant, No. 4, on the 30th day of September.

Deceased and another Hungarian were engaged working a breast in the Wharton seam on the pitch, and were considered good, careful miners. When this accident happened, they were engaged driving a cross-cut into an adjoining breast, which was idle, and as they were about knocking through, deceased said he would go down and get powder ready for the blast, and in the meantime would go up the other manway and listen to his partner drilling, so he could judge how deep the hole should be drilled. He went down his manway and up the other, both manways having a pitch of 75°, and gave a couple raps on the coal. After this the partner heard nothing more from deceased, but thought that he had gone down and would soon come back to him. He waited a long time for his return, as he had thought that deceased had gone to another breast close by to see a friend of theirs. He became tired of waiting, and went down the manway and to the other breast, when he found deceased lying dead at the bottom of the manway.

At the investigation, his partner, Joseph Luketish, testified that deceased was afflicted with heart disease, and that he had fallen once before in their own manway, but that he had given him strict orders that he should not speak of it, as if the mine foreman would hear of it that he would not be allowed to work in a pitching breast.

After hearing all the evidence in the case, I came to the conclusion that deceased had walked up the manway very fast, and while giving the signal to his partner, was struck by heart disease, and fell down the manway a distance of fifteen yards, and that he had either died from heart disease or from the effect of the fall. The fall alone was enough to kill him.

Fatal Accidents by Machinery.

ACCIDENT No. 15.—Frank Bierly, German, slate-picker, aged fourteen years, was fatally injured at Eckley, No. 5, on the 29th day of January.

Alfred Bierly, aged sixteen years, a brother of the deceased, was running a small engine, hoisting coal from an inside slope, the rope passing down a drill hole from the surface. The day of the accident the breaker was not working, and the deceased was sent by his father, who is the hoisting engineer at No. 5, with a bucket of coal to his brother, who was running the engine empty when the boy entered the engine house, practicing "starting and stopping" as he called it, according to the instruction given him by the master mechanic. While thus practicing, the fly-wheel burst and pieces flew in all directions, one of which struck the floor of the enginehouse close to where deceased stood, and broke the steam-pipe, the escaping steam scalding him fearfully, causing his death in ten hours. Alfred Bierly, the engineer, testified that he was not running "very fast," but could not say "how fast."

By the wreck made by the bursting wheel, it was very evident to my mind that the engine must have been running at a terrific speed, and the sudden check received by the engineer trying to stop was the cause of the wheel's bursting.

This is a very unfortunate affair, as one brother was killed by the reck-lessness of the other. I think that this boy-engineer was smart, and likely competent enough to hoist coal at this place, but I must say that he was lacking in judgment and entirely too young to have charge of a hoisting-engine. Yet, as it was said, even if he was young, he endangered no lives but his own, unless some one entered as deceased did, as the engine-house was fully a quarter of a mile away from any other building, and no person was, or is, allowed to ride on this inside slope. When the new law comes into effect, no person under the age of twenty-one years will be allowed to run any hoisting-engine.

ACCIDENT No. 35.—John Howorth, Hungarian, aged fifteen years, was found dead at the mouth of a screen at the No. 2 breaker at Eckley on the 22d day of February.

Deceased was engaged feeding a pair of rolls, and when or how he was killed can only be conjectured. The day of the accident the mine was not working, but the breaker was running, and a few hands were employed to put the coal that came from the gangways and airways through, consequently the hands did not have steady work. The day being very cold, it seems that the deceased became chilled, and, instead of going to the stove through the regular traveling-way, he, for some reason, crawled over fencerailing and through small holes, and, while thus going, fell into the mouth of the screen, and some time afterward was found dead. No person except the deceased can be blamed or censured for this accident, as the machinery was well-fenced off.

Fatal Accidents at Breakers.

ACCIDENT No. 80.—Stephen Butzhorsh, Hungarian, laborer, about thirty

years of age, was instantly killed by falling off No. 1 breaker at Ebervale, on the 21st day of April.

Deceased was engaged on the platform; pulling the coal over the bars. It seems that a lump of coal got fast between the bars, and deceased had made several efforts to loosen it, but had failed. This time he exerted all the strength he had, and gave one strong pull; the piece got loose, and he fell backwards over the railing, landing on the roof, forty feet below. This place had always been considered safe, and was safe enough for any man of ordinary intelligence to work at, it having been used for twenty-five years without an accident. Deceased had only worked a few days, he having just recovered from the effect of a previous accident.

ACCIDENT No. 98.—John Jumble, Hungarian, laborer, aged about thirty years, was fatally injured at Deringer breaker, on the 11th day of May, and died the following day at the Drifton hospital.

Deceased, with other Hungarians, was engaged in carrying plates for the lump coal chute. To do this they had to go down several steps to a platform. Deceased had carried a number of plates, and had ascended these steps with the other men, but this time, to shorten the distance, he took a jump of about five feet, and his weight, with that of the plate on his back, on landing, broke one of the planks of the platform, and he fell through a distance of twenty-three feet. The plank he landed on was yellow pine, and two inches thick, and would have been able to resist the strain if it did not have two knots in the middle, which had not been detected.

This man had no right to make any such jump, and I consider that he lost his life through carelessness and ignorance.

Fatal Accidents at Strippings.

ACCIDENT No. 201.—John Androsky, Hungarian, laborer, aged twentyone years, was fatally injured by a fall of clay at the Ebervale strippings, on the 15th day of October, and died at the Drifton hospital on the 17th.

Deceased was undermining a bank of clay and was warned several times this day to be careful and take care of himself, as the bank was very treacherous, and liable to fall any minute. To make it more safe for this man to work, the foreman had detailed another Hungarian to watch while he was working, thinking to make it doubly sure that the man would not be injured.

While deceased was picking away, the bank fell on him, causing his death as above stated. The man watching must have neglected his duty, but his testimony was that deceased did not jump back when he called to him.

ACCIDENT No. 220.—John Andreko, Hungarian, laborer, was fatally injured at the Coleraine strippings on the 15th day of November, and died at his boarding-house the same evening.

Deceased was engaged as a picker by Weaver & Dick, and had been in their employ at the same work for over two years. He was considered a very intelligent Hungarian. While at his usual work this day, a small piece of stone, weighing about six pounds, loosened from the side of the bank, and fell a distance of about eight feet, and struck him on the side of the head, knocking him down senseless; but he soon came to himself, and asked for a drink of water, and took hold of his pick with the intention of keeping on at work, but was ordered to go home by the foreman, who also sent a man with him. He was not considered even severely injured, but he died the afternoon of the same day. There is something peculiar in this race of people, as what would be considered a slight injury to other nationalities proves fatal to them.

ACCIDENT No. 232.—John Oncicki, Hungarian, laborer, twenty-two years of age, was instantly killed at the Yorktown strippings on the 24th day of November.

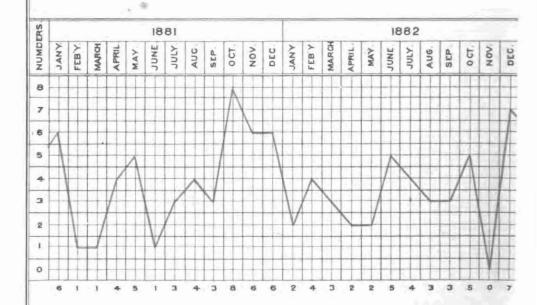
Deceased was also employed as a picker by Weaver & Dick, and had been at the same work for them for over a year. This fatal day he was undermining a bank; the frost being in the ground, it did not fall as readily as usual.

The foreman, a very intelligent Hungarian, had given deceased orders to go to the top of the bank and bear it down, as he did not consider it safe to undermine the bank any further. The foreman's attention was then called away to some other matters, and while thus engaged, in a few minutes afterwards, was told that the bank had fallen on deceased. Instead of obeying instructions, and going on top, deceased thought he would save himself that trouble by undermining a little more. While doing so, without any warning, the bank fell, and, while in the act of jumping back, deceased's foot slipped, and he fell on his back. Before he recovered himself, a piece of frozen ground struck him on the head, crushing it into a jelly. He was not injured on any other part of the body, and the head was the only part that was touched by the fallen bank.

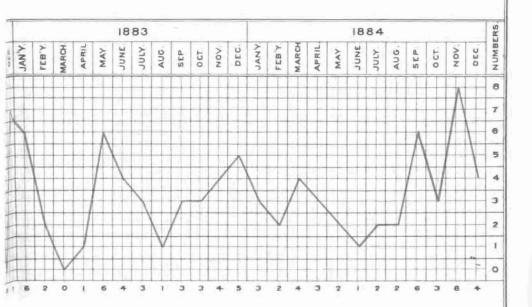
TABLE No. 5.—A list of accidents resulting in death in the South District of Lufor the year end-

DATE	No. of seeidents.	Names of Persons Killed	Occupation.	Age.	Widows.	Orphaus.	N	ames of	Collieri	es.
Jan. 21 25 29	1 2 3	Willie Hancock, John W. Thomas, Frank Bierly,	Door-boy, Roadman, Slate-picker, .	15 65 15	 i		Lans	uehonin ford. No. ey, No.	0. 5,	:::
Feb. 22	4	John Howorth,	Slate-picker, .	15		• •	Eckle	ey, No.	2,	• • •
25	5	Charles Oswald,	Miner, :	36	1	• • •	1	ьеггу Х		
Mar. 4 5 8	8 7 8	August Grouse, John M. Jones, Richard Walker,	Co. laborer,	21 54 18	i	.2	Stock	ou, No. ton, No r Loaf,	1, 2,	
11	9	George Goerlick,	Loader,	20		٠٠.	Uppe	r Lebig	h, No. :	Z,
Apr. 10 21 25 May 7	10 11 12 18	Michael Bruchick Stephen Butzkorsh, Henry Marshman, John Hanlon,	Laborer,	43 85 40 25	1 1 1	4 4	Eber	boldt, vale. on, No. kow, N	2	• • •
12 June 16 July 10		John Jumble, Michael Maddie, Thomas McDonaid,	Laborer, Miner, Laborer,	20 27 48	1	.: ::	Derm	inger, inger, uehonin		
26 Aug. 20	17 18	Robert Fox, Joseph Fetzgo,	Miner, Laborer,	33 27	1	4	Uppe Sout)	r Lehig 1 Sugar	h, No. 6 Loaf, .	.
28 Sept. 8 10 18 19 20 30 Oct. 15	21 22 23 24 25	Frank Munder, Thomas Trevenna, Andrew Hamets, John Marshman, Patrick Dever, Michael Barshton, Joseph Iglar,	Miner, Miner, Laborer, Helper, Miner, Laborer, Laborer,	28 22 17 24 30 84 20	1		Coler Eber Drift Lans Tresc Mour	ey, No. 'aine, N vale, on, No. ford, No. tow, No it Please vale,	0. 2,	
18 25 Nov. 6 13 13 15 20	27 28 29 30 81 82 33	August Concine, Adam Bachman, James Day, Burton McKeever, Hugh Gallagher, John Andreko, John Halmer,	Miner, Miner, Oiter, Engineer, Fireman, Laborer, Laborer,	26 60 21 22	1		Latti Hazie Lans Lans Lans Coler	mer, No eton, No ford, No ford, No ford, No	0. 2 , 0. 2 ,	
22 24 28 Dec. 2 3 11 18	34 35 36 37 38 39 40	James Ashworth, John Oncick, Edward Cannon, Andrew Miller, Robert Mills, John Boner, Thomas Shulta,	Miner, Laborer,	56 24 28 16	1		Oakd York Lans Lans East Drift	ale, No. town, No. ford, No. ford, No. Crystal on, No. ford, No.	. 1, No. 6, O. 5, O. 6, . Ridge, L	
		Total,	Sable of Comp	ariso	11 m.	21		-,		
·			•				1881.	1882.	1888.	1884.
	kille					-i	25	19	18	

DIAGRAM SHOWING THE EACH MONTH, THE



NUMBER OF ACCIDENTS LAST FOUR YEARS.



zerne and Carbon counties, Pennsylvania, with remarks on the cause of each, ing December 31, 1884.

Remarks on the Causes of Accidents.	Explosion of CH4 gas.	Falls of roof and coal.	By mine cars.	Explosion of blasts and powder.	Miscellaneous inside.	Machinery on surface.	Miscellaneous outside.	Total.	No. of accidents.
Fell under mine cars, and was instantly killed			1 1					1 1	1 2
Fatally injured; fell under mine car, and died next day,	١.	١	١ '					1	
ing day, Found dead at the mouth of a screen; deceased had wandered into		٠٠	• •		٠٠	1	• •	1	8
a dangerous place.		ļ.,	١			1		1	4
Fatally injured by an explosion of a keg of powder, caused by a spark from his lamp; died on the 29th after great suffering,		l	١	1		١.		1	5
Fatally injured; struck by a locomotive while coming from work,	٠.		1		١.			1	6
Fatally injured by falling down slope; died the following day, Fatally injured; fell under a mine car, and died while being taken			١.		1	١		1	7
home, Fatally injured; fell under railroad car at breaker, and died the	•	٠.	1		٠.	1	• •	1	8
following day.			1	٠.,				1	9
Fatally injured by a fall of clod; died on the 12th of same month, . Instantly killed by falling off the breaker, a distance of forty feet,	٠.	1	.:	. :	: :	1.:	1	1 1	10 11
Instantly killed by a fall of coal in breast,		1		٠.	٠.		••	1	12
Instantly killed by a fall of clod on the gangway, while taking it down.	ļ	1				١.	١	1	18
Killed by falling into a chute in breaker,	.:	1	. :	1:	1.:	l.:	1.	1 1	14 15
Fatally injured by a rush of coal at battery; died the next day at									
the hospital while undergoing operation, Fatally injured by a fall of coal; died at his home the third day,		1	::		. :		::	1	16 17
Hand crushed between railroad cars at breaker; died at the Penn- sylvania hospital while under operation,			1	1	,			1	18
Fatally injured by a piece of coal from battery; died next day,	::	1				:	::	1	19
Instantly killed by a piece of coal from a premature blast, Killed by a runaway car near the bottom of the slope,		۱: .	1	1	::	1:	::	1 1	20 21
Fatally injured by mine cars at bottom of run,	٠.		1	١.	٠.		• •	1	22 23
Instantly killed by a premature blast, Instantly killed by a runaway car on slope,	1	.:	1	1	• •	• •		1 1	24
Instantly killed by falling down manway, Fatally injured by a fall of clay at stripping; died on the 17th, at	• •	• •		i	1	• •	•	1	25
Drifton hospital,	١.	١.,			٠.		1	1	25
Fatally injured by a fall of clod; died the same day, Smothered by a rush of fine coal, while robbing pillars,	:	1 1		1::	::	:		1 1	27 28
Fatally injured by mine cars; died next day, These men were fatally scalded in a collision; Gallagher died the	١,		1					1	29 80
next day, and McKeever on the 17th,	٠ . ا	::	i	: :	::			1	81
Fatally injured by a fall at the stripping; died the same day, Fatally injured by mine cars; died the following day,		l::	· 1	• •			1	1	32 83
Instantly killed by a fail of coal,	::	'n	ļ	.:	::	::	Ι΄.	1	34
Killed by a fall of clay at stripping, Fatally injured by mine cars; died on the 29th of same month,	::	::	ı		[::	::	1.1	1	35 36
Fatally injured; fell under a timber truck; died the next day, Fell down slope, and was instantly killed.		•	1		1		• •	1	37 38
Fatally injured by mine cars; died next day at the hospital,	::	::	1	:.			::	1	39
Fatally injured by a mine car; died at his home on the 22d,		<u> · · · </u>	1	<u> : :</u>	<u> </u>	<u> : : :</u>	<u>:</u> ا	1	40
Total,		10	17	8	8	2	5		

Nationality by Birth of Persons Fatally Injured during the Year 1884.

Hungarians,	٠	٠	٠	•	٠	•	٠	•	٠	٠	٠	•			٠	٠		٠	٠		٠		٠		٠	٠	12
Irish, .																											7
Germans, .																								٠			7
English,																											4
Americans,															,												
Welsh,																							٠.				2
Italians,																											2
Austrians, .															i		i										2
٠.																											
Total, .																											40
•							-									-		-	•	-	-	-	-	-		٠.	

TABLE No. 6.—A list of non-fatal accidents in the South District of Luzerne and ing December

DATE	1	No. of accident.	Names of Persons Injured.	Occupation.	Age.	Name of Collieries.
Jan.	2	1	William Gallagher,	Helper,	14	Upper Lehigh, No. 4,
	8	2	John Stack,	Carpenter,	45	Laurel Hill,
	4	8	John McGraw,	Miner,	26	Mt. Pleasant,
,	9	4	John McCarthy, Michael Lautaucher,	Driver, Laborer,	19 23	Mt. Pleasant, Drifton, No. 2. Hazleton, No. 5,
1	14	6	Edward Charleon,	Miner,	29	Tomhicken,
	16	7	David Isaac,	Miner,	38	Jeansville, No. 7,
	22 23	9	David Jenkins, Anthony Dale,	Slate-picker, Miner,	14 30	Lansford, No. 4, breaker, . Sugar Loaf,
:	23	10	Harrison Leffer,	Driver,	23	Harleigh,
:	25	u	John G. Walters,	Helper,	15	Drifton, No. 2,
:	29	12	William Jones,	Miner,	28	Jeansville, No. 4,
Feb.	2 8	18 14	August Breiding, Henry Jones,	Miner, Fan-boy,	25 15	Hazleton, No. 8, Laurel Hill,
	4	15	Thomas Dennis,	Miner,	#0	Hazleton, No. 6,
	6	18 17	Anthony Moyer,	Driver, Laborer,	16 24	Laurel Hill, Sugar Loaf, Jeansville, No. 1,
	6	18 19	Thomas Bevan,	Miner, Driver,	26 18	Jeansville, No. 1, Jeansville, No. 4
	- 1	20	John Daly,	Driver,	19	Jeansville, No. 1,
	7	21	Jonathan Roberts,	Driver,	17	Jeansville, No. 1,
	9	22	Lawson Farringer,	Miner,	27	Drifton, No. 3, Eckley, No. 2,
	11 11	23 24	August Seifert,	Laborer, Loader,	85 17	Nesquehoning,
1	11	25 26	William Horn, Joseph Hartranft,	Slate-picker,	15 22	Gowen. Lansford, No. 9,
	18	27	John Rhimmack,	Laborer,	28	Harleigh.
	18 20	28 29	Philip Smith, James Brennan,	Miner,	55 40	Hazleton, No. 6, East Crystal Ridge,
		80	Michael Gallagher,	Miner,	20	Drifton, No. 2,
•		81	John M. Scott,	Blacksmith,	28	Nesquehoning,
3	26 26	82 83	Thomas Morgan,	Driver, Driver,	19 16	Drifton, No. 2,
	28 27	84 85	Michael Frinco,	Laborer,	24 35	Drifton, No. 2,
•	29	26	John Trala,	Laborer,	#0	Ebervale,
	- 1	87	George Hertzog,	Miner,	82	Derringer,
March	8	36 30	Andrew Mickler, William Schramm,	Laborer,	26 40	Lansford, No. 9, Laurel Hill,
	4	40	Lincoln Davies,	Locomotive eng'r,	35 48	Lansford, No. 9,
	4	41 43	Hugh Smith,	Miner, Hitcher,	23	Drifton, No. 1,
	14	43	Patrick O'Donnel,	Miner,	40	Lansford, No. 9, Lansford, No. 6,
1	19 20	44	Peter Padden	Miner, Laborer,	38 34	Lansford, No. 6,
2	24 25	46 47	Joseph Williams,	Miner,	35 14	Harleigh,
5	27	48	Thomas hawke	Oiler, Driver,	15	Laurel Hill,
2	27 29	49 50	Charles Roth,	Company man, Company man,	30 23	Cranberry,
April	2	51	Dominick Cull, John McHugh,	Miner,		Jeansville, No. 4, Oak Dale, No. 1,
	- 1	- I	moved all			

Carbon counties, Pennsylvania, with remarks on the cause of each, for the year end-51, 1884.

Remarks on the Extent and Cause of Accidents. Was caught between bumpers while coupling cars, and severely ingred, while property ingred by a fail of foosi while in the act of securing it. Leg fractured; be fell and was run over by a mine car. Arm cut off by a fail of foosi while in the act of securing it. Leg fractured; be fell and was run over by a mine car. Arm cut off by a fail of foosi while in the act of securing it. Leg fractured; be fell and was run over by a mine car. Arm cut off by a fail of foosi while in the act of securing it. Leg fractured by failing in breaker while playing, Severely injured on head, chest, and thigh by a fail of dividing slate, Severely injured by a fail of foosi meen feet high, and was acrovely in Jured on bead on a plation were feet high, and was acrovely in Jured on bead on a plation were feet high, and was acrovely in Jured on bead on a plation were feet high, and was acrovely in Jured on bead on a plation were feet high, and was acrovely in Jured on bead on a plation were feet high, and was acrovely in Jured on bead with a prop, and severely injured, Arm fractured; was caught between car and gate at top of the Mastrack on head with a prop, and severely injured, Had three of his fingers or ushed by being caught in the cogs of the Jured on bead with a prop, and severely injured, Was struck on head with a prop, and severely injured, Was caught between mules and empty cars, and had his shoulder dis- Jured on the arm by a mule, and severely on the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control									_
while repairing breaker he fell from a platform and was seriously injured. While repairing breaker he fell from a platform and was seriously injured. While repairing the fell and was sun over by a mine car. Arm cat off by a fall of forzen ground at No. 6 stripping. Severely injured on head, chest, and thigh by a fall of dividing slate, Fell backward from a platform seven feet high, and was severely injured on head, and severely care the fire bosa. Part fractured by falling in breaker while playing, Severely injured by an explosion of gas through the neglect of the fire bosa. Por finger of right hand crushed; was caught between stretcher and car; which caused amputation. Seriously injured by being caught between car and gate at top of the alope, Was strack on head with a prop, and severely injured, Hand haddy cut; was struck by a piece of coal he was barring down, Was kicked on the arm by a mule, and severely cut. Had his big toe cut of by being run over by a mine car. Leg fractured and severely bruised shout body by a fall of coal, Was caught between mules and empty cars, and had his shoulder dis- Bilipped while attempting to jump on a moving car, and was severely injured, Was caught between mules and empty cars, and had his shoulder dis- Bilipped while attempting to jump on a moving car, and was severely injured. Was caught between mules and empty cars, and had his shoulder dis- Bilipped while attempting to jump on a moving car, and was severely injured, Was caught between males and empty cars, and had his shoulder dis- Bilipped while attempting to jump on a moving car, and was severely injured, Was caught between mander-rails and fell under and the provided of the provided distribution of the provided distribution of the provided distribution of the provided distribution of the provided distribution of the provided distribution of the provided distribution of the provided distribution of the provided distribution of the provided distribution of the provided distribution of the provided dis	Remarks on the Extent and Cause of Accidents.	Explosion of CH4 gas.	Pas	By mine cars.	Explosions of blasts and powder.	Miscellaneous inside.	Miscellaneous outside.	Totals.	No. of accident.
while repairing breaker he fell from a platform and was seriously injured. While repairing breaker he fell from a platform and was seriously injured, injured, by a fail of coal while in the act of securing it, seriously injured; he fell and was a un over by a mine car. Arm cut off by a fail of frozen ground at No. 6 atripping. Severely injured on head, chest, and thigh by a fail of dividing slate, Fell backward from a platform seven feet high, and was severely injured on head, and the property of ground in the property of ground in the property of ground in the property of ground in the property of ground in the property of ground in the property of ground in the property of ground in the property of ground in the property of ground in the car, which caused amputation. Seriously injured by being caught between car and gate at top of the alope, was struck on head with a prop, and severely injured, Hand headly cut; was struck by a piece of coal he was barring down, was the property of ground in the property of ground in the property of ground in the property of ground in the property of ground in the property of ground in the property of ground in the property of ground in the property of ground in the property of ground in the property of ground in the property of ground in the property of ground in the property of ground in the property of ground in the property of ground in the property of ground in the property of ground in the property of ground in the property of ground in the property of ground in the property of ground in the property of ground in the property of ground in the property of ground in the property of ground in the property of ground in the property of ground in the property of ground in the property of ground in the property of ground in the property of ground in the property of ground in the property of ground in the property of ground in the property of ground in the property of ground in the property of ground in the property of ground in the property of ground in the property of grou	Was caught between humpers while coupling cars, and severely in-			Ī					
injured. Seriously injured by a fail of coal while in the act of securing it, Leg fractured; he fell and was run over by a mine car. Arm cut of by a fail of fozong ground at No. 6 stripping. Severely injured on head, chest, and thigh by a fail of dividing slate, Jured on head on head, chest, and thigh by a fail of dividing slate, Jured on head on head, chest, and thigh by a fail of dividing slate, Jured on head on head, chest, and thigh by a fail of dividing slate, Jured on head on head, chest, and thigh by a fail of dividing slate, Jured on head on head, chest, and thigh by a fail of dividing slate, Jured on head on head, chest, and thigh by a fail of dividing slate, Jured on head on head, chest, and thigh by a fail of dividing slate, Jured on head head on the fire boss, Footfractured; was caught between car and pillar, car having jumped the track, Footfractured; was caught between car and gate at top of the fire boss, Footfractured; was caught between car and gate at top of the fire hose, Footfractured; was caught between car and gate at top of the fan he was turning. Had three of his fingers crushed by being caught in the cogs of the fan he was turning. Had three of his fingers crushed by being caught in the cogs of the fan he was turning. Had his big toc cut off by being run over by a mine car, Leg fractured and severely brinised about body by a fail of coal, Was caught between the top of a car and the roof, and was seriously Injured, Was caught between mules and empty cars, and had his shoulder dis- Silipped while attempting to jump on a moving car, and was severely brillaged bout legs, Fell while carrying a prop, and had his arm fractured, Leg fractured; was caught by a cro and plane outside near breaker, Ankle dislocated by being caught between cars at breaker, In the fire of the back; In the fire of the back; In the fire of the back is a sent to Founsylvania Hospital, at Philadelphia, Seriously injured by being squeezed between mine cars, It is a sent to Founsylvania Hospital, at Philadelphia, Serio	jured,		ļ	1		• •		1	1
Leg fractured; he fell and was run over by a mine car, Arm cut of by a fall of frozen ground at No. 8 stripping. Severely injured on head, cheat, and thigh by a fall of dividing slate, Fell back ward from a platform seven feet high, and was severely in- jured on head, Arm fractured by falling in breaker while playing, Ber boss, Footfractured by yalling in breaker while playing, Both boss, Footfractured; was caught between car and pillar, car having jumped the track, Footfractured; was caught between car and gate at top of the slope, Fore finger of right hand crushed; was caught between stretcher and car; which caused amputation, Seriously injured by being caught between car and gate at top of the slope, Seriously injured by being caught between car and gate at top of the slope, Hand there of his fingers crushed by being caught in the cogs of the Hand had you cut; was struch by a pleece of coal he was barring down, Leg fractured and severely busined about body by a fall of coal, Was caught between the top of a car and the root, and was seriously injured, Was caught between mules and empty cars, and had his shoulder dis- located, High the carrying a prop, and had his arm fractured, Leg fractured; was caught by a car on a plane outside near breaker, Fell while carrying a prop, and had his arm fractured, Leg fractured; was caught by a car on a plane outside near breaker, Leg fractured and back bruised; was caught by to screen while playing, Leg fractured was caught between cars as breaker, Leg fractured and back bruised; was caught by a car on a plane outside near breaker, Leg fractured and back bruised; was caught by a car on a plane outside near breaker, Leg fractured and back bruised; was caught by screen while playing, Leg fractured and back bruised; was caught by a car on a plane outside near breaker, Leg fractured by a fall of coal, and was severely injured, Was struck by a fall of coal by being too reckless, Burned by an explosion of powder, caused by a spark from his lamp, Severely out on arm by a pleece	injured,			· •	٠.		1		2
Severely injured on head, cheat, and thigh by a fail of dividing slate, Peil backward from a pistform sever feet high, and was severely injured on head. Arm fractured by failing in breaker while playing, Beverely burned by an explosion of gas through the neglect of the fire boas, Foot fractured; was caught between car and pillar, car having jumped the track, For dinger of right hand crushed; was caught between stretcher and ear, which caused amputation. For dinger of right hand crushed; was caught between the copy, injured by being caught between car and gate at top of the along, injured by being caught between car and gate at top of the fan he was turning, Hand badly cut; was struch by a piece of coal he was barring down, Hand badly cut; was struch by a piece of coal he was barring down, Hand badly cut; was struch by a piece of coal he was barring down, Hand badly cut; was struch by a piece of coal he was barring down, Hand badly cut; was struch by a piece of coal he was barring down, Hand badly cut; was struch by a piece of coal he was barring down, Hand badly cut; was struch by a piece of coal he was barring down, Hand badly cut; was struch by a piece of coal he was barring down, Hand badly cut; was struch by a piece of coal he was barring down, Was toked on the arm by a mule, and severely by a fail of coal, Was caught between the top of a car and the roof, and was seriously Injured, Was caught between mules and empty cars, and had his shoulder discoated. However had between cars and was severely Horse dabout legs, Horse dabout legs, Bornied about legs, Horse dabout legs, Horse dabout legs, Horse dabout legs, Horse dabout legs, Horse dabout legs, Horse dabout legs, Horse dabout legs, Horse dabout legs, Horse dabout legs, Horse dabout legs, Horse dabout legs, Horse dabout legs, Horse dabout legs, Horse dabout legs, Horse dabout legs, Horse dabout legs, Horse dabout legs, Horse dabout legs, Horse dabout legs, Horse dabout legs, Horse dabout legs, Horse dabout legs,	Leg fractured; he fell and was run over by a mine car,	ĺ	'	1		· .		1	4
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Ribs fractured by a fall of coal by being too reckless, Burned by an explosion of powder, caused by a spark from his lamp, Severely burned by an explosion of gas through the carelessness of himself and partner, A piece of iron fell on his foot, fracturing one of his toes, I 1 30 A piece of iron fell on his foot, fracturing one of his toes, I 1 38 Seriously injured by being squeezed between mine care, Was kicked by a mule, and severely injured, I 1 38 Seriously injured by being squeezed between mine care, Was struck by a fall of clay and sustained a fracture of the back; was sent to Fennsylvania Hospital, at Philadelphis, Beriously injured by a fall of coal, and sent to the Drifton hospital, Seriously injured by a rush of coal from battery, Severely cut on arm by a piece of coal he was trying to bar down, Severely bruised about legs and body by running into a lumber truck, Hands and face badly burned by an explosion of gas, Seriously injured; was struck by a runaway car on plane, and was taken to the Drifton hospital, Cut on head and bruised on back by a fall of coal, Yas severely bruised about seriously falling ander mine car, I 1 62 Cut on head and bruised on back by a fall of coal, Foot fractured by beling struck by a plece of coal, Leg fractured by beling struck by a plece of coal, Leg fractured and hip dislocated by falling under mine car, I 1 46 Leg fractured and hip dislocated by falling under mine car, I 1 46 Compound fracture of jaw-bone, also a fracture of the collar-bone by beling caught between car and timber, Severely bruised about body by a fall of coal, I 50 Severely bruised about body by a fall of coal, I 50 Severely bruised about body by a fall of coal, I 50 Severely bruised about body by a fall of coal, I 50 Severely bruised about body by a fall of coal, I 50 Severely bruised about body by a fall of coal, I 50 Severely bruised about body by a fall of coal, I 50 Severely bruised about body by a fall of coal,	Leg fractured; was caught between guard-rails and fell under car, Feli on gangway while carrying a rail: fractured his leg			1		1		1 1	26 27
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Cut on head and bruised on back by a fall of coal, Was caught by a rush of coal from battery, and badly injured, I 1 48 Foot fractured by falling at breaker, Leg fractured by being struck by a piece of coal, Leg fractured and hip dislocated by falling under mine car, I 1 46 Leg fractured; caught under car wheels, Read and legs severely injured by the upsetting of a lumber truck, Compound fracture of jaw-bone, also a fracture of the coliar-bone by being caught between car and timber, Severely bruised about body by a fall of coal, I 50	Seriously injured; was struck by a runaway car on plane, and was	1		_'				- 1	
Was caught by a rush of coal from battery, and badly injured, 1	Cut on head and bruised on back by a fall of coal,	:		1.		• •		1	43
Leg fractured by being struck by a piece of coal. Leg fractured and hip dislocated by falling under mine car,	Was caught by a rush of coal from battery, and badly injured,	;	1	١٠.	::		1		44 45
Fingers fractured; caught under car wheels, 1 1 46 Head and legs severely injured by the upsetting of a lumber truck, 1 1 49 Compound fracture of jaw-bone, also a fracture of the collar-bone by being caught between car and timber, 1 1 50 Severely bruised about body by a fall of coal, 1 51	Leg fractured by being struck by a piece of coal,	•		1	• •		^	1	46
Compound fracture of jaw-bone, also a fracture of the collar-bone by being caught between car and timber,	Pingers fractured; caught under our wheels,		• •	1	[: :]	:		1	46
being caught between car and timber, Severely bruised about body by a fall of coal,	Head and legs severely injured by the upsetting of a lumber truck, . Compound fracture of law-bone, also a fracture of the collar-bone by	•	• •	1				1	49
Seriously injured by a runaway car from a plane,	being caught between car and timber,	• •		1	$ \cdot\cdot $				
	Seriously injured by a runaway car from a plane,	::	. . .	1		:	. !	î	52

TABLE No. 6-

DATE.	No. of accident.	Names of Persons Injured.	Occupation.	Ago.	Name of Collieries.
April 8 7 7	58 54 55	James Forrest, John Fry,	Miner,	45 65	Cranberry,
8 8 8 9 9 9 11 11 11 11 11 17 18 22 24 24 22 25 26 28 29 30 May 1	56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 71 72 73 74 75 77 78	John Burns, John Kozley, George Condick, Steven Butzhach, Thomas M. Williams, Henry Fisher, Joseph Hall, Michael McAffee, William Tonkin, John Watkins, Hugh Sheridan, Dominic Sharkey, Edward Saveeny, Henry Polgrane, Frank Horn, Samuel Leslie, John Mooney, Michael Orowitz, William Newton, Patrick Sweeny, George Barner, Christian Wiegand, Charles Schafer,	Laborer, Oller, Outside laborer, Outside laborer, Miner, Company man, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner, Laborer, Laborer, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner, Cutside laborer, Brakeman, Miner, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Company laborer,	27 222 30 40 50 16 45 32 40 22 13 45 36 28 31 25 20 30 35 50 22	Hazleton Mine, Upper Lehigh, No. 6, Ebervale, Ebervale, Drifton, No. 1, Cranberry, Yorktown, No. 8, Hazleton, No. 3, Nesquehoning, Gowen. Jeansville, No. 1, Upper Lehigh, No. 2, Harleigh Stockton, West, No. 1, Nesquehoning, Nesquehoning, Highland, No. 1, Hazleton Mine, Nesquehoning, Lansford, No. 5, Upper Lehigh, No. 4, Jeansville, No. 4, Leattimer, No. 2,
5 7 12 12 13 14 16 17 22 23 24	79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88	William Costello, James Donohue, Rees Phillips. Michael Monahan, James McGeehan, Rowland Edwards, John Gosper, James Cambell, John Fury, John Monahan, James Mulherrin,	Door-boy, Miner, Door-boy, Miner, Oriver, Miner, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Miner, Miner, Miner,	40 16 45 27 50 80 14 24 29 30	Lattimer, No. 2, Hazleton Mine, Gowen, Lattimer, No. 2, Eckley, No. 8, Tresckow, No. 9, Mineaville, Harleigh, Drifton, No. 2, Jeansville, No. 4, Stockton, West, No. 1,
28 28 28 31 June 4 4 12 13 14	90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98	Luke McGrath, Lawrence Ratcliffe, John Conley, Edward Mehan, John Shanto, Dennis McCoy, Charles Quinn, Thomas M. Thomas, John Bresko, Thomas McGroaty,	Driver, Timberman, Slate-picker, Driver, Outside laborer, Driver, Laborer, Laborer, Driver, Driver,	22 50 14 16 22 17 18 25 80 18	Jeansville, Lansford, No. 5, Nesquehoning, Nesquehoning, Ebervale, Hazleton Mine, Lansford, No. 9, Hazleton Mine, Mt. Pleasant,
18 28 26 26 July 1 1 8 7 8 10 10 11 14 15 18	100 101 102 103 104 105 106 107 108 109 110 111 112 113 114 115	Charles Witchey, Dennis Gallagher, Andrew Michler, James Fleming, Joseph Baraka, John R. Crossen, Thomas Rossie, Marcus Gallagher, Daniel Harris, John O'Donuel, Thomas McDonaid, George Conner, Joseph Wargam, Pat. H. Conahan, Charles Fox, John Bchaefer, Nelson Corryeli,	Driver, Driver, Laborer, Miner, Laborer, Fire boss, Laborer, Door-boy, Laborer, Runner, Laborer, Miner, Laborer, Miner, Miner, Miner,	21 20 30 26 22 42 42 14 24 21 18	Sugar Loaf, Laurel Hill, Beaver Meadow, Laurel Hill,

Continued.

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Remarks on the Extent and Cause of Accidents.	Explosion of CH4 gas.	Falls of roof and coal.	By mine cars.	Explosion of blasts and powder.	Miscellaneous inside.	Miscellaneous outside.	Totals,	No. of accident.
Foot badly mashed by a prop falling on it, Seriously injured by falling in breaker,	::				1	1	1	58 54
Back and shoulder badly sprained, caused by the falling of a collar while putting it in place,					1		1	55
An artery severed at the wrist by being struck by a small piece of coal, Foot fractured by being caught between the bumpers of mine cars,		1					1	56 57
Leg fractured by a stone rolling on it at stripping.	. :		1	::		1	1	58
Severely injured by falling under a large coil of wire rope,	: •	1	1::			1	1	59 60
Severely injured by a collision of mine cars,		-	1				1	61
Severely burned on hands and face by a premature blast,	::		1	1			1	62 63
Slightly burned by an explosion of gas, Burned on hands and face by an explosion of gas,	1				٠.		1	64 65
Seriously injured by a fall of coal,		. 1		.	::	::	1	66
Seriously injured; was caught between a car and pillar, Severely injured; was struck by a mine car while opening his door,			1				1	67 68
Leg fractured; caused by a battery prop falling on it, {These two men were slightly burned by an explosion of gas through {	1				1		1	69 70
their own carelessness in not obeying orders,	i						1	71
Severely injured by being struck by a mine car at breaker		1	1	::	• •		1	72 78
Leg fractured by falling under mine car, Ribs fractured by falling under bucket in shaft,			1	::	1	::	1	74 75
Severely injured on head by a fall of coal,		1				::	1	76
Thigh fractured by being struck by a roller on the slope, Was struck by a piece of coal that rolled down slope, and sustained	١. ا				1	*	1	77
the fracture of his foot, Fell from a car while being holsted up the slope and sustained severe	'	1		• •	•	٠	1	78
injuries,		١.	1	1.	6		1	79
Fore finger cut off by failing with hand under car wheel,		1	'n	.:	• •		1	80 81
Leg fractured by a piece of slate that fell through battery, Leg fractured and otherwise severely injured by mine cars,		1	1				1	82 83
Severely injured about head and shoulders by a fall of coal, Struck by a small piece of coal from a blast and severely injured, .		1			9		1	84
Foot crushed by the wheels of a mine car,		1	1	.:	•	: '	1	85 85
Had one of his toes cut off by an ax glancing while making a wedge, . Arm severely injured; was caught between the car and roof,			1		٠.	1	1	87 88
Seriously injured; fell down slope, a distance of three hundred feet; the angle of slope is 60°,			1					
Arm iractured by mine cars,		:	1		. 1	. :	1	89 90
Had two of his ribs fractured; fell while unloading a truck of timber, Leg fractured; fell while playing in breaker,			1			1	1	91 92
Severely injured by being kicked by a mule, Thigh fractured by a fall of clay at stripping,					1		1	93
Seriously injured by mine cars at breaker,			1		٠.	1	1	94 95
Thigh fractured by a fall of coal, Back badly injured by a rush of slate into chute,		1			• •	٠.	1	96 97
Face cut by being struck by a small piece of coal flying from a shot, . Arm fractured; was caught between car and pillar, car jumping the		î		:			1	98
track,			1				1	99
Shoulder-blade and arm fractured by mine cars near breaker, Severely injured by mine cars,	: :	• •	1				1	100 101
Badly crushed by a fall of coal, Seriously injured by a fall of coal,		1	ļ	-			1	102 103
Inigh fractured and otherwise injured about body by cars near breaker.	::	1	1	::	• •		1	104
Slightly burned by an explosion of gas through his own careleseness, Was burned by an explosion of gas by not obeying instructions,	1			: •			1	105 106
Fell under mine cars and was severely injured, Toes crushed by rails falling on them,			1				1	107 108
Ankles fractured, caused by falling under mine cars,	::	::	1	::	• •	1	1	109
Severely injured; was struck by a piece of coal from a blast,	: •	1		1	• •		1	110 111
Leg fractured by a piece of coal sliding against it, Arm fractured and otherwise injured by a fall of coal	· .	1			٠.		1	112
beriously injured by failing down slope from the bridge	::	1		::	1	• •	1	113
Ribs fractured by flying coal from a premature blast,				1			1	115
spark from a lamp,			۱			٠.	1	116

TABLE No. 6-

DATE.	No. of accident.	Names of Persons Injured.	Occupation.	Age.	Name of Collieries.
July 22	117	James Brislin,	Laborer,	22	Laurel Hill,
222 223 225 229 229 230 31 31 Aug. 1 1 4 5 5 5 8 9 9	118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125 127 128 129 130 131 182 133 134 135 136	Samuel Lestie, A. G. Beorige, Michael Kendrick, Frank Schlosser, John Chiston, Christian Schulbrumpf, Patrick Conehan, Thomas Dennis, Nathan Houser, John J. Boyle, Michael O'Donnell, Patrick Keating, William Weish, Christian Minich, Francis Carrol, Thomas Carro, James O'Donnel, William Muherrin, John Sulettle, Barney Mooney, August Murshoff	Miner, Miner, Laborer, Driver, Laborer, Company laborer, Company laborer, Riate-picker, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner, Laborer, Laborer, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner,	25 52 16 25 80 49 45 12 50 21 27 45 14 54 27 21 28 29	Nesquehoning, Harleigh, Lansford, No. 6, Hollywood, Hollywood stripping, Sugar Loaf, Lansford, No. 9, Hazleton, No. 6, Lansford, No. 5, Lunsford, No. 5, Upper Lebigh, No. 4, Harleigh, Echley, No. 5, Milnesville, Drifton, No. 2, Pond Creek, Stockton, No. 2, Eckley, No. 5, Sugar Loaf,
22 22 28 27 27 27 30 Sept. 8	188 139 140 141 142 143 144 145 146 147	August Murshoff, John Myers, George Shugart, Andrew Jugging, Andrew Pastey, Frank Durkin, Condy Boyle, Pat. McCadden, Harrison Leffier, Peter McGuire, Edward McCauli, John Mulherrin, tharies Sharp,	Pump-runner, Pump-runner, Company laborer, Laborer, Miner, Top-boy, Miner, Driver, Slate-picker, Laborer, Laborer,	19 18 28 30 37 14 60 50 24 13	Sugar Loaf, Hazieton, No. 3, Holly wood, Eckley, No. 5, Yorktown, No. 6, Yorktown, No. 6, Oakdale, No. 2, Harleigh, Sugar Loaf, Lansford, No. 5, Lansford, No. 5, Lansford, No. 5,
16 16 20	151 152 153	John Thurley, John Hunter,	Miner,	80 24	Sugar Loaf, Lattimer, No. 1, Yorktown, No. 8,
20 20 23	154 155 156	Thomas Flewellyn,	Miner, Miner, Door-boy,	27 26 18	Highland, No. 1, Jeansville, No. 7,
28 28 223 24 27 28 Oct. 7 8	157 158 159 160 161 162 163 164 165	John Devaney, Niel O'Donnell, William Harry, Charles Gebaur, Millon Sigfeld, George Gullock, Michael Washisko, Phillip Smith, Christian Schade,	Miner, Miner, Driver, Company man, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Miner, Miner,	40 30 27	Lattimer, No. 2, Beaver Brook, Stockton, No. 2, Sugar Loaf, Tresckow, Ebervale, Laurel Hill, West No. 1, Stockton, West No. 1, Stockton,
9 9 14	186 167 168	Edward Kinderline,	Miner, Laborer,	85 23 50	Beaver Brook,
14 18 21 21 22 22 22 29 Nov. 1 6 11 11	189 170 171 172 173 174 175 176 177	Casper Haghgand, Thomas Rowe, Thomas Elilot, William Ferry, Michael Harkel, Andrew Brislin, John May, Fred. Yooth, George Kruger, Michael Goulding, Daniel McHugh, James Gallagher,	Miner, Miner, Miner, Outside laborer, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner, Brakeman, Driver, Miner, Miner, Miner,	52 27 50 55 27 19 22 38	Laurel Hill, Highland, No. 1, Hazleton Mine, Lansford, No. 9, Upper Lehigh, No. 5, East Crystal Ridge, Lattimer, No. 3, Harleigh, Mount Pleasant,

Continued.

Remarks on the Extent and Cause of Accidents.	Explosion of CH4 gas.	Falls of roof and coal.	By mine cars.	Explosion of blasts and	Miscellaneous inside,	Misochanoous outside.	Totals.	No. of accident.
Seriously burned on bands, face, and body by a premature blast, and was sent to the Pennsylvania Hospital, Philadelphia, Slightly burned on hands and face by an explosion of gas, Severely cut on leg by a piece of coal rolling against it, Lost two fingers; was caught by dump at breaker, Arm fractured and shoulder dislocated by lailing under mine cars, Ribs fractured and back injured by fall of clay at stripping, Hand fractured by jumping off car while going down slope, Toes fractured by dump at breaker, Seriously injured on head by a piece of coal falling from the pillar, Was severely cut on head and body by falling in breaker, Hands and face burned by an explosion of gas, Back severely injured by a fall of coal, Head cut and side bruised by a fall of coal, Collar-bone fractured, and head cut by a fall of coal, Arm fractured by a piece of slate that slid against him, Seriously injured on head and body by fall of soal, Flo fractured by a piece of slate that slid against him, Seriously injured on head and body by fall of coal, Arm fractured by a fall of coal and slate in gangway, Foot fractured by a fall of coal and slate in gangway, Foot fractured by a fall of coal from battery,	1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1	1	1	1 1 1	111111111111111111111111111111111111111	117 118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125 126 127 128 129 130 131 182 138 134 185 136
Seriously injured on head and body by a fall of coal; he was taken to the Dritton hospital, These two boys were severely scalded about hands and bodies by { escaped steam from a bursting steam pipe, Severely cut on foot by an ax slipping while making a set of timber, Leg fractured by a fall of coal, Arm fractured by a fall of coal, Arm fractured by a fall of coal, Arm fractured by a fall of coal, Seriously injured on head and shoulder by a fall of the six-foot bends, Severely cut on leg by a small piece of coal from a blast, Was seriously injured by falling a distance of forty feet in the breaker, These three men were severely burned by an explosion of gas in bat- tery. The fire-boss testified that he failed to find any trace of gas.	1	1 1 1 1	1	1	1 1	1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	187 188 189 140 141 142 143 144 145 146 147
in the place in the morning, and it is supposed that the gas camed down with a rush of coal from the top, a place that could not be examined, Severely injured; squeezed between a car and pillar near slope, Cut on head and arm by a fall of coal, Seriously injured by a fall of coal, and sent to the Pennsylvania Hospital, Philadelphia, Dangerously injured by a fall of coal while sitting near face of breast, Thumb cut off at first joint; was caught between sprag and wheel,	1 1	1 1 1	1		•••		1 1 1 1 1 1 1	149 150 151 152 158 154 155
Injured on body and legs; was squeezed between a mule car and a piliar, Foot badly crushed by a fall of coal, Severely cut and bruibed on leg by a fall of coal, Arm fractured; caught between top of a car and a collar, Severely injured by a runaway car on slope, Arm fractured and nead cut by a fall of c.al, Ankle fractured and otherwise injured about body at the stripping, Slightly burned by an explosion of gas, These two men were severely burned by an explosion of gas, which for the stripping of the set wo men were severely burned by a fall of coal. They claim they had no warning whatever before the coal fell, which is very doubtful.	1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1			1	111111111111111111111111111111111111111	156 157 158 159 160 131 162 163 164 165
doubtid. Leg fractured by a fall of coal, Severely cut about body by a fall of coal, Seviously injured by a fall of rock in breast, Ribs fractured by a rush of coal in breast, Back bruised and otherwise injured by mine car, Back bruised and otherwise injured by mine car, Back severely injured by a fall of slate while in the act of propping it, Head and side cut by a fall of coal, Fell in front of moving cars and seriously injured about body, Arm dislocated by a kick from a mule, Hip dislocated, and otherwise injured about body by a fall of clod, Leg fractured; was struck by a sliding prop, Thumb cut off; was caught between a sprag and car wheel,		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	i i i		1		111111111111111111111111111111111111111	168 169 170 171 172 173 174 175 176 177 178

TABLE No. 6-

DATE.	No. of accident.	Names of Persons Injured.	Occupation.	Name of Collieries.
Nov. 18 14 15 17 17 18 18 18 19 19 25 28 28 29 29 29 Dec. 1 1 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21	180 181 182 183 184 185 186 187 188 190 191 192 193 194 195 196 197 196 200 201 202 203 204 206 206 207 208 209 209 209 209 209 200 200 200 200 200	Frederick Bimbler, Michael Smith, Robert Fichter, Michael McCue, David Davis, George Hughes, Michael McFadden, James Riley, Solomon Thomas, Mike Wasker, Samuel Carlin, John Jacobisky, William Smith, August Yost, Peter Mikleyohn, Andrew Barlock, Andrew Miron, Thomas Jones, Dennis McHugh, Michael Brennan, George Yost, Edward Wilbur, Daniel Cohahan, Joseph Micturn, Joseph Stevenson, Thomas McGillaway, John Brokenshire, John Gallagher, Stephen S. Jones, Michael Clibert	Miner, Brakeman, Miner, Laborer, Miner, Laborer, Miner, Laborer, Miner, Laborer, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner, Laborer, Miner, Miner, Laborer, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner, Miner,	Nesquehoning. Lattimer, No. 2, Hazleton Mine, Nesquehoning, Lansford, No. 9, Lansford, No. 9, Hazleton Mine, Nesquehoning, Tresckow, Hazleton, No. 8, Upper Lehigh, No. 2, Minesville, West No. 1, Stockton, Hollywood stripping, Hollywood stripping, Lansford, No. 6, Lansford, No. 4, Lansford, No. 4, Lansford, No. 4, Lansford, No. 4, Lansford, No. 4, Lansford, No. 1, Nesquehoning, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford, No. 9 Lansford,
16 18 18 20 20 24 29 29	209 210 211 212 213 214 215 216 217 218	Michael Gilbert, John Brown, Francis McHugh, Patrick Feely, Charles Booth, Peter McGill, Gustav Muerhof, Daniel Daley, John Lyons, Dure Homaker,	Miner, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Laborer, Labor	65 Hazleton Mine, Gowen, Hazleton Mine, Hazleton, No. 6, Oak Dale, No. 2, Sugar Loaf, Lansford, No. 9, Lansford, No. 9,

Nationality by Birth of Persons Injured in and about the Mines of this District during the Year 1884.

Americans, Germans, Hungarians, English, Weish, Bootch, Polish, Lialians,	rish, mericans, fermans, fungarians, fungarians, funglish, Velsh, eotch, folish, talians,	rish,				٠	٠		٠							 										
Germans, Hungarlans, English, Welsh, Scotch, Polish, Litalians,	vermans, tungarians, Inglish, Velsh, leotch, Olish, talians,	mericans,														 	٠		٠							
Hungarians, English, Welsh, Scotch, Polish, Lalians,	Iungarians, English, Velsh, cotch, -olish, talians,	ermans, .																								
English, Welsh, leotch, Polish, talians,	English, Velsh, leotch, Polish, talians,	Iungarlane	١,			٠																				
Welsh,	Welsh, leotch,	English, .	٠.					٠								 										
eotch, -olish, -talians,	eotch, Polish, tailans,	Velsh														 										
Polish,	Polish,talians,	cotch																								
talians,	talians,	olish	٠																							
	·	tallans														 										

Continued.

Remarks on the Extent and Cause of Accidents.	Explosion of CH4 gas.	Falis of roof and coal.	By mine cars.	Explosion of blasts and powder.	Miscellaneous inside.	Miscellaneous outside.	Totals.	No. of accident.
Forefinger cut off; caught while coupling cars, Foot badly injured; was caught by car wheel, injured on hip; was struck by a piece of coal that rolled down slope, severely injured on back by a fall of coal, Foot badly injured; was caught in a frog, car going over it, Knee fractured; fell from platform to gangway, Forefinger fractured by a immp of coal, Hand severely cut by a piece of coal failing on it, Hand badly cut by a fall of coal, Leg fractured by a piece of coal rolling on it, Seriously injured about head and body by a fall of slate, Contusion of shin-bone and loin by a roll of coal face, Severely cut on hip and leg by a fall of coal, Everiously injured on back and body by a fall of coal, Seriously injured on back and body by a fall of coal, These men were slightly burned by an explosion of powder through their carelessness in handling fire, Face and hands burned by an explosion of Atias powder, Leg fractured by a fall of coal, Injured on back and leg by a fall of coal, Knee severely cut with an ax while preparing timber, Flumb fractured; a piece of coal fell on it, Leg badly crushed by a runaway car; was taken to hospital at Drifton, where leg was amputated, Burned about hands and face b—an explosion of gas, End of forefinger cut off by a rail filling on it, Eye severely injured by a piece of coal if from the pick; was sent to the Pennsylvania Hospital, Philadelphia, Ankle crushed by a fall of rock; was taken to the hospital, where leg was amputated, Everely injured by a piece of coal from blast, Hand badly injured; was caught between a sprag and a car wheel, Arm fractured by a piece of coal from blast, Hand badly injured; was caught between a sprag and a car wheel, Arm fractured and o herwise injured by a fall of coal, Severely cut about body by flying coal from a premature blast,	1	111111111111111111111111111111111111111	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1	111111111111111111111111111111111111111	180 181 182 183 184 185 188 189 190 191 192 193 194 196 197 201 202 203 204 206 207 208 206 210 211 212 213 214 215

Recapitulation and Table of Comparison.

	1881.	1882.	1883.	1384.
Explosion of carbureted hydrogen gas,	11	8	26	20
injured by cars.	1 5 2	28	64 38	80 58
Premature blasts and powder explosions, Miscellaneous inside,	7	13	11 17	10 20
Miscellaneous outside,				
Total,	88	136	178	217

18 MINE INS.

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TABLE No. 7.—Gives the total number of tons of coal mined in each colliery, number of days worked, ratio of coal mined per day, number of employés, ratio of coal mined per employé, number of persons killed and injured, ratio of coal mined per person killed and per person injured, ratio of persons employed per fatal and non-fatal accidents, number of kegs of powder used, number of tons mined per keg, &c., for the year 1884. A. PARDEE & CO.

Names and Number of Collièries.	Total production of each col- liery for the year 1884 in tons.	Number of days worked.	Ratio of coal mined per day in tons.	Number of employees.	Ratio of coal mined per employee.	Number of fatal accidenta.	Ratio of coal mined per fatal accident.	Number of non-fatal acci-	Ratio of coal mined per non- fatal accidents.	Ratio of persons employed per fatal accidents.	Ratio of persons employed per non-fatal accidents.	Number of kegs of powder used.	Ratio of coal mined per keg used in tons	Number of pounds of powder used.
Hazleton Mine, Laurel Hill, Number Six, Number Three, Sugar Loaf, South Sugar Loaf, Cranberry, East Crystal Ridge, Men employed generally about the collieries,	103, 320 96 299 108 647 50,406 35 909 37 906 78,057 32,620	192.5 192 192.7 186 151 152 159 5 160	536 501 546 271 238 249 490 204	310 282 205 169 159 127 373 92 74	333 387 530 298 226 298 209 355	1 1 1 1	35 909 37 908	14 10 5 3 10	7, 390 9, 629 20 729 16, 802 3, 590 19, 514 10, 873	169 159 127 378 92	23 8 26.2 41 56 3 15 9 93 30.6	1, 228 980 1, 934 492 363 895 2, 549 612	84 100 56 102 4 98.9 42 3 30 6 53.3	42 86 25 21 21 20 80 12 80
	543, 164	173.9	3,123	1,771	306	5	108,633	49	11,085	854	36	9, 034	60	237
	CC	XE B	Ros.	& CO.	=							·		
Cross Creek, No. 1, Cross Creek, No. 2, Cross Creek, No. 3, West Cross Creek, Lower Cross Creek, Middle Cross Creek, Beaver Meadow,	236 521 164 204 1 878 127 158 78, 974 69: 259 127, 544	205 203 9 279 165 221 203	1, 153 809 208 455 475 813 629	520 408 343 11 290 418	445 402 371 239 805	8 1 2	78 840 164, 204 39, 487	6 7 1 5 2 2 2	29, 420 28, 458 25, 436 39, 437 34, 829 68, 772	177 408	88 58 68.6 145 209	5, 851 2, 992 16 2 656 2 159 2 027 2, 772	44.5 55 47.8 96.5 36.6 46	35 51 23 4 28 37
	805, 538	214	8,764	2,000	402	6	134 256	25	32,221	138	80	17, 963	44 8	178

	LINDE	CRMA:	n, ski	eer 4	co.									
East Sugar Loaf, No. 1,	61. 490 59. 396 113. 458 121. 859 70, 884	196. 4 220 217. 5 218. 8 195. 6	313 270 521 554 362 2 046	165 137 250 223 161	372 433 458 544 440	l	59, 395 70, 894 		15 122 18, 849 70 883	: .	161	806 392 1,945 2 082 1,450	76.3 151 58.3 56 2 48 8	1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
T.Dure	зн сол	!				1	·	!	'					
	= COA	LU AN.	D NAI	= -	TON		- = -	, -		7- =				
Nesquehoning, No. 3. Lansford, No. 4. Lansford, No. 5. Lansford, No. 6. Lansford, No. 9.	138 274 121 402 81, 963 71 822 120, 705	200.1 189.7 183.6 184.6 189.6	691 641 446 338 636	397 284 294 305 413 115	348 427 278 235 292	2 3 3 2	69 037 27, 817 23, 874 60, 352	17 8 8 2 14	8, 134 40, 467 16, 244 23, 874 8, 622	198 98 102 206	23 3 94.6 36 7 102 29	1, 440 480 1 200 1, 680	96 252 68 71	2 2 1 1
	533,956	189.5	2 817	1 808	295	10	53, 895	45	11, 866	180.8	40	4,800	111.2	— ₇
	G	. в. м	ARKI	E&C	co.						<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
Oak Dale, No. 1, Oak Dale, No. 2, Highland, No. 1, Highland, No. 2, Other employees,	92, 442 94, 567 116, 533 54, 254	157.1 151.8 145.4 114.7	568 625 803 473	203 200 227 199 58	455 473 514 273	1	92, 442	2 2 3	46 221 47.383 88,944	203	101 100 75	1. 449 1. 546 2, 516 1 207	63.7 61.2 46 4 44.9	3 3 4 2 3
	3 58 197	142.1	2, 520	887	404		858, 197	. 7	51,171	837	126.7	6, 718	58 8	18
	PAR	DEE	BROS	. & CO).		· · · · · ·							
Lattimer, No. 1,	74. 939 81 404 79, 442	159 2 168.8 142.6	470 482 557	220 250 187	358 325 424	_ 1	79 442	2 5 2	37.469 15 280 39.720	187	110 · 50 93	1, 189 1, 040 1 937	68 78 39	22 28 10
	235,785	156.8	1 517	657	358		235,785	9	26, 196	657	73	4, 166	56 6	62
UPI	PER LE	CHIGI	COA	L COM	(PAN)	Y				·		<u>'</u>		
 :_ :_ :	100.000	175.2	1,043	397	480	8	60 949	5	36 569	132	79.8	8 685	503	50
Upper Lehigh, No. 2,	182, 849 177, 817	211.2	839	253	700	• • • •	1	8	59 106		84	3 178	55.7	70

PA Mine Inspection 1884

[No. 10,

TABLE No. 7—Continued.

J. LEISENRING & CO

Names and Number of Collieries.	Total production of each colliery for the year 1884, in tons.	Number of days worked.	Ratio of cosi mined per day in tons.	Number of employees.	Ratio of coal mined per em- ployee.	Number of fatal accidents.	Eatio of coal mined per fatal	Number of non-fatal acci- dents.	Ratio of coal mined per non- fatal accidents.	Ratio of persons employed per fatal accidents.	Ratio of persons employed per non-fatal accidents	Number of kegs of powder used.	Ratio of coal mined per keg used in tons.	Number of pounds of powder used.
Council Ridge, No. 2,	158, 495 196, 646		968 993	419 329	879 597		159 495 98,323	8 8	52 831 62,215	419 1, 645	139. 6 109. 6	3. 084 3, 000	51.7 65	53 27
	855, 141	181	1,962	748	474	3	118,330	6	59, 190	249	124.7	8,064	58.5	80

	=======================================		
Spring Mountain, No. 1,	102 089 180 56	87 273 374	5 20,418 54 5 2.280 44.7 43
Spring Mountain, No. 4,	113, 160 182 65	21 274 413	8 14,145 34.2 2,100 53.9 44
	215,249 181 1,18	89 547 398	13 16,558 42 4,380 49 77

G. H. MYERS & CO.

Yorktown, No. 5,		196 218	459 465	197 221	456 460	1 101,757	8	29, 275 25, 439	221	6 5. 6 55	1 108 1,870	81 54	20 25
	191,682	207	928	418	458	1 191, 882	7	27,383	418	59.7	2,978	64.3	45

MISCELLANEOUS COMPANIES.

bervale Coal Company,	173, 907	190.5	912	361	482	3	57,969	7	24 844	120	51.5	1.765	98 5	4!
Villiam T. Carter & Co.,	169, 950	178	954	480	354	2	84,975	2	84, 975	240	240	2 330	72.9	40
Iollywood,	100, 410	154 8	650	255	393			5	20, 082		51	1,080	98.8	43
It. Pleasant,	139, 131	167.4	831	438	818	1	139, 131	3	46 377	438	146	8 461	40.2	45
resckow,	132,784	184.5	719	364	364	2	66, 391	4	33, 196	187	83	2, 488	54	81
eaver Brook,	138, 162	194.2	711	278	506			8	48,054		91	2,863	48.2	2
andy Run,	147, 174	199.7	737	831	444							2 753	53.4	45
larleigh,	96, 362	195	494	328	294			8	12,038		41	2, 527	88	84
lilnesville,		188	425	188	425			5	15, 980		27.6	551	145	21
ond Creek,	50 750	186	273	205	247			1	50, 749		205	2,078	24.4	12
Iazle Brook,	20, 295	117	173	115	176							620	32.7	. 7
	1 040 505		P. 055						00 004	445	ott			
	1, 248, 767	177.7	7,055	3,338	874	8	156,096	288	82,864	417	87	22, 441	55.6	388

RECAPITULATION.

	,====	= ==	= ==			- 2	7				_	7		1==4
A. Pardee & Co.,	543 164	173.9	3, 128	1,771	306	5	108,633	49	11, 085	854	36	9,034	60	237
Coxe Bros. & Co.,	805.538	214	8 764	2,000	402	6	134, 256	25	32, 221	333	80	17 963	44.8	178
Linderman, Skeer & Co.,	426 582	208.4	2.046	936	455	2	213 221	9	47, 338	468	104	6 674	68.7	105
Lehigh Coal and Navigation Company,	583 956	189.5	2,817	1,803	295	10	53, 295	45	11,866	180	40	4.800	112	78
G. B. Markle & Co.,	858.197	142.1	2,520	887	404	1	858.197	7	51 171	887	126	6 718	53 3	184
Pardee Bros. & Co.,	235.785	156.8	1.517	657	358	1	235 784	9	26.196	657	73	4, 166	56.6	63
Upper Lehigh Coal Company,	360, 166	198.2	1,817	650	554	3	120.055	8	45.020	216	81	6,813	52 8	96
J. Leisenring & Co.,	855 141	181	1,962	748	474	8	118,380	6	59, 190	249	124	6,064	58.5	80
J. C. Haydon & Co.,	215, 249	181	1 189	547	393			13	16, 558		42	4 380	49	77
G. H. Myers & Co.,	191.682	207	926	418	458	1	191 682	7	27, 283	418	59	2,978	64.3	45
Miscellaneon s companies,	1,248,767	177.7	7,055	3,338	874	8	156, 096	38	82, 864	417	87	22,441	55.6	368
Men engaged at the several strippings,				457										
AND THE RESIDENCE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPE														
	5, 274, 227	184.5	28,737	14, 299	368	40	131, 885	217	24,305	357	65.9	92, C31	57.3	1,511
	, ,						1							,

TABLE No. 8.—Number of each class of employés at each colliery during the year 1884. A. PARDEE & CO.

			Nu	MBEE	of B	MPLO	YEES	Insti	E.					NUI	MBER	OF E	MPLO	YEES	OUTSI	DE.			out,
Name and Number of Colidery.	Mine bosses.	Engineers & pumpmen.	Miners.	Miners' laborers.	Men timbering.	Road and repairmen.	Drivers and carrunners.	Men at top and bottom of slopes or planes.	Ollers and door-boys.	Men employed at other work, if any.	Total inside.	Breaker and screen bosses.	Hoisting and pumping engineers.	Firemen.	Machinists.	Carpenters and black- smiths.	Breaker men in all ca-	Drivers.	Slate-pickers.	Teamsters, choppers, sta- ble bosses, &c.	Superintendents, ass't superintend'ts, clerks, and book-keepers.	Total outside.	Grand totals inside and or
Hazleton Mine, Laurel Hill, No. 6, No. 3, Sugar Loaf, South Sugar Loaf, Cranberry, East Crystal Ridge, Men, &c., employed generally about the collieries,	2 2 1 1 1 1 3 1	5	98 42 47 55 25 43 183 24	27 29 82 6 22 12 33 4	6 8 7 12 3	7 5 2 2 2 2 5 2	14 10 13 7 9 8 14 6	5 8 3 1 2 2 8 3 3	4 6 2 1 3 4 5 2	1 4	159 115 100 81 78 72 215 42	5 4 3 3 2 2 5 2 5 2	11 13 2 7 11 4 4 5	6 6 2 4 6 2 5 2		5 9 8 3 4 3 7 3 7 3 22 —	52 39 20 21 24 11 22 19	9	66 72 74 50 32 33 114 19	2 2 1 30	11 11	151 147 105 88 81 55 158 50 74	310 262 205 169 159 127 373 92 74
							CO	XE 1	BRO	S. &	co.		•										
Cross Creek, No. 1, Cross Creek, No. 2, Cross Creek, No. 3, West Cross Creek, Lower Cross Creek, Middle Cross Creek, Beaver Meadow,	1 2 1 1 1 1	8 3 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	157 70 94 97 85	93 44 43 23 59 262	16 20 11 14 6	26 24 6 8 21	31 33 18 18 26	8 4 4 3 5	5 8 6 1 2	-	215 215 215 1 173 278 1,248	3 4 2 2 3	5 5 	7 7 8 5 6 7		9 7 13 8 14 51	36 28 28 28 31 24 142	5 2 4 2 1	94 97 . 68 . 57 77	12 6 2 6 6 6		159 190 8 127 11 117 145	580 405 3 348 12 290 418 2,001

^{*} Not in operation since January 22, 1884.

[†] Not in operation since July 20, 1884; breaker burned that day.

9

LINDERMAN, SKEER & CO., STOCKTON.

No. 1, No. 2, No. 3, No. 5, Humboldt, Men at stripping and doing general	1 1 1 2 1	1 6 8 8	51 21 40 52 32	30 13 24 42 30	9 8 4	1 21 5 3 10	5 5 7 13	2 1 10 2 3	4 1 5 3 2	46	99 59 146 128 98	1 1 1 1 1	2 3 4 8 8	2 4 4 4		2 4 4 4 4	25 20 36 41 14	1 8 2 3 1	83 43 50 87 26	5	 8 2 5	66 78 104 95 68	165 137 250 223 161
work,		22	196	139	-21	21	42	18	15	50	580	· 5	15	18	<u>·</u>	18	136	10	189	5	10	82 488	82 1, 018

LEHIGH COAL AND NAVIGATION COMPANY.

Nesquehoning, No. 8, Lansford, No. 4, Lansford, No. 5, Lansford, No. 8, Lansford, No. 9, Hauto screen building,	6 5 3 2 2	4 2 2 2 10	74 24 84 71 112	46 50 36 71 81	38 47 24 18 16	4 4 2 4	26 19 20 18 23	8 3 13 6	24 13 10 8 9	28	228 187 198 196 273	6 3 4 4 6 2	8 4 2 5 4 2	8 8 5 4 6	1	6 2 2 9 4 2	63 35 43 83 48 58	9 7 4 9 6 5	71 55 36 38 63 40	4 2 2 7 3	171 117 98 109 140 115	897 294 294 805 413 115
	*18	18	365	284	143	14	101	30	59	28	1.058	25	20	85	3	28	280	40	308	18	750	1,806

^{*} Including fire bosses.

G. B. MARKLE & CO., JEDDO.

												5.444				* . ***								
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		:		1 1		1		1	I	Ī	1	11 1			1	1	1	1				1	1	Ĺ
Oak Dale, No. 1,	1	8	98	7	2	4 :	21	. 5	7	١	148	2	1	4	6	8	18	3	28			60	203	l
Oak Dale, No. 2,	1	2	96	15		3	28	4	8	١	152	2	1	4	6	8	8	2	22		1 !	48	200	l
Highland, No. 1,	1	4	102	12		4	20	. 4	6	!	153	2	1 '	2	6	8	14	2	44			74	227	ĺ
Highland, No. 2,	1	4	88	16		1	16	5	: 6		137	2	1	2	6	3	10	2	36			62	199	l
Other employees about the collieries,			· .	J 1	΄, .		•					•	• • •					!		48	10	58	58	!
				·—		I—- :				1—	- '	/ <u>·</u>					-	·—	·—		·	·	·—	ı
	4	13	379	50	. 2	12	80	18	27		585	8	4	12	24	12	45	9	130	48	01	302	887	İ
!					ļ				i				1		l i			į .			1		H	Į

PARDEE BROS. & CO., LATTIMER.

Lattimer, No. 1, Lattimer, No. 2, Lattimer, No. 3,	1 2 43 1 5 85 1 1 47	10 5	3 14 5 3 15 4 1 6 4	2 2 109 2 1 5 13 146 2 1 3 81 3 1	$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 6 \\ 2 & \dots & 4 \\ 2 & \dots & 4 \end{bmatrix}$	19 3 69 5 2 111 220 20 3 71 104 25 2 68 106 187
	3 8 175	62 8	7 35 13	10 15 338 7 3	6 1 14,	64 8 208 5 2 321 657

TABLE No. 8-Continued.

UPPER LEHIGH COAL COMPANY, UPPER LEHIGH.

NUMBER OF EMPLOYERS INSIDE.												NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES OUTSIDE.											ä.	
NAME AND NUMBER OF COLLIEBY.	Mine bosses.	Engineers & pumpmen.	Miners.	Miners' laborers.	Men timbering.	Road and repairmen.	Drivers and car runners.	Men at top and bottom of slopes or planes.	Ollers and door-boys.	Men employed at other work, if any.	Total inside.	Breaker and screen bosses.	Hoisting and pumping englineers.	Firemen.	Machinists.	Carpenters and black- smiths.	Breaker men in all ca-	Drivers.	Slate-pickers.	Teamsters, choppers, sta- ble bosses, &c.	Superintendents, ass't superintend'ts, clerks, and book-keepers.	Total outside.	Grand totals, inside and or	
Upper Lehigh, No. 1, Upper Lehigh, No. 2, Upper Lehigh, No. 5, Upper Lehigh, No. 6, Upper Lehigh, No. 4,	1 1 1 1 1 1 5	2 4 1 1 2 	8 20 37 25 60	13 21 29 15 63 141		1 1 2 1 2 7	5 9 11 6 18	3 4 4 3 4	1 2 1 6		244 154 398	1 5 2 5	1 1 2 4	5 1 6 12	3 2	. 6 . 2 4	23	1 3 1 1 3 8	80 51	3 6	9	}158 99 252	397 253 650	
	<u>'</u>	!	!	! .	J. L	KISI	CNR	ING	& Co	., co	UNC	IL R	IDGI	E.	! . <u></u>	+	<u> </u>							į
Council Ridge, No. 5	1	7 8	100 77	108 85		22 14	25 81	9 8	8 9	ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	279 229	2 2	4 2	8	1	6 4	50 22	8 2	49 64	 	6	140 100	419 329	İ
	2	10	177	191	· · ·	36	56	17	17	2	508	4	6	12	1	10	72	5	113	11	6	240	748	
					J	r. c. 1	нач	DON	a c	., J	EAN	SVII	LE.											
Spring Mountain, No. 1, Spring Mountain, No. 8 Spring Mountain, No. 4,	1 1 1	1 1 2	54 10 30 28	56 8 32 32	::	3 1 2 2	21 3 19 9	2	5 2 6 3	1: {	170 170	4	2 2 4 2	6	2	4 . 7	20 26	3 3 1	45 2 39	} · · · }	5	88 89 30	258 259 3 0	
	8	4	122	128	1	8	52	7	16		840	8	10	12	2	15	46	9	84	16	- 5	207	547	

					•	3. H.	MY.	ERS	& C	o., ¥	ORK	TOT	VN.										
Yorktown, No. 5, Yorktown, No. 6,	1 1	2 3	33 46	27 85		8 5	15 12	8 2	1	25 40	110 145	4 3	6	6 5		5 5	9	4 8	46 48			87 76	197 221
	2	5	79	62		8	27	5	2	65	255	7	9	11	• •	10	18	7	94	4	3	163	418
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	MISCELLANEOUS COMPANIES.																						
Ebervale Coal Co., Ebervale, W. T. Carter & Co., Coleraine, Hollywood, Mount Pleasant, Tresckow, Beaver Brook, Sandy Run, Harleigh, Milnesville, Pond (reck, Hazle Brook,	8 2 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1	8 6 1 1 5 8 4 1 4	89 62 13 102 86 45 60 88 89 55 89	36 81 49 72 56 68 73 42 10 14 21	10 8 6 2 8 5 7 1	5 8 7 6 2 5 7 6 4 4 2 4	21 33 17 22 17 10 25 15 6 8 5	8 13 8 3 4 8 7 4 6 3 1	3 7 3 8 6 5 8 5 4 4 8	<u>:</u> :	188 225 99 227 192 147 195 175 80 92 74	3 5 1 4 3 2 3 3 2 2 2 1 1 29		14 8 4 7 8 9 4 4 4 4 2	2 1 1 1 3 1	5 8 11 8 7 6 4 9 6 2 1	57 57 25 30 22	5 25 6 2 4 3 1 3 2 1 1	74 80 82 111 84 70 72 92 51 38 20	81 2 2 6 1 4 11 6 2 2 5	5 8 3 3 4 4 4 5 4 1 2	173 245 156 211 172 128 136 158 108 113 41	361 480 255 438 364 273 331 328 188 208 115
,	-			· '		F	LECA	PIT	ULA	TIO	N.	-		<u> </u>					·)				<u> </u>
							_===									=	1						
A. Pardee & Co., Coxe Bros. & Co., Lindermau. Skeer & Co., Lehigh Coal and Navigation Co., G. B. Markle & Co., Pardee Bros. & Co., Upper Lehigh Coal Company, J. Leisenring & Co., J. C. Haydon & Co., G. H. Myers & Co., Miscellaneous companies, Men engaged at the several strippings,	12 7 6 18 4 3 5 2 3 2 15	6 16 22 18 18 10 10 4 5 38	462 503 196 365 379 175 150 177 122 79 678	165 262 139 284 50 62 141 191 128 62 522	36 67 21 143 2 8	27 85 21 14 12 7 7 36 8 8	81 128 42 101 80 35 47 56 52 27 179	82 24 18 30 18 13 18 17 7 5 170	27 22 15 59 27 10 10 17 16 2 80	50	952 1 248 530 1,058 585 386 398 508 340 255 1,704	26 14 5 25 8 7 18 4 8 7 29	57 28 15 20 4 3 9 6 10 9 55	33 35 18 85 12 6 12 12 12 11 66	11 21 3 24 1 5 1 2	59 51 18 26 12 14 12 10 15 10 67	208 142 189 280 45 64 46 72 46 18 472	9 14 10 40 9 8 9 5 9 7 53	460 893 189 308 130 208 131 113 84 94 774	35 32 5 18 48 5 6 11 16 4 72	11 24 10 10 2 9 6 5 3 37	909 752 488 750 302 321 252 240 207 163 1,634	1.771 3,001 1 018 1,808 687 650 748 547 418 3,338
	77	150	8,798	2,006	322	281	826	252	285	358	7,824	146	214	252	77	294	1,529	178	2, 879	252	117	6,475	14,299

TABLE No. 9.—Giving the names and location of Collieries, also the names of sylvania, for the year

NAME OF COLLIERY.	Location of Colliery.	Name of Operator.
		•
Hazleton Mine,	Hazleton, Luzerne county, .	A. Pardee & Co.,
Laurel Hill,	do. do	do
Number Three,	do. do	do
Number Six,	do. do	do
Cranberry,	do. do do.	do
East Crystal Ridge, Sugar Loaf,	do. do	do
South Sugar Loaf,	do. do.	do.
Cross Creek, No. 1,	Drifton, do	Coxe Bros. & Co.,
Cross Creek, No. 2,	do. do	do. ,
Cross Creek, No. 3,	do. do	do
West Cross Creek	Gowen, do	do
Lower Cross Creek, Middle Cross Creek,	Derringer, do Tombicken, do	do.
Beaver Meadow.	Beaver Meadow, Carbon co.,	do
East Sugar Loaf, No. 1, East Sugar Loaf, No. 2	Stockton, Luzerne county, .	Linderman, Skeer & Co.,
East Sugar Loaf, No. 2	do, do, .	do. do
East Sugar Loaf, No. 3	do. do	do. do
East Sugar Loaf, No. 5	Humboldt, do.	do, do,
Room Run, No. 8,	Nesquehoning, Carbon co., .	Lehigh Coal and Navigation Co
Lansford, No. 4,	Lansford, Carbon county, .	do. do
Lansford, No. 5,	do, do	do. do
Lansford, No. 6	do. do	do, do
Lansford, No. 9, Oak Dale, No 1,	Jeddo, Luzerne county, .	do. do
Oak Dale, No. 2,	do. do.	do.
Highland, No. 1,	đo. do	do
Highland, No. 2,	do. do	do.
Upper Lehigh, No. 1, Upper Lehigh, No. 2,	Upper Lehigh, do do	Upper Lehigh Coal Company, do. do
Upper Lehigh. No. 4,	do. do	do. do
Upper Lehigh, No. 5,	do, do	do, do
Upper Lehigh. No. 8,	do. do.	do. do
Lattimer, No. 1, Lattimer, No. 2,	Lattimer, do do	Pardee Bro. & Co.,
Lattimer, No. 2, Lattimer, No. 3,	do. do	do
Council Ridge, No. 2,	Eckley, do	J. Leisenring & Co.,
Council Ridge. No. 5,	do, do	do
Spring Mount in, No. 1, Spring Mount in, No. 4,	Jeanesville, do	J. C. Haydon & Co.,
Yorktown, No. 5,	Yorktown, Carbon county, .	G. H. Myers & Co.
Yorktown, No. 6.	do. do	do
Yorktown, No. 6,	Ebervale, Luzerne county, .	Ebervale Coal Company,
Ebervale No. 2,	do. do	do. do
Ebervale No. 8,	Beaver Meadow, Carbon co.,	do. do
Coleraine, No. 2,	do do.	do.
Hollywood,	Hollywood, Luzerne county, Mt. Pleasant. do.	
Tresckow,	Audenried, Carbon county, .	L. & W. B. Coal Company,
Beaver Brook,	Beaver Brook, Luzerne co.,	C. M. Dodson & Co.,
Sandy Run,	Sandy Run, do.	M. S. Kemmerer & Co.,
Harleigh,	Harleigh, do.	Kemmerer & Co.,
Milnesville,	Milnesville, do. Sandy Run. do.	Stout Coal Company,
Pond Creek,	Sandy Run, do.	M. S. Kemmerer,

operator and officers in the South District of Luzerne and Carbon counties, Pennending December 31, 1884.

inten	ieral Super- ient.	Name of General Insi Foreman.	146	Name of General side Foreman		Name of Inside Fore
Frank Parde	e,	Thomas Dickinson, .		Samuel D. Taylor	,	Peter Watson.
do.		do	. 1	do.		James Durkin. William Porter.
do.		do	.	do.		Hy. Youngecourt.
do.		do		do.		John Scott,
do.		do		do.		
do.				do.		Benjamin Rees.
do. do.			• •	do.		John W. Ferry.
	• • • • •	1 '	• •	do.	• •	William Fatkin.
Eckley B. Co:	re,	Edgar Kudlich, min.e.	ng.	John Wagner, ou	ts.sup.	Patrick Boyce.
do.		do.		do.		David James.
do.		do.		do.		
do.		do.	- 1	do.		Evan Watkin.
do.		do.	- 1	do.		Adam Backs.
do. do.		do. do.		do. do.		Rees Davis.
William Aire	v	John Airey,				Thomas W. Howells. T. R. Edwards.
do.	,, <i></i>	do	::1			William Cooke.
do.		do.	: :			John Gundry,
do.		do				Josiah Jenkins.
do.		do				William James.
William D. Z	ehner	Richard Eustice,		Richard Justice.		Benjamin Hammon
do.		William X. Evans, .	- 1	Gouv. Morris,		Hugo Ronamous. Thomas M. Whildin.
do.		do.			: : : :	Archie Reeves.
do.						John W. Davis.
do.		do, .		do		Charles Powell.
John Markle,		do Samuel Dunkerly, .		John Hague,		Joel Stevens.
do. do.	• • • • • •	40.	• •	40	• • • •	John H. Boyle.
do.			• •			Henry Horrox.
A. C. Leiseni	ing.	William Powell, Sr.,	• •	uv.	• • •	John C. Turner. Thomas Kromise.
do.		do.	::			William Powell, Jr.
do.		· do.				Gomer E. Jones.
do.			• • [Thomas Shippard.
do.		do.	.	T 0 D-144-1-	• • • •	James W. Jones.
C. Pardee,		William Martin, do		J. C. Brittain, do.		Charles Embling. Robert Fagan.
	. 	do.		do.		Henry Dinlocker.
J. S. Wentz,			:.1	George Rickert, .		James Long.
do.	· · · · · · ·			do		Peter Pits.
J. C. Haydon		David Macfarlane, .		David Macfarlane	3,	John McTaggart.
do.	· · · · · ·			do.	• •	Samuel Williams.
George John , do.		George John,	• •	George John,		Evan Rees.
r. D. Jones, .	• • • • • •	Jacob Shumacker,	• 1	do, Milton Drum,		William Davis. J. Shumacker.
do.		do.				William Job.
do,		do.	: 1			George Nesbitt.
John Wear, .		John Wear,	.	John Wear,		William H. Dunn.
		do,	.			William M. Davis.
C. Pardee,		George Kerschner, .		John S. Jacobs.		
	• • • • • • •	Joseph Dixon,	- 1	Thomas W. Howe		(In sale Florence
J, I. Hollenb	ick, res.eng.	Owen R. Evans,		R. Hopkins,		Jacob Evans. Pat. Gallagher.
E. L. Bullock		Daniel J. Thomas, .		Robert Russel,		(z as damenter
Walter Leiser	iring,	Thomas Chariton.				
M.S. Kemme	rer,	Thomas Griffith,		John Leib.		
Charles Kerb				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Martin Corrigan.
J. Leisenring						Patrick Brennan. Levi Harris.



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